RAISES STORM OF DISSENT

Little Favor for Plan of Mercer's Committee for Independent Primaries.

UNCALLED FOR AND UNPRECEDENTED

Men Who Have Managed Republican Campaigns Fear Its Bad Effect as a Disorganizing Factor.

Republicans who have acted as chairmen of county and city committees in Douglas county in the past are apparently not in accord with the action of Mr. Mercer's congressional committee in calling a primary election in this county for the selection of delegates to the congressional convention entirely independent of the county committee. Especially are those republicans opposed to it who have had the widest experience in the conduct of republican campaigns.

M. H. Collins, chairman of the republican county committee, said: "I have just returned from Chicago and know very little about it, but I don't believe Mr. Blackburn can afford to try to run that primary election alone. I think it would be foolish to do so and I can't see what his object and purpose is in doing so. I think, however, that it will come out all right. That is, I believe the congressional committee will certainly reconsider its action."

James Allan, chairman of the city committee, simply remarked with emphasis: "I am opposed to it, although you understand I am a warm friend of Congressman Mercer. It don't make much difference, however, for whichever way it goes we will be there when election day rolls around."

John Lewis, who has twice been chairman and once secretary of the county committee, says: "I am certainly opposed to it. In the first place I think it is wholly without precedent. I don't feel unfriendly to Mercer, but it is my opinion that in accordance with all previous preliminary campaigns each county should have the right to select its own delegates under the direction of the county central committee. I believe, of course, that the congressional committee, after the nominations have been made, has a perfect right to conduct the campaign in relation to the congressional candidate and in conjunction with the county committee.

Conflict is Inevitable.

"I know from experience the chance for conflict between the various committees, which would work adverse to the party's success and which should be carefully avoided. In this case particularly each county committee should be allowed to send its own delegates to a county convention to select delegates to the congressional convention, which creates its own committee. In view of the fact that the county convention creates its own committee and the congressional convention also creates its own committee, it seems to me that the county committee should be paramount to the other in the management of the primaries and the congressional committee paramount in the management of the campaign. This proposal of Mr. Blackburn, if persisted in, will simply result in a double-headed delegation to the congressional convention and might defeat Congressman Mercer."

Byron G. Burbank, ex-chairman of the republican county committee, made his statement somewhat guardedly, as follows: "I think it is proper enough for the committee to select the Crawford system, but there should be no discrimination or distinction between Washington and Sarpy counties on the one hand as against Douglas county on the other. Mr. Mercer was first nominated for congress eight years ago in a congressional convention made up of delegates from each of the counties as such. He secured a majority of the delegates from Douglas county and the Douglas county convention instructed the delegates to the congressional convention to vote for him in that convention. This action would be equally applicable to any county in the district. The action taken by the congressional committee seems to be an innovation upon the practice of former years in making a distinction between Douglas county and Washington and Sarpy counties. Not having seen the rules promulgated by the congressional committee, it is difficult to clearly understand the action of that committee."

Precedent Would Be Dangerous.

John C. Wharton, ex-chairman of the city committee, said: "I am opposed to this action of the congressional committee. I believe it to be a dangerous precedent to establish, and wholly unrepublican, and I can see no good reason for discriminating between this county and the others in the district. Mr. Mercer has made us a splendid congressman, but his friends ought not to make the mistake of insisting upon an independent primary election. The same rule that governs other counties in the selection of delegates to the congressional convention ought to govern Douglas county, and any attempted discrimination against Douglas county will certainly not be kindly received by the republican voters."

A. C. Troup, ex-chairman of the republican city central committee, said: "As to the wisdom and expediency of such a course, I think it a matter which fairly can be left to the judgment and discretion of the committee, whose business it is to pass upon the propriety of such measures, provided always, of course, that the committee is acting in good faith and that its action is not manifestly subversive of the rights of voters. A committee selected from a political body is much the same as a committee selected from any other public or private organization. It assumes the responsibility of the duties imposed upon it, and it is fair to presume that it takes the pains and acquires the facilities to ascertain more accurately than others can what is best for the body it represents in respect to matters within its jurisdiction. The adoption of the Crawford system at this time can scarcely be regarded as an unwarranted precedent. It is already in vogue in some other portions of this state and has recently received much favorable agitation in this community, and has more than once been on the eve of adoption."

Blackburn Explains His Course.

T. W. Blackburn, chairman of the congressional committee, submitted the following lengthy statement in reference to the committee's action:

"As chairman of the congressional committee of this district I called the meeting of the committee. There were seven of the nine committeemen represented. The committee, acting under the authority of our primary election law, called a convention and adopted the rules to govern the primary elections. I am sure no republican having the interest of the party at heart will find fault with them. They are absolutely fair and give no candidate, combination or faction any unfair advantage. Four years ago Mr. Rosewater recommended the Crawford system to Congressman Mercer and myself for the district, and he then told me our committee had the authority to adopt it. The primary law was not so favorable for a fair primary election and his advice was not accepted. Now, with a registered list of republicans, we can be reasonably certain the results will fairly express the sentiment of republicans. I have always been in favor of the Crawford system, excepting that I am opposed to the original feature by which a plurality might nominate, and am likewise opposed to the expense of two primaries. With a convention composed of delegates selected at the same primary to name candidates from those voted upon at the primary these two objections are removed.

