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THE OMAHA DAILY BEE

THE WEATHER.
Rain; Cooler

VOL. XLIII—NO. 247. OMAHA, TUESDAY MORNING, MAY 12, 1914—TWELVE PAGES. On Trains and at Hotel News Stands, 5c. SINGLE COPY TWO CENTS.

NATION PAYS TRIBUTE TO MEN OF NAVY WHO DIED AT VERA CRUZ

President Wilson Makes Principal Address at Exercises Held in Brooklyn Navy Yard.

PARADE IS FOUR MILES LONG

Demonstration Remarkable for Its Silence and Solemnity.

BODIES BORNE ON CAISSONS

Thousands Bare Heads as Coffins Are Carried Through Streets.

DANIELS READS LIST OF HEROES

President Rides in Parade Which Escorts Bodies of Sailors Slain in Vera Cruz to New York Navy Yard.

NEW YORK, May 11.—To the men of the navy who died in the occupation of Vera Cruz, the city and the state and the nation paid tribute today in a demonstration chiefly remarkable for its silence and solemnity. For four miles through the city streets the funeral cortege passed, and behind it in an open carriage rode the president.

He sat for the most part with his head bared, though the May sun beat down on him and the mercury climbed above seventy.

Perhaps a million persons saw the seventeen coffins, each on a caisson, borne from Battery Plaza in lower Manhattan to the navy yard in Brooklyn. The procession was nearly two hours in passing.

Though there were but seventeen of the dead in the procession, Secretary of Navy Daniels made it plain that the ceremonies were for all who had died at Vera Cruz, not only the seventeen whose bodies were brought up by the cruiser Montana, but also for Clarence Harshbarger and Henry Pullian, who have since died.

The religious ceremony at the navy yard was more impressive if possible than was the sight of the slow moving cortege.

Procession Reaches Navy Yard.

It was just 10:50 when the procession reached the navy yard. President Wilson, Secretary Daniels, Governor Glynn and the others on the president's stand stood bareheaded while the coffins were taken from the caissons and placed in a line in front of the stand. The transfer occupied fifteen minutes.

Ten thousand spectators, with bared heads, stood massed about the four sides of the square. Several thousand more were gathered on neighboring roofs. The heat was oppressive and one of the marines from the Wyoming fainted and was dragged out of the front rank by a captain.

The silence that had overhung the parade ground was broken for the first time when the band began to play softly "Nearer, My God, to Thee." When the hymn was finished, Chaplain Cassard began to read the opening prayer.

President Wilson stood at the chaplain's right, with Secretary Daniels at his left. When the chaplain ended his prayer, he stepped back, leaving Secretary Daniels and the president facing each other.

Daniels Reads List of Heroes.

Then the secretary recited the names of the nineteen men in whose honor the services were held. This included two who have died at Vera Cruz since the Montana steamed away.

Daniels Reads List of Heroes.

"Mr. President," said the secretary, "I have the solemn honor to report to you, as commander-in-chief of the United States navy, the names of the fifteen sailors and four marines who recently at Vera Cruz sealed with their blood their devotion to the flag of their country. All were in the prime of vigorous young manhood. Of the nineteen who answered their last roll call with a cheerful 'aye, aye, sir,' thirteen were 22 or under. The oldest was 36, the youngest 19. Their average age was but a little over 23. They were young and suddenly beheld life's morn decline. They gave not only all they were, but all they hoped to be.

"The first to make the noblest contri-

(Continued on Page Two.)

The Weather

Forecast till 7 p. m. Tuesday.
For Omaha, Council Bluffs and Vicinity—Cloudy and continued cold.

Temperature at Omaha Yesterday.

Hours.	Deg.
5 a. m.	68
6 a. m.	70
7 a. m.	71
8 a. m.	72
9 a. m.	74
10 a. m.	70
11 a. m.	66
12 m.	63
1 p. m.	60
2 p. m.	56
3 p. m.	52
4 p. m.	50
5 p. m.	48
6 p. m.	46
7 p. m.	43
8 p. m.	41

Comparative Local Record.

