THIRTY-THREE YEARS AFTER

Santee Sioux Seek Forgiveness for the Raid of the Early Sixties.

ASK CONDONATION AND REMUNERATION

Senator Allen Receives Permission to Favorably Report His Bill on the Topic for the Senate's Consideration.

WASHINGTON, March 14.—(Special Telegram.)—Senator Allen has received permission of the Indian committee, of which he is a member, to report with amendment his bill to restore to the Santee Sioux of Nebraska and Flandreau Sioux of South Dakota all rights, privileges and benefits enjoyed by them and their ancestors under treaties of 1837 and 1851, which were abrogated by the act of February, 1863. Should this bill become a law, it will give in the neighborhood of $1,000,000 to these people, the only ones whose acts in the massacre, which The Bee printed at length some weeks ago, have not been condoned. There are thirty-eight installments due these two branches of a famous tribe, which has played a great part in western history. The amendment proposed is designed to quiet title of all lands that were taken away from them, and gives them 95 cents an acre for their lands in lieu of the original grant. Senator Allen stated that this bill would in nowise affect the interest of settlers, who will be protected in their rights.

Advance sheets of the Blue Book are finding their way into newspaper offices hereabouts. Not the blue book of England on the Venezuelan question, but the United States government book, giving the names of all the employes of Uncle Sam and their salaries. Nebraska does not show up to any large extent in the book, particularly in contrast to the states having less population than the Antelope state. There are no Nebraskans in the State, Justice or Navy departments nor the labor bureau. There are thirteen in the Treasury department, with an annual salary of $17,322. This is a reduction of four since the last book appeared. The War department shows fifteen, with a combined salary of $17,200, a reduction of two. There are five in the Postoffice department, aggregating $5,720, as against seven last year. In the Interior department there are twenty-seven, receiving $30,000, a reduction of two. In the Agricultural department there are twelve, receiving $23,900, an increase of six. In the government printing office there are fifteen, receiving $14,340. The total amount paid in wages to Nebraskans yearly is $184,482.

The Agricultural department shows the only increase in number of Nebraskans now employed throughout the departments of the government.

The result of the primaries in Lincoln has caused considerable speculation here as to the lines along which the state convention will form as between presidential candidates. An attempt was made to see General Manderson, but none of the hotels showed his presence, although he is expected here tonight. Senator Thurston was quietly gratified with the result of the vote.

Little Wound, Kicking Bear and Philip Mells, the delegation of Sioux Indians who have been on business with the Indian department, had an interview with Commissioner Browning today, and were complimented on the advancement being made in their tribe.

Captain Burke of Cody's Wild West is in the city arranging for Indians for next summer. His show will go as far west as North Platte, showing in the west for the first time in ten years.

Comptroller Eckels today gave out abstracts of the report of the condition on February 28 of the four national banks of Des Moines. It showed total resources of $4,005,645, the principal items being: Loans and discounts, $2,251,632; value of stocks, securities, banking houses, furniture, fixtures and other real estate and mortgages owned, $509,813; reserve on hand and in reserve banks, $674,908, of which $104,715 was in gold. Principal liabilities: Capital stock, $800,000; surplus fund and undivided profits, $284,364; deposits, $1,266,123, and bills payable, $20,000; the average reserve held was 28.42 per cent.

E. A. Schneider, a teacher at day school 14, Pine Ridge Agency, has been discharged.

Mrs. S. H. H. Clark is the guest of Mrs. William Burns at Annapolis over Sunday.

William T. Chantland of Fort Dodge, Arthur W. Sweet and Edwin R. Dow of Estherville, and Lena VanFleet of Keokuk, Ia., and Frederick Haskell of Chamberlain and Peter C. Murphy of Brookings, S. D., have been admitted to practice as attorneys for claimants before the Interior department.

Harry Selah of Nebraska and William H. Houn of South Dakota have been promoted from $900 to $1,000 in the pension office, and Miss Caroline Childs of Nebraska has been reinstated as a clerk at $1,000 in the Postoffice department.

Second Lieutenant George C. Saffranas, Sixth infantry, is transferred from company F to company G of that regiment.

Andrew Barr has been appointed postmaster at Greenvale, Dallas county, Ia., vice Jacob Knapp, resigned.

The officers of the First National bank of Mitchell, S. D., having complied with the requirements of the comptroller of the currency, permission will be given within a few days for the resumption of business.

Ex-Senator Paddock is convalescing slowly, but is still confined to his room. It is probable that he will be unable to start for home early next week, as he intended.

COMET IS RAPIDLY RECEDING.

Has Dimmed Materially in the Last Two Days.

WASHINGTON, March 14.—Observations of Perrine's comet made at the national observatory tonight show that it is traveling away from the earth in a southerly direction very rapidly, and growing perceptibly fainter. Tonight it was scarcely half as bright as two nights ago, and its position was determined as 47½ degrees north declination, and three hours and fifteen minutes right ascension. During the period of the two days it has increased its position about 20 degrees in the right ascension and the declination lessened by half a degree. It is still an open question whether the stranger is traveling in a parabola or in the direction of an elongated eclipse, as the differences in its travel in this respect from the last observation were too slight to warrant any definite conclusion. In the latter case it will again return to view, but otherwise it will pass beyond observation and become lost in space. Rough calculation indicates that it will disappear in about a month. It has been moving further away from the earth steadily since about February 23, when it was nearest to the earth, the distance being about 35,000,000 miles. The observations at the government observatory will be continued as long as possible and early developments may solve the vexatious question as to which of the two courses of travel it is taking.