Packed Primaries Obviated.

"Furthermore, packed primaries and packed conventions are almost impossible under the plan proposed. Any man who aspires to an office may submit his claims and when the people have passed upon them favorably no manipulations of delegates or combinations of politicians can undo their work. If the people fail to make a selection it is entirely feasible and proper for the same people at the same time to delegate to representatives elected in the same manner and at the same time the authority to make the selection of their party standard-bearers. In my opinion the nearer we can get to the republican voters the better, and the more certain we are to select good men for leaders in our political battles. The idea is not new and it is no experiment. In many congressional districts nominations of members of congress are made by direct vote at the primaries. There is no purpose to ignore the county central committees. Those committees have only such authority in these matters as is delegated to them by committees representing larger constituencies. The state committee fixes the date of the state convention, determines the representation and formulates the business. It would have the authority to adopt the Crawford system for the state and to formulate regulations for carrying out the details if in its judgment it were expedient. The congressional committee has deemed it expedient and proper to take the course it has taken. It has the authority beyond a peradventure."

...AMUSEMENTS...

"Devil's Auction"—

Antiquated in name only, Charles H. Yale's spectacular play by the above name opened a two-nights' engagement at Boyd's theater Monday. The "Devil's Auction" is one of the oldest plays of its kind now being presented. It is, however, kept up to date by the addition of new scenery, costumes, mechanical and electrical effects, coming each year with a new suit of clothes on, so to speak. This season it is unusually well mounted and presented by a company of average merit. The chorus is larger than usual and includes some handsome and shapely girls. A number of new and decidedly pretty ballets are offered. Several specialties are interpolated throughout the play, including a novelty musical act by the Deltorelli brothers; Mame Mayo, singing and specialty; Kelly and Reno, comedy acrobats; Kiernan and Lorella, burlesque magicians, and Amelia Maveroffer and Giselda Bassegio, danseuse. The engagement closes with tonight's performance.

A Fiendish Attack.

An attack was lately made on C. F. Collier of Cherokee, Ia., that nearly proved fatal. It came through his kidneys. His back got so lame he could not stoop without great pain, nor sit in a chair except propped by cushions. No remedy helped him until he tried Electric Bitters which effected such a wonderful change that he writes he feels like a new man. This marvelous medicine cures backache and kidney trouble, purifies the blood and builds up your health. Only 50c at Kuhn & Co.'s drug store.

WEIRD FATALITY OF A DATE

Why March 11 Has a Special Significance for Members of the Carr Family.

To members of the family of John Carr, 1212 North Sixteenth street, the date "March 11" has a peculiar and melancholy significance. A strange fatality seems to attend it. On that day two years ago his mother died. Exactly one year later almost to an hour he was gathered to his fathers, and last Sunday, March 11, his widow, Mrs. Margaret Carr, succumbed to an illness of two days. None remain of his household now save the children, of whom there are six, the eldest a boy of 23, the youngest a girl of 13. Inasmuch as during the last decade there have been no deaths in the family save the three mentioned, it can be readily understood that the survivors will in future regard each forthcoming ides of March with apprehension.

The necrology of the Carr family for the last three years follows:

March 11, 1898—Mrs. Anna Carr, aged 90 years, died of old age. This death occurred at 963 North Twenty-fifth street.

March 11, 1899—John Carr, aged 50 years, died of an affection of the lungs at 2006 North Twenty-sixth street, after a lingering illness.

March 11, 1900—Mrs. Margaret Carr, aged 42 years, widow of John Carr, died of cirrhosis, or inflammation of the liver, at 1212 North Twenty-sixth street.

One of the daughters of Mr. and Mrs. Carr, a young woman of 18, said: "We have often remarked among ourselves the singular recurrence of deaths in our family on the 11th of March. Naturally we think it very strange, but have no theories in the matter. I suppose it's nothing more than a coincidence."

"I used Kodol Dyspepsia Cure in my family with wonderful results. It gives immediate relief, is pleasant to take and is truly the dyspeptic's best friend," says E. Hartgerink, Overisel, Mich. Digests what you eat. Cannot fail to cure.

Bishop Scannell's Pastoral Visits.

Bishop Scannell of the Catholic church, through his secretary, Rev. A. M. Colaneri, announces the following pastoral visits in this diocese:

St. Mary Magdalene, Tuesday, March 13; St. Patrick's, Wednesday, March 14; St. Peter's, Thursday, March 15; St. Wenceslaus, Tuesday, March 20; St. Agnes', South Omaha, Wednesday, March 21; Sacred Heart, Thursday, March 22; St. Bridget's South Omaha, Monday, March 26; Immaciuate Conception, Tuesday, March 27; St. John's, Thursday, March 29; St. Joseph's, Monday, April 2; Holy Family, Tuesday, April 3.

