SPEAKER REED GIVES NO SIGN

His Course Toward the Omaha Exposition Bill Still a Thing Unknown.

WORK IN BEHALF OF THE MEASURE GOES ON

Nebraska Members Watching for a Chance to Get the Matter Before the House for a Vote.

WASHINGTON, May 8.—(Special Telegram.)—Speaker Reed continues to hold out against all importunings on the part of the Nebraska delegation for time for the Omaha exposition bill. While he has not gone so far as to say he will not allow the bill to come to a vote, his manner gives little hope to those interested in the measure. What a delegation of citizens could do with the speaker is wholly in the future. A new presentation of the case might win over the speaker. Any influence favorable to the bill would undoubtedly be acceptable. One thing is certain, everything is at sea, and the only hope for the bill is in a protracted session of congress, when the delegation may get it up or get consent of the speaker to advance it on the calendar.

A decidedly foxy movement of sound money republicans has just come to light in relation to states where the white metal has the call. It was the intention of the republicans to select alternates in Colorado, Utah, Idaho and Montana favorable to sound money in the event the leaders in these states should bolt at St. Louis then the alternates were to take their places and proceed to carry out the wishes of the people as they regard them. It was a very shrewd game, but the silver republicans discovered the ruse today and advices have been sent out to look well to alternates, that only true silver men go on the delegation.

Senator Allen today secured the passage of the bill granting a right-of-way to the Sioux City & Omaha railroad through the Winnebago Indian reservation in Thurston county. This is the scheme in which Stoddard is interested and is designed to be part of the great north and south road.

By dint of hard work the Nebraska senators succeeded in raising the appropriation from $10,000 to $50,000 for improvements of the Missouri river at South Sioux City. The important feature of this amendment rests in the fact that improvements are stipulated to begin 300 feet above the upper revetment and extend to the lower revetment as now fixed.

PRIVATE PENSION BILLS.

Favorable reports were made today on Curtis of Iowa's bill to increase the pension of John H. Goarke of Iowa City, and on Gamble's bill for the relief of William Gemmill of Yankton, S. D., who quartered a number of United States soldiers during the winter of 1873. These pension bills, in which the Nebraska delegation was interested, passed the house today: Mrs. Mary Hazlett, increase from $8 to $12 per month, introduced by Representative Mercer; to increase the pension of Thomas M. Scott of McCook from $8 to $20, introduced by Representative Andrews.

Mr. Mercer introduced a number of resolutions from cities throughout the west, notably from Galveston, Tex., Ogden, Utah, and St. Joseph, Mo., favoring the Omaha exposition.

Judge W. D. Cornish, master in chancery of the Union Pacific, is in the city. Freight Traffic Manager Munroe left tonight for New York, en route to Omaha.

Acting Secretary of the Interior Simms today approved the following lists of selection by the state of South Dakota on account of various land grants: List No. 4, School of Mines, 12,475 acres in Huron district; list No. 6, Agricultural college, 27,132 acres in Aberdeen district; list No. 5, State Normal school, 7,141 acres in Aberdeen district; list No. 5, educational and charitable institutions, 19,128 acres in Pierre district; list No. 2, State Reform school, 8,797 acres in Aberdeen district.

ORDERS FOR THE ARMY.

Captain Thomas M. Woodruff, Fifth infantry, is granted three months' leave.

First Lieutenant Frank L. Dodds, Ninth infantry, is detailed as acting judge advocate, Department of Texas, to relieve First Lieutenant Francis J. Kernan, Twenty-first infantry.

First Lieutenant Carles P. Elliott, Fourth cavalry, is granted extension of leave for one month.

John Harm has been appointed postmaster at Holstein, Adams county, Neb., vice W. T. Carson, and Charles V. Russell is appointed postmaster at Roslyn, Day county, S. D.

Senator Allen introduced bills to pension Stephen D. Avery of Petersburg, Boone county; John O'Grady of O'Neill, and to remove the charge of desertion from the record of James Plymate.

The Nebraska delegation in the lower house of congress, with the exception of Meiklejohn, is absent, and Kem, voting no, voted in favor of carrying clerks throughout the year, without the names of the clerks going on the rolls.

ROUTINE WORK IN THE HOUSE.

Resolution Passed Regarding England's Attitude Toward Our Cattle.

WASHINGTON, May 8.—The house today agreed that when it adjourned today it would be to meet on Monday.

Bills were passed to quiet titles to lands in persons who purchased the same in good faith without notice and for a valuable consideration, and to enable the government to issue patents on such lands, and to establish a life-saving station at Point Bonita, Golden Gate, Cal.

