

OLD AGE IN IRELAND

Remarkable Instances of Longevity in Emerald Isle.

CURIOSITIES OF PENSION LIST

Donegal Man Who Has Reached One Hundred and Eight.

STILL WEARS NATIONAL DRESS

Has Never in His Life Spoken Word of English.

NEW LIBERALITY IN BELFAST

Citizens Invite Home Rule Peer to Become Their Lord Mayor.

Persecution of Mormon Missionaries.

DUBLIN, Oct. 17.—(Special.)—Tales of the extraordinary longevity of the Irish peasantry have sometimes been received with incredulity, but the British government officials are now convinced that they are true.

The Old Age Pensioners Act has just gone into force and the claims which are being made are proving the claim of Ireland to be called a nation of centenarians.

Under the act persons who are 70 years old or over are entitled to a pension of £15 a week and it is necessary for them to provide pension officers with satisfactory proof of their age before they are admitted to the roll of pensioners.

Twelve hundred forms of claims have already been filed with the post office in Donegal and among them are those which deserve special mention.

Charles Kelly of Turbary in the parish of Carrigrohane has submitted proof that he is 111 years old. What this means may be realized when one remembers that he was a year old when the insurrection of 1798 took place, and that he has lived in three centuries.

John McCarty of Donegal parish is 106 years old and Bryan O'Donnell of Foyers, in the parish of Inver, is 108 years old. The venerable O'Donnell is proud of the fact that he has never uttered a word of English in his long life and he cannot understand the language.

He still wears the costume which the young bucks of a century ago affected in Donegal—buckskin shoes, knitted stockings with corruy knee breeches and a swallow-tailed blue cloth coat with a waistcoat with brass buttons.

These three applicants are in excellent mental and physical health and they declare that they hope to live to enjoy their pensions for many a year.

Political Conditions Change. A remarkable evidence of the change in political conditions in the north of Ireland is the request which has been made to Lord Pirrie by the leading citizens of Belfast, including Sir Robert Anderson, the present Lord Mayor, that he should become Lord Mayor of the city next year.

Lord Pirrie is the head of the great shipbuilding firm of Harland & Wolff, Belfast's greatest industry, but Lord Pirrie is a Liberal and an avowed Home Ruler.

A couple of years ago his name was anathema in Belfast where he was regarded by the Unionists as a renegade and a traitor to the cause of the north.

Now they are praying him to accept the highest honor in the gift of the citizens. It may be mentioned that Lord Pirrie is not particularly anxious to accept the honor as he cannot forget the hard things that have been said about him by the eminent citizens who are now desirous of propitiating him.

The Belfast corporation, by the way, has just narrowly missed allowing the principal building in the city, the Ulster hall, to be used for the great missionary campaign by the Mormons.

The apostles are now conducting a great campaign in Ireland under the personal direction of Apostle Fenrose who is head of the church in the United Kingdom.

A few weeks ago some residents of Belfast applied to the corporation for permission to use the Ulster hall on October 17 for religious purposes, and the corporation was granted without inquiry as to the particular brand of religion to be preached there.

A few days after the permission had been received every boarding place in the city blossomed out with posters announcing a great Mormon convention to be held on that day and the permission was cancelled and the hall and notified the Mormons that if they attempted to enter it they would be stopped by the police.

The Mormons tried to hold an open air meeting a few days ago, but they were pelted with stones and mud by the women of Belfast, and compelled to disperse.

A similar attempt to obtain the Town hall in Portadown was also almost successful, but when the authorities learned who the hirsers were the permission was withdrawn.

Valuable Gifts to Dublin. Lord Iveagh, the head of the great brewing firm of Guinness who has made many generous gifts to his native city of Dublin, has just presented three well known and valuable pictures to the Dublin municipal gallery. They are: "Penny Jolly Band," by G. F. Watts; "Lilacs," by Sir John Millais; and a "View in Venice," by James McNeill Whistler.

There is strong hope in Derry that the Puris shipyard which was established some years ago, but failed for lack of capital, will soon be revived. It is stated that a representative of a great Irish shipbuilding firm has been in negotiation with the Derry corporation for the purchase of the yard, and that it is proposed to employ several thousand men in Derry. The firm is probably Harland & Wolff of Belfast. Derry is ideally situated for shipbuilding and in the old days of wooden ships it held its own with the other Irish ports. There is scope, too, for almost unlimited development of the yard and it is stated that the corporation is prepared to grant exceptional advantages to any firm which will re-establish the industry in the city on the Purple.

