COUNTY DEMOCRACY SCORES

Takes One Ward Easily Without a Contest on Part of Jacksonian Crowd.

PAT FORD FAILS TO GET IN HIS LIST

Contending Delegations of Democracy in the Other Eight Wards Duly Filed with the City Central Committee.

The democratic city central committee sat from 6 to 9 o'clock Tuesday evening as announced to receive and file the lists of delegates to be voted upon at the city primaries Thursday afternoon. To the surprise of everyone present the Jacksonian delegation from the Third ward did not appear. It had been taken for granted that the Jacksonian crowd would have a delegation in the field from every ward in the city, but when the gavel of the secretary fell at 9 o'clock it was found that Pat Ford, to whom had been entrusted the preparation of the petition from the Third ward and the filing of the same with the list of Jacksonian delegates, had not shown up at all. The Jacksonians present appeared to be very much disgusted, while the County Democracy crowd appeared to be correspondingly elated, as they were thus assured the delegation from the Third ward without a contest. None of the Jacksonians offered any explanation of Ford's failure to come in. His name was to have appeared as candidate for councilman upon the ticket. Late in the evening Ford came in and declared that he had understood that he had until 12 o'clock to file his delegation, but he did not offer to file one even when he came.

Lists of Delegates.

The lists of delegates as filed were as follows:

First ward, Jacksonian—Walter Brandes, Allie McCann, John Sheehan, Fred Albrecht, Sam I. Haynes, John P. Mulvihill, John W. Hroch, Frank X. Lemieux, L. F. Nelson.

First ward, County Democracy—Philip Hauth, Owen Slavin, Thomas Kirkland, John Neble, Anton Fixa, Jerry O'Grady, George Sautter, Lew Herrmann.

Second ward, Jacksonian—Adam Sloup, W. H. Herdman, Max Grimm, Stanley B. Letovsky, R. J. Aitchison, Joseph Pesdirz, R. B. O'Donnell, Theodore Wirth, Joseph Land.

Second ward, County Democracy—L. D. Pickard, Fred Dammon, John Schmidt, Joseph Panuska, Rudolph Havelka, John W. Cerny, Joseph Kelley, Peter Casey, Charles Schartow.

Third ward, Jacksonian—None.

Third ward, County Democracy—Lysle I. Abbott, John Reeves, Jerry McMahon, James A. Finch, George Yager, Frank H. Seymour, John D. Green, Dan T. Custer, William Atkin.

Fourth ward, Jacksonian—Frank L. Weaver, Frank P. Murphy, N. E. Dillrance, William O. Gilbert, G. G. Seay, P. H. Carey, John D. Weare, P. C. Heafey, W. J. Mount.

Fourth ward, County Democracy—Frank Heller, C. A. Carman, Thomas McGovern, Paul Stein, jr., Jason R. Lewis, Harry C. Miller, Louis J. Piatti, C. R. Collins, Richard Doody.

Fifth ward, Jacksonian—Otto J. Bauman, Charles H. Brown, Fred H. Cosgrove, John H. Cusick, Frank B. McKenna, J. Warren Arnold, J. H. Marr, Harry E. O'Neill, Martin Tighe.

Fifth ward, County Democracy—Harry V. Hayward, John E. Reagan, Peter Remackle, Thomas McDermott, W. B. Gordon, Pat Hogan, James Daughton, Thomas Gentleman, Jack Lally.

Sixth ward, Jacksonian—Frank E. Brosius, Charles E. Clark, William H. Chadwick, Walter Horton, W. T. Johnson, D. T. Murphy, P. L. Reeves, Joseph Sherry, George W. Smith.

Sixth ward, County Democracy—J. C. Donahoe, C. E. Forbes, John Liddell, Ed Flury, Pete Dillon, John Lutzelman, F. Huntington, W. C. Jay, J. G. Minor.

Seventh ward, Jacksonian—Andrew Murphy, E. P. Berryman, Edward Walsh, James Schneiderwind, A. M. Bushnell, J. M. Welsh, E. S. Streeter, L. J. Konnovsky, Daniel Cameron.

Seventh ward, County Democracy—Dan Cameron, George P. Cronk, A. Jackson, W. F. Gray, John T. Evans, Michael Hogan, John Withnell, A. Waggoner, M. E. Gilbert.

Eighth ward, Jacksonian—C. A. Leary, Homan Platt, James Swift, Henry Farmer, F. C. Weymuller, Frank Rassmussen, E. T. Edwards, John McGreal, F. W. Schrader.