On motion of Mr. Stahle a resolution was passed requesting the president to inform the house what, if anything, had been done to carry out the provisions in last year's sundry civil bill directing him to negotiate with the government of Great Britain for the abrogation or modification of the existing regulations of that government, which requires the slaughter of cattle imported from the United States at the port of entry.

A bill was passed to appropriate $5,000 for the deportation of the Canadian refugee Cree Indians from the state of Montana. There are about 500 of these Indians. They have been in Montana since the close of the Riel rebellion.

Condition of the Treasury.

WASHINGTON, May 8.—Today's statement of the condition of the treasury shows: Available cash balance, $268,848,380; gold reserve, $119,297,238; net silver, $24,088,843.

FOR CLERK HIRE DURING RECESS.

Members of the House Allow Themselves $100 a Month.

WASHINGTON, May 8.—The members of the house today voted themselves $100 per month for clerk hire during the recess of congress. Under a resolution passed by the Fifty-second congress the members of subsequent congresses received $100 per month for clerk hire during the sessions. Today the proposition to extend this allowance to members during the recess of congress came in the form of the Hartman resolution, adversely reported from the committee on accounts. It occasioned some very sharp debate. It had the support of Mr. Cannon, the chairman of the appropriations committee, but was opposed by Mr. Dingley, the floor leader of the majority. Mr. Aldrich, republican of Illinois, said it would involve an additional expenditure of $216,000 per annum. The resolution was advocated by Mr. Cannon, Mr. Morse, republican of Massachusetts, Mr. Hepburn, republican of Iowa; Mr. Boutelle, republican of Maine; and Mr. Henderson, republican of Iowa, and opposed by Mr. Dockery, democrat of Missouri; Pitney, republican of New Jersey; Mr. Tracey, republican of Missouri; Mr. Wheeler, democrat of Alabama, Mr. Skinner, republican of North Carliona; and Mr. Talbert, democrat of South Carolina. The resolution was amended so as to except members who are chairman of committees having annual clerks, and, as amended, was possed, 130 to 108. An analysis of the vote shows that 114 republicans, fifteen democrats and one silverite voted for it; and fifty-three republicans, fifty-eight democrats and one populist voted against it.

The pension bills favorably acted upon at last Friday night's session, were taken up and passed. At 4:30 p. m. the house took a recess until 8 o'clock, the evening session to be devoted to the consideration of private pension bills.

Twenty-two private pension bills were favorably acted upon at the night session of the house. Among them were bills to pension the widow of the late Major General Thomas Ewing, at the rate of $75 per month, the widow of the late Major Theodore Greig at the rate of $50 per month, and the widow of the late Major General Joseph Carr at the rate of $75 per month. An attempt was made to cut down the rate of pension of Mrs. Ewing, but it was defeated. Mr. Pickler, chairman of the committee on pensions, stole a march on the opponents of pension legislation, just before 10:30, the hour fixed for adjournment, by having the seventy-two bills favorably acted on in committee of the whole last Wednesday, formally reported to the house. Those bills were left suspended last Wednesday. Mr. Erdman, democrat of Pennsylvania, protested against the action tonight, and the question will probably come up on Monday.

SECTARIAN SCHOOLS GET MONEY.

House Fight Against the Old Plan Goes for Naught.

WASHINGTON, May 8.—The senate committee on appropriations today concluded its consideration of the bill making appropriations for the District of Columbia. The most important change in the bill was that restoring the old system of making appropriations for the charities of the district and striking out the lump appropriation as made by the house. The action of the senate committee is in accord with that first taken by the house committee on appropriations, which caused the bill after it was about completed in the house to be recommitted. When it was again reported it was with a provision placing all the appropriations for charity of the district in the hands of the commissioners, in which form it passed. The action of the house was based upon the theory that the charitable institutions were sectarian in character. The bill as agreed upon will recommend that the same appropriation be made for the various institutions that were made last year.

The committee made a proviso that "no part of the money appropriated for charities shall be paid for the purpose of maintaining or aiding by payment for services or expenses or otherwise, any church or religious denomination." The committee also recommended the appointment of a joint committee composed of three representatives to investigate the district charity institutions, if any, of money appropriations for them, to the support of church and religious denominations.

The bill as reported to the committee carries an aggregate appropriation of $6,961,898, a net increase over the total appropriation as the bill passed the house of $1,542,938.

COULD CONTROL PACIFIC TRADE.

Coal Miners of the East Would Be Benefited by the Nicaragua Canal.

WASHINGTON, May 8.—Governor MacCorkle of West Virginia appeared before the house committee on commerce today to advocate the construction of the Nicaraguan canal. He spoke in behalf of the coal interests of his own and adjacent states, declaring that the section he represented would be able to control the coal markets of the Pacific coast, of North and South America with the shipping facilities which would be afforded by the canal. At present all coal used on the Pacific coast, he stated, is mined in Australia, Japan and Vancouver. He predicted that with the advancement of the Japanese they would monopolize the coal business of the coast, unless the canal should be built, when the freight rates would enable West Virginia to undersell the Japanese.