An excellent suggestion to aid the re-forestation of Ireland has been made by the Irish Forestry society. It is nothing less than the adoption in this country of the American plan of "Arbour Day," and it is proposed that a school holiday shall be established each year under this name, and that every pupil in the Irish national schools shall be required to plant a tree on that day. The society is prepared to supply the trees free of charge to teachers and school managers who will agree to follow the plan of reforestation which has been prepared by the society.

It is pointed out that there are hundreds of thousands of acres in Ireland which might be profitably devoted to timber growing and which are now of little use.

SUMMARY OF THE BEE

Sunday, October 18, 1908.

1908 - OCTOBER - 1908

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THE WEATHER. FOR OMAHA, COUNCIL BLUFFS AND VICINITY—Sunday fair and colder.

FOR IOWA—Sunday cloudy in east portion; colder in east and central portions. Temperature at Omaha yesterday:

Hour. Deg. 5 A. M. 57 6 A. M. 57 7 A. M. 57 8 A. M. 57 9 A. M. 57 10 A. M. 57 11 A. M. 57 12 M. 57 1 P. M. 57 2 P. M. 57 3 P. M. 57 4 P. M. 57 5 P. M. 57 6 P. M. 57 7 P. M. 57

POLITICAL. The welcome of Judge Taft in North Carolina has been most cordial and they are confident that the national and state ticket may win.

President Roosevelt is quoted, with his consent, as having commended the attitude of Congressman Lilley in the recent investigation of legislative tactics made by the house of representatives.

Nathan Straun of the Democratic Business Men's association reiterates the statement that Wall street is doing political campaigns, but this is again denied by Treasurer Sheldon for the republican party.

FOREIGN. Irish peasants maintaining their reputation for longevity, according to the records available in the Emerald Isle.

Premier Laurier of Canada makes an appeal to the people to sustain him in the final round of the work he has planned to accomplish.

The refusal of Bulgaria to make financial amends for the Oriental railroad is answered by the mobilization of troops on the Turkish frontier and seems certain now between the two countries.

Prominent Japanese statesmen gave expression to feelings of gratification yesterday at the visit of the American fleet to their waters.

YERBAKA. The old Western Normal school building at Lincoln, occupied by the Lincoln Military academy, burned to the ground yesterday.

DOMESTIC. Brother of Adolph Luetger committed suicide in Elgin, Ill., in public by shooting himself.

The woman suffragists in session in Buffalo have decided to make an effort for the coming year to secure recognition from congress.

Heavy losses of life and property have followed the forest fires in northern Michigan.

What has been begun in Chicago to enforce the proposed cut in rates of the railroads between Mississippi and Missouri points.

LOCAL. More traveling men on the road now than on any year ago.

New York boyhood friend of Big Jeff puts in a boost for his election.

Message boys inclined to rebel on the sipping of tips.

A visit has been doing in Omaha during the last week.

Work of the women in club and charity.

Offerings of the Omaha theaters during the coming week.

Some of the players, musicians and playhouses.

Work being pushed on the Borie-Athol cut-off on the Union Pacific.

Live stock markets.

Gain markets.

Stocks and bonds.

HAIR-TONE SECTION. Moving spirits in the National Corn show. Fresh field for American capital in Turkey. Mighty diamond presented to King Edward by the Transvaal. Scientists unearth skeleton of American camel. Nebraska's part in preventing the spread of tuberculosis.

COMIC SECTION. Buster and Makers. Page of matter for the little folks. Some things the women will be interested in. Fluffy Ruffles creates a sensation in Ireland. Four Pages MOVEMENTS OF OCEAN STEAMERS. Arrived. Sailed. NEW YORK. Marseilles. Philadelphia. BOSTON. St. Louis. Chicago. LIVERPOOL. Glasgow. Southampton. BRISBANE. Wellington. San Francisco. Honolulu. Honolulu.

Laurier in His Last Contest. Premier of Canada Makes Appeal to People to Help Him Finish Work.

MONTREAL, Oct. 17.—In a speech delivered last night Sir Wilfrid Laurier, Canada's premier, announced that the present campaign, which ends in a general election October 26, will be his last.