Advise Against Reviving the Grade.

WASHINGTON, March 14.—Secretary Lamont has written a letter to Senator Hawley, chairman of the senate committee on military affairs, advising against the revival of the rank of lieutenant general in the army at the present time. The letter was called out by sending to the secretary the bill reviving this grade in General Miles' interest and asking his opinion upon it, as is customary in matters pertaining to the department. Without making any direct reference to General Miles, the secretary says that he does not see any reason for such legislation at this time. He also gives it as his opinion that the passage of the bill would be in opposition to the best interests of the army.

Japan is Not Interested.

WASHINGTON, March 14.—The cable news from Peking, confirming the report of a secret treaty between Russia and China, giving the former extraordinary rights to build railroads through Manchuria, northern China, is regarded with indifference at the Japanese legation in this city, where it was said that the building of railroads through Manchuria with Russian capital was a matter of no special interest to Japan. There is at present a line of railroad in Manchuria, following the coast for 200 miles. It is believed that the concessions referred to have in view a connection between this line and the Russian Trans-siberian railway, now in course of construction.

SEVERE ON THE NAVAL OFFICERS.

Work of Building Battleships Too Hard for the Present Force.

WASHINGTON, March 14.—The frequent break-downs of the engineer officers of the navy, attributable to hard work, resulting from insufficient force, promises, if not remedied, to bring about the anomalous state of affairs that the retired list of the corps will soon become larger than the active list. The increase in the retired list has become particularly remarkable during the past ten years, or since the building of modern vessels, with their complex machinery, and the figures prepared at the Navy department on the subject fully illustrates this rapid breaking down of the engineers.

On the 1st of January, 1886, there were 221 officers on the active list of the engineer corps and seventy-one on the retired list, or 32.1 per cent as many on the retired as on the active list. On the 1st of last January there were 173 on the active and 104 on the retired list, or 60 per cent as many on the retired list as on the active list. In other words, the percentage of retired to active officers has almost doubled during the past ten years, covering the period of the upbuilding of the navy. Compared with the number retired in the other branches of the naval service, the figures are startling, and the engineer officers argue that they show that their work must be very much more severe than that of any other officers.

PLANT WOULD COST TWO MILLION.

Naval Officers Advise Against Government Making Armor Plate.

WASHINGTON, March 14.—Commodore Hichborn, chief of the bureau of construction and repair of the Navy department, today gave the senate committee on naval affairs his opinion as to the advisability of erecting a government plant at Washington for the manufacture of armor plate. He advised against the undertaking, saying that a plant, independent of the ground for a site, would cost $2,000,000, and that it would be impossible to keep the works in operation all the time. Skilled labor was necessary in the making of armor plate, and as this work would not be continuous, it would be necessary in order to hold the workmen to pay them for much idle time. With private works it was different, as in those the armor plate makers could be put at something else when not engaged in this line of labor. The committee also listened to some suggestions from Lieutenants Meigs and Stone, both retired naval officers, the former being connected with the Bethlehem and the latter with the Carnegie works. They were questioned especially on the process of manufacturing armor plate.

Not a Land Grant Road.

WASHINGTON, March 14.—Postmaster General Wilson has received from the secretary of the interior a report of Commissioner Lamoreaux of the general land office respecting a railroad between St. Louis and Pacific, Mo., supposed to be a land grant road. Commissioner Lamoreaux says he is of the opinion that the road between these points was built by the St. Louis & San Francisco company, under a charter from the state, independent of the grant, and should not be charged with the obligations of a land grant road. Secretary Hoke Smith concurs in this opinion.

Refused to Pardon Cherokee Bill.

WASHINGTON, March 14.—The president has denied an application for pardon in the case of Crawford Goldsby, alias Cherokee Bill, sentenced in Arkansas to be hanged next Tuesday for murder. In his endorsement the president says: "I have examined this application fully and find no sufficient reason for commuting the sentence of the court or delaying its execution. The clerk of pardons will immediately notify the officers at Fort Smith that judgment of the court must be carried out."

Favor the Payment of Salaries.

WASHINGTON, March 14.—The senate committee on judiciary was in continuous session all day today on the proposition embraced in the legislative, executive and judicial appropriation bill to pay salaries instead of allowing fees to the officers of federal courts. The committee will recommend the change, but will make several amendments to the bill as it comes to it from the house. The provision will also be considered by the committee on appropriations before it is reported to the senate.

Reservation Lines Unchanged.

WASHINGTON, March 14.—The secretary of the interior rendered a decision today holding that the present boundary of the Red Lake Indian reservation, the lands of which are shortly to be opened to settlement, are the correct ones. About 200,000 acres of valuable timber are thus retained within the reservation limits, the secretary holding the lines as fixed by present surveys and maps should not be disturbed.

