

PUT IN A MADHOUSE

Divorced Husband of Amelie Rives an Inmate of Bloomingdale Asylum.

JOHN ARMSTRONG CHANLER IS INSANE

Unfortunate Man is the Victim of Peculiar Hallucinations.

NOT IN ANY SENSE A VIOLENT LUNATIC

Confined Against His Will at the Instance of His Relatives.

MOVE MADE ON ADVICE OF PHYSICIANS

Chanler Imagines Himself the Reinventor of the Telephone and Plans a Campaign Against Monte Carlo.

NEW YORK, Oct. 13.—John Armstrong Chanler, the divorced husband of Amelie Rives and great grandson of John Jacob Astor, is reported to be insane in the Bloomingdale asylum. Mr. Chanler left the city suddenly last spring and it was said by his friends that he had gone to Europe. The fact has leaked out that he is in Bloomingdale under treatment. It is denied by his friends that Mr. Chanler is insane or that his mind is affected in the least. He was taken to Bloomingdale, these friends assert, to gain a much needed rest. General physical breakdown they say was due to overwork. Van Ness Phillips, his law partner and closest friend, said today: "The report of Mr. Chanler's insanity is entirely unfounded. I saw him yesterday and conversed with him on business matters and he conversed in a perfectly rational manner. His mind is not affected in the least. Mr. Chanler was simply broken down in health and went to this retreat for rest. He is now much improved."

INHERITS A FORTUNE

Mr. Chanler inherited an income from the Astor estate of more than \$300,000 a year. He was educated at Columbia and Rugby, and has spent much of his time since attaining his majority in Europe.

He married Amelie Rives, the authoress, in 1888, and the couple spent a long time abroad. They were divorced in 1895. The Evening World today publishes an article sketched by Arthur Brisbane, which says in part: "Mr. Chanler was confined against his will on an order issued in a legal way by the court. Mr. Chanler's family, in committing him, acted on the advice of physicians, and especially upon the advice of the doctor who had been for many years Mr. Chanler's regular physician. They acted further upon the advice of Dr. Starr, a specialist in mental disorders, and who signed the application for Mr. Chanler's commitment. Mr. Chanler was committed, not because of any overt act indicating insanity, but because of fear of his relatives that his mental condition might result at any time in some violent outbreak. He was committed to Bloomingdale rather than to a more quiet retreat because of the fact that a man of his determined character could be kept in confinement only by the most rigorous and systematic supervision."

HILL VISITS HIM

"Soon after Mr. Chanler's commitment Senator Hill, who has known him for some time, paid him a visit at Bloomingdale. Senator Hill, after a long interview, decided that it would be better not to interfere in the matter. "Mr. Chanler is not a violent lunatic, but he is subjected to hallucinations. His hallucinations included the belief that he had succeeded by will power in changing the shape of his face and the color of his eyes, believed himself to be the reincarnation of Napoleon and that he would make a great name of plays at the Monte Carlo gaming tables. The affidavit upon which he was committed averred that he was a victim of the hallucinations described above, and furthermore that there was insanity in his family—a aunt having at one time been insane. Mr. Chanler's main grievance and his great objection to his incarceration was, he declares that he is a resident of Virginia, not of New York, and that his commitment is illegal in that way. He further alleges that he was lured to New York from Virginia. "When it is found that he is sane, he admits that it was done by well meaning but mistaken friends. Mr. Chanler's friends are hoping he will soon be able to be removed from Bloomingdale, possibly to go abroad."