Eighth ward, County Democracy—Charles L. Smith, M. P. Butler, John A. White, John T. Hart, John McGreal, E. A. Smith, Edward O'Connor, H. C. Hartry, Joseph Higgins.

Ninth ward, Jacksonian—W. C. Bullard, Frank P. Eaton, E. C. Fell, A. Hugh Hipple, James R. O'Hanlon, Mark W. Paine, George T. Thompson, C. L. Wees, G. S. Wegener.

Ninth ward, County Democracy—R. S. Lucke, Joseph Polzer, Thomas V. Mulcahey, M. E. Morrisey, Jacob Wingender, jr., William Maxwell, James O'Hanlon, Thomas J. Lloyd, George Backus.

In the Eighth ward John McGreal appeared on both delegations, but he telephoned in from Lincoln that he did not wish to remain on the Jacksonian ticket and was accordingly removed. In the Ninth James O'Hanlon was on both and he asked that his name be removed from the County Democracy ticket, which was done. R. C. Strehlow was substituted.

The contact of the clans was effected without much friction, although each side manifested the most painful solicitude to watch every movement of the other, evidently fearing that some unfair advantage was about to be taken by the enemy.

CANDIDATES BY THE BUNCH

Largely Attended Meeting of Eighth Ward Republicans at Which Harmony and Enthusiasm Prevail.

Every chair in the hall at Twenty-second and Cuming streets was occupied Tuesday night when the Eighth Ward Republican club meeting was called to order and those who came in later—and they were numerous—contented themselves with standing alongside the walls or sitting on the edge of the rostrum.

Harmony and enthusiasm were the chief characteristics of the meeting. Candidates were present by the bunch and each one made a speech. Several opposing aspirants for the aldermanic nomination in the Eighth ward were there and each said he would support the man who is lucky enough to get his name on the ticket.

W. W. Bingham, candidate for mayor, spoke briefly. He said he was more interested in the general success of the republican party than in his own political ambitions. He hoped the republicans would make a clean sweep at the spring election as an index to what will happen at the general election and especially in the election of a legislature that will send a republican to the United States senate.

Charles Saunders said he would appreciate the support of the ward in his candidacy for the city treasurership, but if it is believed that either of the other candidates is the stronger man, Mr. Saunders said he would cheerfully retire. George Heimrod, also candidate for the office of city treasurer, talked along the same line.

Beecher Higby, G. W. Holbrook and Frank Bandhauer, candidates for the city clerkship, made harmonious speeches, each promising enthusiastic support of the ticket.

Van B. Lady, Major J. B. Furay, Charles J. Andersen and C. O. Edling, candidates for the city council in the Eighth ward, each made brief talks. John N. Wearberg and A. J. Colson, candidates for city comptroller, talked of harmony and for the general success of the party. F. J. Sackett, candidate for tax commissioner, made a short speech. After the candidates had had their say general speeches were made by Judge H. Blair, Thomas Crocker and H. P. Leavitt. Another meeting will be held next Tuesday night.

Second Ward Republicans.

There will be a meeting of the Second Ward Republican club at No. 1443 South Sixteenth street Wednesday evening, February 7, at 8 o'clock. All republicans are expected to be present.

THEATER PARTY AT THE BOYD

Unique Society Event in Honor of Miss Adeline Nash of Omaha—List of Guests.

Unquestionably the social event of the season, if not of many seasons, was the dramatic entertainment given in honor of Miss Adeline Nash by her uncle, Mr. F. A. Nash, at Boyd's theater Tuesday night. Something like 600 guests had been invited and there were few who were fortunate enough to be honored with an invitation that did not accept. The entire lower floor of the theater was filled, as well as both the parquet and balcony boxes, with one of the most representative society audiences ever assembled in Omaha.

Immediately inside the main entrance to the auditorium proper stood Miss Nash and Mr. and Mrs. F. A. Nash, uncle and aunt of the former, who acted as the receiving party. As the guests arrived they were greeted with pleasant salutations and shown immediately to seats, none of the latter having been specially reserved save those in the boxes, which were occupied by the honored guests.

The interior of Boyd's theater has seldom, if ever, presented a more beautiful or striking appearance. The boxes were handsomely decorated with large bunches of pink La France roses, tied with a delicate shade of pink ribbon, while festoons of smilax were draped from one to the other. When the curtain went up for the first play the auditorium presented the appearance of a veritable fairyland, the delicious fragrance of the hundreds of roses adding greatly to the illusion.

