PART I.

THE OMAHA SUNDAY BEE.

PAGES 1 TO 10.

ESTABLISHED JUNE 19, 1871. OMAHA, SUNDAY MORNING, DECEMBER 1, 1901—TWENTY-SIX PAGES. SINGLE COPY FIVE CENTS.

NEW HOTEL IN VIEW

Omaha is Again Promised a Fireproof Modern Hostelry.

DEANS OF KANSAS CITY TO MANAGE IT

Look Over the City, but Find No Suitable Building.

P. E. ILER WILL BUILD THE STRUCTURE

Agrees to Erect Any Sort of Structure the Lessees Ask.

TEN STORIES IS THE LIMIT TALKED OF

At Least Two Years Will Be Required to Get the Place Ready for Occupancy After the Work Has Commenced.

A ten-story fire-proof hotel, modern in every respect, is among the things which will be built in Omaha within the next two years, or practically as soon as such a building can be constructed.

D. J. and A. J. Dean of Kansas City, managers of the Baltimore hotel in that city, the Metropole at St. Joseph and a number of other hotels in the west and southwest, were in the city Friday and inspected several hotel buildings with a view of leasing one of them for a hotel of the class of the Baltimore to be opened here. After looking over the various buildings, they came to the conclusion that none would suit their purpose and then, at the suggestion of an Omaha acquaintance, they called upon P. E. Iler, owner of a piece of ground 132 feet square at the corner of Sixteenth and Howard streets, on which are located three buildings, including the main portion of the Iler Grand hotel. They asked Mr. Iler if, in consideration of a long lease, he would consent to build such a building as they might require. He replied that they could have any sort of a building they wanted if they wanted it long enough to make it a paying investment.

Tacit Agreement Reached.

The question was discussed by the interested parties and while no contract was signed it was tacitly understood that a contract would be entered into as soon as certain preliminaries can be arranged.

If the plans are carried out Mr. Iler will demolish the building sixty-six feet square at the corner of Sixteenth and Howard streets and erect a fireproof building not less than eight stories high and probably ten stories, on the ground. This building will be connected with the newer portion of the Iler Grand building on the south, which is now fireproof, and with the building recently purchased from the Barker estate on the east. This building will be raised one story to make it conform with the height of the present Iler Grand building, and it will be made practically fireproof. It is already mill construction, but the floors will be removed and between the floor and the ceiling below will be placed fireproof material and all walls will be protected in like manner.

Speaking of the matter Saturday evening Mr. Iler said: "It is possible that the Deans may not lease my building, but they assured me that they would locate in Omaha at any rate, and that none of the other buildings suited them.

Others Figure on Hotel.

"It is also practically certain that if I do not prepare the building for them I will for some other persons. The company which operates the Auditorium hotel in Chicago and a hotel man from New York are in correspondence with me and may come to Omaha at any time to look over the ground. I rather like the Dean proposition, as I know them to be successful hotel men, and while the others are equally successful, the Kansas City men have had experience in the west."

Rome Miller, proprietor of the Iler Grand hotel, has a lease on the building at the corner of Sixteenth and Howard streets, extending to the alley south of Howard. He has also leased the Schlitz building and the old Brunswick hotel building, and has added them to the Iler Grand. The lease on the buildings owned by P. E. Iler has three years yet to run, and, according to Mr. Iler, it will take two years to make the changes required if any of the parties mentioned take the buildings.

FOR NEW COURT OF CLAIMS

Compromise Measure is Presented at Mexico City by United States Delegate.

CITY OF MEXICO, Nov. 30.—A compromise measure for the court of claims was presented today to the court of claims of the Pan-American conference at the suggestion of John Barrett of the United States delegation.

The project provides, like its predecessors, for the appointment by each of the contracting states of three jurists of recognized authority in matters of international law to serve as members of the court and from among their number, when a claim arises, each contending party shall appoint one and the two parties together shall by common accord appoint a third, who is to preside over the court which wll adjudicate their claim.

The members of the court must not be citizens of the contending states. Restrictive stipulations were introduced at the instance of Chili and to some extent by Mexico.

SLAUGHTER OF ROYAL GAME

Pheasants Fall by Thousands in Bradley Martin's Five-Day Shoot.

(Copyright, 1901, by Press Publishing Co.)
EDINBURGH, Nov. 30.—(New York World Cablegram — Special Telegram.) — Bradley Martin's shoot at Balmacaan was a huge success. The sport was excellent. In five days 5,504 head of game was slaughtered, the best day yielding 1,236 pheasants and more than 1,000 rabbits.

THOMAS ALEXANDER ARRESTED

Prominent Missouri Stockman Said to Be Leading Spirit in Cattle Stealing.

