PART I.
NEWS SECTION
PAGES 1 TO 8.

THE OMAHA SUNDAY BEE

Advertise in
THE OMAHA BEE
Best in the West

VOL. XXXVIII—NO. 4. OMAHA, SUNDAY MORNING, JULY 12, 1908—SIX SECTIONS—THIRTY-TWO PAGES. SINGLE COPY FIVE CENTS.

NEW HOME RULE MOVE

Irish Unionists Now Take Steps in Another Direction.

FRANKLY STATE THEIR POSITION

Nothing Hoped For So Long as Conditions Continue.

EARNEST WAR ON TUBERCULOSIS

Authorities Begin Vigorous Campaign to Stamp Out Disease.

MIDDLE CLASS IS DISAPPEARING

English Hold the Civil Places to Which Young Irishmen Once Aspired and Even Army Life is Closed.

DUBLIN, July 14.—(Special.)—One of the most significant steps which has yet been taken in the struggle for Irish self-government is the recent organization in Dublin of the Irish Imperial Home Rule association, which has the backing of the commercial and land-owning classes of the country, hitherto the backbone of the unionist party in Ireland. The association, as its name implies, is formed to promote the cause of Irish home rule "within the empire." That is to say, the organizers demand for Ireland full control of its own affairs, reserving to the Imperial Parliament at Westminster only the control of those affairs that affect the British empire as a whole. The whole program of the association is briefly set out in the following resolutions, which were adopted at the first meeting:

"That self-government, with imperial unity, is necessary to the full and natural development of Ireland.

"That the existing system of Irish government is unsatisfactory, both from the imperial and national standpoints, and demands immediate and radical reform.

"That a union of all social classes and the adherents of the various religious creeds is necessary and desirable to succeed in obtaining and conducting Irish national self-government.

"That the demand for national self-government should be complied with on assertion of the right of Irishmen to participate as partners in the development and conduct of the British empire, to which they so largely contribute, and that any policy which fails to assert the imperial rights of Ireland does not represent the full national claim of Irishmen."

Frank Statement of Belief.

The association declares boldly that Ireland has nothing to expect from any English government, whig or tory, and does not hesitate to state that the object of succeeding English government seems to be to perpetuate the unjust financial treatment of Ireland by England.

The law, in Ireland at least, has at last taken cognizance of the ancient and honorable profession of begging. The attorney general sitting at Dublin castle for the purpose of hearing claims for next of kin to certain properties, admitted the claim of the heirs of the late Patrick Lynch of Ballinogh, County Cavan, who left $1,000. It was stated in the application that Lynch, who died intestate, "followed the occupation of a beggarman." He seems to have done fairly well at his profession.

Smuggling Case Decided.

One is carried back to the old days when little of the wine and brandy consumed by the Irish gentry paid taxes to the king by a case which has just been decided in the Dublin law courts. The customs authorities petitioned for the forfeiture of the Dutch schooner Cosmopolite, which was captured off the Cork coast by the gunboat Skipjack. The Cosmopolite had on board about 4,000 pounds of tobacco, and in the captain's locker were found Irish bank notes and English gold to the value of about $1,000. The captain of the Cosmopolite declared that he was bound from Rotterdam to Iceland, but he could not explain how he came to be so far out of his course, nor how he came into possession of the Irish bank notes. The court decided that he had been running cargoes of illicit tobacco to dealers on the Irish coast and ordered his ship and cargo to be confiscated.

O'Hare on Mother-in-Law.

Mr. Peter O'Hare of Belfast has discovered a short way of dealing with the mother-in-law difficulty, which has not, however, met with the approval of the Belfast magistrates. O'Hare returned home a few nights ago and found his mother-in-law in the house. Her remarks did not please him and seizing her by the hair, he dragged her, struggling and protesting, into the street, where he mounted a horse block and offered her at auction. His eulogies of her many good qualities did not attract any bidders, but they did attract the police, who tried to persuade O'Hare to withdraw his mother-in-law from sale and go home. They did not succeed, so they resorted to force. Twenty policemen were more or less injured in the process and the next morning O'Hare was sentenced to six months' imprisonment.

Dealing with Tuberculosis.

A long step forward in the fight against tuberculosis in Ireland has been taken by the government bill dealing with the subject, which has the support of all parties and which is, therefore, insured of passage. The bill provides that doctors must notify all cases of consumption coming under their notice, as they now notify smallpox and other infectious diseases, under a penalty of $10 for each omission. All premises in which a case is discovered will at once be closed and disinfected and county councils and other local authorities may erect sanatoriums for the treatment of consumption. So far compulsory isolation of consumptive patients is not provided for, but it is expected that this will follow before long.