Western Patents Granted.

WASHINGTON, May 8.—(Special.)—Patents have been issued as follows:

Nebraska—Laban J. Everest, Omaha, electric railway signal system.

Iowa—Aretus B. Andrews, Center Point, automatic vehicle and motor power; Ignaz Bergmann, Fort Madison, pen guide and finger rest; Alfred L. Clarke, Dubuque, device for operating roller awnings; Price C. Dillan, Essex, field or garden implement; David C. Landon, Dubuque, locking device for saws; Christian Loetcher, Dubuque, endless chain cutter and mortising machine; William Louden, Fairfield, hay carrier apparatus; Walter V. Stephenson, Fort Dodge, adjustable step ladder; James W. Terman, New Sharon, compound for purifying butter.

Delegated to a Subcommittee.

WASHINGTON, May 8.—Senator Morrill, chairman of the committee on finance, has announced his intention to appoint a subcommittee to conduct the bond investigation authorized by the Peffer resolution. The subcommittee probably will be designated at a special meeting of the full committee to be held tomorrow, and it is expected that it will proceed as soon as practicable with the inquiry. The subcommittee probably will consist of five members.

OPPOSE DEEP SEA HARBOR

Santa Monica Project Denounced as a Southern Pacific Job.

SENATOR WHITE MAKES A STRONG SPEECH

River and Harbor Bill Completed in the Senate Except for This One Item—Resolution for Popular Election.

WASHINGTON, May 8.—The rivers and harbors bill was completed in the senate today, with the exception of the item for a deep sea harbor on the Pacific coast. This aroused keen opposition, the two California senators opposing the proposed contract appropriation of $3,098,000 for a harbor at Santa Monica bay, on the ground that it is a project fostered by the Southern Pacific as against public sentiment and the recommendations of two boards of army engineers. Mr. White of California commented on the extraordinary conditions by which the commerce committee of the senate was forcing an appropriation on a state against the wishes of its senators, representatives and people.

With the bond question out of the way, the senate gave its attention to the accumulation of minor measures before going on with the river and harbor bill.

Mr. Mitchell gave notice that when the last appropriation bill was passed he would press the joint resolution for the election of senators by the people, not for the sake of having further speeches, but of actually adopting the resolution.

A bill was adopted authorizing the Sioux City & Omaha Railroad company to construct a railway through the Omaha and Winnebago reservation in Thurston county, Nebraska; to establish a classification division in the United States patent office; granting permission for the erection of a monument at Washington in honor of Samuel Hahnemann and appropriating $4,000 for a foundation.

The bill for the erection of a bridge across the Detroit river at Detroit was postponed until next session, on the request of Mr. Sherman and the assent of the Michigan senators. Mr. Sherman stated that there would be strong opposition.

The river and harbor bill was then taken up.

The amount for the Sioux City revetments of the Missouri river was increased from $10,000 to $50,000.

On a point of order by Mr. Gorman, the committee amendment was struck out, providing that all persons employed on river and harbor works shall be selected and hired by the officers of the corps of engineers in local charge of those works in order that the officers may be held to a strict responsibility for the proper execution of the work in their charge.

The following individual amendments were made: By Mr. Gray, to permit retired army officers to engage in river and harbor works; by Mr. Carter, republican of Montana, for a dam across the upper Missouri river at Stubbs Ferry to develop water power; by Mr. Lodge, republican of Massachusetts, for a survey of Portland channel, Alaska.

WHITE USES A MAP.

This disposed of the entire bill except the reserved amendment for a deep water harbor at Port Los Angeles, in Santa Monica bay, California, and authorizing contracts aggregating $2,998,000 for the work. A vigorous contest was promised on this item, the two California senators, Mr. White and Mr. Perkins, being opposed to it. Mr. White offered an amendment for the creation of a board of three officers to report on the relative merits of Santa Monica bay and of San Pedro harbor for the purpose of a deep water harbor. Large easels were brought into the senate and maps of the Pacific coast placed on them. With pointer in hand, Mr. White then proceeded to point out the main points of the contest.

The senator said the people of the coast wanted a good, deep water harbor. Most of the harbors were poor ones. That at San Diego was too remote for a large element of the commerce. This demand for better harbor facilities led to the development of the Santa Monica project, and Senator Jones of Nevada built a railroad from Los Angeles to Santa Monica, with a view to ultimate eastern extension. But the road fell into the hands of the Southern Pacific company. Mr. White then pointed out that a board of army engineers had recommended San Pedro as the desirable point for a harbor, and that his recommendation was endorsed by Chief Engineer Casey.

