PART ONE.
NEWS SECTION
PAGES ONE TO TEN—12

THE OMAHA SUNDAY BEE

THE WEATHER.
Fair; Cooler

VOL. XLIII—NO. 1. OMAHA, SUNDAY MORNING, JUNE 22, 1913—SIX SECTIONS—FIFTY-FOUR PAGES. 5 SINGLE COPY FIVE CENTS.

ATTORNEY GENERAL IS ACCUSED OF FAVORING INDICTED RICH MEN

District Attorney McNab of San Francisco Wires Resignation to President Wilson.

ORDERED TO CONTINUE CASES

Says Alleged White Slavers Boasted of Their Influence.

TAMPER WITH WITNESSES

District Attorney Says His Protest Was Disregarded.

REFUSES TO SERVE LONGER

Insists Action of Department is Yielding to Influences that Will Destroy Usefulness of His Office.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 21.—United States District Attorney John L. McNab announced today that he has resigned his office. The resignation follows an exchange of telegrams with Washington regarding the conduct of the local federal prosecutor's office.

McNab's resignation, the acceptance of which he requests by wire, is contained in a long telegram to President Wilson. McNab says in the message that he feels forced to resign because of orders from the attorney general tying his hands in the prosecution of the Diggs-Caminetti white slave cases and the indictments against officials of the Western Fuel company.

He states he received orders to postpone action in these cases by telegraph yesterday, and in spite of his protest and statement to the attorney general that efforts to tamper with government witnesses in the cases had been made.

"In bitter humiliation of spirit," the message says, "I am compelled to acknowledge what I have heretofore indignantly refused to believe, namely, that the Department of Justice is yielding to influence which will cripple and destroy the usefulness of this office."

Maury I. Diggs, former state architect, and Drew Caminetti, a son of former State Senator A. Caminetti of Jackson, Cal., who recently was appointed commissioner of immigration by President Wilson, eloped to Reno, Nev., last winter with two high school girls of Sacramento, leaving their wives and babies behind them. They were brought back to California and indictments found against the men under the Mann white slave act.

Text of McNab Letter.

The message to the president follows:

"Woodrow Wilson, President of the United States, Washington, D. C.: I have the honor to tender my resignation as United States attorney for the northern district of California, to take effect immediately. I am ordered by the attorney general over my protest to postpone until autumn the trials of Maury I. Diggs and Drew Caminetti, indicted for a hideous crime which has ruined two girls and shocked the moral sense of the people of California, and this after I have advised the Department of Justice that attempts have been made to corrupt the government witnesses, and friends of the defendants are publicly boasting that the wealth and political prominence of the defendants' relatives will procure my hand to be stayed through influence at Washington.

"In these cases two girls were taken from cultured homes, bullied and frightened in the face of their protests into going to another state, were ruined and debauched by the defendants who abandoned their wives and infants to commit the crime.

"On receipt of the attorney general's telegram, I prepared my resignation to take effect at the conclusion of the trial of the Western Fuel directors and the J. C. Wilson stockbrokers' cases, both of which I had instituted and which I wished to bring to a successful conclusion. Before I could send my resignation, I received another telegram from the department ordering me to postpone the cases against certain defendants of the Western Fuel company and not to try them unless ordered by the department.

Evidence is Overwhelming.

"In bitter humiliation of spirit, I am compelled to acknowledge what I have heretofore indignantly refused to believe, namely, that the Department of Justice is yielding to influence which will cripple and destroy the usefulness of this office. I cannot consent to occupy this position as a mere automaton and have the guilt or innocence of rich and powerful defendants who have been indicted by unbiased grand juries on overwhelming evidence determined in Washington on representations on behalf of

(Continued on Page Two.)

The Weather

Forecast till 7 p. m. Sunday:
For Omaha, Council Bluffs and Vicinity—Fair Sunday; slightly cooler.

Temperature at Omaha Yesterday.

Hours.	Deg.
5 a. m.	69
6 a. m.	69
7 a. m.	69
8 a. m.	71
9 a. m.	74
10 a. m.	75
11 a. m.	76
12 m.	79
1 p. m.	81
2 p. m.	82
3 p. m.	83
4 p. m.	83
5 p. m.	82
6 p. m.	82
7 p. m.	81

Comparative Local Record.