No Place for Irishmen.

Even the unionist newspapers of Great Britain are waking up to the conditions brought about by English misgovernment in Ireland. An article in the Pall Mall Gazette of London on "The Disappearing Irish Middle Class" has been widely quoted throughout Ireland and there can be no question of its truth. The writer points out that the civil service which used to afford employment to educated young Irishmen, is now almost entirely filled by inferior Englishmen, the resident magistracy by English lawyers, who have failed at their profession, and even the army which used to offer a career to the Irish gentry is now closed to them by the fact that the Irish regiments are no longer allowed to serve in Ireland, their place being taken by Scotch and English soldiers. Even the vice regal court is now manned almost entirely by English officials.

F. X. CULLEN.

SUMMARY OF THE BEE

Sunday, July 12, 1908.

1908 —JULY— 1908

SUN.	MON.	TUE.	WED.	THU.	FRI.	SAT.
			1	2	3	4
5	6	7	8	9	10	11
12	13	14	15	16	17	18
19	20	21	22	23	24	25
26	27	28	29	30	31	

THE WEATHER.

FOR OMAHA, COUNCIL BLUFFS AND VICINITY—Fair and not so warm Sunday.

FOR NEBRASKA—Generally fair Sunday; not so warm in north portion.

FOR IOWA—Generally fair and not so warm Sunday.

Temperatures at Omaha yesterday:

Hour.	Deg.
5 a. m.	73
6 a. m.	74
7 a. m.	76
8 a. m.	78
9 a. m.	82
10 a. m.	84
11 a. m.	85
12 m.	88
1 p. m.	90
2 p. m.	90
3 p. m.	90
4 p. m.	90
5 p. m.	91
6 p. m.	90
7 p. m.	88

POLITICAL.

With the quiet which succeeds the convention enthusiasm, democrats are beginning to realize t hir cause is hopeless. No chance in the mountain states. I, Page 1

W. J. Bryan delivers address to members of the Lincoln Bryan club and the Nebraska Traveling Men's clug at Fairview. I, Page 1

Many republican leaders call at Hot Springs to confer with Judge Taft. I, Page 1

DOMESTIC.

Cartoop in Philadelphia North American are made the basis of a libel suit by Mayor Reyburn of Philadelphia. I, Page 1

Good weather accompanies the American fleet on its trip to Honolulu. I, Page 1

Longworths have thrilling experience ascending Pike's Peak. I, Page 1

Company of Nebraska teachers visits Ellis Island to see the landing of immigrants. I, Page 1

Chicago city council makes an appropriation of $10,000 to disseminate information about summer diseases among the poor. I, Page 1

Interstate Commerce commission advises the adoption of a uniform bill of lading. I, Page 2

Battleship South Carolina launched at the Philadelphia ship yards. I, Page 1

COMIC SECTION.

Buster Brown has some fun with a collection of rubber snakes. Page of matter for the little folks. Things of interest to the women folks. Fluffy Ruffles and the old bachelors at a summer resort. Four Pages

HALF-TONE SECTION.

Sketch of W. R. McKeen, the inventor of the successful railway motor car. Pinch in the United States makes hard times among the diamond cutters of Amsterdam. Home of the Omaha Rod and Gun club in picture. Characteristic anecdotes of Grover Cleveland. Some facts about Portuguese East Africa. Alexander Graham Bell discusses progress in aerial navigation. Four Pages

LOCAL.

Doings of Omaha society folks. II, Page 2

Gossip of the home builders and real estate men. II, Page 5

News of plays, players and musicians. VI, Page 5

Chief of police determined to enforce the rule of the road on drivers of teams and autos. VI, Page 6

Frank Shercliffe now accused of holding up a train. I, Page 4

City loses hydrant rental case involving $100,000. II, Page 1

S. R. Rush of Omaha to assist in the Durango, Colo., land fraud cases. II, Page 1

Interstate Commerce commission's ruling on Minneapolis freight rates hits Omaha jobbers. II, Page 1

Douglas county will pay only half wages to election officials in combined city and county election. I, Page 4

COMMERCIAL AND INDUSTRIAL.

Live stock markets. VI, Page 4

Grain markets. VI, Page 4

Stocks and bonds. VI, Page 4

MOVEMENTS OF OCEAN STEAMSHIPS.

