

DECLINE IN STOCKS

London Money Market Reflects Apprehension Concerning War in Transvaal.

ALL SECURITIES CONTINUE DEPRESSED

Krugers Reply is Taken to Indicate a Firm, Unyielding Position.

ENGLAND WILL PROLONG NEGOTIATIONS

No Ultimatum to Be Sent Until Reinforcements Reach South Africa.

FEAR BOERS WILL TAKE THE OFFENSIVE

Severing Commentary on the British Course Toward the Transvaal Appears in the Manchester Guardian.

LONDON, Sept. 18.—The Transvaal situation remains practically unchanged. The general apprehension in regard to the outcome was reflected by the decline in consols and stocks on the Stock exchange, where, although all stocks continued depressed, there was not the slightest excitement.

The text of President Kruger's reply was issued by the secretary of state for the colonies, Mr. Chamberlain, this afternoon, but it adds nothing of importance to the summary published in the Associated Press last evening. The language in many places is taken to indicate a firm, unyielding position. The reply, however, concludes: "If her majesty's government is willing and feels able to make this decision—a joint commission as at first proposed by Mr. Chamberlain—then I am ready to accept the present state of tension. Race hatred would decrease and die out and the prosperity and welfare of the South African Republic and the whole of South Africa would be developed and furthered and fraternization between the different nationalities would increase."

The second edition of the Times contains a dispatch from Johannesburg which says: "There is, I am informed, some early coup in contemplation. The forces are being moved forward in the direction of the Natal border indicate some move on the part of the troops in that quarter. The government is buying horses freely today."

Boers Retract War Feeling.

ON TRIAL FOR CONSPIRACY

French Senate Sits in Judgment on Twenty-Two Parisian Politicians.

None of the Accused Are Present

Indictment Read by Prosecutor General Bernard Shows Existence of a Conspiracy to Change Form of Government.

PARIS, Sept. 18.—The senate met at a high court of justice today at 2 p. m. for the purpose of trying twenty-two politicians, including MM. de Monicourt, Despointes, Marcel Habert, Thisbaud, Baron de Vaux and Jules Guerin, on the charge of conspiring against the government.

The prosecutor general, M. Bernard, read the long indictment, which lasted from 2:25 till 3:40 p. m., when the senate entered into secret session to discuss the indictment.

The public and press galleries were crowded by 1:45 p. m. and the senators' places were filled a few minutes before 2 p. m.

In the distance, announcing that President Fallieres, accompanied by the senate officers, was approaching. A few moments later a door on the right of the chamber was thrown open, the chief usher announcing the president.

M. Fallieres entered, and, bowing to the two officers who, naked swords in hand, had escorted him through the corridors of the palace to the chamber, proceeded to the platform and took his seat behind the table in the center of the platform.

The president presented a dignified figure. He has a fine head and grizzly beard and was attired in evening dress. Behind him were grouped the ushers and other officers of the senate in evening dress and wearing their silver chains of office. On a table at the president's right hand was a big brass handbell, which, however, he had no occasion to use today, a sharp tapping of his mallet sufficing to restore silence when the laughter which greeted some of the passages of M. Bernard's bill of indictment was in evidence.

None of the Accused Present.

Not one of the accused was present or in the palace today, but nine cells have been fitted up for them in the library. The cells are very comfortably furnished. The floor is covered with linoleum and the walls are hung with greenish drapery. Each cell consists of a iron bedstead, an easy chair, a marble topped toilet table, a cuspidor, and a rug.

Thus the prisoners will have little to complain of and may congratulate themselves that times have changed. The president and the senators were confined in the palace of the Bois de Boulogne during the reign of terror and languished in its dungeons, and since Marshal Ney was immured in an unventilated cell until led forth to be shot.

President Fallieres opened the proceedings by reading the decree of the president of the republic constituting the senate, on the report of the minister of justice in a high court to try the charge against the accused of making an attempt on the security of the state.

M. Fallieres then declared the senate constituted as a high court, and the clerk of the court called the roll of senators, who answered with the word "present." There was momentary excitement when M. Fallieres, minister of justice, began to read the indictment, and M. La Marselle, began to speak, and M. Fallieres said sharply: "I cannot hear you."