As to the plays themselves, there were two offered, each in one act, the first being a dainty little comedietta by Edmond Rosa and A. J. Garraway, entitled "Marble Arch." It included four characters, which were admirably portrayed by Miss Eleanor McKee, Miss Helene Orne, Mr. John Novak and Mr. Edward Dvorak. The second piece was entitled "In Honor Bound" and is from the pen of the well known dramatist, Sidney Grundy. It proved quite as entertaining as its predecessor and was equally as well interpreted by Messrs Novak and Dvorak and Misses Eleanor McKee and Eva Grace Snell, the latter a daughter of the late Millionaire Snell of Chicago. Miss Snell has been studying for the stage for some time and last night made her first public appearance. The gown which she wore in the little play was decidedly the most elaborate of any that have been seen upon the local stage this season and was doubtless the cause of more or less envy on the parts of the many well dressed women in the audience. Miss Snell, who is quite pretty, has considerable dramatic talent and has a promising theatrical future.

This form of entertainment is decidedly new in Omaha, Mr. Nash's party being the first of the kind ever given in the city. Its marked success will doubtless be the cause of many more of the kind during future social seasons.

The box seats were occupied as follows:

Box "A"—Mrs. Joe Barker, Miss Bertha Swensberg, Miss Kountze, Miss Wessell, Miss Sellers, Miss Lindsey.

Box "B"—Mrs. Floyd Smith, Miss Creighton, Miss Allen, Miss Towle, Miss Edith Smith, Miss Crounse.

Box "C"—Mrs. Nash, Miss Nash, Miss Meyers, Esther Nash, Francis Nash, Miss Woodard.

Box "D"—Mrs. Barker, Mrs. J. N. H. Patrick, Mrs. Manderson, Mrs. Millard, Mrs. John C. Cowin.

Box "E"—Mrs. Cartan, Miss Peck, Miss Jean Brown, Miss Higginson, Miss Elizabeth Allen, Miss Marie Crounse.

Box "F"—Mrs. George Mercer, Miss Mabel Taylor, Mrs. Downing, Miss Dickinson, Miss Yates, Miss Eva Kennard.

Box "G"—Mrs. Hitchcock, Mrs. John S. Brady, Mrs. G. W. Wattles, Mrs. Thomas Orr.

Box "H"—Mrs. Guy C. Barton, Mrs. Lyman, Mrs. Yost, Mrs. Gallagher.

Box "K"—Mrs. Cudahy, Miss Jessie Millard, Miss Kirkendall.

Box "L"—Mrs. Peck, Mrs. J. K. Chambers, Mrs. Fred Davis, Mrs. William H. McCord.

Box "M"—Mrs. Burgess, Mrs. Dr. Allison, Mrs. J. Daugherty, Mrs. E. L. Lomax.

Box "N"—Mrs. Charles Kountze, Mrs. Harry McCormack, Mrs. Charles Hull, Mrs. George Joslyn.

"THE SPIRIT OF THE WEST"

W. R. Lighton Lectures on the Subject Before the Omaha Woman's Club.

W. R. Lighton, a young western writer who has achieved a considerable amount of fame during his residence in Omaha, made a farewell appearance in public Tuesday afternoon before the department of ethics of the Woman's club. A majority of the 600 members of the club were present at the First Congregational church with many of their friends. Mr. Lighton leaves within a few days to accept an editorial position in the east.

The subject of the lecture was "The Spirit of the West," which Mr. Lighton has so successfully embodied in his book and magazine articles. It is the theory of the author that writers should select for theme and coloring a location with which they have an intimate acquaintance. With this in mind Lighton wove romance into the Kansas prairies in "The Sons of Strength," and has won commendation for the absolute truth of his western portrayals. Mr. Lighton's early youth was spent in Kansas, and his familiarity with places and people there is a birthright. Using the material which came nearest to his hand, the "Spirit of the West," Mr. Lighton has won pronounced success and is now entering upon a field of broader opportunities.

Appeal to Churches and Fraternities.

The Central Labor union in its endeavors to cause the retail houses to close Saturday nights at 6 o'clock is calling to its aid the churches and fraternal societies of the city. A circular is being prepared calling upon the pastors and active church members to join in the crusade, especially in behalf of the shop girls, who are represented by the union as remaining from church on Sunday morning because of the long hours they have to work on Saturday night; and the fraternal societies are appealed to on the ground that these same shop girls are in many cases the daughters of lodge members and as such are entitled to the good offices of the lodge members.