Port.	Arrived.	Sailed.
NEW YORK	K. A. Victoria	
NEW YORK	Cedric	
LIVERPOOL	Nordland	
NAPLES	Madonna	
NAPLES	Canopic	
NAPLES	Columbia	
QUEENSTOWN		Arabic.
SOUTHAMPT'N		Deutschland.
ROTTERDAM	Rotterdam	
GLASGOW		Siberian.

MONEY TO SAVE THE BABIES

Chicago City Council Makes Appropriation to Disseminate Information Among Poor.

CHICAGO, July 11.—To save babies lives, the city council of Chicago made a special appropriation of $10,000 last night.

Intestinal diseases among infants, caused chiefly by the hot weather, have been of such frequent occurrence in Chicago that, according to relative figures, the total deaths of babies due to these complaints this year will reach the startling total of 3,414.

Alarmed at the prospect of this wholesale slaughter of the innocents, the council authorized the transfer of $10,000 to pay 100 physician, who will be employed by the city to dessiminate information concerning the causes and prevention of summer sicknesses among babies.

Wyoming Law Defective.

CHEYENNE, Wyo., July 11.—(Special.)—The state of Wyoming is being "worked" by horse owners of other states, who are accused of shipping glandered horses to Wyoming, reporting them to the state veterinarian and having them killed by the state's agents and receiving pay for the diseased animals from the state at the rate of about $150 per head. Although the outbreaks of glanders have been isolated and not of frequent occurrence until the last few months, and although the state veterinarian's force has been at work for several years and has expended large sums of money, the disease has not been eradicated, and there is more of the infection in the state at the present time than ever before.

The people of the state are gradually awaking to the fact that there is something wrong somewhere, and at the coming session of the legislature in January the present laws covering the subject of glandered horses will be gone over and some needed amendments undoubtedly made. That horse owners from neighboring states are taking advantage of the Wyoming laws, which indemnify owners of glandered horses killed by state authorities, there is no longer any doubt.

READY TO SEE TAFT

Hot Springs Becomes Mecca of Republican Leaders.

ELMER DOVER IS FIRST CALLER

Rumor that Wade H. Ellis is to Be Assistant Attorney General.

BURTON MAY NOT BE CANDIDATE

Report that He is to Contest Foraker's Seat Discredited.

MONEY IN LETTERS FOR SHELDON

Number of People Write, Hoping to Be First to Contribute to the Campaign Funds of Party.

HOT SPRINGS, Va., July 11.—The many conferences that have been held by William H. Taft concerning the plans for the campaign during the last week have prevented him from devoting as much attention to his correspondence as is necessary to keep pace with the flood of letters that are coming to him. Frank H. Hitchcock, chairman of the republican national committee; Postmaster General Meyer and William Nelson Cromwell left last evening.

Today Elmer Dover, secretary of the national republican committee, arrived on the early train and was the first caller Mr. Taft saw in his office.

Attorney General Wade H. Ellis, who it is said, has been offered the assistant attorney generalship, to succeed Milton D. Purdy, recently appointed United States district judge in Minnesota, is ill and was not able to come here today in response to an invitation by Mr. Taft. Mr. Ellis has telegraphed that his brother will visit Hot Springs probably today and will confer with Mr. Taft in his place.

Burton May Not Be Candidate.

Representative Burton of Ohio, who has been extensively talked of in connection with the Ohio senatorship in succession to J. B. Foraker, declared that it is not his intention to enter any senatorial race if party strife of any kind to embarrass the national ticket would result from taking that course. Mr. Burton will sail from New York next Saturday for Europe to be gone five or six weeks. He will spend most of his time in London, where he will gather data for the national monetary commission. He will probably go on the same mission to Paris. He will also gather information of value to the Waterways commission, of which he is a member. He visited the scene of various improvements to navigation in Europe five years ago and will hastily look over the ground again to see if there has been the increase in trade that was expected as the result of the improvements.

Senator Smoot of Utah will go abroad on the same steamer.

Money for Campaign Fund.

"I have received a dozen checks since I have been in Hot Springs from people who wished to make the first contribution to the republican part for the campaign," said George R. Sheldon of New York, treasurer of the republican national committee, today.

Asked when he would open his office for campaign funds, Mr. Sheldon replied that he would do so in New York Monday morning. He will leave here tonight. Mr. Sheldon declared in an interview today that he is convinced the American people will never accept the radicalism of the democratic convention.

Arthur I. Vorys of Ohio will be here Monday to confer with Mr. Taft. John A. Stewart, president of the New York State League of Republican Clubs, is here.

Headquarters in New York.