Objection was made to this report, and through the efforts of Senator Frye another board, headed by the present chief of engineers, was appointed. Three points—Redondo, Santa Monica and San Pedro—contended before this board, each element being ably represented, the Southern Pacific railway being represented by one of the best lawyers in California.

This board, made up of eight of the foremost engineers of the service, recommended San Pedro harbor. When this report came before congress nothing was done. The fight in behalf of Santa Monica was still on, as though no report had been made. Mr. White traced in great detail the history of the subject. Taking up the present status, Mr. White urged that the two California senators, and the representatives from the Sixth California district, did not ask for the amendment inserted in the bill for a harbor at Santa Monica, and said the overwhelming sentiment of the people of the locality was against it.

Mr. White commented on the "extraordinary and peculiar" conditions by which the senators and local representatives from California were not consulted as to the proposed appropriation. It indicated that "some extraordinary influence" had been brought to bear. The senator commented on the "persistency of the Southern Pacific railway," and declared that this accounted for the extraordinary action.

GIFT UNASKED FOR.

Mr. White spoke of the surprise with which he learned that the paragraph for the Santa Monica appropriation had actually been printed for incorporation in the river and harbor bill, although the understanding had been reached that there should be no appropriation beyond that for the inner harbor at San Pedro. "So that my state stands on higher grounds that other states occupy," said Mr. White. "Some states are forced to solicit appropriations, but in my case they come unsolicited and unwarranted."

The senator commented severely on a communication from "the third house" written by Civil Engineer Corthell, "an employe of the Southern Pacific railroad." The senator repudiated the claim by Corthell that he made an official investigation" at the request of senators and members. It was Mr. Huntington whom he served, and yet, Mr. White said, the committee had set aside the recommendations of army boards and had accepted the recommendations of paid employes of the Southern Pacific company.

Mr. Gray, democrat of Delaware, asked if there was not some official recommendation in favor of Santa Monica harbor.

"None on earth," answered Mr. White, "and further, this appropriation of $3,098,000 is proposed without an estimate or recommendation."

Mr. George, democrat of Mississippi, asked further questions. "Do I understand, "he asked, "that two boards of army engineers, sworn to the performance of their duty, have reported against the appropriation which the committee recommends to the senate?"

"Yes."

"And do I understand that the two California senators and the representative from the district oppose the appropriation which the committee recommends?"

"Yes."

"Is it a fact that no evidence exists in favor of the project except that of the two men in the employ of the Southern Pacific railroad?"

Mr. White answered that others had given their opinions and views, but there were no other professional engineering reports.

Mr. Bate, democrat of Tennessee, added that he understood that the commercial bodies of the locality were opposed to the Santa Monica site.

At this point Mr. White yielded, to go on tomorrow, and the senate adjourned.

Cuts Off More Patronage.

WASHINGTON, May 8.—The president has issued an order extending the civil service rules to the Interstate Commerce commission. This brings all offices in the commission here and outside of Washington within the classified service except the chief executive ones requiring presidential nomination and confirmation by the senate. The order, which takes effect immediately, makes a total of about 85,200 government positions now included in the civil service.

New Commander for Mare Island.

WASHINGTON, May 8.—Rear Admiral Kirkland has been ordered to command the Mare Island navy yard in place of Captain H. L. Howison, who is ordered to special duty in connection with the Oregon.

All Free.

Those who have used Dr. King's New Discovery know its value, and those who have not have now the opportunity to try it free. Call on the advertised druggist and get a trial bottle free. Send your name and address to H. E. Bucklen & Co., Chicago, and get a sample box of Dr. King's New Life Pills free, as well as a copy of Guide to Health and Household Instructor free. All of which is guaranteed to do you good and cost you nothing. Kuhn & Co.'s drug store.

York Woman Commits Suicide.

YORK, Neb., May 8.—(Special Telegram.)—Mrs. William Sweig, living a few miles southeast of this city, today committed suicide by hanging herself. She was about middle-aged, and apparently in good health, both physically and mentally. The cause of her despondency is shrouded in mystery, and nothing can be brought to light which would have caused her to commit the act. She leaves a husband, who is well known and respected, and a large family of children.

No excuse for sleepless nights when you can procure One Minute Cough Cure. This will relieve all annoyances, cure the most severe cough and give you rest and health. Can you afford to do without it?

York City Officers Qualify.

YORK, Neb., May 8.—(Special.)—The new city officers were sworn in last night. James Collier was appointed street commissioner, and James Ilgenfritz will continue to serve as chief of police. Before leaving their places the old council passed the occupation tax ordinance. Resolutions complimenting ex-Mayor Kildow were passed.