Indians Call on Hoke Smith.

WASHINGTON, March 14.—A delegation of Kickapoo and Otoe and Missouri Indians had an interview today with the secretary of the interior. They discussed various Indian matters, the Kickapoos especially protesting against the acceptance of allotments of land in severalty, and the others discussing means of adjustment of the claim of the tribe against settlers in Kansas and Missouri growing out of land purchases.

Approves Several Acts.

WASHINGTON, March 14.—The president has approved the acts making seven years' unexplained absence proof of death in pension cases; to incorporate the supreme council of the Thirty-third degree of Scottish Rite Masonry for the southern jurisdiction of the United States, and authorizing the authorizing the distribution of World's fair medals and diplomas.

Raised the Duty on Cigarettes.

WASHINGTON, March 14.—United States Minister Strobel at Santiago has informed the State department that the government of Chili has increased the duty on cigarettes from 1.50 pesos per kilo to 5 pesos and 50 cents per kilo.

Bridge Bill Approved.

WASHINGTON, March 14.—The president has approved the act authorizing the construction of a bridge across the Missouri river at or near Chamberlain, S. D.

Condition of the Treasury.

WASHINGTON, March 14.—Today's statement of the condition of the treasury shows: Available cash balance, $264,487,121; gold reserve, $127,068,843.

ASSESSORS CALLED TOGETHER.

They Will Meet for Conference Next Tuesday.

In accordance with the provisions of the statutes of Nebraska the assessors of Douglas county, including those in the city of Omaha, will meet at the rooms of the county commissioners Tuesday at 10 a. m. County Clerk Redfield has issued a call to all of the assessors, notifying them to be on hand at the time set and also enclosing a circular letter of instructions designed to govern the assessors in making their assessment so as to approach something like uniformity.

The county clerk cites the statutory provision that the office of any assessor who fails to attend the meeting shall be declared vacant.

Wife Beater Given Sixty Days.

C. H. Weatherford was Friday arrested on complaint of his wife on the charge of assaulting her and of being drunk and disorderly. To these charges Weatherford yesterday pleaded not guilty, although he admitted that he slapped the woman in the face. The wife is being held as a witness and it is understood that she will make another attempt to prosecute her husband on the charge of adultery. She made an effort to convict the husband on this charge some weeks ago, but Weatherford was discharged. The two went to living together again, but they could not get along peaceably. The wife says that Friday her husband became intoxicated and beat her cruelly.

Judge Gordon sentenced Weatherford to sixty days in the county jail, the middle ten of each thirty to be on bread and water.

VOLUNTEERS FROM ARGENTINE.

Spaniards Coming to the Help of the Mother Country.

HAVANA, March 14.—The steamer Santo Domingo, which arrived here today from Montevideo, brought 109 volunteers from that city to serve with the Spanish army. They are commanded by a captain in the Argentine army, Manuel Serrano.

A great fire has been seen in the direction of Nueva Pas, on the borders of the province of Havana and Matanzas, and the commander of the district of Jaguay Chico reports that the insurgents have burned considerable property in La Piedra.

Advices from Romeo, District of Jaguaramas, Santa Clara, say the insurgents have burned fields and plantations from Real Campina to the colony of La Rosita, a district six miles in extent, and close to the railroad.

The insurgent leaders have celebrated their reunion at Manjuari, and it is said to have been agreed that Maceo and Bandera will pass through the province of Havana and Pinar del Rio.

The Leon battalion, in the vicinity of Santiago de Cuba, has had a skirmish with the insurgents, during which two of the latter were killed and several wounded.

General Aldave at Santa Clara has been reconnoitering in the direction of Remedio, and his troops have killed eleven insurgents.

The queen regent, upon recommendation of General Weyler, has pardoned an artillery soldier who was sentenced to be shot this morning, for having attacked and wounded a lieutenant belonging to his battery.

Gomez was camped on Thursday at the plantation of Arroto, district of Recreo, and he went to the plantation of San Carlos, yesterday, from where he moved to the plantation of La Dolcrita with about 1,000 men, afterward going in the direction of San Jose, westward of the district of Cardenas.

Numerous bands of insurgents recently attacked Fort Pelayo, garrisoned by twenty soldiers. This fort is located at Bejucal, in the province of Havana. The insurgents, who were repelled, divided into small bands, uniting again for the purpose of attacking with dynamite a new fort, which was being constructed at Santa Maria, near Rosario. This fortification was eventually partially destroyed. Other bands of insurgents have destroyed by fire the plantation of Guacamayo, in Pinar del Rio.

The latest reports from General Maceo indicate that he again retraced his steps this morning, going in an easterly direction. According to latest advices, he is now at plantation Portugalete, between Managua and San Jose del Los Lajas.