ST. JOSEPH, Mo., Nov. 30.—The arrest of Thomas Alexander, a prominent stockman of Holt county, caused a great sensation today because of the charges. Alexander is alleged to have been the leading spirit in wholesale cattle thieving in northern Missouri. He was held in $5,000 bonds, which he promptly furnished.

MISSION OF IRISH PARTY

Just as Potent Today as Land League Was in Its Greatest Days.

(Copyright, 1901, by Press Publishing Co.)
LONDON, Nov. 30.—(New York World Cablegram—Special Telegram.)—The mission of Redmond, McHugh and O'Donnell to the United States in behalf of the Irish party has been almost entirely ignored by the English press, their reception by President Roosevelt being mentioned in two lines. The only extended reference to their visit took the form of an apparently officially inspired paragraph predicting that the mission will be an utter failure.

The Irish situation is causing intense uneasiness to the British government, as the United Irish league is just as potent as the Land league was in its greatest days. But there is no crime to afford a pretext for enforcing the coercion act, the people having taken the advice of their leaders to avoid anything of that kind.

In Great Britain, too, the league has just demonstrated its strength at Dewsbury, where an important parliamentary election is pending and the Irish vote is considerable. The local branch of the league obtained from Runciman, liberal-imperialist candidate, every required pledge on the Irish question, even in direct antagonism to the recent apostasies of his leaders.

Princess Adolph de Wrede, a Hungarian woman married to a Bavarian prince, made her debut on the London concert platform in Queen's hall this week. Her voice is of uneven quality, but she uses it with considerable taste. Her singing of four songs by Schumann was altogether charming. The princess is fascinating personally. She is separated from her husband, who appears to have treated her harshly. She is engaged for a tour of the United States.

Roosevelt on Political Integrity.

President Roosevelt, writing on "Political Integrity," in the new Liberal Review, takes on the whole a hopeful view, saying: "We have lived 1,900 years in the Christian era and as yet we have to make progress step by step with infinite pains and infinite labor. In spite of halting and shortcomings we have been striving onward and upward. And as we have made progress in the past, so shall we make progress in the future. You will not find any royal road in patent legislation or in curious schemes by which everybody gets virtuous and happy. Not a bit of it.

"We are going ahead, I trust, a little faster than in the past, but only a little faster. We hope to keep going forward, but by steps, not by bounds. We must keep our eyes on the stars, but we must also remember that our feet are on the ground. When you get a man who tries to make you think anything else, he is either visionary or a demagogue, and in either event he is an unsafe leader."

Disputing the Duchess.

Humphrey Ward's unqualified acceptance in the Times of J. Pierpont Morgan's "Lost Duchess" as a genuine Gainsborough has drawn a severe retort from a no less distinguished art critic than the one in the Athenaeum, who says: "To say that Gainsborough never saw the canvas is perhaps going rather far. The painting of the headdress and some of the drapery has something so like his touch that if it is not by him we are willingly deceived. But that he saw the face in its present condition would require more documentary evidence to prove than many miracles. No, these heavy, clumsily drawn eyes, this wooden, unmodulated cheek and hard, insensitive mouth, with its two or three hatchet strokes at one corner, which seem to have no object except as a caricatured reminiscence of Gainsborough's handling, are so many signatures of the man, whoever he was, who visited the canvas after Gainsborough left it."

SPREAD OF THE PESTILENCE

Laxness of Vaccination the Past Three Years Blamed for Spread of Smallpox.

(Copyright, 1901, by Press Publishing Co.)
LONDON, Nov. 30.—(New York World Cablegram—Special Telegram.)—Mrs. Langtry is among the victims of vaccination, which is now the vogue among the fashionable women. The virus flew to her throat, producing acute inflammation of the vocal chords, which still prevents her acting. Ada Reeve, now playing in "Santos," was vaccinated six months ago while traveling in Australia, but her arm is still bad, despite every expedient.

The pretty bow of red ribbon, indicating recent inoculation, is now seen on the arm of every third woman in the West End, as smallpox is slowly but steadily increasing its hold, both in numbers and area affected.

The spread of this pestilence is attributed to the lax ideas about vaccination, caused by the legislation adopted by the present government three years ago, when the system of universal compulsion was modified, exempting the children of any parent who declared before a magistrate that he or she "conscientiously objected" to vaccination. In districts where the exemption is most freely availed of the disease is maintaining its firmest grip.

ODD SOUPS AND NEW SAUCES

Feminine Song Composer Astonishes Paris by Her Excellent Culinary Talent.

(Copyright, 1901, by Press Publishing Co.)
PARIS, Nov. 30.—(New York World Cablegram—Special Telegram.)—The beauty and musical talent of Mme. Signe Lund Skabo, native of Norway, have taken Paris by storm. The Temps pronounces her "the most interesting composer of the younger Scandinavian school." Her sister, Miss Lund, professor of vocal music in Syracuse university, is already famous in America.