	1914.	1913.	1912.	1911.
Highest yesterday	74	64	57	75
Lowest yesterday	43	46	15	49
Mean temperature	58	55	51	62
Precipitation	T	T	.10	.00

Temperature and precipitation departures from the normal:

Normal temperature	61
Deficiency for the day	3
Total excess since March 1	87
Normal precipitation	.15 inch
Deficiency for the day	.15 inch
Total rainfall since March 1	4.80 inches
Deficiency since March 1	1.63 inches
Excess for cor. period, 1913	2.15 inches
Deficiency for cor. period, 1912	.74 inch

Reports from Stations at 7 P. M.

Station and State of Weather.	Temp. 7 p. m.	High-est.	Rain-fall.
Cheyenne, rain	50	54	.08
Davenport, rain	48	58	.06
Denver, rain	48	64	.24
Des Moines, rain	46	76	2.56
Dodge City, clear	62	70	.00
Lander, cloudy	40	42	.01
North Platte, cloudy	42	56	.60
Omaha, cloudy	43	74	T
Pueblo, cloudy	64	72	.00
Rapid City, snow	32	34	.38
Salt Lake City, clear	64	61	.00
Santa Fe, clear	66	68	.00
Sheridan, snow	34	36	.10
Sioux City, cloudy	58	52	.18
Valentine, rain	36	40	.32

T indicates trace of precipitation.

General Funston Closes Vera Cruz Gambling Houses

VERA CRUZ, May 11.—Gambling at Vera Cruz is to cease, Brigadier General Funston today issued an order for all houses running gambling to close, stating that any person found guilty after tonight of maintaining any game would be subject to a fine of $1,000 and one year's imprisonment at hard labor.

General Funston is closely watching other plague spots in the city's life, long regarded as institutions, with the intention of stopping them. Even the old Spanish Sunday custom of bull fighting may be forbidden.

Business is booming, with the exception of distributions into the interior. General Funston is encouraging all transportation to the interior, but merchants inland so far have not availed themselves of the opportunities.

Blue jackets from the American and foreign battleships are enjoying more shore privileges and the officers fraternizing in the cafes and plazas, make a colorful scene. Navy men are allowed ashore only in spotless white uniforms and the sanitary pier, where landing parties arrive, has a holiday appearance.

Dozens of booths have sprang up along the pier, where natives are selling soft drinks to the men who a few weeks ago swept through the city under fire.

Under Red Cross officials Vera Cruz is celbrating a continuous municipal clean-up day. Every street, alley and vacant lots are being cleaned of all rubbish, and hundreds of native laborers are busy washing down strets and carting away refuse. Restoration of the electric street lamps, shot away during the fighting, is about completed.

Rumors of all sorts of a great rebel attack on Tampico are in circulation, but naval officials are withholding all information received by them. The departure of the British cruiser Essex and the liner Mexico for Tampico yesterday gave new impetus to reports that the rebels are preparing to deliver a final coup, probably with artillery said to have been brought up from Monterey. If Tampico falls the attitude of the rebels toward American interests there and at this point is awaited with interest.

American Consul Silliman Still Held Prisoner in Saltillo

WASHINGTON, May 11.—American Consul Silliman still is imprisoned at Saltillo, according to a later dispatch from the Brizilian minister in Mexico City, who reported to the State department he has made the strongest representations possible for the release of the American. Mr. Silliman's clerk, Mr. Marchani, has been set at liberty and left for Vera Cruz yesterday.

Secretary Bryan indicated late today the reported seizure of the Mexican light house at Lobos Island by Admiral Mayo has been made the subject of a protest by the Huerta government. He said the matter had been called to his attention by the South American mediators at the direction, he assumed, of Huerta. He added an investigation of the report of the seizure had been ordered, but the State department had no direct information on the subject.

SAN FRANCISCO, May 11.—Bringing further details of the hostile attitude of Mexican federals toward Americans on the west coast, interspersed with many laughable incidents of bravado, news faking and comic opera warfare on the part of the Huertistas, sixty-three refugees reached San Francisco from Salina Cruz and way posts on the Pacific mail liner San Jose. They left behind them a few Americans who preferred to take whatever risk might be entailed in safeguarding their property.

Rebels at Juarez Expect to Hear Soon of Fall of Tampico

JUAREZ, Mexico, May 11.—News of the fate of Tampico still is awaited here by constitutionalist officials. While unconfirmed rumors have reached here through unofficial channels that General Pablo Gonzales and General Luis Caballero, in command of the constitutionalists, have captured the city, officials here believe the main attack on the position of General Zaragoza has not yet been pressed home.