The following movement of troops has just been ordered: "General Arolas is to go to Batabano, while General Bernal will be stationed at Regala, near Havana. On the other side of the harbor, near San Felipe, is stationed General Melquizo. General Aldecoa goes to San Jose de Los Lajas, and Colonel Ruiz is to be stationed at Salud. Other columns have been ordered to Guira, Alquizar and Zeiba del Agua. General Artemisa has been ordered to Pase Neptuno. General Artemisa, General Linares and Colonel Tort will follow up General Maceo, General Prat and Colonel Vicuna and Colonel Galbis will pursue General Gomez, who is now reported to be in the vicinity of Coliseo.

General Gomez, according to all accounts, is still moving in a westerly direction.

INTENDS TO INVESTIGATE PETERS.

Government to Take Cognizance of Recent Charges.

BERLIN, March 14.—Dr. Kayser, director of the colonial office, announced in the Reichstag today that in view of the charges made by Herr Bebel (who accused Dr. Carl Peters, the explorer, of causing a negro and negress to be hanged without trial when he was imperial commissioner in Africa, during 1891) a fresh inquiry will be held into the matter. Dr. Kayser added that the government was not aware that after Dr. Peters had proclaimed officially that the negroes alluded to were hanged as spies, the English bishop, Tucker, declined to receive Peters, saying he "would have nothing to do with a murderer." Dr. Kayser added that the previous evidence had not established the guilt of Dr. Peters in the eyes of the law.

Count von Arnim then read a letter from Dr. Peters, declaring that Herr Bebel's assertions were partly untrue and partly exaggerated. The negro, he said, was tried by court martial for burglary and the negress was never punished. It was another negress, he explained, not his servant, who, after having been sentenced to be confined in irons for six months, was condemned to death, in February, 1892, for attempting to escape. Dr. Peters further denied that he had been married to a negress according to Mohammedan rites.

Dr. Kayser then read a statement in which Dr. Peters admitted that the condemned negress was his mistress.

Lensmann declared that Dr. Peters was a madman or a monster, and that he, Leist and Whelan should be punished according to law.

Dr. Schoenztedt, the minister of justice, pointed out that informations properly made were necessary in order to criminally prosecute Herr Leist, and that they had not arrived in Germany until the latter had gone to America. The case of Dr. Peters, he continued, had not been examined and the technicalities readered a criminal prosecution of Herr Wehlan useless.

Herr Richter declared that Dr. Peters must be deposed from his position as president of the Colonial society, claiming that his denials of his guilt were only juggling with words, and that he was now trying to curry favor in a high quarter by promoting the agitation for a bigger German fleet. Continuing, Herr Richter said that in the Emin relief expedition Dr. Peters was nothing but a brigand chief, like Dr. Jameson, and concluded with a demand that the colonial policy of the government, which, he asserted, had been a failure in every respect, and which had diminished the esteem in which Germany was held abroad, should be contracted to narrower limits.

Herr Bebel expressed the opinion that Dr. Kayser, as director of the Colonial department, was not the right man in the right place, and Herr Luber said he was gratified at the reopening of the inquiry into the conduct of Dr. Peters, who, he declared, had showed himself unworthy of the German name.

Heavy Guns for Esquimault.

VICTORIA, B. C., March 14.—Five new guns for the Esquimault land fortifications were received from England yesterday, and will be placed in position at once. They are breech-loaders of 6-inch bore, with barrels 14.6 feet long. Three are intended for Macauley point, while the other two will be mounted near Esquimault lighthouse. The guns, though seemingly large, are not to be compared with two still to arrive and now at Vancouver. These latter are of 9-inch bore. The works at Macauley point are now well advanced, though but little of the fortifications can be seen. From this point guns can be discharged with terrible effect, and underneath they can be hidden with the greatest protection, the disappearing carriage being operated with hydraulic power.

Looking for a Pitched Battle.

MADRID, March 14.—Dispatches received here from Havana say that the Spanish forces in Cuba are being concentrated in the province of Matanzas in order to compel the insurgents to engage in a pitched battle.

Call for Congressional Convention.

Chairman B. H. Robison has issued the following call for the congressional convention of this, the Second congressional district of Nebraska:

The republican electors of the Second congressional district of Nebraska are requested to send delegates from their several counties to meet in convention in Patterson's hall in Omaha, on Saturday, March 28, 1896, at 3 o'clock p. m., for the purpose of selecting two delegates and two alternates to the national republican convention, to be held at St. Louis on June 16, 1896.

The several counties are entitled to representation, being based upon the vote cast for Hon. J. S. Bartley for state treasurer in 1894, giving one delegate-at-large to each county, and one for each 100 votes and fraction thereof, as follows:

Counties.	Delegates.
Douglas	116
Washington	14
Sarpy	7
Total	137

It is recommended that no proxies be admitted to the convention and that the delegates present be authorized to cast the full vote of the delegation.

AMERICANS WON AT CHESS

Score Stood Four and a Half to Three and a Half.

EXPERT PILLSBURY LOST HIS GAME

Both the English and American Promoters Pleased with the Manner in Which the Tournament Was Conducted.