Mme. Skabo's first compositions, published early in her teens, immediately attracted the attention of Edward Grieg, and at his instance she went to Berlin and Paris, where her compositions have caused a furore.

She is fond of society, as is every beautiful woman, but she has a hobby that her friends have reason to appreciate, and that is a love for concocting novel soups and new dressings for fish, flesh and fowl.

PLAYWRIGHT IS PARALYZED

Henrik Posen, Poet of Norway, Realizes that His Condition is Hopeless.

(Copyright, 1901, by Press Publishing Co.)
COPENHAGEN, Nov. 30.—(New York World Cablegram — Special Telegram.)—Henrik Posen, famous Norwegian playwright and poet, is no longer able to walk and is shattered in both mind and body. His physicians will not permit him to do any work and have no hope of his recovery. A friend of the celebrated dramatist says that Posen knows his condition is hopeless.

WEST POINTERS WIN

President Roosevelt an Excited Spectator at Army and Navy Battle.

GREATEST EVENT IN FOOT BALL HISTORY

Besides the President, Cabinet Officers and Other Notables Attend.

VAST OVATION TO CHIEF MAGISTRATE

From Start to Finish Game is Soul Stirring and Undetermined.

ANNAPOLIS GAINS THE CHOICE OF GOALS

Navy Outplays and Outgenerals the Army and but for Daly's Phenomenal Work Would Be the Victor.

West Point 11, Annapolis 5.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 30.—Probably the most distinguished gathering that ever witnessed a foot ball contest in this country and admittedly the greatest crowd that ever entered the gates of Franklin field saw West Point defeat Annapolis this afternoon, 11 to 5.

From the moment that President Roosevelt and his party entered the great amphitheater until half an hour after the timekeeper had blown his whistle announcing the cessation of hostilities there was a continuous uproar, which has probably never taken place on any foot ball field in the country. Even the president and several members of his cabinet, worked up to a nervous pitch by the excitement, left their seats in the private box set apart for their occupation and took positions in the side-line benches, which are generally used for substitute players and coaches. There was not a seat unoccupied and hundreds stood around the field through the entire game.

The day broke cloudy and threatening, but just about the time that the presidential train pulled into the city the sun broke through the clouds, as though to witness the distinguished guests. The train bearing the president and the members of the cabinet reached South street station a few minutes after 10 o'clock. A luncheon was served on the private dining car and the party at 1:45 started for Franklin field, which is but a few yards from the station. Two lines of police had been drawn up on the sidewalk and the president and his party marched to the entrance of the grounds under their escort.

Applause for the President.

The members of the party entered the grounds at the eastern entrance. First came the president, with Provost Harrison of the University of Pennsylvania on his right and Lieutenant Commander Cowles on his left. They were followed closely by half a dozen Philadelphia detectives, Chief Wilkie and several other secret service men, selected for the occasion; Secretary Long, Secretary Root, Postmaster General Smith, Secretaries Cortelyou and Loeb and many army and navy officers. Admiral Dewey had slipped into the grounds almost unnoticed and had taken a seat in the navy stand. The president's appearance was the signal for a tremendous outburst of applause, which continued until he walked down the center of the gridiron and across the field to his seat in the north stand.

The president's silk hat was hardly on his head five seconds from the time he entered the gates until he reached his seat.

Hardly had the president been seated when the navy team entered the grounds. The followers of Annapolis made the grounds shake with cheers and blue and orange flags seemed to be flating everywhere.

Six minutes later the West Point boys trotted out and then the black, orange and gray of the army was waved deliriously from the big south stand.

Navy Wins the Toss.

No time was consumed in formalities. The coin was tossed and Captain Nicols of the navy called the turn correctly. He chose the west goal, with a slight advantage of the wind, and at 2:15 Graves had kicked off in the game that was to make foot ball history.

From the moment the ball was put into play until the time the timekeeper's whistle blew there was no more interested spectator of the game than President Roosevelt. The game had been in progress less than ten minutes when he left his seat in the private box and took up his position on the side-line bench. When Cassad broke through the navy's line and ran sixty-five yards the president arose to his feet excitedly and advanced toward the gridiron, but returned to his seat a moment later, when the ball was put in play again. At the end of the first half Secretary Root and General Miles came across the field to escort the president to the army's stand. With Secretary Long and a detective on his right and Secretary Cortelyou, Lieutenant Commander Wainwright and Secretary Root on his left, President Roosevelt walked across to the south stand and again occupied a seat on the side line. When the two teams resumed play, at 3:28, Daly of the army's team made his great run of 105 yards for a touchdown.