BROTHERHOOD OF ST. ANDREW

Distinguished Churchmen Assemble at Buffalo for Conference. BUFFALO, N. Y., Oct. 13.—Delegates to the International Brotherhood of St. Andrew are arriving in large numbers. So far, however, has this city received no delegates of men of such high reputation. Canon Gore of Westminster, the lord bishop of Rochester, Bishop H. C. Potter of New York and Bishop H. Y. Satterlee of Washington are among the most distinguished of those who will attend. From Canada comes N. Ferrar Davidson of Toronto and N. Vashan Rogers of Kingston, president and vice president respectively of the Canadian Brotherhood. The lord bishop of Huron, Bishop Leonard of Utah, Bishop Tuttle of Missouri, Dr. Billings of Boston, head of the Wells Institute for Workingmen; Palmer Cox, Hector Baxter of Minneapolis, Bishop Doane of Albany, Bishop Gaylor of Tennessee, archbishop of the West Indies; Enos Nuttall and Jacob A. Reis, the New York sociologist, will also attend the convention and some of them will be heard on the platform.

RECOVERING FROM HIS WOUNDS

MARYVILLE, Mo., Oct. 13.—(Special.)—Dad Jones of Burlington Junction, who was kicked in the head by a horse Monday night and whose injuries were at first regarded by the doctors as fatal, is getting better and may, it is thought, recover. He received a frightful wound over one of his eyes.

CROP SITUATION IN EUROPE

Net Deficit for 1897 of 202,805,000 Bushels of Wheat. WASHINGTON, Oct. 13.—The monthly report of the Agricultural department on the European crop situation, summarizing the reports of European correspondents to Statistician Hyde, was made public today. Following is an extract:

Recent information, while it may in some cases modify the crop estimates for particular countries, does not essentially change the situation as regards the deficiency in the principal cereal crops of Europe. The outlook for wheat in the Australasian colonies continues good, but the prospects in Argentina are somewhat less bright, owing to drouth and frosts. Accounts from India are quite favorable, both as to the Kharif crops harvested or to be harvested this fall and as to the seedling of the Rabi crop to be harvested next spring, which latter includes the wheat crop.

The annual estimate of the world's wheat and rye crops issued by the Hungarian ministry of agriculture gives the following results for 1897, compared with 1896: Wheat production, importing countries, 800,771,000 for 1897, 886,639,000 for 1896. Exporting countries, 1897, 1,341,806,000; 1896, 1,452,902,000. Total wheat production of both importing and exporting countries in 1897, 2,142,577,000; in 1896, 2,339,541,000 bushels; net deficit, 1897, 202,805,000 bushels; 1896, 130,543,000 bushels. The world's rye crop is put down by the same authority as follows: 1897, 1,162,457,000 bushels; 1896, 1,203,185,000 bushels. Against the net deficit of approximately 203,000,000 bushels of wheat estimated by the ministry, they estimate that there is a residue of from 45,000,000 to 170,000,000 bushels out of the former crop, leaving in round numbers for 1896, 18,000,000 down to 33,000,000 bushels as the quantity by which it would be necessary to curtail consumption if these estimates should prove to be correct. It is, of course, quite likely that under the influence of high prices consumption will be curtailed by more than this amount, and that existing stocks will not be reduced too near to the point of complete exhaustion.

BRITISH OFFICIALS ASTONISHED

They Wonder at Secretary Sherman's "Tone of Surprise." LONDON, Oct. 13.—The officials of the British foreign office reiterate that the marquis of Salisbury agreed to join in a conference of sealing experts representing the United States, Canada and Great Britain, but he did not agree to take part in a conference on the subject with Russia and Japan. The foreign officials will be unable to say what the British government is prepared to do until Secretary Sherman's latest dispatch on the conference is received. The foreign office officials appeared to be astonished at what they termed the "tone of surprise" assumed by Secretary Sherman in his reply to the note of Lord Salisbury, indicating Great Britain's inability to be present in a conference with Russia and Japan, as briefly outlined today in the dispatches from New York.

SEASON IS READY FOR THE TESTS

(Copyright, 1897, by Press Publishing Company.) MONTEVIDEO, Uruguay, Oct. 13.—(New York World Cablegram—Special Telegram.)—The experimental serum for the prevention and cure of yellow fever is already prepared, but it will be necessary to await the result of tests upon human beings before judging of its efficacy in practice. The preparation of the serum requires horses for treatment. Note: Sanarilli is a SANARILLI.