Most complexion powders have a vulgar glare, but Pozzoni's is a true beautifier, whose effects are lasting.

WEATHER FORECAST.

Saturday Will Be Hot, but Thunderstorm May Make the Night Cool.

WASHINGTON, May 8.—The forecast for Saturday is:

For Nebraska and Kansas—Partly cloudy weather; conditions favorable for local thunderstorms; continued warm; south to west winds; possibly cooler Saturday night.

For South Dakota—Partly cloudy weather, but conditions favorable for local thunderstorms Saturday afternoon or night; probably cooler Saturday night; variable winds, shifting to northwest.

For Colorado—Partly cloudy weather; cooler; west winds.

For Wyoming and Montana—Local showers and partly cloudy weather; variable winds.

For Oklahoma and Indian Territory—Fair in eastern, followed by local thunderstorms in western portions; south winds.

For Missouri and Iowa—Generally fair and continued warm; south winds.

Local Record.

OFFICE OF THE WEATHER BUREAU, OMAHA, May 8.—Omaha record of temperature and rainfall compared with the corresponding day of the past four years:

	1896.	1895.	1894.	1893.
Maximum temperature	87	94	82	53
Minimum temperature	69	70	48	46
Average temperature	78	83	65	50
Precipitation	.00	.00	.00	.57

Condition of temperature and precipitation at Omaha for the day and since March 1, 1896:

Normal temperature	59
Excess for the day	19
Accumulated excess since March 1	86
Normal precipitation	.13 inch
Deficiency for the day	.13 inch
Total precipitation since March 1	5.81 inches
Excess since March 1	.14 inch
Deficiency for cor. period, 1895	.39 inch
Deficiency for cor. period, 1894	1.51 inches

Reports from Stations at 8 p. m.

STATIONS AND STATE OF WEATHER.	Temperature at 8 p. m.	Max. Temperature for day.	Precipitation.
Omaha, cloudy	82	86	.00
North Platte, part cloudy	78	82	.00
Salt Lake City, cloudy	44	52	.04
Cheyenne, part cloudy	68	70	.00
Rapid City, part cloudy	72	72	.00
Huron, part cloudy	80	88	.00
Chicago, clear	82	86	.00
St. Paul, clear	84	88	.00
St. Paul, part cloudy	82	88	.00
Davenport, clear	82	86	.00
Kansas City, clear	82	86	.00
Helena, raining	42	54	.06
Havre, cloudy	58	60	.00
Bismarck, cloudy	78	82	.00
Williston, cloudy	68	74	.00
Galveston, part cloudy	76	80	.00

T indicates trace of precipitation.

L. A. WELSH, Observer.

FORTUNE IN GOLD MINES

Comet Group of Eight Claims Sold at Deadwood.

WONDERFUL FINDS IN THE BLACK HILLS

Great Tornado of Two Years Ago Uncovered Much Valuable Treasure Which Prospectors Were Unable to Discover.

DEADWOOD, May 8.—(Special Telegram.)—The Comet group of mines, consisting of eight claims located in Nevada Gulch, eight miles south of Deadwood, were sold today to New York parties. The price paid was $167,000. The property is in the heart of the siliceous ore district and is very valuable, its development showing it to be exceptionally rich in the ores which have made this district famous. This sale will in all probability lead to the transfer of much other valuable property in the district. A strike of silvernite ore was made today on Squaw creek, a few miles from Deadwood, on property owned by State Treasurer Phillips and associates. The ore will assay into the thousands, and greatly resembles that found in the mines of Cripple Creek, and is much easier worked, as it is nearer the surface. The ore body exposed is a very large one, and shows every indication of growing stronger as depth is attained.

ANOTHER GREAT FIND.

HILL CITY, S. D., May 8.—(Special.)—Another phenomenal gold find is exciting the Keystone mining camp. The claim which surpasses the Holy Terror in the richness of its surface croppings is located just west of Buckeye gulch, and near the Cross mine. The find was made by a prospector named J. Snowie, some time last fall, at a time when the ground was included in a subsisting location, which the owner, Ainley, has since allowed to lapse, thus in all probability losing a fortune. Snowie's discovery, like that of the Sunnyside, was due to the exposure of the ledge by the overturning of a large pine tree. Several valuable gold veins have been found in this way of late, and prospectors are beginning to regard the great tornado of December 20, 1894, as a most fortunate disturbance of the elements. It killed no one, and has rendered prospecting in many localities comparatively simple and easy.