President Gets Excited.

President Roosevelt jumped to his feet with an expression of surprise on his face and, like thousands of other spectators, could scarcely realize what a remarkable piece of foot ball mechanism Daly really is that he could make such a phenomenal run through an entire field.

The keenest interest was manifested by all the distinguished spectators and not one made a move to leave the field until the game was ended.

The presidential party left the grounds at 4:30 and went immediately to the South Street station siding, where the special train was in waiting. It was precisely 5 o'clock when the train pulled out for Washington. President Roosevelt stood on the rear platform with bared head and smiled his acknowledgments to the cheering thousands.

There was an element of luck in the victory of the West Point eleven. They were outplayed by the Annapolis team in both halves, but it was a case of too much Daly.

Daly Saves His Team.

This great little quarterback ran the army team with rare judgment and, besides making the entire eleven points for his team, prevented at least two touchdowns by the most brilliant tackling ever seen on Franklin field. Twice navy runners cleared all of the West Point team with the exception

(Continued on Ninth Page.)

MYSTICISM VEXES THE KAISER

Strange Religious Movements in Court Circles Rouse the Emperor's Indignation.

(Copyright, 1901, by Press Publishing Co.)
BERLIN, Nov. 30.—(New York World Cablegram—Special Telegram.)—The kaiser is highly indignant at what he terms the "foolish pranks" which are being practiced in the highest court circles in Berlin in connection with a strange, new, mystical, religious movement. Highly placed gentlemen and court functionaries are hard at work studying the literature, spiritualism and cognate forms of faith. Christian Science also is much in vogue.

Frau Rothe, a so-called prophetess, is in great demand for seances. She performs a clever sleight-of-hand trick, by means of which she causes flowers to appear mysteriously on a table.

Another queer branch of the movement in Prussian aristocracy is the forming of prayer circles. The object of these circles is to pray for the health, wealth and outward estate of members. The prayers are confined to the affairs of the circles to which the praying members belong. When anything has happened to one member the whole circle meets for prayer on that particular matter.

Chancellor Von Buelow's promise to make a counter-statement to British Colonial Secretary Chamberlain's charge against the German army has momentarily stilled the anti-English agitation, but gross caricatures of the English are still published.

Today the Ulk has one entitled "Preparing for the Coronation," which represents King Edward, his hands smeared with blood, anxiously trying to clean a crown, also dyed red. In front of the king is a vessel marked "Boer blood." Lying beside him is the prayer book, also spotted with blood. The Ulk is not alone. No such attacks would be permitted on any other European sovereign, but the kaiser evidently fears the consequences of attempting to shield his uncle from them.

THREE AMERICAN BRIDEMAIDS

Smartest of Their Set to Attend Miss Helyar, Daughter of Lady Saville.

(Copyright, 1901, by Press Publishing Co.)
LONDON, Nov. 30.—(New York World Cablegram — Special Telegram.) — Miss Eloise Breese, daughter of Mrs. Harry Higgins, with Miss Cavendish Bettinck and Miss Jefferson, three girls with American mothers, will be among the bridemaids at the wedding of Miss Helyar, daughter of Lady Saville. The ten bridemaids include the smartest young women in society, among them being Muriel Wilson, Lady Lettice Grosvenor, Lady Mabel Crickton and Lady Lowther.

Horace Plunkett, vice president of the Irish Board of Agriculture, who was defeated for Parliament by Colonel Lynch in the Galway election, sailed on the steamship Oceanic Wednesday for New York. Among his fellow passengers is Gilbert Parker, M. P., novelist. Plunkett is going to visit his ranch in Dakota.

Ivor Churchill Guest, eldest son of wealthy Lord Wimborn, whose attachment last season to Mrs. Langtry's handsome daughter caused consternation in the Churchill family, to which his mother belongs, is to be married after all to Miss Grosvenor, daughter of Lord Ebury.

DROWNS HIMSELF IN SPIRITS

Cashier of Distillery Finds a Way to Revenge Himself on His Employer.

(Copyright, 1901, by Press Publishing Co.)
BUDA PESTH, Hungary, Nov. 30.—(New York World Cablegram—Special Telegram.)—The cashier of a large alcohol distillery here was dismissed recently for misappropriating his employer's money. He swore he was innocent and said he would be revenged.

For some days he could not be found, but at last his body was discovered in an enormous vat of spirits containing 200,000 gallons. As the body had been there several days the manufacturer was obliged to sacrifice the contents of the vat, as the spirits could not be disposed of for drinking purposes. The loss almost bankrupted the suicide's employer.

IRISH ELEMENT IN AMERICA

Pope Declares it to Be a Cause of This People's Vitality and Greatness.