M. La Marselle insisted and M. Fallieres again said: "I cannot hear you," and the latter shouted "Order!"

The rightist senator, Provost De Pauvray, thereupon cried, pointing to the leftists: "There are our judges."

"At this there was a general shout of "Oho!" and "Silence!" from the leftists and galleries, the public and members of the press.

M. Fallieres, however, with a rapping of his mallet quickly restored order.

The leading absentees, when the roll was called, were MM. Constant, Scheurer-Kesseler and M. Bernard, who were through with M. Fallieres entered and again opened wide and three tall figures in long scarlet robes appeared on the threshold and with stately mien marched into the hall and ascending the steps of the platform, took up their places on the right of the president.

The first was M. Bernard, the prosecutor general, who was a handsome figure in his scarlet robe, trimmed with a broad strip of ermine. The two substitutes wore scarlet robes, trimmed with black and having no ermine. M. Bernard began reading the indictment in a monotonous voice. The indictment began by reciting the minutes of the arrest of MM. Dorolede and Marcel Habert and said the inquiry had showed the existence of a conspiracy to change the form of government in the republic.

At last February, it was added, were due and in which Dorolede and Marcel Habert and some members of the League of Patriots, M. Guerin and some members of the anti-Semite league, M. Guibert and other of the anti-Semite youth had been arrested. Godfrey and Chevilly and members of the royalist party were incited. All the societies mentioned since 1888, it was pointed out, had abandoned electoral action for revolutionary action and the League of Patriots had been the object of every-thing the constitutional government, MM. Dorolede and Marcel Habert seeking to reach their ends by means of rioters and troops in the streets.

The anti-Semite league, it was claimed, has joined the insurance organization, which are associated the Nationalists, Royalists and Imperialists' league, and the anti-Semite youth has as a mission the propaganda in the provinces of the revolutionary movement.

Dubue the Connecting Link.

M. Dubue, it was further charged, is the link between the anti-Semite and Patriotic leagues. The indictment then gave a few particulars of the provincial organization.

Referring to the royalist league it said it was worthy of attention, because though the idea of a monarchic restoration appeared inconceivable, it had played an important role in the recent events, its leader being the duke of Orleans himself and its managers his accredited representatives. All the league, it was asserted, seek to change the form of government by street rising.

A letter from the duke of Orleans to his representative, M. Buffet, written from Marienburg, in July, 1896, instructing him to commence a royalist organization, was read and then other secret instructions in which it was stipulated that the sum to be spent was not to exceed 300,000 francs. The mention of this figure evoked laughter from the senators and others present.

"Three hundred thousand francs would be cheap," was a remark heard from the press gallery.

M. Fallieres tapped for silence, and M. Bernard continued to review the royalist agitation at the end of 1898, showing that M. Buffet on October 24 and October 25 telegraphed in code to the duke of Orleans, who was then in Bohemia, to come to the aid of the king.

Escaped Bank Robber Caught.

SOUTH BEND, Ind., Sept. 18.—George West, who robbed the South Bend National Bank of \$5,000 on December 1, 1898, and for which he was convicted here, escaping before he could be taken to prison, was shot in St. Cloud, Minn., charged with robbing the safe of a general store in Tower, Minn., of \$500.

SOLDIERS GUARD THE MINES

Apparent Quiet Prevails, but a Further Outbreak is Feared.

CARTERVILLE, Ill., Sept. 18.—There is practically lull in the situation here, but what little there is left of the better. Sell Cummins, the wounded negro, died last night, making a total of five killed. Four more are seriously wounded, but are expected to recover. The coroner's jury is still in session and will not adjourn before tomorrow. Until that time it is expected no arrests will take place.

REAR GUARDS. Sept. 18.—Company C of the Fourth regiment I. N. G., Lieutenant Thomas Lowden in command, is in full control of the situation at Carterville. No arrests have been made and much difficulty is anticipated in discovering the identity of the white men who did the killing. O. J. Page of Metropolis and Postmaster James L. Anden were within twenty feet of the scene of the riot, which began, they declare, when one of the colored non-union miners fired a shot. They claimed that Cummins had lost his money. Cummins was shot twice through the head and died today. The other negroes are: HENRY BRAUNNEN. REV. T. J. FLOYD. USTED BRADLEY, all from Jellico, Tenn.