The vein on the Snowie claim is about a foot in width at the surface, and the quartz is so rich in free gold that nuggets weighing from 50 cents to $1 are often found projecting from the broken rock. Present indications denote a small, but permanent and high grade ledge. Thus far, all of the Keystone veins opened have preserved their surface character with depth, and if this latest discovery follows the rule, a rich producing mine is reasonably well assured.

For six weeks the Sunnyside mine, two and a half miles north of Hill City, has been closed down. A dump, hoisting works and ore bins have been put in, and the property will soon be again in production. The values in the Sunnyside have thus far run from $25 to $125 per ton, and a mill will be at once erected upon the property for the treatment of the ores.

The "Dolcode," which Chicago capitalists refused to buy, because they were not guaranteed twice their investment within sixty days, promises to exceed the brightest promise of its early development. Work was resumed immediately after the sale failed, and the shaft now holds eight foot of vein matter still standing upon the foot wall, which is literally yellow with gold. The country rock has been blasted away, and the vein matter will now be broken down, sacked and run through the mill. There is an excellent prospect that Messrs. McClure and Bain, the owners, will take out within ninety days a sum exceeding the $30,000 recently asked for the exterior group of six claims.

HER INDIAN LOVER WAS FALSE.

Sad Sequel to a Marriage Which Created a Sensation.

HURON, S. D., May 8.—(Special.)—A letter recently received by Dr. Cannon of Huron from his mother, Mrs. P. W. Cannon of Carthage, Mo., gives an interesting account of the present life of Mrs. Samuel Campbell, once known all over the country as Cora Belle Fellows, the wife of Chaska, the famous Sioux Indian, whom she married while a teacher on the reservation near Pierre, S. D.

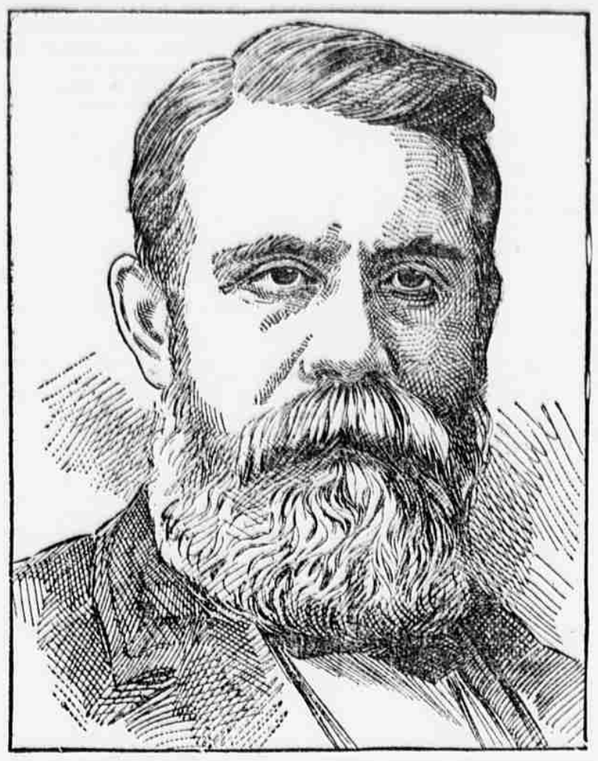
Miss Fellows was a former leader in society at Washington, D. C., where her family lived, was highly educated and connected, and her marriage created the sensation of the day. Her family at first refused to believe the young lady capable of such folly, and threatened criminal proceedings against the correspondent who first sent out the story of the affair. Her father even made a trip to Pierre to look up evidence in the case. He arrived too late to prevent the marriage, however, and prudently dropped the proposed litigation.

Chaska was said by all who knew him to be a notoriously worthless redskin, but his marriage to Miss Fellows proved the making of him financially, for the time at least. The couple exhibited for a time at dime museums all over the country and accumulated a considerable fortune. On their last visit to South Dakota they wore fine clothes, handsome jewelry, and lived on the best of everything. All these, together with the money, have now disappeared, and, deserted by her Indian husband, who left her for a sweetheart of his own race, the former belle of Washington society, now lives near Carthage, Mo., quite destitute and with four children dependent upon her for support.

In her letter Mrs. Cannon says: "A few days since my attention was called to a widow in destitute circumstances. I filled a basket with bread, meat, coffee, sugar, cookies, etc., and father took a small sack of apples, and we two went to see her. She was indeed destitute, not only of food, but of clothing and furniture. The woman was careworn and sickly looking. I soon discovered that she was educated and refined, having evidently seen better days. During our conversation three children came running into the room—two boys and one girl. The eldest, a boy, was about 7, and showed very plainly the Indian blood in his veins. In the girl and younger boy the Indian was less marked, but still quite noticeable. Then the mother told me that she was once a teacher at the Rosebud and Santee agencies, that she was formerly a resident of Washington and had married against the wishes of her people. I afterward learned that her husband deserted her to marry a squaw. She has now no knowledge of his whereabouts. She is not strong enough to work, but tries to do washing or other labor to support her children. She is capable of teaching, but can get no employment in that line. The Aid society of the Methodist church has done much for her, and is now raising money to send her to Nebraska, where she has friends who will look after her. She is only anxious that the public should forget her and her marriage with Chaska, the Sioux."