"This is the last fight in which I shall be engaged," he said, with great earnestness. "The years have already left their mark upon me and I cannot hope that they will stand still now. All I ask is your support to enable me to complete the work I have begun in the last twelve years."

Suffragists to Get Busy. Unusual Effort to Be Made This Year to Get Recognition from Congress.

SUFFALO, N. Y., Oct. 17.—That an unusual effort will be made this year to obtain from congress some recognition of the cause of woman suffrage is certain. The advisability of this has been pointed out by many speakers at the convention of the National Suffrage association and today there was a round table conference on the subject "Washington as a Center of Suffrage Work."

The morning session of the national association began with a conference on increase in membership with Laura Greig of Kansas in the chair. This was followed by reports by state presidents

FLEET

American Battleships Drop Anchor Sunday at 9 A. M.

GREAT CROWD WELCOMES SHIPS

Multitude Lines Every Vantage Point on Hills Surrounding Harbor.

CITY IS GAILY DECORATED

Stars and Stripes Float from Thousands of Craft and Buildings.

OFFICIAL RECEPTION COMMITTEE

Mayor of Yokohama and Diplomats Board Connecticut and Present Freedom of City to Men and Officers.

YOKOHAMA, Oct. 18.—The American fleet dropped its anchors at 9:30 a. m. this (Sunday) morning.

It was in the gray hours before dawn this morning when the leviathans of America's great battleship fleet, streaming in from Tokyo bay, while strange warships, the pride of Japan, in sombre color, swung at their anchor buoys outside the breakwater, encircled by low purple hills. Already Yokohama was awake and the streets were crowded with excited people, streaming in from the surrounding country, foot, in rickshaws or in carriages, making their way to the water front and to the hills overlooking the bay, to get their first glimpse of the great fleet.

From thousands of flagstuffs and buildings at every vantage point in the city, floated the stars and stripes, and the entire lengths of miles of streets were almost walled with intertwined American and Japanese emblems. The bay itself was fairly aflame with bunting, where tugs and steamers, decorated with streamers and pennants lined the wharves, waiting thousands of excursionists who were going out to meet the fleet.

Great Crowd Sees Pageant. Incoming trains throughout the night were crowded and by morning practically every vantage point commanding a view of the approach of the sixteen big ships rounding Honmou Point was occupied by tens of thousands eagerly awaiting the coming naval pageant. As the hours passed and daylight dawned, it revealed an inspiring scene afloat and ashore. Ever the early hours made it apparent that all expectations of great crowds and an enthusiastic welcome to the American fleet would be exceeded and that all records of the outpouring of popular sentiment would be surpassed. The enthusiasm of the people was evidently sincere, though mixed with the natural curiosity to see the big fighting ships from America, the long successful fleet of cruisers which has marked a new epoch in naval history. Foreigners were in the minority in the crowds, but wherever they appeared they were treated with exceptional courtesy because today to the Japanese all foreigners must be Americans, many of the Japanese being unable to discriminate between Americans and those from other lands.

First Note of Welcome. As the sixteen battleships rounded the point and came through the entrance to the bay they were accompanied by the Japanese cruisers Soya, Magami and Tatsuta, commanded by Rear Admiral Murakami. Proceeding up the coast of Yokohama the first note of real welcome was sounded when a fireworks salute was fired by the American friends' association, a salute entirely of Japanese, who had assembled at Kruhama on the site of Perry's monument. The fleet responded by gracefully dipping colors. When it came closer in the fleet was met by seven big ocean liners chartered by the prefect of Kanagawa, carrying 3,000 persons, including many foreigners.

The air was filled with bursting bombs sent up from various points and the roar of voices was heard even in the city of Yokohama. When the fleet rounded Honmou point and came into full view of the city of Yokohama, the sixteen assembled Japanese warships began firing the salute to the rear admiral in command of the American fleet. The roar of the guns, the bursting fireworks bombs; the shriek of the steam sirens with the drone of the deep notes of the liners filled the air with overwhelming sound. A short bedlam broke loose and words for thousands, the enthusiasm of the assembled thousands.

When the American fleet finally came to anchor it presented an imposing spectacle. Thirty-two great warships occupied four long columns of eight each. The Americans taking the place of honor in the forefront, the Japanese immediately behind them, and heading due south.