Sam Browning and Jim Hayes are missing and thought to be dead.

The funerals took place this afternoon. Mayor Zimmerman had the bodies prepared for burial. He conveyed the wounded Cummins from the town to Greenville, which is inhabited by the negro non-union men at Bruha's shaft. Manager Donnelly says that the negroes of Greenville were frenzied when the bodies of the killed were taken to the funeral home. They were given a respectful burial and tried in every manner to get files from the company's magazines to make an attack on the town. He prevented them, but it is feared they may yet break from the company's control. Each of the dead had heavy revolvers and from twenty-five to forty cartridges.

When the first shot was fired men ran from all parts of the town with Winchester and revolvers. Each of the dead negroes was shot in the head.

NINETEEN MINERS UNDER ARREST.

Threats of Harm to the Illinois Central Road and Passengers.

ST. LOUIS, Sept. 18.—Special Telegram. Post-Dispatch from Carterville, Ill., says: Sam T. Brush, manager of the mines, reports that in addition to the four negroes first killed two dead, making a total of six. He says, however, that the negroes are not so numerous as they have been reported at Herrin and taken to Marion, the county seat, for trial. Company B of New-ton and Company F of Mount Vernon, Fourth regiment, are expected here this afternoon.

A special from Marion states that the superintendent of the Illinois Central railway has notified Sheriff Gray that the miners at Carterville threaten his road and its passengers, and that he will hold the county responsible for any damages. The sheriff leaves a detachment of soldiers to guard the road.

The miners arrested are white men and the report of their arrest has caused excitement to rise to fever height. It is not stated what the men were arrested for.

The coroner's jury is still in session and will not adjourn before tomorrow. Until that time it is expected no arrests will take place.

Very little evidence of any value has been introduced so far. Few people were at the scene of the riot and they fled to places of safety. It will be a difficult matter to identify any of the slayers. Four of the negroes are badly wounded, but are expected to recover.

A special to the Post-Dispatch from Marion, Ill., says: Lieutenant Lowden, with a detail of soldiers, arrived here at noon today in charge of eighteen union soldiers, whom he escorted to Carterville on the public highway north of Carterville. They were all armed with guns and well supplied with ammunition. When captured they were in wagons and said they were returning from Carterville to their homes in Herrin, a new mining town ten miles north of Carterville.

They are charged with having been a part of the armed mob which had gathered around Brush's mine last night before the troops arrived. State's Attorney Fowler has filed a complaint for murder against them with Justice J. W. Samuels.

New York Carpenters Winning.

NEW YORK, Sept. 18.—Between 5,000 and 6,000 carpenters, who are on strike, held a meeting today to hear reports on the attitude of the employers toward them. The men demand \$2 for forty-four hours' work. It was reported today that 262 of the 400 or more bosses have acceded to the demands.

SAYERS IS ON HAND EARLY

Originator of Anti-Trust Conference Between Governors and Attorneys General in St. Louis.

ST. LOUIS, Sept. 18.—Governor Joseph D. Sayers of Texas, the originator of the anti-trust conference between governors and attorneys general, which is to open here Wednesday, arrived in the city today. At noon Attorney General Smith of Texas and Attorney General Davis of Arkansas arrived. Governor Stephens and Attorney General Crow of Missouri came in tonight.

Governor Sayers has prepared no program for the conference and says the meeting will be entirely informal, the delegates themselves deciding the manner of proceeding.

Those who will come if they can are: D. R. N. Blackburn of Oregon, Flery L. Ford of California, A. G. Goddard of Kansas, Zeb V. Walker of North Carolina, the attorney general of Wyoming, C. S. Bishop of Utah, W. B. Lamar of Florida, J. M. Torrell of Georgia, A. J. Montague of Virginia, Milton Remley of Iowa, M. J. Cunningham of Louisiana, Edgar P. Rucker of West Virginia, Zeb V. Walker of North Carolina, the attorney general of Washington, E. C. Alken of Illinois, V. B. Douglas of Minnesota and Horace M. Oren of Michigan. The attorneys general of Massachusetts and New Mexico declined the invitation.