NEW YORK, March 14.—Amid a scene of wild excitement the American chess team beat the British team by 4½ to 3½ games this evening, and this in spite of the fact that the American games did not look promising when play was resumed at the bank building at Court and Remsen streets, Brooklyn. The Americans on some of the boards fought uphill gamely and kept their ground well in the remaining games. The final score stands:

America. Board.	Player.	Result.	Great Britain. Player.	Result.	Moves.
1	Pillsbury	0	Blackburn	1	66
2	Showalter	1	Burns	0	64
3	Burrille	1	Bird	0	48
4	Barry	1	Tinsley	0	67
5	Hymes	½	Irwick	½	41
6	Hodges	½	Mills	½	49
7	Delmar	½	Atkins	½	41
8	Blair	0	Jackson	1	43

The following openings were played: Queen's gambit; queen's gambit declined; Pq4; queen's gambit declined; Ruy Lopez; Ruy Lopez, Pq4; Guioco Piano.

LONDON, March 14.—At the international chess match today the attendance was far larger than yesterday. The hall was crowded with experts and amateurs, who watched closely for the announcement of results. The first victory, that of Jackson over Baird, was loudly cheered, but the triumph of Blackburn over Pillsbury was the most popular feature of the day. There were general cheering and clapping of hands when this was bulletined. Newnes, the well known chess player, quickly grasped Blackburn's hand at the conclusion of the game and congratulated him upon the result. Others present who joined in the congratulations were Gunsberg and Hon. Llewelling Archer Atherly-Jones, M. P. for Durham, N. W. Atherly-Jones was accompanied by his wife, who was an interested spectator. A number of other women from the different parts of England who are interested in chess were also present.

Mr. Newnes said to the Associated press correspondent: "So far this has been a most friendly and interesting tournament, and I hope it will be repeated in future years. I am somewhat disappointed because of Bird's loss of one game to Burrille. Bird found that he had made a mistake, and immediately tried to secure a correction. He sent an informal request to the committee in charge that this be allowed. The committee met and decided that, although they had acted too hastily, the first move should stand, according to rules. The English players were especially glad when they learned that Blackburn had won, though they were almost sorry that Pillsbury had been defeated. Pillsbury is so popular here. He is regarded as being a thorough good fellow. Of course, we were rather disappointed in the general result of the game, as it looked last night as though the Englishmen were going to win."

Blackburn, in an interview, said: "Candidly, I think I ought to have lost last night, but Pillsbury, apparently pressed for time, hurried his moves and spoiled his game."

Tinsley thought the Americans acquitted themselves splendidly. He said: "Barry, my own opponent, conducted the game in fine style, though my own miscalculations undoubtedly cost me the game at the end."

It is now reported that Jackson was only included at the last moment. Jackson and another member of the club named Jones played several matches to determine their superiority. All of these matches resulted in draws. The committee which met to select the players for the tournament was equally divided, Newnes casting his vote for Jones. Inasmuch as the two men had previously tossed for the place, Jackson winning, Jones today insisted that Jackson should play, pleading a headache. The tournament closed with a few words from Mr. Newnes as to the success of the match.

VICTIMIZED THE POOL ROOMS.

False Reports Sent Out on the Last New Orleans Race.

NEW ORLEANS, March 14.—The officials of the telegraph company are reticent concerning the false reports sent out by the racing department from the race track today that Royal Nettie had won the last race, instead of Plug, but from the best obtainable information, the trick was turned by an operator in the telegraph office at the race track. It was about an hour after the false result had been sent to all the pool rooms in the country that the change made in the result was discovered. The pool room reporter states that his message giving the result of the race—the last one of the day—was correct, as filed with the telegraph company, and he was greatly surprised to find that his message had not been correctly sent. The pool rooms in Texas claim to have lost $2,000, while the Birmingham, Ala., pool room lost $1,500; Nashville, $2,000, and others throughout the country were caught.

DENVER, March 14.—The pool room at Colfax, a suburb of Denver, was hit by the wire tapping on the New Orleans races to the extent of about $1,600. Denver has no pool rooms.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 14.—The New Orleans wire tapping scheme had no effect in San Francisco, as there are no pool rooms running here. They were all closed down about two weeks ago. No foreign books are conducted at the race tracks, so the San Francisco gamblers escaped. Nothing has been heard from Los Angeles and Sacramento, the only places in the state where pools are sold.

CHICAGO, March 14.—The local pool rooms lost about $28,000 on the Royal Nettie race. The heaviest loser was O'Leary's room at the stock yards, where $8,000 was dropped. The list of losers is as follows: O'Leary's, $8,000; Smith & Peary, two rooms, $10,000; Powers & O'Brien, $5,000; Bud White, $2,500; Samuel Wagner & North, $2,500; total, $28,000. Besides these there were a number of smaller rooms, which lost smaller amounts. Many of the losers denied tonight that they had lost anything, but they were most of them hit hard.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., March 14.—Royal Nettie was played off the boards in the local pool rooms. The word had gone around among those on the inside, and when the odds for the sixth race at New Orleans were posted there was a scramble to get on at 15 to 1. Rapid drops in the price did not cause the bettors to weaken, and more money was offered than could be taken until the bookmakers had all they could stand. The amount pulled down by ticket holders will run into the thousands.