	1913.	1912.	1911.	1913.
Highest yesterday	84	78	95	94
Lowest yesterday	69	56	72	76
Mean temperature	76	67	84	85
Precipitation	.07	.00	.00	.00

Temperature and precipitation departures from the normal:

Normal temperature	75
Excess for the day	3
Total excess since March 1	106
Normal precipitation	.18 inch
Deficiency for the day	.11 inch
Total rainfall since March 1	12.64 inches
Excess since March 1	.18 inch
Deficiency for cor. period, 1912	4.26 inches
Deficiency for cor. period, 1911	5.41 inches

THREATEN GENERAL STRIKE

Building Trades Men in All Cities May Be Called Out.

ANSWER TO CHICAGO LOCKOUT

President O'Donnell Says the Leading Unions from Coast to Coast Are Ready to Quit Work at Any Time.

CHICAGO, June 21.—Threat of a coast-to-coast strike in sympathy with the Chicago union men locked out by the Building Construction Employers' association was made today by Simon O'Donnell, president of the Building Trades council. According to O'Donell, union men in cities throughout the country are awaiting his word to drop their tools and tie up the construction work of the nation.

"All that is necessary is just the word from Chicago," said O'Donnell. "I have heard from the leading unions and they have offered co-operation. They feel, as we do, that we have been badly treated. If the word goes out work will stop from San Francisco to Maine.

"We are hesitating here. Tying up so much work would cripple the country. We will hold out until the last minute before taking such drastic action."

Medical Experts to Testify McCarty Did Not Die from Blow

CALGARY, Alta., June 21.—Several medical experts were prepared to testify in support of the contention of the defense that Luther McCarty did not die from a blow to the jaw, when the trial of Arthur Pelkey, on a charge of manslaughter, was resumed here today.

Efforts of counsel for the defense to discredit testimony of physicians appearing in behalf of the crown thus far have been futile. While differing slightly on the smaller questions pertaining to the cause of McCarty's death, the prosecution's experts have been unanimous that death was due to a clot of blood on the brain caused by dislocation of the neck.

The defense hopes to establish the fact that McCarty was in poor condition when he entered the ring on May 24 and that the blow delivered by Pelky in the first found did not have sufficient force to cause fatal results.

Six witnesses remained to testify for the defence. The crown will present witnesses in rebuttal.

Miss Shaw Hurls Brick Into London Police Station

LONDON, June 21.—Gertrude Shaw, a militant suffragette, hurled a brick through a window of the Scotland Yard police headquarters this afternoon and subsequently was sent to prison for a term of three weeks.

Miss Shaw is a member of the Women's Social and Political union and was one of the women who distinguished themselves in April by capturing the monument commemorating the Great Fire.

Her exploit of today, she declared, was a protest against the treatment of Mrs. Emmeline Pankhurst and other suffragette prisoners.

Militants Set Fire to Three Buildings

LONDON, June 21.—Militant suffragette "arson squads" were out last night at St. Andrews, Scotland, and at South End, on the lower Thames, and succeeded in causing considerable damage.

At St. Andrews the "fire fiends" destroyed the east wing of the Gatty marine laboratory, connected with the university. Many valuable instruments, scientific materials and charts were burned.

The object of attack at South End was the church of St. John, a modern and costly edifice completed a year ago. The organ loft was set on fire, but the damage caused was negligible. Cartridges, oiled rags and combustibles were found scattered round and a quantity of suffrage literature was left to show the origin of the outrage.

Mrs. Van Vlissinger Is Denied Divorce

CHICAGO, June 21.—Holding that Mrs. Jessie R. VanVlissingen was cognizant of and profited by her husband's forgeries, a jury in Judge Petit's court today declined to grant her a divorce.

The defendant, Peter VanVlissingen, is serving a term at Joliet for mortgage forgeries aggregating more than $600,000.

Mrs. VanVlissingen sued on the grounds thas her husband was a felon, while the principal contention of the defendant was that Mrs. VanVlissingen, who was the former's stenographer before she married him, knew of his misdeeds before they became man and wife.