Official Reception Committee. As soon as the fleet came to anchor a reception committee and attaches of the various foreign embassies and legations and the mayor of Yokohama put off from shore for the flagship Connecticut.

American Ambassador O'Brien did not come down from Tokyo, because under naval etiquette he could not be present until the American commanding the fleet had paid an official call upon him. The ambassador's wife, however, was present, together with the women of the embassy, as well as Consul General Sammons at Seoul and Mrs. Sammons, and Secretary of the American Legation.

Francis J. Loomis, head of the American commission to the American International exhibition, together with Secretary O'Laughlin and the entire business men's delegation from the Pacific coast, now on a visit to Japan, was also present, arriving in a special train from Tokyo early in the day.

Every vernacular newspaper in Yokohama and Tokio printed special illustrated editions this morning containing enthusiastic articles with references to the coming of the American fleet. The entire circulation of these newspapers will probably reach 1,000,000.

SHIPS BRING PEACE MESSAGE. Japanese Statesmen Express Themselves About Fleet.

TOKIO, Oct. 17.—The official reception committee, headed by Vice Admiral Saito, who is vice minister of the navy department, will leave tomorrow morning (18th) for Yokohama and the party will assemble aboard the battleship Mikasa. Upon the arrival of the American battleships at 9 o'clock in the morning, the con-

Why Does Bryan Look Worried?



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WAR SEEMS CERTAIN NOW

Turkey Mobilizing Troops and Bulgaria Pushes to Border.

POWERS UNABLE TO CALL HALT

Refusal to Grant Compensation for Oriental Railway Last Straw for Ottomans—Massacres in Armenia.

PARIS, Oct. 17.—The French government has just received official confirmation of previous reports of the mobilization by Turkey of the Anatolian army corps. This is regarded in official circles as Turkey's answer to Bulgaria's refusal to accord compensation for the oriental railroad and it is believed to make war practically inevitable.

It is expected that Bulgaria immediately will begin to push troops across the Turkish frontier in order to secure an advantage before Turkey can begin a general mobilization.

The French government, in response to the Turkish circular sent out yesterday calling the attention of the powers to Bulgaria's alleged warlike preparations, has directed its minister at Sofia to renew his counsels for peace and prudence.

Important developments are not expected to result from the visit to Paris of M. Iowolowky, the Russian minister of foreign affairs, who arrived here last evening from London.

With the idea of preparing for possible future contingencies and principally for the purpose of consulting with France before proceeding to Berlin on Monday, M. Iowolowky today called upon and conferred with President Fallieres, Premier Clemenceau and Foreign Minister Pichon.

M. Iowolowky is suspected of having given out the program for the conference of the powers which was elaborated in London, but he today denied this suggestion, and attempted to cast doubt upon the accuracy of the London communication. The London statement, however, has been fully confirmed in official quarters here.

Turkish Troops in Massacre. BERLIN, Oct. 17.—There have been frightful massacres in Armenia, according to a Constantinople correspondent of the Berliner Tageblatt.

This paper today publishes a dispatch from the Turkish capital which says: "Armenians in Viran Shehr have been massacred by Turkish troops. The women and children have been subjected to fearful treatment."

"The troops were sent to Viran Shehr to overcome the mutinous townspeople, two-thirds of whom are Armenians, and they at once began to murder and plunder. They are said to have completely overrun the city."

The village of Viran-Shehr is in the heart of Turkish Armenia between Konia and Kalsarie.

SHOOT HIMSELF IN CROWD

Brother of Adolph Luetger Sends Bullet Into Head at Park at Elgin.

CHICAGO, Oct. 17.—Arnold Luetger, brother of Adolph Luetger, the Chicago sausage maker whose trial and conviction for the murder of his wife, was one of the most sensational in the criminal annals of the country, committed suicide in a spectacular manner at Elgin, Ill., yesterday. His identity, however, was not discovered until today. Luetger was visiting an amusement park when, to attract the attention of the crowd, he fired three shots into the air. With everybody staring at him, he then sent a fourth bullet into his own head.

"The suicide, who in his career had been a butcher, a school teacher and at the time of his death was in the real estate business, was a daily attendant at the trial of his older brother, Adolph. According to the testimony at the trial the elder Luetger killed his wife and destroyed the body by boiling it in a sausage vat. The corpse, which was the cause of a small sensation here, around which the police built a circumstantial structure which resulted in the prisoner being sentenced to a life term in prison. After serving a few years there he was found dead in his cell one morning."