CINCINNATI, O., March 14.—The three men in this city who take bets on the sly, say Cincinnati was not worked by the wire tappers on the sixth New Orleans race today. Phil Boro of Elmwood and Kid Shaw of Hamilton, O., say they were not touched. There is no pool room elsewhere in Cincinnati or vicinity.

KANSAS CITY, March 14.—When the one pool room here closed its doors tonight Royal Nettie was still on the boards as winner of the sixth race at New Orleans. Not a dollar had been bet on her. The winning horse, Plug, being owned by a Kansas City stable, was backed heavily by the local talent. At least $1,000 was put on him.

HOUSTON, Tex., March 14.—Texas pool rooms were hard hit in a false report. Royal Nettle was sent out as the winner of the last race at New Orleans, while Plug really won, and tickets were cashed before there was a correction. Houston, Galveston and San Antonio rooms suffered for over $2,000.

Princeton Ball Team Starts Work.

PRINCETON, N. J., March 14.—The Princeton base ball team settled down to the season's work today when Billy Earle entered upon his duties as professional coach.

The following team has been selected: Catcher, Titus, '96; pitchers, Altman, '97; Easton, '98, and Wilson, '96; first base, Kelly, '98; second base, Captain Bradley, '97; third base, Gunster, '96; short stop, Ward, '96; outfielders, Stor, '99; Altman, Easton or Wilson, Kelly, '98, and Sutor, '99, have made up the week in the work on which they were delinquent and will be permitted by the faculty to resume work with the team.

Course for the Race Still Undecided.

NEW YORK, March 14.—A meeting of the college committee was held tonight at the University club to consider a course for the boat race on June 26. There were present Thomas Reath for Pennsylvania, Guy Richards for Columbia, Prof. H. S. Wright for Cornell and G. R. Mummford for Harvard. A letter was received from J. Clarke, Springfield, in which he stated the railroads could not see their way clear to build a spur track, as it would cost $25,000. The choice for the race now apparently lies between Poughkeepsie and Saratoga. Poughkeepsie is supposed to have the better chance for the race, and pending further inquiry the committee adjourned for three weeks.

FIVE HORSES FELL IN A BUNCH.

All of the Jockeys but One Escaped Unhurt.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 14.—Galen Brown's good horse, Libertine, won the General Arthur stakes at a mile and a sixteenth at Ingleside today, from a crack field. In the 2-year-old race, Lady Laurelwood fell and brought down Sister Modred, Pink Smith, and Wallaba. Macclain, who had the mount on Sister Modred suffered a broken leg, the other jockeys escaping injury. While exercising, three 2-year-olds at Bay district today, Moran's two maidens collided with another horse and all went down, resulting in the probable death of a stable boy and two of the horses. Two favorites, two second choices and three outsiders got the money today. Weather cold; track good. Results:

First race, four furlongs, 2-year-olds, purse $400: Investigator 111, 101 (Pryce), 4 to 1, won; King Street, 108 (H. Griffin), 3 to 2, second; Rowena B, 105 (E. Jones), 4 to 1, third. Time: 0:49½. The Sinner, Dolores, Sweet Liberty, Inflammator, Seven Up, Viking, Sister Adele, Lady Laurelwood, Sister Modred, Pink Smith and Wallaba also ran.

Second race, six furlongs, selling, purse $400: Morven, 114 (Snider), 25 to 1, won; Model, 109 (E. Jones), 7 to 1, second; Ferris Hartman, 100 (C. Slaughter), 7 to 1, third. Time: 1:15½. Philomena, Treachery, Seaside, San Marco, Miss Ross and Little Jimmy also ran.

Third race, mile and an eighth, handicap, purse $500: Sir Vassa, 96 (Garner), 4 to 1, won; Rey del Bandidos, 102 (Cochran), 7 to 10, second; Yankee Doodle, 105 (Coady), 7 to 10, third. Time: 1:55½. Ed Kearney and Tenacity also ran.

Fourth race, mile and a sixteenth, the General Arthur stakes, handicap, 3-year-olds and upward, value, $1,850: Libertine, 120, (Macklin), 9 to 5, won; Lovedal, 106 (H. Griffin), 8 to 1, second; Wheel of Fortune, 108 (Chorn), 4 to 1, third. Time: 1:48¾. Braw Scot, Olive, Thornhill, Installator, Pepper and Mollie R also ran.

Fifth race, mile and a quarter, over five hurdles, selling, 4-year-olds and upward, purse $400: Uncertainty, 146 (Emperson), 8 to 1, won; Hello, 125 (Swift), 6 to 1, second; Nellie G, 123 (Boyd), 10 to 1, third. Time: 2:29¾. Arundel, Swiftsure, Harry Lewis, Contentment and Alexis also ran.

Sixth race, seven furlongs, 3-year-olds and upward, purse $400: Major Cook, 95 (T. Sloan), 10 to 1, won; Wyoming, 91 (E. Jones), 10 to 1, second; Lobengula, 98 (Garner), 7 to 2, third. Time: 1:29¾. Sister Mary, Red Glenn, Ramsin and Logan also ran.