Bald Spots

Without help, a bald spot never grows smaller. It keeps spreading, until at last your friends say, "How bald he is getting." Not easy to cure an old baldness, but easy to stop the first thinning, easy to check the first falling out. Used in time, baldness is made impossible with—

AYER'S Hair Vigor

It stops falling, promotes growth, and takes out all dandruff. It always restores color to faded or gray hair, all the dark, rich color of early life. You may depend upon it every time. It brings health to the hair.

$1.00 a bottle. All druggists.

"I have used your Hair Vigor and am greatly pleased with it. I have only used one bottle of it, and yet my hair has stopped falling out and has started to grow again nicely." JULIUS WITT, March 28, 1899. Canova, S. Dak.

Write the Doctor.

If you do not obtain all the benefits you expected from the use of the Vigor, write the Doctor about it.

Address, DR. J. C. AYER, Lowell, Mass.

ANSWER OF POLICE BOARD

City Attorney Connell Sets Out Case of Defendants in Quo Warranto Proceedings.

SUBJECT MATTER HAS BEEN ADJUDICATED

Decision of Case of Herdman Board Against Present Respondents Fully Settles Case and it Would Be Judicial Anarchy to Reopen It.

Monday afternoon City Attorney Connell sent to Lincoln the answer of the Omaha police board in the quo warranto proceedings instituted by the attorney general of the state for the purpose of ousting from office the appointees of the mayor.

Admitting the formal parts of the petition the answer sets up that the provision of the law placing the appointment of the Board of Fire and Police commissioners is "in conflict with the constitution of the state of Nebraska and contravenes the provisions of the bill of rights, the declaration of independence and the inherent rights of the citizens of Omaha," and is null and void for other reasons. After setting forth the provisons of the law under which the governor claimed and exercised the power of appointing the members of the Board of Fire and Police commissioners, with the exception of the mayor, the answer continues: "And these respondents aver that by virtue of the above-mentioned provisons and others of a like nature and tendency in said act contained, the power and right of the electors of the city named to choose their own special officers and to appoint their own special servants was taken away from them and vested completely in the governor of the state," and therefore contravenes the constitutional guarantees.

Constitutional Guaranty.

The answer then sets out that provision of the constitution guaranteeing to the citizens of the several states a republican form of government, also that declaring the supremacy of the federal constitution over all constitutions and laws of states, as well as the enabling act to create the state of Nebraska, which provided that a republican form of government should be maintained. The appointment of the Herdman police board by Governor Holcomb is recited, together with the fact of the passage of an ordinance by the mayor and city council of the city of Omaha creating a Board of Fire and Police commissioners, the members of which were by the terms of the ordinance appointed by the mayor and confirmed by the city council, which ordinance is made a part of the answer. The answer continues:

"And thereafter the mayor did nominate and appoint as and for members of the said city Board of Fire and Police Commissioners of the city of Omaha the respondents, Victor H. Coffman and Matthew H. Collins, together with Peter W. Birkhauser, whose term of appointment duly expired, and whose successor is the respondent, Frank A. Kennedy, and Charles J. Karbach, deceased * * * and said appointees of the mayor were duly confirmed by the city council, and having qualified, attempted to enter upon the discharge of the duties and the enjoyment of the rights, privileges and franchises of members of said Board of Fire and Police Commissioners for the said city of Omaha, and to that end demanded of the said appointees of the said Silas A. Holcomb, governor as aforesaid, the possession of said offices, and that the said last named appointees of said Silas A. Holcomb vacate their said pretended offices and abandon their claims of right to manage and control the said fire and police departments and cease to do any act under or by virtue of their said appointment; but the said appointees of the said Silas A. Holcomb, governor as aforesaid, refused to accede to said demands, and attempted to continue to exercise the management and control of said departments, which the said legislative act purported to confer upon them as such appointees."

Claim Matter Has Been Adjudicated.

The answer then sets out in detail the petition and answer filed in the quo warranto proceedings brought by the Herdman board, together with the answer of the mayor and council, defendants, and the cross-information filed by the present board. The judgment of the supreme court in this case is set out and the answer closes as follows:

"The said respondents further allege that a motion for a rehearing of said cause heretofore pending in said court as hereinbefore stated was duly made and filed by said attorney general, and was duly overruled by said court, and the said judgment hereinbefore referred to has become final and conclusive, and that since the overruling of said motion of rehearing several terms of said court have intervened, and these respondents allege that the said judgment is res adjudicata, and that neither the said relator nor any of the parties to said action heretofore pending to which reference is made can lawfully question or deny the correctness of the same, and that it would be judicial anarchy and the overturning of all legal precedent for the members of this court, regardless of their individual views of the correctness of the reasons which led up to the final judgment, to now question or deny the finality and conclusiveness of the same."