The union appeals to these two classes to express their desire to aid the women by refraining from making purchases after 6 o'clock and to patronize the stores which close in harmony with the wishes of the union.

Does your head ache? Pain back of your eyes? Bad taste in your mouth? It's your liver! Ayer's Pills are liver pills. They cure constipation, headache, dyspepsia, and all liver complaints. 25c. All druggists.

Want your moustache or beard a beautiful brown or rich black? Then use BUCKINGHAM'S DYE for the Whiskers

RECEIVED WITH OPEN ARMS

Councilman Stuht Welcomed to Membership in Populist Peter Cooper Club.

CLUB LETS DOWN THE BARS TO OTHERS

Councilman Lobeck is Also Enrolled Among Members—Trouble Brewing for First Ward Democrats Through Fusion Prospects.

Councilman Stuht has broken into the ranks of the populists. In spite of its rigid adherence hitherto to the requirement that an applicant for membership must be a member of the populist party, in spite of the fact that Stuht has claimed within the last two weeks that has been a republican for thirty-four years, and in spite of the fact that Stuht's name is now upon the membership rolls of the Patriotic (?) league, the Peter Cooper club Tuesday evening admitted the ambitious First warder to membership by a vote that was practically unanimous.

The membership committee felt unwilling to assume the responsibility of deciding as to Stuht's right to enter and accordingly reported his name back to the club without recommendation. E. F. Morearty, Martin McGuire, Jailer Jones, Dr. Peabody and others were anxious to have the candidate admitted. A. W. Tidd wanted him to be required to burn his bridges behind him, so that he could not swing back into the republican party, as he did on a former occasion. He wanted Stuht to resign from the Patriotic (?) league and pay back some hundreds of dollars of funds he was reported to possess belonging to the republican city committee, which it was claimed Stuht has kept for seven or eight years.

L. J. Quinby moved that the name lie over for a week, as it had been represented to him by members of labor organizations that Stuht had never lost an opportunity to show his opposition to organized labor. He wanted to hear from Stuht on that subject, but the candidate from the First ward was not present. Morearty stormed in denunciation of those who were opposing Stuht's admission and L. V. Guye insisted that Stuht had aided him in his efforts to secure the passage of the barber regulations.

Lobeck Vouches for Stuht.

Councilman Lobeck was present and readily gave Stuht a good character, even going so far as to say that Stuht was a bimetallist. As a result of the heated discussion the motion to defer was defeated by a vote of about twenty-two to two, and Stuht was admitted by the same affirmative vote, the objectors refusing to vote at all.

This action of the Peter Cooper club may be taken to mean that fusion is not going to be accomplished in the coming city election without great embarrassment to the democrats of the First ward.

Previous to the taking of the vote on the Stuht proposition the applications of Harry Minds and Ed Lindley for membership were referred back to the committee for further investigation, but as soon as the Stuht matter was disposed of the reference back was reconsidered and the candidates admitted. There was a deluge of applications. Councilman Lobeck and five others were admitted under a suspension of the rules.

On motion of A. W. Tidd it was decided to invite all citizens of the state professing to be Abraham Lincoln republicans to become members of the club.

"After doctors failed to cure me of pneumonia I used One Minute Cough Cure and three bottles of it cured me. It is also the best remedy on earth for whooping cough. It cured my grandchildren of the worst cases," writes John Berry, Loganton, Pa. It is the only harmless remedy that gives immediate results. Cures coughs, colds, croup and throat and lung troubles. Mothers endorse it.

IS THIS THE JACK NORTON

Shooting of a Man by that Name at Hot Springs Excites Interest in Omaha.

News that a man going by the name of Gus Norton had been shot and killed in Hot Springs, Ark., is causing considerable comment in Omaha among those who had known Jack Norton, formerly keeper of a notorious resort on South Fourteenth street, as there was a general disposition to believe them one and the same person. A newspaper containing an account of the shooting was received by O. F. Asmussen, now in charge of Ed Rothery's saloon, and this described the dead man as about 39 years old, of powerful build and dark complexion. It added that "he is said to hail from Kansas City."

The fact that at last accounts Jack Norton was running a road house just beyond the limits of Kansas City gives color to the theory that he was the victim of the Hot Springs assassin, but Kansas City was called up by telephone and the answer received was that Jack Norton was at his road house, sound and well.