FILE OBJECTIONS TO Bimetallism

LONDON, Oct. 13.—The Times in its financial article this morning announces that a letter is being signed by a majority of the leading men of the city expressing their grave objections to any movement by the government in the bimetallic direction. As and in cooperation of all classes in favor of the restriction of coinage. Purity of water is a necessity and all water should be boiled.

STATISTICS OF FRENCH TRADE

PARIS, Oct. 13.—The official returns just issued show that the French imports for the third quarter of 1897 have increased 39,635,000 francs over the same period of 1896, and the returns also show that the exports of France have increased 212,427,000 francs over the same period of last year.

KRUGER WANTS RAILWAYS

LONDON, Oct. 13.—A dispatch to the Times from Pretoria says President Kruger in the Volksraad today suggested that the time is now ripe to raise a loan of several millions for the construction of railways in the Transvaal.

HONORS FOR CUBANS

MADRID, Oct. 13.—The newspapers allege that Senor Moret, the minister of the colonies, has decided to offer the chief political and administrative posts in Cuba to Cubans.

TO COMPETE WITH GLUCOSE TRUST

CHICAGO, Oct. 13.—New York and Chicago capitalists have organized the Imperial Glucose and Sugar Refining company, with a capital of \$3,000,000, to compete with the Glucose trust. An immense plant will be erected at South Chicago and will be ready for operation within ten months. It will have a capacity of 30,000 bushels a day and give employment to 600 men.

INVESTIGATING LATTER KILLING

HARRISBURG, Pa., Oct. 13.—Governor Hastings has received a letter from Secretary Sherman stating that the Austrian minister at Washington has filed a communication with the Department of State complaining that there was a violation of rights of Austrian subjects in the firing on the mob at Latimer, Pa., when a score of miners were killed. Secretary Sherman requests the facts and status of affairs in relation to these cases. Governor Hastings has referred the communication to Sheriff Martin and General Gobin, with the request that they enlighten Secretary Sherman as soon as possible.

NORTHWESTERN FLOUR OUTPUT

MINNEAPOLIS, Minn., Oct. 13.—The Northwestern Miller reports the flour output last week at Minneapolis, Duluth, Superior and Milwaukee at 25,000 barrels.

ARMY ALMOST ANNIHILATED

Only Sixty Out of Three Thousand Allowed to Escape.

ABYSSINIANS DEFEATED BY SOMALIS

Ros Mackonnen, the Famous General of the Former, Among the Slain—Somalis Eager for Another Fight.

LONDON, Oct. 13.—J. Bennett Stanford, who has just returned from taking part in an expedition to Somaliland, brings news of the annihilation, at the end of June, of an Abyssinian army of 3,000 men under the control of the famous general, Ras Mackonnen, of which number only sixty-nine men escaped. Mr. Stanford, a representative of the Associated Press, today said: "While in the interior we came across a powerful Somali chief who had just returned from the fight. He told me that the Abyssinian force had been raiding down the Webbe Shebey river, nearly as far as the forty-fifth parallel. The Somalis then overwhelmed them with large numbers, allowing sixty men to go back with the news of the defeat. Ras Mackonnen was killed during the battle, where we were. The whole neighborhood is still greatly excited and the possession of so many Italian rifles by the Somalis is evidence that the story told by the Abyssinian defeat is true. The latest news from Harar was that an Abyssinian army was being dispatched against the Somalis, who are eagerly waiting another fight."

In regard to the reported massacre of the Cavendish expedition, Mr. Stanford said: "There are no expeditions in Somaliland, but a massacre. Peel, who with me left Harar for the south; Lord Delamere near Lake Rudolf; Major McDonald is on the way to Uganda and Cavendish, when I last heard of him, was on the Kikuyu road."

PROMINENT AMERICANS DO HONOR TO A DISSENTING CHURCHMAN

NEW YORK, Oct. 13.—Archbishop John J. Keane, who is on a visit to this country, was the guest of honor at a banquet at the Shoreham tonight. Over 100 persons participated and the gathering included many prominent in the national and the local government, the Roman Catholic church and the private individuals of the national capital.