What's Your Face Worth?

Sometimes a fortune, but never, if you have a sallow complexion, a jaundiced look, moth patches and blothes on the skin, all signs of liver trouble. But Dr. King's New Life Pills give clear skin, rosy cheeks, rich complexion. Only 25 cents at Kuhn & Co.'s drug store.

MUNICIPAL POPULAR LOAN

Books Open at City Treasurer's Office Until March 26 for Subscriptions.

The city treasurer of Omaha has advertised for sale $25,000 of municipal paving bonds. The books for subscriptions will be open until 3 p. m. Tuesday, March 26. The bonds will be dated April 1, 1900, and are payable April 1, 1920, with interest at 3½ per cent, payable semi-annually, principal and interest payable at the office of the city treasurer, in Omaha. The bonds were voted at a special election held November 8, 1898, and authorized by ordinance approved February 21, 1900. The bonds are to be sold at not less than par and to be issued in denominations of $50 each and no one person to be allowed to subscribe for more than ten of said bonds.

Each subscription must be accompanied by a deposit of cash or check on a local bank payable to the city of Omaha, in a sum equal to 5 per cent of the amount subscribed for, and must state the amount of premium offered, and that the accrued interest, if any, will be paid to date of delivery.

With pictures as cheap as those offered by The Bee there should be no bare walls in any home. Only 10 cents and coupons for "Defense of Champigny" and "The Balloon."

Meeting of Police Board.

After a month's rest the Board of Fire and Police Commissioners met Monday night and transacted considerable routine business. James Sibile, late of hook and ladder company No. 2, was dismissed from the service for failure to respond to a fire alarm and other reasons. Charles Brown and Thomas Lauder, having served the probationary term of sixty days, were regularly appointed to the fire department. Police Officer F. D. Mitchell was granted sixty days' leave of absence without pay. Officer S. D. Osborne was granted five days of his annual leave with pay. Officer H. C. Cook was granted the usual ten days' annual leave with pay. Fireman Michael J. Cuff was granted three days of his annual leave. Fred Vaverka four days and Nels Anderson two days, all with pay. Charles Frickle and Fred Rupp were appointed special policemen for Riverview park and connecting boulevards without expense to the police fund. A. W. Clark was appointed as special policeman for the city by request of the Humane society. He is to receive no pay from the city. Action on a number of important matters was deferred until next Monday night, when Mayor Moores will be present.

Early Tours to the Paris Exposition.

The Paris Exposition of 1900 will open April 15, and in connection therewith Messrs. Raymond and Whitcomb, the well known excursion managers, have arranged a special series of trips. The first of these will leave New York on the North German Lloyd steamer Kaiserin Maria Theresa, April 24, and after spending the time from April 30 to May 9 in London will arrive in Paris, where there will be a sojourn of two weeks, the party arriving back in New York May 29. The second party will sail from Boston April 25 on the steamer New England, and will give the tourist four weeks in Paris and a week in London, arriving back in Boston June 15. The third party will sail from New York April 28, on the Atlantic Transport steamer Marquette, and after a week in London the members of all the parties will stop at the Hotel Russell, and in Paris will make their headquarters at the Trocadero hotel. Special circulars, giving details regarding these trips, may be had by writing to Raymond & Whitcomb, 296 Washington street, Boston, Mass.

Entertainment at West Ashler.

The Epworth league of the Southwest Methodist Episcopal church gave a social at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Parks on Forty-seventh street Friday night. Mr. Dale of Hanscom park sang "The Old Armchair" in a pleasing manner, accompanied on the piano by Miss Joeydell Parks. The debate was on the subject, "Resolved, That the Boers should be governed by the English." It was contested by James Cunningham and Grace Blake in the affirmative and Mr. Sturgeon and Ethel Davis in the negative. The judges, composed of Messrs. Aughe, Rosenbaum and Mann, decided in favor of the argument of the affirmative. Mr. Charles Henderson sang a bass solo, "Rocked in the Cradle of the Deep."

Marriage Licenses.

The following marriage licenses were issued Monday:

Name and Residence.	Age.
Frank T. Lanning, Omaha	27
Edwin Bowman, Omaha	18
Charles E. Barnum, Omaha	31
Nellie Woodward, Omaha	25

LOCAL BREVITIES.

The city council will meet this morning at 10 o'clock as a board of equalization.

Burglars broke into the barn of George T. Nicholdson, in the rear of the Masonic block early Sunday morning and stole a light buggy harness valued at $15.

While attending a sale at one of the large department stores on Sixteenth street Saturday Dr. Anna M. Griffith lost from her shoulders a lamb fur collarette valued at $25.

F. C. Campbell will deliver one of his popular lectures on "The South African War" at Lowe Avenue Presbyterian church Tuesday evening. There will be no admission charged.