WASHINGTON, July 11.—Chairman Frank H. Hitchcock of the republican national committee arrived here today from Hot Springs, where he has been in conference with Judge Taft. Thus far he has made no definite plans for his sojourn in Washington, which will be comparatively brief.

He will close the Taft headquarters here perhaps in a few days and probably open permanent headquarters of the national committee in New York City. Arrangements are now being made for the headquarters in New York.

Flag from Philippines.

CINCINNATI, O., July 11.—Admirers of William H. Taft in the Philippines have furnished the material for the flag which will be raised in Cincinnati in his honor July 28. This announcement was made today by the committee having charge of the ceremonies of raising the flag. When Mr. Taft's friends in the faraway islands learned that he would be a candidate for the presidency they asked for the privilege of furnishing the banner.

DIFFERENCE IN THE APPLICATION

French Newspaper Can See Little to Separate Parties.

PARIS, July 11.—The Temps this morning says it thinks the delirium at the democratic convention in Denver proves that Bryan is again in complete control of the democracy. After saying that the war now declared by the democracy against the trusts and the railroads is manifestly contrary to ancient domestic tradition, which is hostile to the federal power, the paper concludes its article with these words:

"Both parties have taken up the same battle cry and a characteristic of the present campaign is the similarity of the program of the opposing forces. There is practically no difference between them and there is only a temperamental difference between the two men, one of whom may be selected to apply them."

The Journal Des Debats takes a similar view of what it calls the identity of the two platforms. "The contest under these conditions," this paper says, "is largely a question of the personality of the candidates. Mr. Taft's final victory, however, seems to be almost assured. Certain it is that Mr. Bryan's personality attracts much sympathy through the United States, where his sincerity and eloquence are universally admired and appreciated, but Mr. Taft, if less popular, has behind him President Roosevelt, whose influence is predominating."

HEARST DOES NOT FAVOR BRYAN

New York Publisher Not Yet Appeased by Lincoln Man.

NEW YORK, July 11.—That William J. Bryan is not to have the support of William R. Hearst is indicated today by the attitude of Mr. Hearst's two New York newspapers, the American and the Evening Journal. The two papers announce a loss of confidence on their part, both in the democratic party and in Mr. Bryan.

CLUE TO GANG OF THIEVES

Confession of Sioux Indian May Lead to Arrest of Cattle Rustlers.

SIOUX FALLS, S. D., July 11.—(Special.)—Something of a sensation has been created in Gregory and Tripp counties by a confession made a few days ago by "Pete" Thompson, a Sioux Indian belonging to the Rosebud Indian reservation, to the effect that certain white men living in the vicinity of the reservation have systematically induced Indians to steal horses and cattle, and that the white men concerned have made a business of purchasing the stolen animals, knowing them to have been stolen.

Thompson was one of the actors in an exciting incident recently. An Indian policeman was sent to arrest him on the charge of horse stealing on the reservation. Upon the approach of the policeman Thompson fled, and the policeman gave chase, both being mounted on ponies. The pony ridden by the Indian policeman proved the swifter of the two and he gained on Thompson to such an extent that capture of the latter seemed imminent, when Thompson, rather than be captured, drew his six-shooter and shot himself under the chin in an effort to commit suicide.

But the effort was a failure, as he is yet alive and it is stated he will recover, notwithstanding that the bullet is lodged between his eyes. After regaining consciousness he confessed that he had stolen a number of horses which have disappeared recently from the reservation, and also implicated the white men in the wholesale thefts of animals on the reservation.

As a sequel to the confession it is expected that several arrests will soon be made.

SOUTH CAROLINA TAKES WATER

Big Battleship Launched at Philadelphia with Much Ceremony.

PHILADELPHIA, July 11.—Amid the din of steam whistles ashore and afloat and the cheering of thousands of persons assembled to witness the event, the "all big gun" battleship South Carolina was launched at 12:05 p. m. today at Cramp's ship yard on the Delaware river. As the latest addition to the American navy slipped into the water Miss Fredericka Calvert Ansel, daughter of Governor Ansel of South Carolina, broke the traditional bottle of wine against the prow of the great hull and gave the big sea fighter its name. The South Carolina is the second of the two "all big gun" battleships authorized by congress, the other being the Michigan, which was recently launched at Camden, N. J.

The main battery of the South Carolina will consist of eight 12-inch breech-loading rifles mounted in four turrets, and so arranged that each gun can fire two shots a minute. These guns will be able to fire on either broadside, and will permit sixteen 350-pound projectiles to be discharged every minute. The South Carolina will also have a battery of about thirty 3-inch and smaller guns to afford protection from torpedo boats and destroyers, and will carry an armament of submerged torpedo tubes. Including the armor, armament and outfit, the battleship will cost about $7,000,000. It will be turned over to the government on December 21, 1909, and when in commission will carry a total complement of nearly 900 men.