(Copyright, 1901, by Press Publishing Co.)
ROME, Nov. 30.—(New York World Cablegram—Special Telegram.)—The pope at a special audience granted to Dr. William Murphy, rector of the Irish college, and a delegation of students, extolled the fidelity of Catholic Ireland and of Irishmen all over the world to the holy see. He spoke of the Irish party's mission now in the United States and expressed satisfaction at the friendly reception granted by President Roosevelt to its members. He remarked that the Irish element is one of the causes of America's vitality and greatness.

The pontiff closed the audience by bestowing the apostolic benediction on all Irishmen in the old country and in the new world.

MARRIES POOR JANITOR'S SON

Countess Has Money from Husband Who Divorced Her for Loving an Athlete.

(Copyright, 1901, by Press Publishing Co.)
VIENNA, Nov. 30.—(New York World Cablegram — Special Telegram.)—Countess Taafe, a member of one of the proudest of Austria's aristocratic families, has just caused a tremendous sensation by marrying Dr. Julius Feldman, son of a poor janitor here. As the wife of Count Taafe she fell in love with a Vienna physician who was a man of herculean proportions, with a magnificent black beard and extraordinarily brilliant eyes. The count promptly divorced her, flung $200,000 at her and began a long journey in the Orient. The countess is a lovely little blonde woman, the daughter of an ancient Bohemian.

MORGAN'S EYE ON PYRAMIDS

Army of Occupation Will Seek to Prevent Him from Syndicating Sphinx.

(Copyright, 1901, by Press Publishing Co.)
CAIRO, Egypt, Nov. 30.—(New York World Cablegram—Special Telegram.)—"J. Pierpont Morgan is coming to Cairo soon," observes the Sphinx, newspaper, "and he is not coming for his health. The army of occupation will repulse any attempt to remove the pyramids and the sphinx, and the dogs of the Abbas Sikh fox hunt are being trained as sleuthhounds to track Mr. Morgan's secret agents."

CHAIR IS HENDERSON'S

Republicans of the House Organize by Re-Electing Former Speaker.

ENTIRE STAFF OF OLD OFFICERS CHOSEN

Cannon of Illinois Presides and Lacey Makes the Nomination Speech.

SPEAKER DISCUSSES IMPORTANT TOPICS

Urges Prompt and Regular Attendance as an Essential Duty.

HEPBURN OFFERS AMENDMENT TO RULES

Believes Present System Makes Speaker's Latitude Too Wide, but is Opposed in This by Dalzell of Pennsylvania.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 30.—The caucus of the republican members of the house was held in the hall of representatives this afternoon and lasted about three hours. Speaker Henderson and the old officers of the house were made the unanimous choice of the caucus and the major portion of the time was devoted to an effort, led by Representative Hepburn of Iowa, to effect some changes in the rules of the last house. Mr. Hepburn has made a similar fight for the liberalizing of the rules at the opening of each congress for a number of years, but without success, and today he was again unsuccessful.

Mr. Cannon of Illinois presided over the deliberations of the caucus and Mr. Loudenslager of New Jersey acted as secretary. There were 163 of the 198 republican members of the house present. Mr. Lacey of Iowa placed General Henderson in nomination for speaker and he was unanimously chosen as the candidate for the caucus. He was escorted to the chair by a committee, consisting of Mr. Payne of New York, Mr. Tawney of Minnesota and Mr. Lacey of Iowa. In response to a very enthusiastic reception Mr. Henderson addressed the members of the caucus as follows:

Speaker Henderson's Address.

Mr. Chairman and Gentlemen of the House of Representatives: To be called by your command a second time to the highest office which under the constitution it will be possible for me to occupy is an honor which words will not enable me to bear testimony to sufficiently.

To the old members who have served with me for years and when acting in the capacity of the presiding officer, I must express my most grateful appreciation of the confidence you have placed in me and the unbroken influence, without any effort on my part, to bring me again to the chair of this house, and to the new members who acquiesced in what seems to be the sentiment of the old members and of the country, I want to express my grateful thanks.

The duties before us in this congress will be onerous ones. The republican party never stands still, but keeps at work. The last congress, which started in with thirteen majority, has been so far approved that the republican party has again been put in control, starting in with thirty-nine majority. This shows the appreciation of the American people and is a tribute to the wisdom of the last congress.

Grave Problems Ahead.

We are confronted now with work which will affect the minds of the people at the elections next year. Every republican will be upon his mettle. We will expect the same from the opposition. There is always more activity at every congress preceding a congressional election than at any other time. We will require all of the wisdom we possess and all of the patriotism, for we have a great danger to confront us continually, and that is the surplus in the treasury. I appeal to my colleagues, republicans to keep in mind that this is a danger and if we can be wise in the presence of that danger we will find approval from the American people. The American people do not expect any niggardliness from the treatment of the matters that they require. I do not counsel that, but I counsel that conservative consideration of every question which should be observed at all times without reference to the $100,000,000 that we are soon to have.