O. C. Carson, a race horse man living at 415 North Fifteenth street, was compelled to shoot a valuable 3-year-old trotting mare yesterday. The animal was playing in the corral when she slipped and fell, breaking a leg.

Two women named Agnes Fox, alias Davis, and Mary Redmon, alias Foster, wanted in St. Louis on a charge of grand larceny and jumping a bond, were arrested yesterday and are being held at central police station to await advices.

The funeral of Mrs. Ida Selma Johnson, who committed suicide Saturday by drowning herself in the lake at Riverview park, was held yesterday from Coroner Swanson's undertaking rooms. The body will be buried in Laurel Hill cemetery.

One case of smallpox was reported to the Board of Health yesterday, the patient being L. Conner, colored, 1214 Cass street. The case is said to be mild and from the remarks on the report sent in by the attending physician he seems to doubt whether the disease is smallpox.

Four of the original seventeen South Omaha gambling cases came up before Justice Altstadt Monday. Those against Herman Trinkel and Martin Haas were dismissed. The cases wherein Charles Nortonberg and John Larson are defendants were argued and taken under advisement until Wednesday.

One hundred citizens living in the vicinity of Thirty-third and Parker streets held a mass meeting Monday night and passed resolutions urging the Omaha Street Railway company to extend its Harney street line into that neighborhood. The matter will be brought to the attention of the city council Tuesday night.

The case of assault against Elias Ferris and wife, 1484 South Thirteenth street, wherein Joseph Daahir was the complaining witness, has been dismissed in Justice Crawford's court. Upon Ferris' promise to preserve peace in the future Daahir consented to withdraw the charge. Both parties to the action are Syrians.

Early Sunday morning burglars robbed the express office of W. H. Gordon, 214 North Sixteenth street, of $2 in money and a check for $9. They stood upon a pile of dry goods boxes in the alley, climbed through a small window upon the second floor and then, breaking a hole through the ceiling, dropped down into the express office. They left by drawing the bolt of the rear door.

In police court Monday W. H. Walburn, a cripple, was convicted of stealing a bale of hay belonging to J. F. Twamley, Fourteenth and Nicholas streets. He was caught in the act of loading the commodity into a vehicle and while waiting for the patrol wagon offered to pay the officer 40 cents, twice the price of the hay, in consideration of immunity from arrest. He was given ten days.

Against William Corey, colored, who has been in jail since Saturday, are pending four charges, three of burglary, one of grand larceny. The last in the series of burglary complaints was sworn to Monday by David M. Young, whose house at 3 Knock avenue was looted on the night of January 11. Some of the goods stolen from the Young home were found in Corey's possession.

Acting Mayor Bingham Monday evening sent to the chief of the fire department and to the building inspector instructions to take proper steps to support the walls of the building at 1311 Farnam street, which was destroyed by fire Monday morning. In his letter he says that the condition of the north wall is such as to render it particularly dangerous to persons passing along the street in proximity to the burned building.

The cleaning of the streets and alleys is on in earnest these warm days. The street commissioner now has in the street cleaning department a force of 160 men and 40 teams, employed eight hours a day, and will continue work until the principal streets are cleaned. Yesterday the department began work on Cuming street at Sixteenth, and will work west to the end of paving on Cuming street. The other crews are at work principally on downtown streets, though some of them were detailed to clean the alleys.

Yesterday work was begun on the Fort street extension of the North Omaha sewer, for the completion of the present contract of 460 feet, which will carry the sewer to Thirtieth and Brown. Before the sewer reaches that point it will intersect the creek which has been causing trouble lately, and will carry that water from the land. The new contract which is to be let shortly will extend the sewer to Thirty-third and Boyd, a distance of 4,400 feet from its present terminus. The estimated cost of this extension is about $50,000.

HYOMEI

Inhale It

FIVE MINUTES EVERY NOW AND THEN

WILL CURE A COUGH.

Ten minutes four times a day.

WILL CURE CATARRH.

Ten minutes every hour.

WILL CURE CONSUMPTION.

IT IS GUARANTEED.

Five Days' Treatment Sent Free.

on receipt of 2c. stamp for postage. Outfit complete, $1.00. Trial Outfit, 25c. Sold by all druggists or sent by mail.

THE R. T. BOOTH CO., Ithaca, N. Y.

REDUCTION IN GRAIN RATES

Recent Reductions of Missouri Pacific Forces Burlington to Similar Action.

NEBRASKA SHIPPERS ARE THE GAINERS

Tariffs on Wheat and Corn Lowered Five Cents and Three Cents Per One Hundred Pounds to Chicago and Mississippi River.

The recent action of the Missouri Pacific in reducing its proportional rates on grain to St. Louis for the purpose of protecting the interests of St. Louis as a distributing point against the invasions of Chicago has accomplished the desired result and there is now a noticeable increase in grain shipments destined to seaboard points for export via St. Louis.