CARTOONS BASIS OF LIBEL

Mayor Reyburn of Philadelphia Brings Suit Against North American Staff.

PHILADELPHIA, July 11.—Mayor John E. Reyburn of this city today instituted proceedings against E. A. Van Valkenburg, editor and president of the North American, and six members of the staff of the newspaper, charging them with criminal libel. The charges are based on articles and cartoons appearing in the newspaper during the last two years.

The warrant was obtained upon affidavit charging false and malicious publication in the North American of certain articles and cartoons "containing and intending to injure, oppress, defame and vilify the good name, fame, credit and reputation of the mayor," and "to bring him into public infamy, contempt and disgrace."

Those named in the warrants besides E. A. VanValkenburg and Hugh B. Sutherland, associate editor, are John C. Eckel, night editor; James S. Benn, city editor, and W. R. Bradford, William Hofecker and Walt McDougal, cartoonists.

JENNINGS SAYS IT IS HIS FLAG

Boss Tiger Proposes to Win the Pennant Again.

DETROIT, Mich., July 11.—Hughey Jennings appears to be of the opinion that his team of the Detroit Tigers is of championship calibre again this season. He says that the Tigers are just hitting their stride and that from now on all the teams in the American league want to keep their weather eyes peeled on the doings of Detroit. "The pitching staff is just getting into form, and I expect them to get along steadily until the end of the season now. Of course, the White Sox are not out of the running by any means and are always a dangerous proposition, but I do not look to them to take the league honors this year. The Athletics, now that they are playing on their home grounds, will begin to play good ball, I expect, but I don't think they are really dangerous. The St. Louis Browns have yet to experience the season's slump, and when they do I think they will practically be out of the running," said the manager of last year's American league champions.

REDUCTIONS IN DIVIDENDS

Ten Railroads and Thirty-Seven Corporations Have Cut Their Profit Distribution.

NEW YORK, July 11.—Ten railroads and thirty-seven miscellaneous corporations in the last six months, with a total outstanding capital stock of $1,072,776,723, have either reduced their dividends from a year ago or passed them altogether. Total dividend payments of these companies to stockholders from January 1 to July 1, 1908, were $36,027,997, as compared to $42,751,552 paid in the same period of 1907, a dividend of 3.9 per cent.

Judge Purdy Sworn In.

ST. PAUL, Minn., July 11.—Milton Dwight Purdy of Minneapolis, former assistant United States attorney-general, appeared before Circuit Judge Sanborn today in the federal building and was sworn in as judge of the United States district court, to fill the vacancy caused by the resignation of Judge William Lochren. Mr. Purdy was appointed by President Roosevelt to fill the recess term.

Revolutionists Condemned to Death.

EL PASO, Tex., July 11.—A code message to the Herald, which escaped the Mexican censor, says twenty revolutionists, who had been condemned to die, were removed today from Casa Grandes to Chihuahua, where they will be executed in the state prison later.

BACK FROM DENVER

Returning Tide of Delegates Passing East Through Bryan's Home.

SOME STOP TO SEE CANDIDATE

Bryan Goes to Depot, However, to Pay His Respects to Tammany.

NEBRASKANS THE FIRST TO CALL

Too Tired and Worn Out to Cheer Even at Sight of Leader.

FIRST FRONT PORCH SPEECH

Bryan Informs His Auditors He is Satisfied with Both the Head and Tail of the Ticket and the Platform.

(From a Staff Correspondent.)

LINCOLN, July 11.—(Special Telegram.)—First of all delegations to visit Fairview on the return from Denver was the Lincoln Bryan club and the Traveling men's Bryan club of this city. They arrived this morning and hastened to the home of the Nebraska candidate, where after congratulations, he responded with the second address following his nomination.

The Bryan men on their way back succeeded in tearing a continuous hole in the atmosphere through Nebraska in celebration of their victory in the mountain city and wherever possible, they let it be known what had happened and their part in the event followed by inference. At North Platte, G. W. Berge, who accompanied the party, seized the opportunity offered by a few minutes' wait of the train and delivered a Bryan speech from the rear car. It is claimed for him that he has opened the Bryan campaign in Nebraska with the first speech for the democratic leader and as Mr. Berge is not neglecting any opportunity to advance his own candidacy for the nomination of governor, it is claimed this will add a Bryan flavor to his utterances from this time on.