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SOUTH OMAHA MEN SET FREE

Oliver C. Hough and James Raff Secure Immediate Release.

DECISION BY WYOMING SUPREME COURT

Men Who Have Been Behind the Bars Over Two Months Are at Liberty—Outcome of a Cattle Deal.

CHEYENNE, Sept. 18.—(Special Telegram.)—The state supreme court met in special session today and rendered an opinion which secured the immediate release of Oliver C. Hough and James Raff of South Omaha and John Miskimins, a wealthy ranchman of this county, who have been held in jail over two months under circumstances which have attracted general interest in Wyoming.

On June 12 Miskimins caused the arrest of Hough and Raff at Greeley, Colo., on the charge that they had buncoed him out of \$1,130 on a cattle deal. They were brought here and before their trial was set it developed that Miskimins had lost his money by betting on a fake foot race between the two prisoners at Evans, Colo. When their case came up for trial Miskimins failed to appear as prosecuting witness. It was alleged that Hough and Raff had returned to the Laroux county jail at Cheyenne on the charge of compounding a felony. At the adjourned hearing of Hough and Raff, Miskimins refused to testify, on the ground that by so doing he would incriminate himself and was committed to jail for contempt.

On Miskimins' application for release by writ of habeas corpus the district court ruled that he must either answer questions propounded him as a witness or remain in jail. He persisted in his refusal to answer and was committed to the county jail. The court has been considering the questions involved for over a month, during which time Hough, Raff and Miskimins remained in jail.

The court decided that Miskimins was justified in refusing to answer the questions put to him. He had been charged with the crime of compounding a felony, the very crime he was called upon to prove, and the constitution specifically protects him from contributing to his own conviction or probable conviction. For this reason his imprisonment for contempt of court was illegal. Justice Knight dissented from the majority of the court.

Following the decision Miskimins, Hough and Raff were at once discharged and the cases against them dismissed. The court ordered that Miskimins be paid damages for illegal imprisonment against Justice of the Peace Martin, Sheriff Shaver and County Attorney Moore.

Names of Methodist Preachers and the Places They Are Assigned to Under the New Deal.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., Sept. 18.—(Special Telegram.)—The following assignments of ministers to churches were made at the Methodist conference today:

Atlantic District—W. A. Allen, presiding elder; Adair, O. W. Lippincott; Adel, J. McCurdy; Anita, P. H. Barton; Anita circuit, C. C. Culmer; Atlantic, George M. Hughes; Audubon, R. W. Mathews; Audubon circuit, O. T. Nichols; Ayres, to be supplied; Carson, J. F. Davis; Casey, C. H. Miller; De Soto, A. F. Corey; Dexter, C. L. Baxter; Earhart, Mont Mitchell; Ekira, R. C. P. Chambers; Griswold, J. H. Hard; Guthrie Center, W. G. Rihelstader; Hancock, L. H. Humphrey; Hanover, B. F. Miller; Lewis, William Mercer; Macedonia, J. C. Pike; Marine, to be supplied; Menlo, W. H. Smith; North Branch, W. Trink; Oakland, A. D. Beckhart; Panora, J. I. Farley; Redfield, Frank G. Clark; Shelby, M. C. Kendreestahl; Stuart, R. H. Griffith; Stuart circuit, A. P. Felt; Union, F. L. Watkins; Walnut, G. W. Ladd; Wichita, Andrew Dove; Winton, C. S. Burdett.

Boone District—E. M. Holmes, presiding elder; Ames, J. F. St. Clair; Bagley, to be supplied; Bayard, J. E. Nichols; Boone, First church, L. B. Wickersham; Marion, Second church, W. H. B. Moore; Boone circuit, W. H. Oyle; Benton, to be supplied; Cambridge, J. M. Williams; Carroll, C. E. Bentley; Churdan, W. L. Cox; Comins, Alfred Knoll; Cole, Frank Caldwell; Coon Rapids, G. W. Wood; Cooper, to be supplied; Dallas Center, J. P. Morley; Dedham, J. W. Lucas; Gilbert Station, J. H. Elliott; Glidden, J. S. Bourland; Grand Junction, Erich, H. B. Jamaica, J. P. Hunter; Jefferson, L. H. Billingsley; Kirkman and Irwin, W. F. Harned; Madrid, W. J. Stratton; Manning, S. T. Weaver; Maxwell, W. E. Howe; Minburn, F. T. Stevenson; Nevada, Fletcher Brown; Oates, A. E. Foutch; Oden circuit, E. W. Bates; Perry, E. W. Moore; Pilot Knob, to be supplied; Pleasant Hill, W. B. Cox; Rippey, F. S. Bunting; Seranton, B. F. W. Cozier; Woodsard, to be supplied.