Urges Faithful Attendance.

One thing more. In the last congress, with our smaller majority at a caucus like this, I appealed to the members to be on hand at the sessions of the house. The man who is most faithful in his place during the sessions will find in the long run that his constituents will be most faithful to him, and do not think that with the larger majority we can afford to be absent from our places. I don't ask for caucus expressions on this subject, but I appeal to every member present that this is important to each member of the house. The people of the country have put the republicans in control of this house. They expect much from us, and if we can sink locality for country we will find approval when we go back to meet our constituencies. I, therefore, appeal for wisdom and for work and for the constant presence of the members of the republican party. Remember that this is the place after the hour of meeting each day.

Gentlemen, with a full and grateful heart, I thank you for this manifestation of your confidence and whether I am successful or not will depend upon your feeling free to give me your counsel, each and all, and give to the country that support which every true soldier should give to his flag. I thank you.

All Old Officers Chosen.

Mr. Sherman of New York then offered an omnibus resolution for the re-election of old officers of the old house: Alexander McDowell of Pennsylvania as clerk, Henry Casson of Wisconsin as sergeant-at-arms, W. J. Glenn of New York as doorkeeper, Joseph C. McElroy of Ohio as postmaster and Henry N. Couden of Michigan as chaplain.

This resolution also was unanimously adopted.

Mr. Hepburn's effort to secure a modification of the rules followed. Mr. Dalzell of Pennsylvania offered a resolution for the adoption of the old rules, with certain prescribed changes, which, however, did not alter the operation of the rules themselves. His resolution was as follows:

Resolved, That the rules of the house of representatives of the Fifty-sixth congress be adopted as the rules of the house of representatives of the Fifty-seventh congress, with the following modifications:

Change in the Rules.

First—That the special orders of March 8 and 14, 1900, providing a method for the consideration of pension claims and other private bills shall be continued during the Fifty-seventh congress.

Second—That the place of the select committee on the twelfth census of the rules of the Fifty-sixth congress shall be filled in the rules of the Fifty-seventh congress by a standing committee to consist of thirteen members and have jurisdiction of all proposed legislation concerning the census and the apportionment.

Resolved, further, That there shall be appointed to serve during the Fifty-seventh congress a select committee on industrial arts and expositions to consist of nine members, which shall have jurisdiction of all matters except those relating to the revenue and appropriations referring to the centennial of the Louisiana Purchase and proposed expositions.

Resolved, further, That the select committee on the constitution and disposition of documents of the Fifty-sixth congress shall be continued as a select committee in the Fifty-seventh congress.

Hepburn Offers Amendment.

Mr. Hepburn immediately offered an amendment providing that the rules should

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THE BEE BULLETIN.

Forecast for Nebraska—Fair Sunday and Monday; Northerly Winds.

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1 New Hotel Project for Omaha.
Army Defeats Navy at Foot Ball.
Henderson Named Speaker Again.
Lives Lost in Steamer Collision.
2 American Mediation in Boer War.
France Suspects Our Canal Plans.
3 Nebraska's New Quarantine Rules.
United Workmen Ordered to Buy.
4 South Omaha Needs Extra Session.
5 Honors to Colombian General.
Alaska Has Its Advantages.
Woman's Club and Charity Work.
6 Democrats Have Their Caucus.
New Governor for Oklahoma.
7 Omaha Police Hunt for Murderer.
Mrs. Bonine's Defense Comes Next.
8 Council Bluffs Insurance Warfare.
9 Iowa Plans Permanent Camp.
New Base Ball League Starts Fans.
12 Amusements Past and to Come.
13 Busy Week in Omaha Society.
14 Editorial and Comment.
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16 Union Pacific Shops Are a Fixture.
Music from an Omaha Viewpoint.
17 Foot Ball Prospects Next Season.
18 Life of the Bulgarian Brigands.
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19 In Omaha to Get an Education.
Lull in the Railroad Warfare.
Babe in Oven Burns to Crisp.
20 Woman: Her Ways and Whims.
21 "No Other Way," by Walter Besant.
25 Condition of Business in Omaha.
Commercial and Financial Matters

Temperature at Omaha Yesterday:

Hour.	Deg.	Hour.	Deg.
5 a. m.	41	10 a. m.	48
6 a. m.	41	11 a. m.	50
7 a. m.	41	12 m.	56
8 a. m.	42	1 p. m.	59
9 a. m.	43	2 p. m.	61
		3 p. m.	62

THOMPSON CALLS ON DIETRICH

On His Way to Mexico He Stops Off to Discuss Nebraska Affairs.