Cold One From Tammany.

Mr. Bryan, soon after the visit of the Lincoln clubs, sought a little sleep, having not yet made up that lost during the convention. He expects to be called upon at all hours of the day and is evidently fortifying himself against the future. This afternoon at 2 o'clock, he will meet the Tammany special train at the Rock Island depot. There has been considerable comment here at the tone of the telegram sent him by the New York braves in response to his invitation to spend a few hours at Fairview. They said they would see him at the depot and Mr. Bryan decided to go.

This morning a banner was found stretched across the street leading to the Burlington station bearing the inscription. "In honor of our distinguished citizen, William Jennings Bryan, we extend hearty welcome."

Address to the Clubs.

In his address this morning, Mr. Bryan expressed the highest admiration for the democratic platform, Mr. Kern, his running mate, and declared that the publicity of campaign contributions would give the people a chance to elect their choice to office. Mr. Bryan spoke in part as follows:

"I do not think any state was better represented at Denver than Nebraska, and for proof of that I can simply remind you that you were the only state represented there that secured the nomination of a candidate for president from its own state."

Laughter and applause greeted this rally and Mr. Bryan continued:

"I am as much pleased with the platform as I am with in the nomination for the first place, and I am as much pleased with the second nomination as I am with the platform. "I think that this convention leaves a very different impression than that given by the convention in Chicago. In that convention the platform did not present what the reform element of the party wanted, and when the convention was over there was a feeling of discouragement and disappointment. But the democratic party in this convention has given us a platform that I believe expresses the deliberate sentiment of that large and growing reform element in this country. (Applause).

Kern in Perfect Harmony.

"I am satisfied that it is going to appeal not only to all democrats, but to a great many republicans. And I am sure that when people come to know John W. Kern as I have known him for many years, they will believe, as I do, that he is in perfect harmony with the platform and can be trusted to carry that platform out to the letter if circumstances should place upon him the responsibility for its enforcement. (Applause).

"Now we are going to commence our campaign, and with a publicity plank that announces an honest purpose and proclaim an honest position, we will be able to appeal to the honest sentiment of the country. Gentlemen, there has been great growth in politics in this country, and that plank illustrates one phase of that growth. For a quarter of a century the country has been seeing more and more of corporate domination in politics; for a quarter of a century the country has witnessed campaign after campaign in which great predatory interests would secretly contribute enormous sums to debauch elections, and then control the government in return for contributions given. Our convention marks a new era in American politics.

Elections Public Affairs.

"Henceforth, the idea that is going to grow is that elections are public affairs, and that the people shall have a right to know what influences are at work, and I am delighted that our party has taken the initiative, and when the republican party, in its convention, by a vote overwhelming, turned down that proposition, the democratic party, by a vote that was unanimous, endorsed it and made it one of the tenets of its faith.

"Now, we are going out to appeal to this awakened conscience, and give to the country assurance that if our party is entrusted with power, we shall make this government again a people's government, in which the goernment officials will respond promptly to the sentiment of the whole people; and our platform has given us a slogan that every one can echo, and that I believe that a majority of American people will echo, 'Let the people rule.'"

The conclusion of the address was cheered.

Chief in importance among the visits to be made here will be the trip to Fairview of members of the new national committee next Tuesday, when campaign plans will be discussed and the matter of a new chairman taken up inform

DANGER IN PANAMA NOT OVER

Electoral Situation Yet Acute—Elections Closely Watched by Americans.

PANAMA, July 11.—The electoral situation has been much cleared with the withdrawal of Ricardo Arias, the constitutional candidate for the presidency, but in spite of this, the adherents of Domingo De Obaldia, the independent candidate, have relaxed their efforts but very little and it is planned to elect Senor Obaldia as conclusively as possibly.

Since the withdrawal of Arias the possibility of American intervention is much more remote, but even so the condition of affairs is critical. The followers of Arias will be at the polls and trouble and disorder are not by any means out of the question. The governor of the canal zone has sent to every town of the republic commissioners to watch the elections and take note of everything that occurs. Among these men are thirteen American army officers and as many more employes of the canal committee. The sentiment of the country is undoubtedly with Obaldia, who is supported by the liberal party, which counts at least 60 per cent on the population of Panama and about one-half of the constitutionals. Obaldia is a wealthy cattle owner of Chiriqui, son of an ex-president of Colombia and he has in the past been governor of the state of Panama and acting president of the republic.