Thomas Walsh, Who Revealed Graft, Dies

NEW YORK, June 21.—Thomas Walsh, the ex-policeman, whose confession led to the convicting of grafting inspectors Thompson, Hussey and Sweeney, now serving time in the penitentiary, died at his home in Harlem early today. He had been in poor health for months and the fear of death was what brought about his confession. He rallied and was able to testify at the graft trials, but never was himself again.

SUPPOSED GOLD METEORITE IS IRON AND NICKEL

FRESNO, Cal., June 21.—The huge meteorite which landed on the farm of Fred Williams and deceived him by its yellow gleam into the belief that he had unearthed a twenty-ton nugget of gold, proves to be composed of iron and nickel. Experts so reported today after chemical tests of the mass. Williams found the meteorite at a depth of sixteen feet. Jewelers, casually inspecting samples, said it was gold.

BEGINS INQUIRY INTO ROADS' APPLICATION

On Own Initiative, Interstate Board Starts Investigation of Demand for Increase.

HEARINGS SLATED

Fifty-Two East[illegible] Per C[illegible]

SEEK ADVANCE [illegible]IGHT RATE

Do Tariffs Yield Adequate Net Returns, One of Questions.

REFUSAL MET IN ONE INSTANCE

Commission Denies Application to Reopen the Old "Advance Rate Case" of Two Years Ago.

WASHINGTON, June 21.—On its own initiative the Interstate Commerce commission today began an inquiry into the application of the fifty-two eastern railroads for increased freight rates. The commission denied the application of the roads to reopen the old "advance rate case" of two years ago. Hearings for railroads and shippers will begin this fall.

Announcement of the commission's purpose was made in the form of two orders, based on the petition of the railroads five weeks ago seeking permission to advance freight rates, both class and commodity, 5 per cent.

Because new tariffs, which would have cost the roads at least $250,000, their officials requested the commission to reopen the old advance rate case that they might have opportunity to demonstrate the necessity of the proposed increase of 5 per cent. This application was denied because the commission prepared to consider the present application as entirely new.

The commission directed that the inquiry should cover two points, viz.:

"Do the rates of transportation now imposed by common carriers by railroads in official classification territory yield an adequate net return; and

"If not, what plan shall be adopted to increase such transportation charges?"

Shortly after 3 p. m. today the commission announced that its order for investigation had been rescinded. No explanation was made further than the following official statement:

"Through misunderstanding a draft of an order of the commission for investigation of proposed advances in rates in official classification territory was served on the carriers and given to the press. This action has been rescinded. Within a few days the commission will consider its action and issue a correct order."

Bomb Dropped from Aeroplane Kills Fifty-Two Men

DOUGLAS, Ariz., June 21.—An official message from Governor Pesquiera today stated that the battle of Ortiz, begun Thursday, had been resumed. The rebel war aeroplane, piloted by Didier Masson, the French aviator, did much execution among the federals, it is said. Pesquiera asserted the Huerta commander was surrounded and could not get away unless he cut through the lines of the constitutionalists.

Masson, according to the message, dropped one bomb that killed fifty-two men. These and a hundred other federal dead, together with seventy rebel dead and seventy wounded men, were brought to Hermosillo on a military train today.

Dr. Muller Visits Chicago Stock Yards

CHICAGO, June 21.—Dr. Lauro Muller, Brazilian minister of foreign affairs, who is on a tour of the United States, arrived here today. He was met by representatives of Governor Dunne and Mayor Harrison and business delegations and the welcome was made more formal by an escort of cavalry of the Illinois National guard and a squadron of mounted police.

After a reception at a Michigan avenue hotel, Dr. Muller was conducted to the stock yards for an insight into the methods used here in an industry which has developed rapidly in Brazil.

Luncheon, a drive, and dinner as the guest of the Illinois Manufacturers' association, completed the program of the day.

BILL INTRODUCED TO ABOLISH FRANKING

WASHINGTON, June 21.—The franking privilege which costs the government millions of dollars a year, would be wiped out by a bill proposed today by Senator Kenyon. Official stamps would be issued to government officials, who would be required to give strict account of their use. Testimony in the lobby investigation showed that on one instance sugar interests, under Senator Lodge's frank, circulated at the government's expense, mail matter which would have otherwise cost them $16,000 in postage.