AERONAUTS MAY BE DROWNED

Balloon Hergesell Found Floating on North Sea Long Way from Heligoland.

YARMOUTH, England, Oct. 17.—The German balloon Hergesell has been picked up in the North sea. There was, however, no sign of the occupants and the two aeronauts are believed to have perished.

The Hergesell was found floating half deflated 100 miles northwest of Heligoland by the Norwegian steamer Naddod and brought here.

The balloon races that were started at Berlin on Sunday and Monday of this week have been characterized by a series of accidents and mishaps, but the Hergesell is the only airship to end its flight with death to its pilots.

A total of fifty balloons started in the two races, the first for the international cup, and the second an endurance contest. Two of them, the American Conqueror, and the Spanish Montano, burst in the air, the first at a height of 4,000 feet and the second at a height of 6,000 feet, and their occupants had miraculous escapes from death. In each case the remains of the envelope formed a kind of parachute which saved the pilots.

Shortly after these two mishaps had been recorded the airships began to be reported from the North sea, and as it was seen that they undoubtedly would be driven out over this body of water, the German admiralty sent out a fleet of torpedo boats to effect rescue, while the British government sent out two cruisers.

Several of the balloons made successful landings on shore close to the beach, but five of them, the American St. Louis, the Swiss Helvetia, the Spanish Castilla, the German Busley and the German Plauen all came down in the water in the vicinity of Heligoland and their occupants all had narrow escapes before they were picked up.

The race for the international cup was won by the British balloon Banashee, which landed successfully on the coast of Denmark.

WESTERN MATTERS AT CAPITAL

Sites Selected for Public Buildings at Fairbury and Holdrege, Nebraska.

(WASHINGTON, Oct. 17.—(Special Telegram.)—The secretary of the treasury has selected sites for public buildings at Fairbury and Holdrege, Neb. At Fairbury the northwest corner of Fifth and D streets, owned by Marie Carter, was chosen; price, \$5,000. At Holdrege, the southeast corner of Fifth and East streets, owned by L. J. Titus, was selected; price, \$5,000.

The First National bank has been authorized to begin business with a capital of \$25,000. William Tyson, president; Thomas Norbury, vice president, and Edward M. Warner, cashier.

Max Baehr, consul at Clenague, left for his home in St. Paul, Neb., tonight. Mr. Baehr will spend the time between now and election in renewing old acquaintances. He will return to Cuba after election, accompanied by his family.

UNIFORM GRAIN GRADING

Exchanges Over Country Will Be Forced to Adopt Similar Regulations.

ST. LOUIS, Oct. 17.—The National Grain Dealers' association today voted favorably on the resolution to adopt uniform grading rules. The rules will not affect the present grain crop, as they will go into effect next July.

By the adoption of these uniform grading rules, grain exchanges all over the country will be forced to adopt uniform rules.

HAYES SENTENCED TO HANG

Murderer of Fred Samuelsen at Spearfish, S. D., to Be Executed December 4.

LEAD, S. D., Oct. 17.—Charles A. Hayes, alias Bill Dunn, today was sentenced to be hanged on December 4, for murder of Fred Samuelsen near Spearfish August 1 last.

Ed Reich, guilty of manslaughter in first degree, sentenced to fifteen years in the penitentiary.

SLOAN TALKS TO TOURISTS

Brand of Traveling Men Who Are Not Looking for Four Years of Rest.

POPULISTS ALL OFF TICKET

Democrats Bring Pressure to Bear to Force Them to Accept Fleeharty for Attorney General and Succeed.

(From a Staff Correspondent.) LINCOLN, Oct. 17.—(Special.)—Charles Sloan of Geneva spoke to the Young Men's Republican club and the Traveling Men's Raft club tonight at the Lindell hotel. The auditorium of the hotel was filled to the doors and the audience was enthusiastic. Among other things Mr. Sloan said:

"I am pleased to greet the traveling men, the burly men of practical politicians, the knights whose members want to sell commerce; always the courteous and enlightened fellow traveler, citizens who have well earned the title given you by a modern novelist, 'The American Cavalier.'"

I understand there are two organizations in Lincoln. One is the Young Men's Republican club, interested in promoting the leisure of its members for the next four years. The other is the club whose members want to sell goods for the next quadrennium. The members of one having prospered for the last twelve years, it is proposed to fight the source of their prosperity. Perhaps they can; so might the others, but they won't."