The banquet was held at the Shoreham, and the American citizens, John W. Wilson, pastor of the Episcopal church, presiding, and the American citizens, Rev. Dr. Conant, rector of the Catholic university; Mr. John Brisson Walker, Rev. James E. Rankin, Hon. Richard C. Kerens, Senator Roach, Hon. D. I. Murphy and General Vincent.

METHODIST PREACHERS OF SOUTH DAKOTA HOLD A CONFERENCE

MITCHELL, S. D., Oct. 13.—(Special Telegram.)—Methodist preachers and their wives to attend the thirteenth annual session of the South Dakota conference. There are seventy-five ministers and others in attendance. Last night Mr. Manley lectured on the church society, giving the figures as to the extent this conference has helped.

MINISTERS MEET AT MITCHELL

MITCHELL, S. D., Oct. 13.—(Special Telegram.)—The ministers of the Methodist Episcopal church held a conference here today. The conference was held at the Mitchell Hotel, and the ministers of the Methodist Episcopal church held a conference here today.

KNIGHTS OF MALTA MEET

BOSTON, Oct. 13.—The sessions of the order of the Knights of Malta were held in the hall today. Supreme Commander Earl made the following recommendation in his annual report: "I would recommend that as the so-called orders of the Great Cross and the Daughters of Malta or Zenodochia are both clandestine and in conflict with the Ancient and Honorable Order of Knights of Malta, the rule of the court all odd numbered laws should be before Judge Stevenson, and this case should have been turned over to him, an order was issued to this effect. Judge Stevenson cannot hear it at present, and it will probably go over till after election."

MOVEMENT OF OCEAN VESSELS, OCT. 13

AT NEW YORK—Arrived—Ems, from Naples; Pennsylvania, from Hamburg; Magnolia, from Glasgow; Lahn, from Bremen; Sailed—Citic, for Liverpool; St. Louis, for Southampton; Teutonic, for Liverpool; Friesland, for Antwerp.

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RESULTS IN A DISAGREEMENT

Jury in Atkinson Case Fails to Agree and is Discharged.

GEORGE THINKS HE'LL WIN

Has No Doubt That He Can Defeat Both Van Wyck and Tracy.

CONTEST IS BETWEEN LOW AND HIMSELF

Believes He Will Be Able to Beat the President of Columbia College—George Issues a Statement.

NEW YORK, Oct. 13.—In an interview regarding what he proposed to do if elected mayor of Greater New York, Henry George tonight said: "I will execute the excise law according to my interpretation of the laws, but I will tell you frankly what I think about excise. I think it is an injustice and an absurdity and I am totally opposed to the existence of any excise whatever. "That I can defeat both Van Wyck and Tracy I do not feel the slightest doubt. In my opinion the contest is between Mr. Low and myself. I think I shall beat him." The Evening Telegram has made a careful canvass of fifty-two representative election districts in twenty-nine of the thirty-five assembly districts of the territory which constitutes the present city of New York. 2,530 voters out of 7,136 declared that they would cast their ballots for Van Wyck for mayor. Seth Low, officers' union, was the choice of 823. General Tracy, republican, of 575, and Henry George of 661. The same districts last year gave the republican candidate governor a plurality of 1,469. In the Telegram's canvass about one-third of all the voters were polled.

GEORGE MAKES A STATEMENT

Henry George, candidate of the Jefferson democracy for mayor, tonight gave out the following letter concerning the recent combination with the Citizens' union: "On Friday, October 5, in Cooper union, I accepted the nomination tendered me—that of the people there assembled upon the platform and resolutions there adopted; that of the united democracy; that of the democratic alliance; that of the Manhattan Single Tax club and of the people's party."