If the people see that their rights to vote as they please are not respected at the polls tomorrow there is bound to be serious disorder, because they are many who would prefer American occupation to a continuance of the unsatisfactory system of government they have had in the past.

The American authorities are fully prepared to see that the elections are fair and to put down any serious trouble with energy. Two hunderd and seventy-six presidential electors are to be chosen and out of this total it is predicted that no less than 200 will be for Obaldia. The electors will meet August 1 to elect a president.

AYHAO WAS IN KILLING MOOD

Murder of Americans in Negros Without Reason on Part of Natives.

MANILA, July 11.—The bodies of H. D. Everett, a government forester, and T. R. Wakely, a school teacher, who were murdered several weeks ago by tribesmen while on an expedition into the unexplored mountain regions of the Island of Negros, have been recovered by Lieutenant Ahern of the constabulary forces after a difficult and dangerous search. Lieutenant Ahern tells of finding the bodies in the following telegram which has been received here:

Am returning with remains of Everett and Wakely, which we found near their last camp in the Bayaual mountains. At first our guides were apparently afraid to lead us into the mountains of the interior island along the route traveled by the two murdered men. Luckily we at length succeeded in securing guides who were acquainted with Ayhao, the leader of the murderers, and who took us to the last camp of Everett and Wakely.

Ayhao, it was explained, planned the murder while acting as one of the native guides which were conducting the two white men into the interior of the island. While gambling with the other guides he drugged the entire party with the fumes from a plant. Ayhao and some followers then killed Everett and Wakely and five guides. The only excuse given by Ayhao for murdering the party was that he felt like killing some one.

Lieutenant Ahern and his party found the botanical and other equipment of the two men and also Everett's money. All the native strongholds in the mountains were abandoned upon the approach of the searching party.

Lieutenant Ahern stated that he endeavored to capture Ayhao, but was deserted by his guides, ran short of rations and found the trails so bad and the rivers so swollen that he had to return with his small force.

Ayhao is reported to be far in the mountains with many of his followers.

STRANGER BY NAME OF "ED"

He Appears at St. Louis and Seeks to Find Out His Own Identity.

ST. LOUIS, July 11.—The stranger who walked into the Central district police station last night, suffering from amnesia or temporary loss of memory, and asked that he be told his identity, is still unidentified. Vigorous questioning has aroused his dormant mental faculties to the extent that he remembers his first name is "Ed," that his wife's name is Carol and that his business partner's name is Danny. It is believed he is from Chicago. He was taken to Union station this morning and his valise was secured with the check he carried. The contents failed to reveal anything pertaining to "Ed's" identity.

The man of mystery is about 35 years old, six feet tall, black hair parted in the middle, smooth face, brown eyes and weighs about 140 pounds. He is apparently well educated. At the city hospital he diagnosed his own affliction as amnesia, or temporary loss of memory, caused by nervous strain. He carries a woman's silver E. C." A collar bore the laundry mark "E. W. C." and his shirt bore the initials reversed, reading "C. W. E." He said he believed his business has something to do with electricity.

LONGWORTHS IN BIG STORM

Have Unusual Experience While Ascending to Summit of Pike's Peak.

COLORADO SPRINGS, Colo., July 11.—Mrs. Alice Roosevelt Longworth and party, including her husband, Congressman Nicholas Longworth, Mr. and Mrs. Medill McCormick, Norman Hapgood and W. B. Conner, were caught in a frightful electric storm on Pike's Peak this morning. The storm broke as they reared Timber line, and raged with almost unparalleled fury and the train pushed onto the summit, which was basking in sunshine.

The party were obliged to stay on top of the peak longer than anticipated, as the storm continued for several hours.

FLEET HAS GOOD WEATHER

Sea Smooth and American Battleships Proceed Without Unusual Event.

ON BOARD UNITED STATES STEAMER CONNECTICUT AT SEA, via Mare Island Navy Yard, July 10, 8 p. m.—The Atlantic fleet is now in latitude 32.27 north, longitude 136.45, west. The sea is smooth and the weather pleasant. The ships' crews are now attired in white. The usual fleet evolutions were performed today. At 8:30 the fleet passed the army transport Sheridan and exchanged greetings. Otherwise the day was uneventful.

QUIET AFTER STORM

Majority of Delegates Have Returned Home or Taken to Mountains.

HOPE DIES WITH ENTHUSIASM

With Convention Excitement Over, Democrats Realize Cause Hopeless.

SOME SORENESS TOWARD BRYAN

Do Not Like the Method by Which He Dictated Running Mate.