TAKES POISON BECAUSE IT IS TOO HOT TO LIVE

ST. LOUIS, June 21.—Charles H. Overbeck, a real estate salesman, committed suicide shortly after midnight, "because it was too hot to live." He was setting at a table in a cafe discussing business with a fellow real estate dealer when suddenly he arose and said:

"This weather makes me tired of living."

He went to the rear of the saloon and a few minutes later returned with a bottle of poison, the contents of which he drank.

California Oil Town Burned.

BAKERSFIELD, Cal., June 21.—The oil town of McKittrick, forty miles west of here, was almost completely destroyed by fire today. Nearly all of the principal business houses have been razed. The loss is estimated at $150,000.

The Hero of the Play

Drawn for The Bee by [illegible].

WILSON TAKES STAND BEHIND GLASS BILL

President Will Not Compromise on Any Essential Features of Measure.

STRAIGHT TALK TO LAWMAKERS

Executive Tells Them that Under the Constitution He Has a Right to Recommend Specific Legislation.

WASHINGTON, June 21. — President Wilson has taken a firm stand behind the Glass currency bill and has told democratic members of the house banking and currency committee that as under the constitution he has the right to recommend specific legislation to congress, he feels justified in recommending the measure now before them.

It was said at the White House today that he would not compromise on the essential features of the measure, particularly those which concern concentration of reserves in New York City, and control of the money market.

The fight over the retirement of $700,000,000 2 per cent bonds promises to be a spirited one. Several democratic members of the house committee declare such a provision should have been retained in the bill. Mr. Glass would not say today whether he would insist on putting it back in the measure, but admitted it had been withdrawn against his protest. It is understood that the president leans favorably to such a provision, but other framers of the bill are reported to have taken the position that a separate measure incorporating that feature can be introduced in December if desired.

Elaborate preparations are being made to prevent on Monday, when President Wilson delivers his currency message to congress, the push and crowding corridors of the capitol that marked the reading of a previous message, in which the president shattered recent precedent.

The order has gone out that each senator and representative will have one ticket to the gallery and no more. It will be a case of "No ticket, no seat." It is expected that a number of members of the cabinet will be on the floor of the house to hear the president address congress, and it is almost certain that the diplomatic gallery will be crowded, as it was on the previous occasion.

Injured Man Regains Consciousness Long Enough to Tell Name

William Miller, aged 32, St. Joseph, Mo., who was struck by a passing train on June 1, at First and William streets, regained consciousness long enough to tell his name, residence and former occupation.

Miller is still in a precarious condition and has been unconscious ever since the accident. He is confined to St. Joseph's hospital.

POTATO FIGHT MAY COST J. J. DOTY AN EYE

SHENANDOAH, Ia., June 21.—(Special.)—J. J. Doty, exalted ruler of the Shenandoah Elks lodge will probably lose his right eye as a result of a potato fight at the Elks barbecue last Friday, at which Mr. Doty was host. He entertained the members of the Shenandoah lodge at a monstrous barbecue at his farm west of town. After the feast the men engaged in a potato fight, one of the missiles striking the host in the eye. He was taken to Omaha several days ago for treatment.

Strikes and Lockouts Are Not Remedies For Social Unrest

KNOXVILLE, Tenn., June 21.—Strikes and lockouts are not remedies for social unrest and union labor should have a different mission, said President Woll of the International Photo-Engravers' union in an address before the International Printing Pressmen's and Assistants' union at Hale Springs, Tenn. He said the only solution lay in educating union men in political and economic policies. He favored division of the printing trades into several unions, centered in an international union, with which all would be affiliated.

President Sovey of the International bookbinders made a plea for more thorough organization, need for which, he said, was being felt over the entire country.

Delegates to the convention have been cut off from the outside world during the greater part of the convention at Hale Springs. Only one telephone wire connects the site of the pressmen's home, where the convention is taking place, with Rogersville ten miles away, and a storm put that out of commission for two days.

Clyde Stratton is Convicted of Murder

ROCK ISLAND, Ill., June 21.—Clyde Stratton, the convict who escaped from the federal prison at Fort Leavenworth by going through a sewer, was found guilty of the murder of J. L. Crowder, a banker of Silvis, Ill., and punishment was fixed at fourteen years in Joliet penitentiary, by a jury in the circuit court here, which reported this morning after being out forty-two hours.