They place supreme confidence, however, on the handling of the artillery by Major Manuel Prieto, who is in charge of the constitutionalist forces. Major Prieto is a graduate of Chapultepec Military academy and is expected to open the opportunity for a dash by the dismounted troopers of Gonzales and Caballero.

The federal position, it is reported, is extremely strong. Protected on one side by the Panuco river and on the other by the Laguna, the federal entrenchments are said to command what is virtually the only approach to the center of the city. If this position is carried, however, the federals will be cut off from retreat except by boat.

George C. Carothers, special representative of the State department, left today for Torreon, where he will join the constitutionalists. He expects to accompany General Villa and Carranza on the campaign against Saltillo and San Luis Potosi.

Constitutionalists Blow Up a Gunboat

WASHINGTON, May 11.—Rear Admiral Howard of the Pacific fleet reported today that the abandoned Mexican federal gunboat Morelos was yesterday boarded, set afire and blown up by the constitutionalists at Mazatlan.

Admiral Howard further reported that the constitutionalist artillery at San Piedras Island drove the Mexican transport Korrigan out of the harbor.

The yacht Iola has been towed from Guaymas to Lapaz by the Cleveland. The Iola is the yacht on which Arthur Payne, a wealthy young man of Menlo Park, Cal., started for Guaymas. It was two weeks overdue at Guaymas and had been reported captured by Mexican revolutionists.

CONTEMPT SENTENCES IN LABOR CASES VOID

Supreme Court Sets A[illegible] tion of Th[illegible] O[illegible]

STATUTE OF LIMITATIONS RUNS

Samuel Gompers, John Mitchell and Frank Morrison Escape.

GREW OUT OF COURT INJUNCTION

Chiefs Stentenced to Jail, but Convictions Are Set Aside.

POINT OF MATTER INVOLVED

Justices Holmes Who Reads the Opinion, Says Contempts Are Not to Be Treated as Conspiracies—Two Dissent.

WASHINGTON, May 11.—The contempt sentences imposed by the district supreme court on Samuel Gompers, John Mitchell and Frank Morrison, labor leaders, were set aside today by the supreme court for the second time as barred by the statute of limitations.

Justice Holmes in beginning the opinion said that contempts were not to be treated as conspiracies, a point urged on the court in behalf of the labor leaders. He said the case turned on the point that the contempt proceedings should have been started within three years from the date of the committing of the offenses.

He said proceedings for contempt should be speedy and thus come within the purpose of the statute of limitations, which require prosecutions within three years. Justice Pitney and Vandeventer dissented.

The contempts charged against the labor leaders occurred in 1907 and early in 1908, about the time the District of Columbia supreme court issued an injunction prohibiting the federation officials from boycotting the Bucks Stove and Range company of St. Louis, then in a labor war with organized labor.

The labor leaders were sentenced to jail, but the supreme court of the United States in 1911 set the conviction aside because the labor leaders had been proceeded against as if the proceedings were part of the boycott suit. The district court, the day after the reversal, then began separate proceedings against the leaders for the same offense.

Conclusion of Judge Holmes.

In concluding his decision Justice Holmes said in part:

"Even if the statute does not cover the case by its express words, as we think it does, still in dealing with the punishment of crime a rule should be laid down, if not by congress, by this court. The power to punish for contempt must have some limit in time, and in defining that limit we should have regard to what has been the policy of the law from the foundation of the government. By analogy, if not by enactment, the limit is three years.

"In a country where not even treason can be prosecuted after a lapse of three years it could scarcely be supposed an individual would remain forever liable to a pecuniary forfeiture.

"The result is that the judgments, based, as they are, mainly on offenses that could not be taken into consideration, must be reversed."

The decision settled the point that contempts of court are crimes. The point has been raised in contempt cases throughout the country.

Justice Holmes said that contempts are infractions of the law, visited with punishment as such, and if they were not crimes the court was in error as to the most fundamental characteristics of crimes as that word has been understood in English speech.

General Lockout in Building Trades Ordered in 'Frisco

SAN FRANCISCO, May 11.—A general lockout in the building trades industry in San Francisco was ordered today by the Building Trades Employers' association. This action was caused by the refusal of union painters to call off a strike for higher wages, current for a month. About 25,000 men are affected.