UNITED STATES SUPT.

Family of Hon. William R. Smith Made Well by Paine's Celery Compound.



"To him who in the love of Nature
Holds communion with her visible forms,
She speaks a various language."

No one has a deeper insight into nature's ways than the superintendent of the extensive botanic gardens of the United States at Washington.

No one knows so well as he what precious opportunities come with the spring.

Supt. Smith, like most scientific persons, firmly believes that every one would be benefited by taking a spring remedy while the blood is readiest to be purified and invigorated.

Paine's celery compound is the only genuine spring remedy worthy of that name, in the opinion of Supt. Smith. He writes:

WASHINGTON, D. C., March 4, 1896.

Gentlemen—The female members of my household are more than delighted with Paine's celery compound. I learn from other friends that its popularity is steadily growing. It aids digestion, and in view of the prevalence of dyspepsia, it is one of the benefactions of the age. Very respectfully,

Wm. R. Smith,
Supt. U. S. Botanic Garden.

Paine's celery compound is as far removed as the poles from the many trivial, unscientific preparations that call themselves spring remedies. It has earned the complete confidence of men and women the world over.

It is exclusively employed in families where nothing short of the best of everything pertaining to health will do.

It has lived up to the most sanguine expectations of physicians, who naturally look for extraordinary results from the discovery of so eminent a physician as Prof. Edward E. Phelps, M. D., LL. D., of Dartmouth medical school.

That Paine's celery compound does cure positively and permanently all diseases arising from impure blood or decline in the vigor of the nerves is cheerfully attested by thousands of earnest men and women.

Weakness, depression, irritability, pain and languor tell that the nervous matter in the brain, nerves and spinal cord is not getting sufficient nourishment.

To quickly furnish a fresh and abundant supply of nutriment for every tissue of the body is the purpose for which Paine's celery compound was first prepared. This rapid production of fresh nervous energy and pure blood was the aim of Prof. Edward E. Phelps' long study of the causes of nervous exhaustion.

The result of his life work was Paine's celery compound—this remarkable remedy that permanently cures diseases of the liver, kidneys and stomach. It is the greatest nerve regulator and blood purifier of this century.

FIGHTING THE ARTESIAN WELL TAX

South Dakota Farmers Refuse to Pay for Useless Work.

ARMOUR, S. D., May 8.—(Special.)—Attorneys Wanzer and Lindsay returned from Lyndall, Wednesday, where they went to argue motions before Judge Smith, relative to the artesian well tax case. This county, under the law of 1893, voted bonds to put down four artesian wells. The law provides that interested parties living along the water course should pay three-fourths of the tax and the county the balance. The wells failed to furnish water enough to fill the creeks, and the farmers have brought suit against the county to keep from paying the tax.

The county commissioners at their recent meeting, decided that there were not enough cases on the calendar to warrant the expense of a term of court, and signed a petition directed to Judge Smith, asking that the May term be adjourned until fall. The judge granted the petition and the May term will go over.

ELKS CELEBRATE AT SIOUX FALLS.

Representatives of Many Cities Present at the Entertainment.

SIOUX FALLS, S. D., May 8.—(Special Telegram.)—This is a great night for the Benevolent Order of Elks in this region. The Sioux Falls lodge entertained a large number of visitors, and gave them a grand banquet. A special train brought the members of the Sioux City lodge to the number of 100 in this afternoon. The engine was decorated with two great elk heads, and the party was accompanied by the famous Fourth Regiment band. There are also present Elks from the following places: Fort Dodge, Minneapolis, St. Paul, Luverne, Rock Rapids, Huron, Pierre, Mitchell, Fargo, Omaha, Cedar Rapids and Hawarden. Early in the evening the band gave a grand street concert, after which the lodge met and initiated thirty new candidates. A grand banquet was then given in the lodge room.

Wiped Out by the Missouri.

ARMOUR, S. D., May 8.—(Special.)—The town of White Swan, twenty-five miles south of this point, has been about wiped out of existence by the Missouri river. The channel changed its course this spring and has cut the bank away for 200 feet on the north. Log houses which have stood there for years, were moved just in time to save them from going into the river.

South Dakota's Creamery Butter.