Stratton was one of the three robbers who attacked the banker last December, from the effects of which injuries the man died a month later. Stratton was arrested at Pekin, Ill., a few days after getting away from Fort Leavenworth, where he was serving five years for robbing the postoffice at McCool, Ind.

SOUTH AMERICA BUYING MORE MACHINERY HERE

WASHINGTON, June 21. — South America has been increasing its machinery purchases from the United States more rapidly during the last years than any other part of the world, as shown by figures prepared by the bureau of foreign and domestic commerce. This increase has amounted during the last decade to 440 per cent, whereas the entire world growth of machinery export has been only 173 per cent.

The machinery shipped to South America in 1902 amounted to only $5,000,000. Last year it jumped to $27,000,000. The agricultural implement trade to that continent in 1902 was but $2,000,000, last year it was $8,750,000; in the same time the automobile trade grew from $15,000 to more than $2,000,000; the electrical machinery from $128,000 to $1,500,000; the sewing machine from $350,000 to $2,833,000; the typewriter from $75,000 to $1,000,000, and engines from $1,000,000 to $3,500,000.

MAN CHARGED WITH ARSON IS KILLED BY POSSE

OROVILLE, Wash., June 21.—J. H. Ethel, charged with arson, successfully defied the efforts of a sheriff's posse to take him alive last night. The officers set fire to the home after riddling it with bullets. Ethel's body was found in the ruins. One deputy was fatally wounded and another seriously hurt by Ethel's return fire.

Ethel, a sawmill owner, was charged with arson and jumped his bond. The posse pursued him to his home, twelve miles away. He turned his family out of doors and stood off the officers with a rifle until they set fire to the building.

PERJURY CHARGES IN DAMAGE SUIT

Action Brought by W. A. Quimby Burlington Halted in Holt District Court.

WITNESS PLACED UPON GRILL

E. J. Eastwood of Deadwood Found to Have Given Conflicting Testimony and This is Cause for Dismissal of Suit.

O'NEILL, Neb., June 21.—(Special.)—Action is awaited in district court here in a case charging perjury against E. J. Eastwood, who was witness in a damage suit against the Burlington railroad that was dismissed.

The damage suit for $47,000, brought by Walter A. Quimby against the Burlington came to a sudden termination, when before Judge Dickson, M. F. Harrington, attorney for the plaintiff, moved for a dismissal. Trial of the case had been started the previous Friday, the jury empanneled and a number of wwitnesses examined.

The dismissal of the Quimby suit is said to have been caused by reason of evidence of perjury having come into the hands of the attorneys for the railroad company. It is said that they would have shown to the jury, had the case gone on that E. J. Eastwood and wife of Deadwood perjured themselves in depositions filed in the case in behalf of Quimby.

Accident in Dakota.

The Quimby case grew out of an accident sustained by Quimby, August 13, 1909. On that date he was a passenger on a Burlington train between Spearfish and Deadwood, S. D. He was outside the car, riding on the platform and when the train lurched to one side, was thrown off, striking on some rocks. In falling, he was considerably cut and bruised. In his suit for damages, Quimby alleged

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Duket Gives Second Vaccine Treatment

KEARNEY, Neb., June 21.—(Special Telegram.)—Dr. Peter Duket arrived here today and gave the second treatment to patients he inoculated with his vaccine three weeks ago. He was accompanied by ex-Senator Lorimer of Chicago, Dr. E. A. Carr of the state medical board and Dr. Carr of Fremont. Dr. and Mrs. Deffenbaugh of Grand Island completed the party.

The doctor was well pleased with the results obtained by the first treatment and says he is certain of recovery in the cases treated. All cases are said to be improving and the patients are feeling greatly encouraged over the results for the better in their condition.

Fifteen additional patients, all of whom have entered the institution since the doctor's last visit, were examined and treated by the Chicago physician this afternoon.

Further results can be told after these people have been given a chance to improve, as most of them were well advanced with the disease.

The National Capital

Saturday, June 28, 1913.

The Senate.

Met at noon.

Senator Clarke of Arkansas presented bill to regulate lobbying.

Passed concurrent resolution for joint session with house Monday to hear President Wilson's address on currency.