(From a Staff Correspondent.)
WASHINGTON, Nov. 30.—(Special Telegram.)—D. E. Thompson of Lincoln arrived in Washington last night. Today he was in conference with Senator Dietrich over matters of policy connected with the Nebraska situation. Mr. Thompson is on his way to Mexico.

An agreement was reached today by both the Nebraska senators and Representative Burkett to appoint Ed Sizer to the postmastership at Lincoln and was accomplished without friction. In fact, the whole question was settled over the luncheon table and after the subject of a successor to H. M. Bushnell had been agreed upon the senators and representative from the Lincoln district united in a request to the president to appoint Mr. Sizer.

Judge Neville of the Sixth Nebraska district arrived from Hot Springs, Va., today and took up his headquarters at the National.

Reserve agents were approved today as follows: Iowa National bank of Des Moines, Merchants' National of Chicago and Western National of New York, for Osceola National of Osceola, Ia.; National Shawmut bank of Boston, for First National of Burlington, Ia.

The postoffice at Genet, Custer county, Neb., has been ordered discontinued.

Verba N. H. Jackson of Omaha was today appointed a special laborer in the navy yards at Puget sound.

Dr. J. S. Butler was today appointed pension examining surgeon at Superior, Neb.

GOVERNOR'S NEW SECRETARY

R. J. Clancey of Omaha Succeeds H. C. Lindsay to the Position.

LINCOLN, Nov. 30.—(Special.)—At the close of business today Governor Savage accepted the resignation of H. C. Lindsay as private secretary and appointed R. J. Clancey to that position. Mr. Clancey was chief clerk and his promotion caused a vacancy in that office, which was filled by the promotion of Recording Clerk Husted to the chief clerkship. These appointments take effect at once.

Mr. Clancey, the new secretary, is a resident of Omaha and is widely known in newspaper circles. Mr. Husted was a former business man of Syracuse and is a man of wide business experience. The former private secretary is chairman of the republican state central committee and it is reported that he decided to resign because of the fact that the duties of chairman required more time than he could devote without neglecting his official duties.

Clancey and Lindsay were originally appointed to their respective positions by Governor Dietrich and were holdovers from his administration.

PRISON LIFE FOR AGUINALDO

Insurgent Leader, Suspected of Treasonable Conduct, May Land in Leavenworth.

LEAVENWORTH, Kan., Nov. 30.—A letter received at Fort Leavenworth says General Chaffee has recommended that Aguinaldo be brought to this country. It is said he has been detected in carrying on treasonable correspondence and trying to stir up strife. Aguinaldo is a close captive, but advices received here say Chaffee believes the leader's presence in the islands is responsible for the insurgents' recent activity.

It is said that correspondence of Aguinaldo of a treasonable nature has been detected and that he will probably be tried and brought over here under a sentence ranging from two to three years.

Movements of Ocean Vessels Nov. 30.

At New York (Dec. 1)—Arrived—Umbria, from Liverpool and Queenstown; Minneapolis, from London; Philadelphia, from Southampton; Rotterdam, from Rotterdam; Potsdam, from Rotterdam; United States army transport Buford, from Manila. Sailed—Buenos Ayres, for Glasgow; Graf Waldersee, for Hamburg, via Plymouth and Cherbourg; Trave, for Genoa, etc.; Rhyndam, for Rotterdam, via Boulogne; Astoria, for Glasgow.

At Yokohama—Arrived—Gaelic, from San Francisco, via Honolulu, for Hong Kong. Sailed—Claverling, for Tacoma.

At Hong Kong—Arrived—Empress of Japan, from Vancouver, via Honolulu and Yokohama.

At Glasgow—Arrived—Pomeranian, from Montreal.

At Liverpool—Arrived—Bovic, from New York; Potomac, from New York; Sachem, from Boston.

At Muroran—Sailed—Occano, for Port Townsend.

At Antwerp—Sailed—Southwark, for New York.

At Havre—Sailed—L'Aquitaine, for New York.

At Cherbourg—Sailed—St. Paul, from Southampton, for New York.

At Auckland—Sailed—Sonoma, for Sydney, N. S. W., and San Francisco.

At Genoa—Arrived—Hohenzollern, from New York.

At Astoria, Ore.—Sailed—Nesia, for Queenstown.

BOAT SINKS IN BAY

San Rafael, Carrying Fully Two Hundred Passengers, is Wrecked.

COLLIDES WITH ANOTHER 'FRISCO FERRY

Reports Indicate That Probably Twenty Persons Are Drowned.

DENSE FOG CAUSES THE COLLISION

Sausalito, the Other Vessel, Escapes with No Injury.