BANQUET TO ARCHBISHOP KEANE

Prominent Americans Do Honor to a Dissenting Churchman. NEW YORK, Oct. 13.—Archbishop John J. Keane, who is on a visit to this country, was the guest of honor at a banquet at the Shoreham tonight. Over 100 persons participated and the gathering included many prominent in the national and the local government, the Roman Catholic church and the private individuals of the national capital.

TOASTS WERE RESPONDED TO AS FOLLOWS

"Leo XIII." Cardinal Gibbons; "The United States." Attorney General McKenna; "The American Citizen." John W. Wilson, pastor of the Episcopal church; "The City of Washington." President John W. Ross of the board of district commissioners.

GIVES HIS APPROVAL

"The judgment of this committee unanimously commends itself to me and has my entire and unqualified approval. I am the candidate of whoever may choose to vote for me and do not presume to ask him to vote for any one else. But since we have not the pure Australian ballot it is necessary that I should take the means of presenting facilities to the voters for their suffrage. I do this in the manner recommended to me by the committee who have examined the question in all its bearings, and to put all the socialists and organizations favorable to me upon an equality, leaving to the individual the responsibility of selecting whom he may choose for himself. I have at the same time withdrawn my acceptance of the nomination of the united democracy, the only organization supporting me that has made a separate ticket. I thus carry out in its spirit and meaning the pledge made at the people's mass meeting at Cooper Union, October 5."

CAMPAIGN ELOQUENCE

General Tracy, the republican nominee for mayor, received a rousing welcome from the residents of the lower east side when he made his appearance tonight at a ratification meeting held in the Windsor theater on the Bowery. Congressman John Murray Mitchell presided and when he mentioned General Tracy's name in his opening address some of the audience shouted: "He's got more brains than all of them!" and the general laughed. The general described the onerous duties which will fall on the chief executive of the consolidated city, and his address then took a political turn.

WILL APPEAR AS PEOPLE'S PARTY

Seth Low spoke at three meetings on the east side tonight. At each he was vociferously cheered. Mr. Low denounced basely and said that the hands of machine candidates would be tied by promises made to further their respective organizations in the event of their election.

MIDDLE-OF-THE-ROAD POPULISTS SECURE THE USE OF THE NAME

DES MOINES, Oct. 13.—(Special Telegram.)—The middle-of-the-road populists scored a victory in the certiorari proceedings involving the right to use the party name of the people's party on the official ballots. The case was set for hearing before Judge Spurrier of the district court. When it was called the court stated that he had been in error in requiring that the appearance be made before himself. He says under the rule of the court all odd numbered laws should go before Judge Stevenson, and this case should have been turned over to him, an order was issued to this effect. Judge Stevenson cannot hear it at present, and it will probably go over till after election.

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THE BEE BULLETIN

Weather Forecast for Nebraska—Rain this Afternoon; Colder, Peace.

PROOF OF CHARGES

Stenographic Report of the Testimony in the Geraldine Case.

BEFORE THE INVESTIGATING COMMITTEE

Memory of Accused is Defective Upon Certain Points.

SOME THINGS THAT ARE NOT EXPLAINED

Committee Listens to Both Sides of the Case.

DISPOSING OF EXPOSITION CONTRACTS

Questionable Methods Adopted by the Superintendent Under the Department of Buildings and Grounds.

The following is a stenographic report of the testimony before the investigating committee of the exposition, resulting from the charges filed against Dion Geraldine, superintendent of construction under the Department of Buildings and Grounds. This is the first installment of the testimony and will be continued in tomorrow's paper. Kountze—I think the proper order is for Mr. Rosewater to show that these charges can be substantiated with proper evidence, after hearing that we will be pleased for Mr. Geraldine to give us his defense, if he has any.

WEATHER IS COOL AND PLEASANT

Contributes to the Delights of a Nebraska Autumn.

The temperature was several degrees warmer yesterday than it had been for a week previous, but cool breezes prevailed, making the day a very pleasant one. The maximum temperature was 84 degrees and the minimum 46 degrees. Cooler weather has been billed for today.

YELLOW FEVER BREAKS RECORDS

Nine Deaths from the Scourge at New Orleans.