SOME FRIENDS INFORMED LATE

Colorado and Other Mountain Democrats Admit They Cannot Carry Single One of the Mountain States.

(From a Staff Correspondent.)

DENVER, Colo., July 11.—(Special Telegram.)—Denver is practically deserted by delegates and convention visitors today. Those who have not returned to their homes have hiked to the mountains for a few days' rest. The enthusiasm incident to the convention proceedings has died out and those here are beginning to look at the situation without prejudice and begin to realize the hopelessness from the democratic standpoint. They are somewhat piqued at Mr. Bryan for his conduct in the matter of the selection of a running mate. It develops today that the selection was made by Bryan at 9 o'clock Friday morning, after he had been notified directly that Judge Gray would not accept the nomination and had also been informed by Tammany that that organization had no choice. Then Mayor Dahlman, Tom Taggart and Roger Sullivan named Kern and Bryan stamped the selection with his "O. K." Then Taggart, Sullivan and Dahlman got busy and organized a campaign, insisting all the time that Bryan had left the choice open to the convention.

To have sent out the word that Bryan had decided upon Kern would have been to advertise that Bryan was dictating to the convention. It would also have created many political sore spots among those delegates with favorite sons of their own. And so it happened, not by chance, but by design, that the army of delegates were not aware when the convention was called to order that Kern was their man.

James Gives First Tip.

In fact the first intimation given them that Kern was to be their choice was when Ollie James, the Kentucky statesman and spellbinder, took the platform and seconded the nomination of the man from the banks of the Wabash. And even then only a few of the wiser ones caught the drift of the thing. This, too, in the face of the fact that it was after 2 o'clock in the afternoon when Mr. James spoke, and the choice of Kern had been made at 9:30 in the morning.

The leaders, of course, knew of the Kern decision made by Mr. Bryan. It was absolutely necessary that they be taken into the confidence of the big three. But that they guarded their secret well was evidenced by the fact that they permitted their own spellbinders to place favorite sons in nomination in good faith.

As an example of this, witness the placing in nomination of Clark Howell of Atlanta by J. T. Hill of Georgia. Mr. Hill thought Mr. Howell would have a chance. So did quite a number of other delegates. Furthermore, it was not until an hour or more later that they awoke to the true situation and withdrew his name. One delegate reached the platform and started in on his nominating speech before he knew where he stood. He started off extolling the merits of his state's choice and was just about to present his candidate's name when Acting Chairman Ollie James touched him on the arm. When the speaker turned back to the audience his face wore an expression of confusion that was really laughable. It required a full half minute for him to recover his poise. Then he smiled and in an abashed sort of way announced that while he had intended naming a democratic peer from his own state he had been informed that his friend had decided not to have his name presented and so he, the speaker, would second the nomination of John W. Kern.

Change in Colorado.

I lived in Colorado in 1896, when the Rock mountain region was Bryan mad. The change in the political condition has been little short of marvelous. I have talked today with nearly a score of business men, most of them democrats, and they have no hesitancy in declaring that the republicans will carry Colorado this year by 20,000. The socialist vote here has grown in the last few years, but it is evident that it will go to Debs rather than to Bryan, while all of the old silver republicans, who controlled the balance of power in the state during the days of the silver craze, have returned to the republican party. There is nothing in existing political conditions to give Bryan any hope of carrying Colorado, Montana, Idaho or any of the Rock mountain states. W. H. H.

ATTITUDE OF JUDGE PARKER

Will Support Democratic Ticket in Spite of Platform.

DENVER, Colo., July 11.—Judge Alton B. Parker of New York and other delegates-at-large and members of the New York delegation, left Denver tonight. Judge Parker was the central figure of groups in the hotel lobby, bidding him good bye and congratulating him on the harmony and unanimity with which the platform was reported to the convention despite the sharp differences which had developed between the conservative and radical elements. Judge Parker showed some dissent from the exuberance of these congratulations, and with much frankness said:

"One thing is sure, I am going to support the ticket of Bryan and Kern, and I want my friends to do the same thing. But I do not want to receive any credit under the slightest misapprehension of the facts. I think in all frankness I should say that I resisted in the platform committee any departure from our time-honored democratic principle of the sovereign supremacy of the states within their borders, or any committal of our party to the dangerous policy of the readjustment of a supreme and all enveloping centralized authority in the federal government at Washington. I felt that I owed it to my party and my convictions to make this fight against any attack on state home rule, and having made it I am content with the results."

"It is understood," said a representative of the press who was present, "that while the platform was reported unanimously, you recorded with the chairman of the com-

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