RESCUES MANY STRUGGLING PASSENGERS

News of the Disaster Spreads Rapidly and People Rush to Learn the Fate of Friends Aboard.

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 30.—The ferryboats Sausalito and San Rafael collided tonight in a dense fog and San Rafael sank in between ten and fifteen minutes. It is thought from late reports that no more than twenty persons were drowned, although San Rafael carried between 150 and 200 passengers. Sausalito was not seriously injured and after rescuing all the passengers of the San Rafael that it could, proceeded to San Francisco under its own steam.

The boats belonged to the San Francisco & North Pacific Railway company. They plied between San Francisco and Sausalito, a suburb across the bay in Marin county. At Sausalito a train connects for Ross valley and San Rafael, where many San Francisco business men make their summer and winter homes.

San Rafael left San Francisco at 6:15, with between 150 and 200 passengers. There had been a dense fog on the bay all day long and toward evening it seemed to thicken. Captain McKensie of San Rafael sent his ship along under a slow bell. He was somewhere near Alcatras island when Sausalito crashed into San Rafael.

Scare Aboard Sausalito.

There were few passengers on Sausalito, but they were badly scared and for a few moments it looked as if both ships were going down. When it was seen that Sausalito was not badly injured it stood by San Rafael, and officers, crew and passengers engaged in the rescue of the unfortunate passengers of the sinking vessel. Both ships were sidewheelers and ordinarily carried many hundred passengers. Fortunately, this was the winter season and the last trip, so there were not so many passengers as usual.

Marin county, from Sausalito to San Rafael, a distance of twenty miles, is lined with homes of wealthy people. During the summer the ferryboat traffic is heavy, but in the winter it lightens and there are comparatively few people who travel on the boats.

The news of the disaster did not reach the city until nearly 9 p. m., but it then spread with great rapidity. There was intense excitement at the opera house, where an immense crowd was listening to Calve in "Carmen."

Night of Anxiety.

Many people left the house and rushed to the newspaper offices to obtain information about friends and relatives who might have been on board one of the vessels. Never has the fog been thicker in San Francisco and on the bay than tonight. It was a day and night of anxiety. In the early hours the fog came up "as thick as mush," and tonight it was almost impossible to see a boat's length. The steam schooner Arctic ran down the French bark Edmond Rosland in the early morning hours, and Encinal and Albatross came together in the fog. Many a vessel had a narrow escape and the fog signals were blowing in all directions.

Most of the ferry steamers escaped, but one or two of them got into trouble. Tiburon had to make a second attempt at its first landing. Encinal was nearly half an hour reaching its slip and Piedmont had a similar experience. Oakland and San Rafael came near colliding when they reached this city at 5 p. m. Each boat missed its slip, one going too high and the other too low.

Captain Stays Till Last.

The Kimball Steamship company's Arctic arrived from Nome and will probably dock in the morning. On its way down the coast it stopped at Astoria and after leaving the Columbia river was caught in the southeaster and had a rough experience. Making port in the fog, Captain Erickson decided that it was better to come to anchor. Arctic was accordingly hove to and the anchor dropped. When it swung with the tide, however, it was right under the quarter of the French bar Edmond Rosland. The latter was raked and Arctic suffered considerably about its upper works and rigging, but aside from that it is as sound as a dollar. Rosland may have to be sent to dock for an overhauling.

Captain McKenzie of San Rafael was the last one to leave the ship. As it was going down he seized a rope flung from Sausalito and was pulled on board. He thinks that most of his passengers were saved, as many of them jumped to Sausalito and others went on the gangplank run between the two ships. The list of those lost will probably not be obtainable tonight.

Reports Are Conflicting.

Reports as to the number of lives lost are conflicting and exaggerated, some estimates running as high as fifty. San Rafael was on its way from this city to San Rafael and had, it is estimated, from 150 to 200 passengers. San Rafael was struck amidships and sank almost immediately. Large numbers of the passengers were rescued by ropes from Alcatras island.

James Moore of Ross Valley, an employe of the Nevada bank, was a passenger on San Rafael. To the Associated Press reporter he said:

"There was the usual Saturday night crowd on San Rafael when it left at 6:35 p. m. for Sausalito. There was a dense fog and Captain McKensie of San Rafael sent the ship along under a slow bell. We were about half way between Lombard street wharf and Alcatras island when Sausalito crushed into us. I was smoking a cigar on the forward deck of San Rafael and it seemed to me that Sausalito struck us just about amidships.

Rush for Life Preservers.

"There was a terrific crash and immediately there was wild confusion. Men, women and children rushed for life preservers. There were from 150 to 200 people on board San Rafael, the usual Saturday night crowds. Some of them jumped overboard as soon as the steamers collided, but I made up my mind to stay by the ship. I had put on a life preserver and knew