Democratic caucus took up tariff bill.

Adjourned at 1:44 p. m. until noon Monday.

The House.

Not in session, meets Monday.

HARVEST IS GREAT, LABORERS ARE FEW; FARMERS ALL HAPPY

Heavy Rains of Friday Night Put Finishing Touches on the Small Grain Crop.

BUMPER CROPS ARE ASSURED

Indications Are Former High Mark Will Be Passed.

CROP PROSPECTS ARE BRIGHT

Free from Weeds and Supplied with Plenty of Moisture.

CRY NOW IS FOR HARVESTERS

All Who Will May Find Work in the Harvest Fields of the State for a Considerable Time to Come.

With the heavy rain that was general Friday night over a greater portion of the winter wheat zone of Nebraska, railroad crop experts are talking of a yield of 60,000,000 and possibly 65,000,000 bushels for the state. Either quantity would be a bumper crop, the former high mark having been a little in excess of 55,000,000 bushels.

The rain of Friday night is conceded to have finished off the winter wheat crop in perfect condition and with the cooler weather following, it is said that the grain is now beyond any possible injury.

In addition to perfecting the wheat, the rain has made certain one of the biggest oat crops ever raised in the state and made a big yield of corn almost certain.

The rain covered a wide area, missing only a small section of the country, in the extreme northwest portion of the state. Some figures picked at random from the morning reports sent to the Burlington and Northwestern headquarters show the following precipitation:

Town.	Inches.	Town.	Inches
Plymouth	.3	Fremont	1
Schuyler	3½	Aurora	1
Columbus	1½	Central City	1
Salem	2½	Palmer	1
Hickman	1½	Ericson	1
Beatrice	1½	Stromsburg	1
Red Cloud	1¼	Broken Bow	1
Bridgeport	1	Table Rock	1

For a short distance out of Omaha northwest to Fremont, there was a heavy rain for several hours; from Harvard to Linwood, Wisner to Stafford and from Grand Island to St. Paul it rained nearly all night.

Labor is Scarce.

While the farmers are assured of the greatest crop of wheat in the history of the state they are confronted with a labor situation that is looked upon as somewhat serious.

In the extreme southern portion of the state the wheat is almost ready for harvesting, but the men are not there to take care of it after it is cut. Many men from the nearby towns are going into the wheat fields and the schools and colleges of Nebraska and other states are furnishing a fair supply of help, but still there is a demand for many more men.

In times in the past labor agencies of Omaha and other large cities have sent thousands of men to the grain fields, but they are not doing it now. Take the Omaha labor agencies as an example; they are not catering to the harvest hand trade and none of them are attempting to do any business in this line. Decisions of the Interstate Railway commission have done away with party rates and whether it is one man or 100 the rate in the state is a straight 2 cents per mile. The low rate of travel precludes the charging of a commission and consequently if a man applies for a job to go harvesting he is told there is nothing doing.

Plenty of Work.

However, it is not difficult for a man in Omaha to find work in the harvest fields. All he has to do is to buy a ticket, go to one of the depots and board a train. If he goes out in any direction, south, west or north, at any time within the next few days, he will find plenty of work at from $3 to $4 per day, with board and logging and laundry free.

It has been reported that on account of the enormous small grain crop in Nebraska that a famine in binding twine is imminent. The report is discounted by the dealers, who say that the supply will be sufficient, but there will be no large quantity to spare. With one exception, dealers in Omaha are selling twine at 9¾ cents per pound and at the price made last spring. The firm that makes the exception has boosted the price to 10½ cents and sent notices out to this effect.

W. J. Pliant, general agent for the International Harvester company, the larg-

(Continued on Page Two.)

The Longest Day of the Whole Year.

This is it—June 21st.

More sunlight today than in any other twenty-four hours of the 365 days.

You can read a newspaper earlier this morning and later this evening without any artificial light than at any other time.

Perhaps the news is not extra heavy. Warm weather seems to lessen the activities of the news world; things "don't happen."

But in the advertising columns there is "something doing" every day.

You can count dozens of hot weather opportunities that are bound to interest you.

Don't waste your activities wandering from shop to shop hunting for what you want, take counsel with the advertisements first, and then go to the place that is handiest and most reliable.