Other facts indicating that the man shot in Hot Springs was not the Omaha character are that the Omaha man is light complexioned, while the dead man is described as dark. Although he was in the sure-thing business, as was the case with the Hot Springs man, his relatives live in Chicago and not in Oakland, Cal.

The Hot Springs paper says: "One of his brothers lives in Oakland, Cal., and he was telegraphed last night."

The shooting occurred in the barroom of the Arkansaw club, while the apartment was crowded. Five shots were fired, only one of which took effect. Norton died within an hour. A man named J. B. Richards has been arrested, charged with the crime.

The Jack Norton known here formerly ran a disreputable saloon at 216 South Fourteenth street, owned by Walter Moise. It was the resort of thieves, pickpockets and all manner of crooks. About a year ago he sold out his interests here and in company with Jack Haskell, the base ball umpire, went to Kansas City, where they started a road house.

W. S. Philpot, Albany, Ga., says: "DeWitt's Little Early Risers did me more good than any pills I ever took." The famous little pills for constipation, biliousness and liver and bowel troubles.

Bandhauer is Endorsed.

The Young Men's Republican club of the First ward held a harmonious meeting Tuesday evening at Schroth's hall. A committee of three was appointed to see the editor of The Bee and have him publish an article correcting a false statement in the World-Herald, to the effect that the club had not endorsed Mayor Moores for re-election.

The following resolution was adopted by a unanimous rising vote:

Whereas, One of our citizens of this ward, Frank Bandhauer, aspires to the position of city clerk of this city, and

Whereas, Mr. Bandhauer has been a member of the Board of Education for the last term and is a thorough and capable accountant and was never found wanting, be it

Resolved, That the Young Men's Republican club of the First ward render Mr. Bandhauer all the assistance possible and endorse him for the office which he seeks, using all honorable means to secure his nomination at the coming city convention.

After listening to rousing speeches by Judge Hascall and others the club adjourned to meet in three weeks at the same place.

President Woodbury Says So.

President Woodbury of the water works, who has just returned from the east, has declared that the city cannot buy the water works plant for the amount proposed, even though the bond proposition carries. He declined to enter into details. Several weeks ago when the municipal ownership question was new President Woodbury said the water works might be purchased at a fair price.

QUESTION OF THE TAX LEVY

Commissioner Sackett Discusses the Important Problem in Reply to Various Published Articles.

OMAHA, Neb., Feb. 6.—To the Editor of The Bee: At this season of the year, when the question of the levy is up for discussion, doubtless too much cannot be said upon the subject of taxation. Judging from the number of communications in print within the last few weeks touching upon this subject, property owners are aroused to the importance of the problem.

I have no desire to enter into a newspaper controversy, neither do I desire to defend the action of any department of the city government, and especially do I desire to avoid entering into an argument upon the question of assessments, but I wish to refer briefly to one statement made with astounding regularity, and that is the apparent surprise which all the writers assume to express that the levy in Omaha should be $42 or $43 per $1,000, while it is only $26.30 per $1,000 in Kansas City. These gentlemen who are pursuing such a vigorous search for an answer to that question might find it in an article published in the Kansas City Times December 31, 1899, but the unfortunate feature of that article is that it does not answer the question as they want it answered.

A perusal of the statement contained therein discloses the fact that Kansas City has troubles of its own on the subject of taxation. It appears that the real solution of the difficulty in Kansas City is a political one and that on account of the fact that one party makes the assessments while the other party disburses the funds the assessment has been kept down to such a point that the city and county are practically bankrupt.

This article says: "Because the assessed valuations have been kept down in this county the county has not had enough revenue for several years past. For three months past the men who work for the county, the officials who fill elective offices, as well as the clerks, deputies and janitors, have had to do without their salaries because the treasury was absolutely empty and the county in debt." It also says: "The city revenue is short of the needs of the city by not less than $150,000 a year. There is no question about this fact, the police and fire departments are short of men, the streets are imperfectly lighted, the street cleaners have been dismissed and unless there is more revenue next year the park work may come nearly to a standstill."

Now the facts are that the assessed valuation of Kansas City and Jackson county are about 20 per cent of the market value, while in Omaha the assessed valuation is fully 40 per cent. Upon $1,000 of assessed valuation in Omaha taxpayers pay for city, county and state taxes not to exceed $38, instead of $42.50 as stated, and in Kansas City for the same purpose they pay $26.30 on each $1,000 of assessed valuation, the former being upon a 40 per cent basis, the latter upon a 20 per cent basis, so that in reality the tax in Kansas City is equivalent to $52.60 upon the same basis as Omaha is assessed.