NEW ORLEANS, Oct. 13.—This was the record smasher in the number of deaths in a single day from yellow fever since the sickness was first reported in New Orleans. It is difficult to find the cause, except in the fact that concealment, neglect and rebellion against the authority of the Board of Health have made it difficult for the physicians to give proper attention to cases. At 7 o'clock this evening there had been nine fatalities reported during the twenty-four hours. Heaviest the highest number of deaths in any one day has been six. Deaths today: Salvatore Fortana, Antonio Corvajo, Edward C. Ray, Giovanni Creta, Isidore Scheuer, Charles Sauer, A. Lulluzza, Henry E. Wells, Joseph Salta.

ROSEWATER—I PRESUME IT IS UNDERSTOOD

at least I want to say in beginning that I stated at the time the resolution was presented that I wanted to grant Geraldine the widest latitude in making a showing, and I incurred at once in the motion made then to have the matter heard fully and in public, so that there could be no concealment. That motion was carried, but subsequently reconsidered and the board decided that they would call in three directors, who have no part in the management, and who would be, therefore, entirely and thoroughly disinterested and influenced by no prejudice, and have them hear and determine the propriety of carrying out the resolution, or vindicating Mr. Geraldine if they find there is no foundation for the charges. Now, inasmuch as I am called on to substantiate this matter first, I expected that Mr. Geraldine would file his response to these charges, and then the two sides would be before this house, and then I would proceed to substantiate it.

ROSEWATER—YOU HAVE NOT ANY RESPONSE

to make to the charges until after Mr. Rosewater has been heard? Geraldine—I would prefer to hear him first.

ROSEWATER—I NOTICED IN THE WORLD-HERALD

a card from Mr. Geraldine, which was called to my attention for the first time today, that he had a written response prepared. And that is the usual way. In starting a case the one party makes its charge and the other party brings in its general preliminary defense, and then the matter is heard and the evidence is brought in, and that way I can rebut any evidence that is brought in here. Otherwise I shall do so later. Of course this is not a legal case. It is simply a question of fact, and my board is not in a position to make a ruling on introducing technical objections. My understanding is that they want to simply know all the truth.

ROSEWATER—I THINK THAT IS WHAT THE COMMITTEE

wants—to know all the facts in the case. Rosewater—I in the beginning, I will enter upon the first charge, that is, the charge relating to this contract. And before I proceed I will ask Mr. Geraldine to state whether it is in the record for the charges. Now, inasmuch as I am called on to substantiate this matter first, I expected that Mr. Geraldine would file his response to these charges, and then the two sides would be before this house, and then I would proceed to substantiate it.

ROSEWATER—WHEN THIS PURCHASE WAS ANNOUNCED

to the board the action had already taken place, Mr. Geraldine had already bought the lumber. We were asked to ratify the purchase made before we were asked to authorize the purchase. Kirkendall—That is true.

ROSEWATER—THEN WE RATIFIED IT. AND WE

were assured that we were saving from \$1 to \$1.50 per 1,000, and that the total would aggregate about \$3,000 or somewhere in that neighborhood. Kirkendall—It was about that, I believe. This is the amount as figured from various standpoints and from a number of bids, and I did not get all of it.

BOARD NOT ADVISED

Rosewater—The board had no information about this matter of entering into bids. All we knew was that the lumber was bought. No information was given to us that any contractors would be given the use of this lumber at its cut rate, but were assured that we should have the benefit of the cut rate in case the lumber was used. It was also understood at that time that it might be that the board, having rejected the first proposals, would probably let the work out and buy its own materials, just as Mr. Connolly's proposal asked for him to bid. He bid in the first place \$7,999 to complete the work in white pine—clear white pine—and to do it in exact accordance with the plans and specifications. Later on he was informed that a change had been made in the plans and specifications and to divide his bids, and that we, the exposition, would buy the pines and drive them and furnish that part of it, but furnish the labor on the one side and the material on the other. He sub-divided his

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