This condition has been instrumental in a decided drop in grain rates from all Nebraska points, the Burlington has placed in effect radically reduced rates. On wheat shipments the former rate is reduced 5 cents per 100 pounds and corn 3 cents per 100 pounds. These rates apply on all shipments from Nebraska points destined either to Mississippi river points or Chicago.

Inasmuch as the Burlington has its own line both to Chicago and St. Louis it is stated that the reductions have not been made for the purpose of directing business to either one of these cities in preference to the other. The purpose of the new rates, officials assert, is to protect the freight traffic of the Burlington against the losses which seemed inevitable when the Missouri Pacific placed in effect lower rates on grain and which have been apparent to a decided extent. From points where the Missouri Pacific and Burlington are in competition the former line has been getting practically all the grain business since its reduced rates became effective, and to protect its interests at these points the Burlington necessarily had to reduce its grain tariffs from the entire state, in order to avoid the appearance of discrimination. The principal object, however, in the reductions just announced is to divide the grain business with the Missouri Pacific from competitive points.

Officials at Work in Wyoming.

LARAMIE, Wyo., March 12.—(Special.)—A party of Union Pacific officials has just returned from a wagon trip over the long proposed line from Tie Siding, Wyo., to La Porte, Colo., by way of Virginia Dale, Colo. It is reported here that the Union Pacific, owing to the reports that the Burlington has secured the right-of-way and will build a line across the state, paralleling the Union Pacific, is now making every effort to head off the Burlington, both as to the patronage of the various mining camps and agricultural settlements and the directness of a route from Omaha to Salt Lake City. The proposed line south from Tie Siding would give the Union Pacific a direct route from Denver west and by connecting with either the Kansas Pacific or the Julesburg branch would give the company a direct line from east to west.

A large party of surveyors is in the field in the vicinity of Sherman, but what is being done is not known. Officials are very secretive about the movements of this party, which leads to the belief that another route is being planned to cross the Sherman hill.

Revision of Southern Tariffs.

Notice has been received by the local railroad freight departments to the effect that the lines operating from New Orleans to this section, including the Illinois Central, have decided to adopt a revised tariff of freight rates.

In the past the class rates and commodity rates have been widely at variance and the latter, being lower, have been provided for the major portion of articles comprising shipments from that section. As a result the class rates have practically been a dead letter, valueless and an encumbrance to tariff sheets, thereby causing some confusion in computing rates. To simplify this the freight officials have adopted a new tariff, reducing the class rates to an equality with the existing commodity rates. When it becomes effective shipments will be billed at class intead of commodity rates, although there will be no particular change in the rates charged.

Promotion for Nutt.

Harry C. Nutt, for some years assistant superintendent of the Wyoming division of the Burlington, with headquarters at Sheridan, Wyo., has been appointed assistant superintendent of the Chicago, Burlington & Quincy at Burlington. While Mr. Nutt's title remains the same his transfer from the B. & M. to the parent branch of the system as assistant superintendent of one of the most important divisions is a promotion and a marked compliment to his abilities as an operating official. Mr. Nutt's successor at Sheridan has not yet been chosen.

Mr. Nutt has many friends in Omaha, who remember him as the son of Colonel H. C. Nutt, the man who operated the first steam ferry between Omaha and Council Bluffs and was later president of the Atlantic & Pacific railroad. Mr. Nutt, since his graduation from Yale Scientific school, has forged rapidly to the front in the railway world.

Railway Notes and Personals.

Assistant General Freight Agent J. S. Weitzell of the Illinois Central has returned from Chicago.

N. D. Tower of Cedar Rapids, Ia., traveling dairy representative of the American Refrigerator Transit company, is a visitor in the city.

H. B. Kooser, commercial agent at Salt Lake for the Missouri Pacific, stopped in Omaha yesterday while enroute to his home from an eastern visit.

Nebraska railroads have announced a rate of one fare for the round trip from any point in the state to Lincoln on account of the democratic, populist and silver republican state conventions to be held there March 19.

The new schedule on the Burlington whereby its time between Chicago and Denver is considerably lowered became effective Sunday. The Omaha trains affected are No. 6, the eastbound "Chicago Special," which passes through Omaha at 12:35 a. m. instead of 11:59 p. m., and No. 16, the new daylight express to Chicago, which leaves at 7:25 a. m. instead of 7:30.

Beginning yesterday the Omaha & St. Louis placed in operation on its "Cannonball Express" between Omaha and St. Louis a greatly improved buffet service, which will hereafter be under the supervision of the general passenger department. An elaborate meal, such as one usually finds on a well regulated diner, will be served in the buffet cars and the menus comprise the choicest of viands.

Passenger officials of the three railroads having headquarters in Omaha are in Chicago in attendance upon a mass-meeting of the Western Passenger association, called for the purpose of a general consideration of passenger affairs and more especially the adoption of the regular tariff from the Mississippi river to Portland instead of the colonist rates which have been in effect for some years.

A Most Excellent Remedy for Whooping Cough.

From Howard (S. D.) Democrat.