It is not disputed that taxes are lower in Kansas City than in Omaha, and both the cause and effect are set out in the article cited. The conditions there have been going from bad to worse since 1890 until for political reasons alone the assessed valuation of Jackson county has been reduced over ten millions of dollars while the actual value in Kansas City has increased as much if not more in the same time than any other similar period.

It has been charged in some of the articles referred to that my time and attention have been devoted to some scheme to increase the burdens of taxation for the benefit of politicians and office-holders. This I deny most emphatically and I desire to say that I am prepared to show conclusively by the records that under my administration property has been so assessed that real estate, especially in the outlying districts of the city where it has no productive value, has been relieved to the extent of 20 to 50 per cent.

What I object to is that men who ought to know better persist in making statements and drawing comparisons not based upon facts, when the information necessary to enable them to arrive at the absolute truth is near at hand. These men are not honest when they make these statements and the best evidence of the fact is that they never refer to them except during a time of political excitement preceding an election, when they are made use of to prejudice the public for or against some candidate. An honest discussion of the merits of our revenue system cannot help but produce good results, but no votes will be made or lost by spreading broadcast statements which every intelligent man knows are not true and which fall of their own weight when placed beside the actual conditions.

Our taxes are high and have always been high, and I am free to admit that I can see but little hope for any material reduction unless there be a radical change in the system under which they are levied and collected or unless there be a radical reduction in expenditures. If these men who are annually charging the administration, no matter what its political complexion may be, with fraud and extravagance are honest and sincere in their ambitions to relieve the people from the burdens of taxation, let them select a committee of honest, intelligent and competent men, such as there are hundreds of in the city of Omaha, and let them examine both the system under which our affairs are managed and the laws governing their management, and report the true condition as they find it.

I am satisfied that there is not a department of the city government that does not court an honest investigation of this kind, and I am also satisfied that the heads of these departments would be glad to act upon any honest recommendation that a committee of this kind might submit, but I am fully convinced that no self-respecting man holding a public position will permit himself to be clubbed into submission by arguments made for political effect.

The real truth of the matter is that the plan pursued by these self-constituted guardians of the public interest who appear on the surface regularly prior to every election brings about the very condition they assume to guard against. Under our system of government it is impossible to absolutely divorce public office from politics since the system itself tends to build up combinations among voters organized principally for the purpose of controlling the patronage which attaches to the positions.

In national affairs these combinations become great political parties founded upon and held together by principles which have to do with great questions affecting the administration of the national government and far removed from the voter. In local politics this is not the case, and it is universally admitted that a man's qualifications for holding public office in our city or county governments do not change with his political convictions. Not all of the voters are united within either party even nationally, and more especially is this true in local affairs, there being a large body of citizens in every community whose whole interest in political affairs when they express it is in favor of an honest, clean, and businesslike administration, but the unfortunate feature of their position is that they manifest little if any interest in political affairs at the proper time. If this class of our citizens could be aroused and induced to take an active interest in politics, especially in molding a public sentiment in harmony with their ideas, little or no complaint would ever be made of the manner in which public servants discharge their duties. FRED J. SACKETT.

LATEST IN LOCAL POLITICS

Jacksonian Mayoralty Dark Horse Said to Be C. B. Rustin.

HOT TIME ON FOR DEMOCRATIC PRIMARIES

Gossip Overheard at the Various Street Corner Caucuses that Are Becoming More Numerous from Day to Day.

The new candidate for mayor promised by the Jacksonian democrats is now said to be Captain Charles B. Rustin, whose springing is expected to be enough to harmonize all warring factions and heal the wounds of all the aspiring statesmen relegated to the rear.

A number of Omaha republicans will be in attendance upon the meeting of the republican state committee at Lincoln Wednesday evening. The members of the committee from this district are A. H. Murdoch of South Omaha and H. E. Palmer and E. W. Simeral of Omaha.

Councilman Stuht is now looking for the open door. The weather is too cold for him to remain outside much longer.

Through the mists surrounding the spring campaign in the city one can see the gathering of forces among the fusionists for the fall contest. John O. Yelser is nursing his boom for governor and leaving no act undone that will give him the Douglas county delegation to the populist state convention. Edgar Howard of Papillion is assuring his friends that he would like to place in action in the office of the state auditor the precepts he has preached to his rural readers through his paper. The ring said to have been formed among the various deputies in state offices to succeed their respective principles has at least one link missing, for Deputy Sam Patterson of the state treasurer's office has bought a bank out at Arapahoe and will take charge of it when his term as deputy treasurer ceases.