Seventh race, six furlongs, selling, purse $400: Kowalsky, 94 (T. Sloan), 2 to 1, won; Schnitz, 104 (Coady), 8 to 1, second; Zoolein, 107 (J. Chorn), 20 to 1, third. Time: 1:15¾. Sleeping Child and Edgemont also ran.

CAMPANIA AND VALET MATCHED.

Six Furlong Dash for a $2,000 Side Bet.

NEW ORLEANS, March 14.—Dave Gideon has matched Campania against Valet for $2,000 a side, Frank Frisbie taking the Valet end, for a six furlong dash, on Monday. Marcel's rank reversal of form in the third race called forth the following official ruling: G. M. Fogg, owner of Marcel, and J. H. Freeman, jockey, are suspended pending an investigation of Marcel's running. Four of the six favorites won and the talent bested the ring at its own game.

Before the first race was called there was a combination sale in the paddock, with W. O. Scully as auctioneer. The following are the best prices: Blasco, to W. H. Richardson, $1,050; Rouble, to W. J. Donahue, $1,000; Begue, to R. Peabody, $800; Norman, to W. J. Donahue, $525. Weather cloudy; track fast. Summaries:

First race, purse $250, for 4-year-olds and upward, selling, seven furlongs: Molly B (11 to 5) won, Hi Henry (5 to 2) second, Nicolini (4 to 1) third. Time: 1:28.

Second race, purse $200, for 2-year-olds, four furlongs: Voltaire (7 to 10) won, Clematis (8 to 1) second, Star Tobacco (3 to 1) third. Time: 0:50¾.

Third race, purse $250, for 4-year-olds and upward, mile and a quarter: Marcel (7 to 2) won, Boro (25 to 1) second, Billy McKenzie (7 to 5) third. Time: 2:08¾.

Fourth race, purse $300, handicap, for 3-year-olds and upward, one mile: Jake Zimmerman (2 to 1) won, Nikita (8 to 1) second, Stark (7 to 1) third. Time: 1:42½.

Fifth race, purse $300, for 3-year-olds, selling, six furlongs: Andrax (8 to 5) won, Jack B (5 to 1) second, Inspector Hunt (3 to 1) third. Time: 1:15¾.

Sixth race, purse $300, for 3-year-olds and upward, selling, six furlongs: Plug (4 to 1) won, Equinox (12 to 1) second, Mary Nance (30 to 1) third. Time: 1:15¾.

Yale Law School Ball Team Selected.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., March 14.—Captain Burrows of the Yale law school base ball team has selected his team from the large list of candidates. The following are the fortunate ones, who were measured for suits: Pitchers, Buckingham, Hamlin, MacDonald, Holston; catchers, Lukes and Burrows; first base, Smith; second base, Beers; third base, McKee; short stop, Martin; outfielders, M. Edros, Buzzell and Sanford. The team will leave March 29 for its southern trip in the palatial private car which Chauncey M. Depew kindly offered.

Tennessee Breeders' Annual Sale.

NASHVILLE, Tenn., March 14.—The annual sale of the Tennessee Breeder's association begins here Monday morning, to last four days. The collection contains consignments from the prominent breeders of the state, and the sale has attracted buyers from many sections. About 400 trotters, pacers and roadsters will be offered.

Dubuque Man Lasted Four Rounds.

DUBUQUE, Ia., March 14.—In a glove contest between Frank Noaly of St. Louis and Nick Jarding of Dubuque tonight the local man was knocked out in the fourth round. For the first two rounds Jarding did fair work, but in the third he began to lose and was easily knocked out in the fourth.

JUDGES NAME THEIR BAILIFFS.

Most of the Old Men Hold Their Positions.

Yesterday was the date on which the term of office of the various court bailiffs terminated. They are appointed for one year, but may be removed by the judges of the bench at any time. In the criminal court there are two bailiffs and Judge Baker yesterday appointed John Norberg and Earl G. Bone as bailiffs for that court. Norberg succeeds Rolla Williams, who has been detailed to assist the county attorney in looking up evidence, and Norberg will act in the same capacity. Bone takes the position thus vacated by Norberg, who was appointed at the beginning of the February term to fill the vacancy occasioned by Hiram Savage going with Judge Scott to another room.

The only other new appointment made yesterday was that of Charles Youngers to succeed E. Wirt in Judge Keysor's court.

The reappointments were as follows: Charles Leslie in Judge Fawcett's, C. H. Willard in Judge Dickinson's, E. W. Kerr in Judge Scott's, Ed Stout in Judge Slabaugh's and Henry Knodell in Judge Powell's court.

IS IT A TRIFLE?

THAT COMMON TROUBLE, ACID DYSPEPSIA OR SOUR STOMACH.

Now Recognized as a Cause of Serious Disease.

Acid dyspepsia, commonly called heartburn or sour stomach, is a form of indigestion resulting from fermentation of the food. The stomach being too weak to promptly digest it, the food remains until fermentation begins, filling the stomach with gas, and a bitter, sour, burning taste in the mouth is often present. This condition soon becomes chronic, and being an every day occurrence, is given but little attention. Because dyspepsia is not immmediately fatal, many people do nothing for the trouble.