We had occasion to use Chamberlain's Cough Remedy in a recent case of whooping cough and found it a most excellent preparation, and one that gives the child immediate relief. Being pleasant to the taste, children do not object to taking it, and it keeps the cough loose. If given freely and as directed there is practically no danger whatever from the disease.

Fall May Prove Fatal.

Edward Thomas, a young man living south of Albright, was thrown from a milk wagon belonging to Hans Peterson at the Kendall crossing yesterday afternoon and seriously if not fatally injured. Thomas was driving into Albright and it seems failed to see an approaching train, which struck the wagon fairly and smashed it into a shapeless wreck. Dr. McCrann was called and had the young man conveyed to St. Joseph's hospital, where he was resting easily at a late hour last night.

NOTHING LIKE IT

Ever Before Known, A New Catarrh Cure which Accomplishes Marvelous Results.

AN INTERNAL REMEDY.

A Pleasant Tasting Tablet, Simple, Convenient. Cures Every Form of Catarrh.

RAPIDLY REPLACING THE OLD METHODS OF TREATMENT

Cures Catarrh of Head, Throat, Bronchial Tubes, Catarrh of Stomach and Catarrh Wherever Located.

A FEW FACTS

About the New Catarrh Cure.

The new Catarrh Cure is a new departure in so called catarrh cures, because it actually cures, and is not simply a temporary relief.

The new Catarrh Cure is not a salve, ointment, powder nor liquid, but a pleasant tasting tablet containing the best specifics for catarrh in a concentrated, convenient form.

The old style of catarrh salves and ointments are greasy, dirty and inconvenient at the best; the new preparation being in tablet form is always clean and convenient.

The new Catarrh Cure is superior to Catarrh powders because it is a notorious fact that many Catarrh powders contain cocaine.

The new Catarrh Cure is called Stuart's Catarrh Tablets, a wholesome combination of blood root, beachwood tar, guaiacol and other antiseptics, and cures by its action upon the blood and mucous membrane, the only rational treatment for catarrhal trouble.

You do not have to draw upon your imagination to discover whether you are getting benefit from Stuart's Catarrh Tablets; improvements and relief are apparent from the first tablet taken.

All druggists sell and recommend them. They cost but 50 cents for full sized packages, and any catarrh sufferer who has wasted time and money on sprays, salves and powders, will appreciate to the full the merit of Stuart's Catarrh Tablets.

YOU CAN CURE IT.

A New Cure for Catarrh in Tablet Form.

The old time treatment for catarrh was in the form of douches or sprays; later on, internal remedies were given with greater success, but being in liquid or powdered form were inconvenient and were open to the same objection to all liquid remedies, that is, that they lose whatever medicinal power they may have had on exposure to the air.

The tablet is the ideal form in which to administer medication, but until recently no successful catarrh tablet had ever been attempted.

At this writing, however, a most excellent and palatable remedy for catarrh has been placed before the public and sold by druggists, called Stuart's Catarrh Tablets, composed of the most recent discoveries in medicine for the cure of catarrh, and results from their use have been highly gratifying.

Stuart's Catarrh Tablets contain principally highly concentrated antiseptics, which kill the catarrh germs in the blood and mucous membranes, and in this respect are strictly scientific and modern, as it has been known for some years past by the ablest physicians that the most successful catarrh treatment was by inhaling or spraying antiseptics.

The use of inhalers, douches and sprays, however, is a nuisance and inconvenience, and moreover can in no wise compare with the same remedies given in tablet form, either in efficacy or convenience.

A clerk in a prominent insurance office in Pittsburg relates his experience with Stuart's Catarrh Tablets in a few words but to the point. He says: "Catarrh has been almost constantly with me for eight years; in this climate it seems impossible to get rid of it. I awoke every morning stuffed up and for the first half hour it was cough, gag, expectorate and sneeze before I could square myself for my day's work; no appetite and a foul breath which annoyed me exceedingly.

"I used Stuart's Catarrh Tablets for two months and found them not only pleasant to take, but they did the business, and I can sincerely recommend them to all catarrh sufferers."

A LIFE COMPANION

And a Very Undesirable One.

With thousands of people in this climate, catarrh is a constant and life long companion; it gets better at times, but each year becomes gradually deeper seated and after a time the individual resigns himself to it as a necessary evil.

Catarrh cures are almost as numerous as catarrh sufferers, but are nearly all so inconvenient and ineffective as to render their use a nuisance nearly as annoying as catarrh itself.

It would seem at first glance that catarrh being a disease of the mucous membrane that salves, sprays, etc., being applied directly to the membranes would be the most rational method, but this has proven not to be true.

The mucous membrane is made and repaired from the blood and catarrh is a blood disorder, and a remedy to be permanent must act on the blood and when purified from Catarrhal poison the secretions from the mucous membrane will become natural and healthy.