At the meeting of the Fifth ward Bryan club Monday President Cosgrove intimated that many errors had been found in the rolls of democratic voters copied from the registration lists for use of the democrats in their primaries, and as most of the errors, he said, appeared to be such as would embarrass the enemies of Chairman Moise when they should present themselves to vote at the primaries, he intimated that the discrepancies might be something more than simple mistakes. It appeared that in the Fifth ward alone the names of sixteen democrats, registered as such, had been omitted, twelve erroneously entered on the list and twenty-nine either misspelled, given the wrong initials or located at the wrong numbers. It was stated that forty similar errors have been discovered in the First ward list. The copying was done by Joe Butler and J. A. Fitzpatrick. Some of the errors are doubtless due to the miserable penmanship in many of the registration books.

KNEW THEM AS MAN AND WIFE

Witnesses for the State Testify in the Baxter Bigamy Case—Another Day's Hearing.

The preliminary trial of Clarence Eugene Baxter on a charge of bigamy is still occupying the attention of the police court several hours every day. Tuesday Mrs. Lillie E. Gray, who had employed the prosecuting witness as a domestic in her household prior to her alliance with Baxter, was on the stand testifying as to the relations existing between the defendant and wife No. 1. She had visited them often while they were living together on South Thirty-third street, and always considered them man and wife. Baxter, she said, had called upon wife No. 1 several times after he married wife No. 2. One of these visits was as recent as December last. On that occasion he said he was sorry of the step he had taken.

Jesse Blake, a carpenter and joiner, was another witness for the state. He had been very friendly with Mr. and Mrs. Baker, alias Baxter, and had often dined with them at their house. They had seemed happy and had treated each other affectionately.

The question of race was not touched upon Tuesday. Neither of the wives was in the court room. The case will probably be concluded today.

Our Increased Trade with China.

England can no longer compete with us in the shipment of many products to China. Our trade with the Chinese has increased almost forty per cent within the last year. This is merely natural. The best wins in everything. For a like reason, Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, the best remedy in the country, has for fifty years acknowledged no superior to cure constipation, indigestion, dyspepsia and biliousness.

Marriage Licenses.

The following marriage licenses were issued Tuesday:

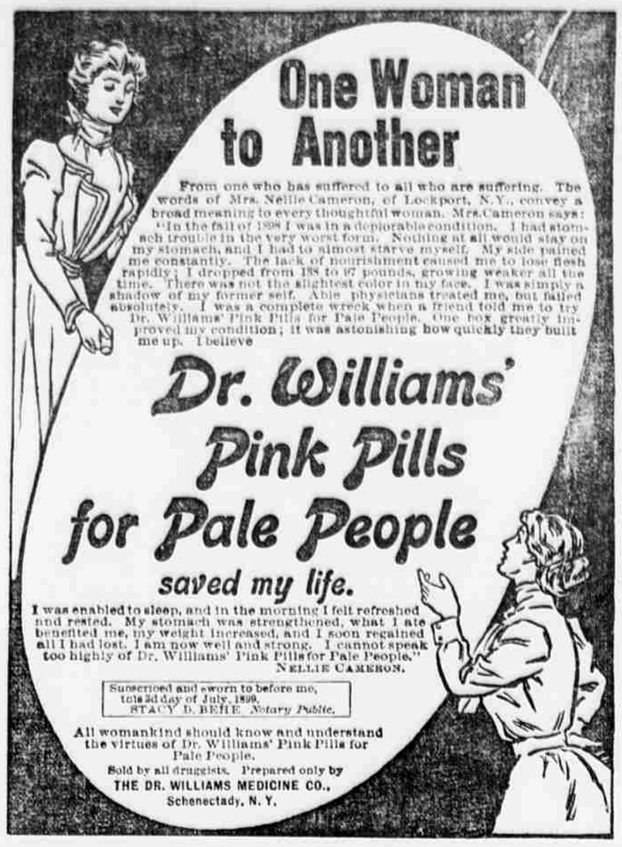
Name and Residence.	Age
Thelander Benson, Omaha	29
Annie Julian, Omaha	23
Elbert O. Stone, Des Moines	42
Minnie A. Crafton, Knoxville, Ia	35
Frank Novake, Omaha	24
Katie Syslowski, Omaha	18
Andrees Manson, Omaha	45
Ida Adolphson, Lincoln	35
Harry Hardwicke, Lincoln	30
Anna C. Lewis, Omaha	22

The Pinkham Remedies

For disorders of the feminine organs have gained their great renown and enormous sale because of the permanent good they have done and are doing for the women of this country.