Chariton district—W. B. Thompson, presiding elder; Afton, G. W. Maine; Allerton, J. W. Horne; Benton, L. M. Obying; Blackston, Carl Brown; Ambria, W. C. Smith; O. P. Young; Columbia, G. E. Mitchell; Corydon, A. M. Shea; Davis City, A. H. Rush; Decatur City, E. Voorhees; Derby, W. B. Harvey; Diagonal, J. D. Sparks; Garden Grove, I. N. Woodward; Grand River, to be supplied; Harvard, J. A. Bourland; Hastings, F. W. Holt; Kellerton, Charles Knoll; Lacoona, T. G. Aten; Leon, Joseph Stephen; Linnville, O. D. Elliot; Milo, C. C. Culmer; Mt. Airy, H. P. Dudley; Murray, W. L. Douglas; Oakley, E. O. Douglas; Osceola, T. J. Wright; Promise City, E. Newland; Redding, to be supplied; Russell, W. T. Robinson; Seymour, George Winterbourne; Shannon City, S. E. Brown; Tingley, W. H. Larrick; Van Wert, E. B. Heaton; Weldon, A. W. Armstrong; Woodburn, to be supplied.

Council Bluffs District—D. C. Franklin, presiding elder; Blanchard, I. Bradford; Council Bluffs, Broadway, M. C. Waddell; Fifth avenue and Epworth, to be supplied; Trinity, W. H. Cable; Coln, A. A. Walburn; Defiance, M. M. Cable; Denison, J. B. Harris; Dow City, A. M. McLeost; Dunbar, W. F. Bartholomew; Essex, J. J. Valley; Farragut, W. R. Samsan; Glenwood, A. T. Jeffrey; Hamburg, W. J. Meredith; Hillsdale, C. H. Preston; Hastings, L. B. Carpenter; Little Sioux, A. B. Adams; Logan, L. S. Maynard; Malvern, A. W. E. Hildner; Manilla, D. A. Allen; Miami Valley, C. M. Ward; Magnolia, D. M. Buckner; Neola, D. P. Kelley; Northboro, A. M. Lott; Pacific Junction, E. E. Goodrich; Panama, J. E. Matheny; Persa, A. W. Gilliam; Randolph, J. L. Boyd; Riverton, W. N. Graves; Shenandoah, William Stevenson; Sidney, E. M. Hoff; Silver City, J. W. Wright; Thurman, G. L. Goodell; Woodbine, G. P. Fry; Weston, F. P. Siger.

Creighton District—W. S. Hooker, presiding elder; Bedford, A. H. Collins; Bradyville, H. C. Johnson; Bridgewater, J. C. Rawls; Brook, S. W. McCurdy; Carleton, A. M. Elliott; Carl, G. W. Palmer; Clarinda, E. E. Hildner; Clearfield, A. A. Thompson; College Springs, D. S. Shenton; Conway, F. C. L. Ewan; Cornwell, C. J. Ream; Creston, C. W. New; Cromack, T. D. Fawcett; Cum-

CONDITION OF THE WEATHER

Forecast for Nebraska: Northerly Winds.