ARMOUR, S. D., May 8.—(Special.)—The new creamery, under the management of C. O. Knapp, will commence operations May 18. A fine large building has been erected, and the finest machinery money can buy has been bought. South Dakota creamery butter is receiving a good deal of attention in the butter markets of the world.

Y. M. C. A. TALKS ON BIBLE SUBJECTS

John R. Webster Gives the First of the Series.

John R. Webster gave the first of a series of four talks on bible subjects to the members of the Young Men's Christian association last evening. He took as the subject of his address "What it is to Believe in Christ." Mr. Webster first stated the reasons why he was a firm believer in the Christian doctrine. During the early part of the Christian era and previous to the coming of Christ there was formed by the ancients many societies to solve the reasons for man's existence, the proper mode of living and his ultimate destiny. These, the speaker contended, had all proved failures. The ideas of the learned men of those days had given rise to the sects known as the stoics, the cynics, skeptics, epicurians and academicians, with Plato as the head of the last named and greatest society. They had all failed to accomplish the ends for which they were designed. The true solution of a perfect life had never been given to the world until the advent of Christ.

Apprenticed to a carpenter until 30 years of age, he had accomplished in three years' time, up to the date of his death, more than all the great characters of history combined. His teachings had stood the test of centuries. The speaker concluded by giving a short sketch of the manifold beauties developed in the Savior's character, his crucifixion and the lessons to be derived from his life of self-sacrifice and hardships.

Coughing irritates the delicate organs and aggravates the disease. Instead of waiting, try One Minute Cough Cure. It helps at once, making expectoration easy, reduces the soreness and inflammation. Every one likes it.

Omaha-Chicago-Special.

A
Special
Train to
Chicago
for
Omaha
travel exclusively
NORTHWESTERN LINE.
6:30 every night.

PEN PICTURES PLEASANTLY AND POINTEDLY PARAGRAPHED

QUIT RUSHING THE GROWLER—
Buy soda water—the most delightfully refreshing concoctions—served by our new Chicago expert—the finest and most thoroughly posted soda water man in the country—fresh crushed fruits every day to flavor our soda water—and on Saturday we give roses away to every lady who patronizes our fountain—bicycle stand in front of the store.

Kuhn's Drug Store,
Really the only Cut Price Drug Store 15th & Douglas

THIS IS A FUNNY WORLD—
The boys won't have anything else but our $1.75 shoe that we sell for $1.00 on Saturdays—can't blame them very much—for up to this week it has been the solidest, most perfect boys' shoe ever sold on a western market—again this Saturday for $1.00—we say "up to this week"—for we got in a whole lot of those $1.50 shoes we used to have.

Drexel Shoe Co.
Send for our illustrated catalogue. 1419 Farnam

WILLIE ZITZMAN—Brother of ERNST
Formerly with Max Meyer—now has charge of our sheet music department—with his brother—Ernst—the old standby in charge o the stringed instruments—we've added 200 sheet music pockets—making over 1,000 in all—on the first floor—250,000 pieces of music—the only complete stock of foreign and American publications in the west.

A. Hospe, Jr.
Music and Art. 1513 Douglas

THE STRONGEST BICYCLE MADE—
The Eclipse held up over a ton in weight at one time and never harmed it a particle—its strong point is its strength—but it is also a beautiful wheel—in brown, green or black—it is light and fashioned in the latest and most approved 1896 manner—it has adjustable handle bars—it has more steel spokes in the hind wheel than any.

Wolfe Electrical Co.
Nothside street Opp. new P. O. 1614 Capitol Ave

YOU CAN'T DO THIS—
Neither can we—but we can sell you a pure, all wool bicycle sweater for $2—better than anybody's $2 sweater—got some as high as $4—all the proper colors—and bicycle suits—the best bicycle suit in this town for $5—we're making a special feature of bicycle goods—of course it's stylish—or it wouldn't be in Cahn's store.

Albert Cahn,
Mail orders filled always. 1322 Farnam.

HIS EYESIGHT IS POOR—
No matter what the cause—if you can see at all and cannot see perectly—we can improve your eyesight—our opticians are men of ability—who are glad to test your eyes free—and you need not feel under any obligations whatever to give us an order—afterward—but when you do—bear in mind you'll get professional work at lowest cost.

Aloe & Penfold Co.
Sign of Big Lion in front of store. 1408 Farnam

JUST DROP US A LINE—
And we'll send a man out to measure your rooms for carpets—no matter whether it's ingrain—brussels or Axminster—all the same to us—though we really have the nicest line of fashionable patterns in Axminsters ever brought to this country—our vast quantities give you better qualities at lower prices than Chicago or St. Louis.

Omaha Carpet Co.
Only exclusive Carpet House here. 1515 Dodge