If all ailing or suffering women could be made to understand how absolutely true are the statements about Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, their sufferings would end.

Mrs. Pinkham counsels women free of charge. Her address is Lynn, Mass. The advice she gives is practical and honest. You can write freely to her; she is a woman.



AS OUR SAMPLE FURNITURE SALE progresses the interest shown by the buying public is growing. They see their opportunity of purchasing a high grade sample piece of furniture at a fraction of its real value.

We quote a few prices herewith of high quality which might be to your interest to examine.

$9.50 India Rush Reception Chair, nicely trimmed, sample piece; price $7.25.

$11.50 India Rush Arm Chair, choice design, richly trimmed, sample piece, price $8.75.

$12.00 India Rush Rocker, choice design, extra good value, sample piece; price $9.00.

$15.00 Gilt Chair, with arms, nicely decorated and upholstered, sample piece; price $10.50.

$19.00 Morris Chair, mahogany polish finish, inlaid lines, silk upholstered, sample piece; price $13.50.

$9.00 choice Oak Arm Rocker, upholstered spring seat, sample piece; price $6.50.

$11.00 Mahogany Parlor Chair, upholstered in silk, choice value; sample sale price $8.00.

$8.50 Mahogany Parlor Chair, choice upholstering, goes at sample sale price, $5.00.

$39.00 Morris Chair, large, massive oak frame, sample piece; price $29.50.

$15.00 choice Parlor Arm Chair, beautiful inlaid, choice upholstering, sample piece; price $9.60.

$50.00 two-piece solid mahogany Parlor Suit, inlaid frame, sample piece; price $25.00.

$10.00 Mahogany Parlor Chair, choice hand carved, upholstered in silk; sample sale price $7.00.

$18.00 ladies' mahogany Parlor Arm Chair, choice upholstering; sample sale price $12.75.

Orchard & Wilhelm Carpet Company

1414-16-18 Douglas Street.

Who Has Catarrh?

A COMMON-SENSE CURE

TO those who know what Catarrh really is, the old-fashioned way of treating it, still used by thousands who cling to old methods, seems a woeful waste of good energy.

Catarrh is inflammation of the mucous membranes of the nostrils, throat and air passages.

It needs soothing, not irritating. The constant hawking, the choking, plugged-up, disagreeable sensation of tightness — troublesome especially in the early morning, when the cold air contracts the air passages and irritates the inflamed membranes—is relieved immediately by the simple application of

OZOJELL

Ozojell is like a healing ointment applied to a troublesome and angry sore — it Soothes, Relieves, Cures.

The catarrhal discharge is like the pus from a running sore, and everyone knows that washing a sore is not sufficient to make it *heal*.

Ozojell, a delicious, pleasant emulsion or jelly of great cleansing, healing, preservative, germicidal properties, when once applied, remains on the raw membranes and gradually *draws out* the matter and heals up the wound by promoting the growth of new, healthy membrane.

Ozojell is put up in a patent Ozojell tube, easily carried in the pocket, easily applied to the parts as needed, in the office, on the street, without attracting attention, and with no irritation, trouble or waste of time.

It is sold by all druggists in 50 cent patent Ozojell nasal tubes.

Prepared from the formula of the celebrated Vienna physician, Herr J. Muller, the great specialist in diseases of the ear, throat and nose (Physician in Ordinary to the Emperor of Austria).

Thousands of letters from those who have been cured attest its virtues.

TO PROVE

its efficacy, we offer to send *free by mail* to all readers of this paper a tube of Ozojell and a book on Catarrh and Its Scientific Treatment.

Simply write, giving name and full address, when this treatment will be sent you absolutely free, postage paid. Address

OZOJELL CURE, 219 Temple Court, New York.

A Hard Cough

wears away the coating of your lungs. From this may result Pneumonia, Bronchitis, Consumption and other quickly fatal diseases.

Soften and cure your cough with

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the new scientific remedy for Coughs, Sore Throat, Hoarseness and all respiratory diseases. A positive, permanent, harmless, perfect cure.

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