Temperature at Omaha today:

Table with 4 columns: Hour, Deg., Hour, Deg. Rows show temperature at 5 a.m., 7 a.m., 9 a.m., 11 a.m., 1 p.m., 3 p.m., 5 p.m., 7 p.m., 9 p.m., 11 p.m.

berland, L. D. Bartley; Billot, C. W. Brewer; Emson, M. G. Rambo; Fontanelle, M. R. Harned; Grant, E. S. Member; Gravit, J. Kirkendall; Greenfield, Fred Harris; Hebron, L. F. Brown; Heburn, T. A. Farley; Leona, W. H. Shipman; Lorimer, to be supplied; Mackburg, F. B. Dunn; Maseosa, W. W. Bostwick; Navasota, R. J. Tenant; Newmarket, D. Pratt; Orient, R. E. Harvey; Prescott, J. A. Ross; Red Oak, W. G. Hahnemann; Red Oak circuit, F. M. Jackson; Shambaugh, A. J. Andrus; Stanton, D. Martin; Villisca, W. M. Dudley; Yorktown, A. L. Baker.

Des Moines District—J. H. Sweeney, presiding elder; Altoona, P. C. Stier; Ankeny, A. L. Golden; Brown Chapel, M. Blood; Cartisle, A. L. Curtis; Colfax, S. L. Shaw; Dallas, W. W. Williams; Des Moines, A. S. Hildner; J. F. Gibson; Capitol Park, A. S. Hildner; Des Moines circuit, J. Timmons; First church, E. L. Eaton; Grace church, T. McK. Stewart; Highland Park, H. V. Adams; Mission, A. W. Harned; Prospect Park, G. W. L. Brown; Wesley church, A. E. Griffith; East Park, Edward Nolte; Fairmount, to be supplied; Indiana, Emory Miller; Jamaica, O. G. Maxson; Medora, John Winterturn; Mingo, L. W. Bartholomew; Mitchellville, R. Miller; Monroe, D. M. Helmick; New Virginia, J. C. Hall; Norwalk, G. H. Crafts; Pleasantville, C. H. Fleck; Pleasantville circuit, J. Branson; Polk City, to be supplied; Rockwell, W. R. Martin; Soudan, J. W. Goddard; Spring Hill, C. W. Proctor; St. Charles, Andrew Hancock; Valley Junction, J. S. Young; Waukeo, Paul Gardner; Winterset, C. J. English; Winterset circuit, J. D. Dettar.

Kind Words from Lawton

Prizes Voted in a Letter to Assistant Adjutant General Smock, Department of Indiana, G. A. R.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., Sept. 18.—Assistant Adjutant General Smock of the Department of Indiana, Grand Army of the Republic, has received the following letter from General Henry Lawton:

"HEADQUARTERS OF FIRST DIVISION, Eighth Army Corps, Manila, P. I., Aug. 8, 1899.—My Dear Sir and Comrades: I have the honor to acknowledge the receipt of your resolution of the 23rd of June with a copy of the resolution of the regular department conference, Grand Army of the Republic, at Terra Haute, in May last. It is impossible for me to explain my deep appreciation of this great honor.

"Although I have been a soldier for thirty-eight years, two-thirds of which have been spent in regular service, my citizenship and foundation of my military education were acquired in the four years' service with the volunteers in the civil war. It is to them we owe the safety of our institutions; it is the volunteer who responds to the call of duty, who bravely meets the call when they have been threatened. No better men, no braver soldiers have marched under the flag of any nation than those who gathered at the call of President Lincoln to maintain the integrity of our union. Of all the men that have been conferred upon me nothing so flattering, so gratifying, so encouraging to me as this assurance of confidence of my friends and comrades. I sincerely thank you, and through you my comrades of Indiana for this mark of their esteem and consideration and I desire to assure them that if it were possible for me to further exert myself to earn or maintain their good opinion the knowledge of this confidence and appreciation on their part would urge me to the effort. Sincerely and fraternally yours, H. W. LAWTON, "Major General United States Volunteers."

RESTORED TO THEIR PLACES

Carriers Newcomer and Buell of Huron Restored by Order of the Postoffice Authorities.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 18.—(Special Telegram.)—The opinion forwarded to the first assistant postmaster general by the department attorney general for the Postoffice department upholds the action of the department in reinstating to their former positions Carriers Newcomer and Buell of the Huron postoffice. The opinion is based on amended rules of the department which permits reinstatement of any person who has been separated from the service by reason of reduction of force, specifically required by law without regard to length of service such person has been separated from the service.

"In my judgment," says the law officer of the department, "the reinstatement of Newcomer and Buell