Men talk of voting for Bryan as a matter of course. In 1896, when the Nebraska was taken from the company of the great states of the north and lined up with the southern and Arkansas, and we weren't proud of it.

It placed Nebraska on record as supporting the platform of progress, agreed throughout all its presidential contests, and the republicans change their candidates, the democratic platform change every four years, while their candidate, like Tennessee, is the same.

In this state the people rule. Therefore, men may vote for whom they see fit, and I want to suggest that when you vote so that your wages will not be Bryanized, you vote for democracy, or your corn crop.

The 50 per cent rule out of the democratic platform enforced against them, and the 50 per cent rule out of the commission, because in the democratic party he is not and he is all of it. He would have to stop running for a number of years until a lot of little democrats grew up and took the place of the big ones. I believe the democratic party is in a position to win the Nebraska legislature passed a statute which has since been the law of the land, requiring the publication of campaign contributions and expenditures. This law was copied largely from the state of Ohio, the state that gave us Garfield in 1880. McKinley in 1896, and will give us Taft on November 3. This law has been lived up to by the republicans of Nebraska. It has been notoriously ignored and violated by democracy, which now announces, in a spasm of virtue, that it will do more than the republicans in this, that it will publish before election the contributions.

On this account I am willing to offer an amendment to the law, providing that political parties shall publish, as heretofore, their contributions, but that any party whose memory is so short and whose contributions are so large and many that for a space of years they forget the small item of \$20,000, such political party shall have the right to publish its contributions before election.

No More Withdrawals. No one can now get off of the election ballot this fall by declining a nomination, as the fifteen days before election was reached last night. For three days from last night political committees are permitted to fill the vacancies.

E. B. Quisenberry, populist nominee for attorney general, got busy yesterday and visited his cash and got off of the ticket. The democrats got the heads of the populist committee and forced them to accept Harry Fleeharty, the democratic nominee. The full populist committee the other day turned down Fleeharty hard, but today Tom Allen, Arthur Mullen and other Bryan boosters got busy and forced the nomination of Fleeharty.

The same bunch is now trying to force the populist committee to accept Senator

(Continued on Second Page.)

MURDER PLOT NIPPLED

Man and Woman Conspire to Kill Husband of Latter.

RESULT OF ILLICIT LOVE AFFAIR

Farmland at Chalco and Farmer's Wife Confess Their Guilt.

FORMER IS IN THE COUNTY JAIL

Captain Haze Secures Full Statements of Astounding Compact.

ATTEMPT TO MURDER IS FUTILE

Actors in the Atrocious Drama Are Mrs. Emil Ruser and Young Farmland Named John Slager.

While Mrs. Emil Ruser and John Slager of Chalco planned to murder Ruser early on the morning of October 16, while the farmer was asleep and Mrs. Ruser layed beside her husband anticipating the murderer's approach, then permitted her husband to use her as a shield while the would-be murderer fired five shots at him, the attempt failed, both Slager and the woman have confessed to Captain H. P. Haze of Omaha and Slager is in the Douglas county jail.

Slager, the hired man on the Ruser farm, was caught Saturday morning by Private Detectives Haze and Cormack at the Ruser home, where, after attempting to murder the husband, he returned to the wife, with whom he had illicit relations and who assisted in the plans to do away with her husband. The visit Saturday morning was the cause of Slager's capture, though Omaha officers suspected him as soon as Emil Ruser related the story of the attempt on his life.

When Captain Haze went to the Ruser home early Saturday morning he learned that Ruser was away, for he saw there and taking the young man to the barn told him that Mrs. Ruser had confessed and implicated him in the attempt on her husband's life. Slager was at first indignant, but when Haze insisted that he had the woman's confession Slager broke down and told the whole story. Then Detective Haze went into the house and called Mrs. Ruser into a room, where he told her the story Slager had related and all the details of the murder plot.

Woman Stagers the Officers. The woman witted. She revealed a story which staggered the belief of the officers. It was made all the more startling and pathetic because the woman is but 20 years of age and held on her lap a 1-year-old child of Ruser's.

Then all parties were brought together, Ruser, Slager his would-be murderer, Mrs. Ruser, the self-confessed conspirator against her husband's life, and the detectives,