It is now well known among able physicians that the whole constitution is gradually undermined and weakened, that the nerves and vital organs are seriously affected by any form of dyspepsia. This is plain, as every organ, every nerve in the body is nourished by the blood and the blood is replenished from the food digested. If the food is properly digested, the blood is pure, the nerves steady, but if supplied from a sour, fermenting, decaying mass, the blood is vitiated, poisoned, and the result is shown in sleeplessness, lack of energy, poor appetite, nervousness. Every trifle is magnified and the dyspeptic sees nothing but the dark side of everything.

Within a recent period a remedy has been discovered prepared solely to cure dyspepsia and stomach troubles. It is known as Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets and it is now becoming rapidly used and prescribed as a radical cure for every form of dyspepsia.

It is not claimed to cure anything except dyspepsia and stomach weakness in its various forms, but for this it has been shown to be unequalled. The eminent specialists, Reed and O'Leary, have recently stated that they considered Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets an unfailing specific for disorders of the digestive organs, and the remarkable cures made in cases of long standing dyspepsia proves that this remedy has extraordinary merit.

Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets have been placed before the public and are sold by druggists everywhere at 50 cents per package. It is prepared by the Stuart Chemical Co., Marshall, Mich., and while it promptly and effectually restores a vigorous digestion, at the same time is perfectly harmless and will not injure the most delicate stomach, but on the contrary by giving perfect digestion strengthens the stomach, improves the appetite and makes life worth living.

A GOOD BICYCLE

Is a clever piece of property. They verily talk. That you may know this I print, by permission, the following letter:

1896 "CHIEF," LADIES.

SOUTH OMAHA, Feb. 21, 1896:

ALVA J. GROVER, ESQ.—

Dear Sir: Please let me know if you take the agency of the GRAND RAPIDS CLIPPER WHEEL. I have a '93 Clipper in good order. You will make no mistake in handling CLIPPERS. As far as quality is concerned they are the best wheels I know of. Respectfully,

WILLIS TODD.

Care G. H. Hammond Co., South Omaha, Neb.

I wish to add that I have secured the sole agency of this graceful, talking machine and expect to be able to sample them to my friends and patrons at NO. 318 SOUTH FIFTEENTH STREET not later than Tuesday, March 17th.

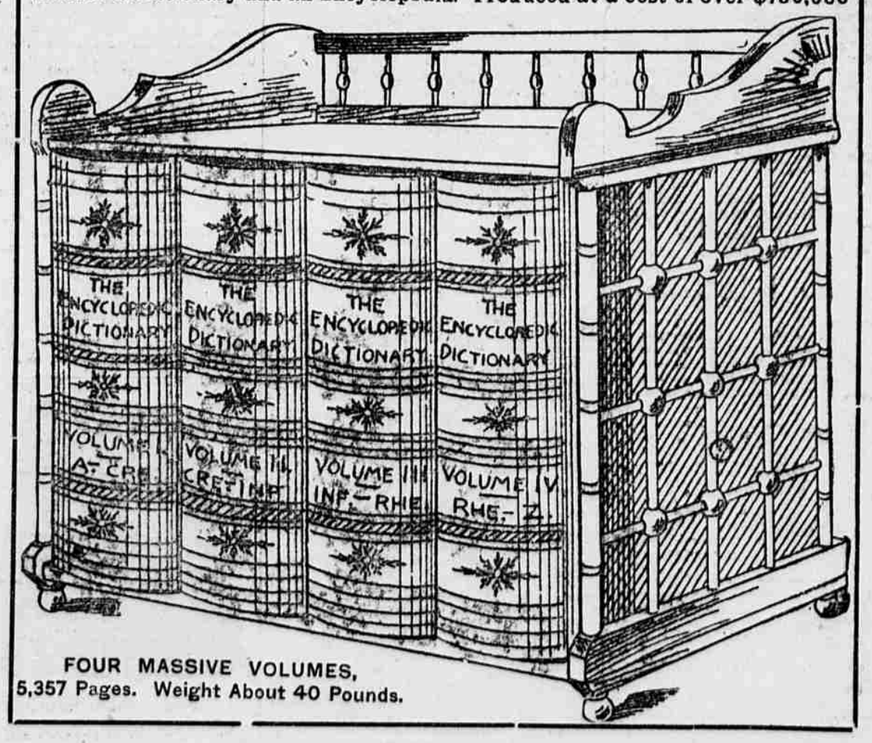
ALVA J. GROVER, Sole agent for the CHIEF, the CYCLOID and the CLIPPER

ONE DAY'S GRACE

Monday, March 16th.

Although the notable introductory distribution of that Great Reference Library, THE NEW ENCYCLOPEDIC DICTIONARY, was announced to close yesterday), THE SYNDICATE has, for reasons below explained, decided to allow ONE DAY'S GRACE, thus extending the time of closing to MONDAY NIGHT, March 16th, at 10 o'clock.

At once a Dictionary and an Encyclopedia. Produced at a Cost of Over $750,000



FOUR MASSIVE VOLUMES,
5,357