There are a number of excellent internal remedies for catarrh, but probably the best and certainly the safest is a new remedy composed of Eucalyptol, Hydrastis, Sanguinaria and other catarrh specifics. This remedy is in tablet form, pleasant to the taste and sold by druggists under name of Stuart's Catarrh Tablets and anyone suffering from catarrh may use these tablets with absolute assurance that they contain no cocaine nor poisonous minerals whatever.

A leading druggist in Cleveland, speaking of catarrh cures, says: "I have sold various catarrh cures for years, but have never sold any which gave such general satisfaction as Stuart's Catarrh Tablets. They contain in a pleasant concentrated form all the best and latest catarrh remedies, and catarrh sufferers who have used douches, sprays and salves, have been astonished at the quick relief and permanent results obtained after a week's use of Stuart's Catarrh Tablets."

Druggists sell Stuart's Catarrh Tablets at fifty cents for full sized packages. Ask your druggist and if he is honest he will tell you there is no safer, more palatable, more efficient and convenient remedy on the market.

IT IS IMPORTANT

To Know What You are Taking When Using Catarrh Medicines.

Catarrh is the short route to consumption, and the importance of early and judicious treatment of catarrh, whether located in the head, throat or bronchial tubes, cannot be too strongly emphasized.

The list of catarrh cures is as long as the moral law and the forms in which they are administered, numerous and confusing, from sprays, inhalers, washes, ointments, and salves to powders, liquids and tablets.

The tablet form is undoubtedly the most convenient and most effective, but with nearly all advertised catarrh remedies it is almost entirely a matter of guess work as to what you are taking into your system, as the proprietors, while making all sorts of claims as to what their medicines will do, always keep it a close secret as to what they are.

The success and popularity of the new catarrh cure, Stuart's Catarrh Tablets, is largely because it not only cures catarrh but because catarrh sufferers who use these tablets know what they are taking into their systems. Stuart's Catarrh Tablets, being composed of Eucolyptol, Hydrastin, Guaiacol and similar valuable and antiseptic ingredients, are pleasant to the taste and being dissolved in the mouth they take immediate effect upon the mucous lining of the throat, nasal passages and whole respiratory tract.

The cures that Stuart's Catarrh Tablets have accomplished in old chronic cases of catarrh are little short of remarkable, and the advantage of knowing what you are putting into your stomach is of paramount importance when it is remembered that the cocaine or morphine habit has been frequently contracted as the result of using secret catarrh remedies.

Stuart's Catarrh Tablets meet with cordial approval from physicians, because their antiseptic character render them perfectly safe for the general public to use and their composition makes them a common sense cure for all forms of catarrhal troubles.

A DAILY NUISANCE.

A Simple Remedy Which Will Interest Catarrh Suffers.

In its early stages catarrh is more of a nuisance than a menace to the general health, but sooner or later the disease extends to the throat, bronchial tubes and even to the stomach and intestines.

Catarrh is essentially a disease of the mucous membrane, the local symptoms being a profuse discharge of mucus, stoppage of the nostrils, irritation in throat, causing coughing, sneezing, gagging and frequent clearings of the throat and head.

The usual treatment by local douches snuffs, salves, etc., often gives temporary relief, but anything like a cure can only be obtained by a treatment which removes the catarrhal taint from the blood and the disappearance of the inflammation from the mucous surfaces.

A new remedy which meets these requirements and which so far has been remarkably successful in curing catarrh is Stuart's Catarrh Tablets.

These tablets act upon the blood and mucous membranes only. They can hardly be called a secret patent medicine as they are composed of such valuable remedies as Sanguinaria, Hydrastin, Eucalyptol and similar cleansing antiseptics, which cure by eliminating from the blood and mucous surfaces the catarrhal poison.

Stuart's Catarrh Tablets are large, pleasant tasting lozenges taken internally, allowing them to dissolve slowly in the mouth; in this way they reach the throat, fauces and the entire alimentary canal.

If desired, they may also be dissolved in water and used as a douche, in addition to the internal use, but it is not at all necessary to use a douche; a few of them dissolved in the mouth daily will be sufficient.

HAVE YOU ANY OF THESE

Symptoms of a Very Common Trouble?

There is no disease so common in the United States as catarrh, because it appears in so many forms and attacks so many different organs.

It is a common mistake to suppose that catarrh is confined to the nose and throat. Any inflammation of the mucous membrane wherever located accompanied by abnormal secretions, is catarrh. Catarrh of stomach or bladder, or intestines is nearly as common as nasal catarrh and much more serious although it is true that stomach catarrh and catarrh of other internal organs is the result of neglected nasal catarrh.

A new remedy has recently appeared which so far as tested seems to be remarkably effective in promptly curing catarrh, wherever located. The preparation is sold by druggists generally under name of Stuart's Catarrh Tablets, and in addition to being very palatable and convenient, possesses extraordinary merit, in many cases giving immediate relief from the coughing, hawking and constant clearing of the throat and head, those symptoms with which everyone is familiar who has ever suffered from colds in the head and throat.

Catarrh is simply a continuation of these symptoms until