TORNADO WRECKS BUILDING IN NORTHWESTERN IOWA

SPENCER, Ia., May 11.—A small tornado passed north and northeast of this town about 5 o'clock this afternoon. Barns and other outbuildings on many farms were wrecked and windmills blown down. Trains coming from both Spirit Lake and Estherville had to stop repeatedly to remove debris and snow fences from the track. Particulars were difficult to obtain as phone lines are out of commission. No fatalities have been reported.

North of Dickens, in Clay county, heavy damage was done to farm property.

DENISON, Ia., May 11.—(Special.)—A severe storm of rain and hail passed over this county on Sunday evening. The windows on exposed sides of residences were beaten in with the hail. Creeks and rivers overflowed their banks and fields on hillsides were deep furrowed with the rush of water.

HARLAN, Ia., May 11.—(Special.)—A heavy wind and hailstorm swept the northern part of this county about 11 o'clock last night, doing considerable damage. The window lights in a great many farm homes were entirely destroyed and some outbuildings were razed. The exact details of the storm cannot be had at this time as telephone lines are out of business.

Omaha Couple Married at Logan.

LOGAN, Ia., May 11.—(Special.)—Miss Sylvia Norris and Neb Ray of Omaha came here Saturday afternoon, and after procuring the marriage license of the deputy clerk, went to the Methodist parsonage, where the Rev. M. M. Cable read the marriage lines. The bride and groom were accompanied by Mr. and Mrs. A. L. Burbridge. They will make their home at Omaha.

Untangling or More Tangling?

Drawn for The Bee by Powell.

TEMPERATURE TAKES DROP

Goes Down Thirty-Five Degrees in Omaha During Twelve Hours.

RAIN AND SNOW IN STATE

Precipitation Turns to Snow in the Black Hills Country—Cold to Continue Today with Somewhat Warmer Tonight.

Following the report of snow in the northwest a decided drop in temperatures was experienced in Omaha and vicinity last night. In the western part of the state there were rains and in the northwestern light snows. The temperature in Omaha yesterday morning was 74 at 9 o'clock and was 39 at 5 p. m., a drop of thirty-five degrees.

The colder weather will continue today, it is said, with slowly rising temperatures, beginning tonight or Wednesday.

While rains were not geenral Sunday in Nebraska, there were numerous places where there were heavy showers. Valentine, O'Neill, Ravenna and practically all of the stations on the Northwestern and Burlington in the northern part of the state, beginning back from the Missouri river 100 miles or so, reported one-fourth to one-half inch of precipitation.

Along the Union Pacific and Burlington, from Grand Island to Hastings west there was considerable precipitation. In the Black Hills there was an inch of snow, and from Moorcroft to Billings, Mont., snow flurries were general during Sunday.

Central Iowa, according to the reports from the offices of the Omaha-Chicago roads, were treated to wind, hail and rain Sunday. The storm, or at least that which was damaging, seems to have started in the vicinity of Perry. There the Milwaukee sustained a washout of its grade and the wind blew down a dozen or more telegraph poles. Trains coming west during the storm had all their windows on the north side broken out by hail, some of which were as large as hens' eggs and were driven with terrific force by the wind.

The same storm struck the Rock Island at Valley Junction, a short distance west of Des Moines. This road lost a section of its grade by reason of a washout and a number of miles of telegraph wire was leveled to the ground.

The Burlington caught the storm at a point east of Villisca and while its track was not washed out, water ran over the grade, delaying trains several hours. In and around Villisca heavy wind and considerable hail was reported.

The storm traveled from north to south, bearing somewhat to the west. It started early in the evening and continued at intervals during the night.

As a result of the Iowa storm, train service from the east was badly crippled yesterday on the Rock Island, Milwaukee and Burlington, the trains being from six to ten hours late.

LOUIS STINE IS INJURED WHEN MOTOR CAR UPSETS

BEATRICE, Neb., May 11.—(Special Telegram.)—Louis Stine and his son, Isadore, of Lincoln were severely injured a mile and ahalf north of Cortland when their automobile upset. Mr. Stine was taken back to Lincoln and placed in a hospital and his son was brought to Beatrice. Mr. Stine, his four children and their chauffeur, were en route to Beatrice. As the driver turned out to pass a buggy the car struck a root, turning completely over.

Hail Storm in Eastern Iowa.

CHICAGO, May 11.—A storm which passed over western Illinois and eastern Iowa early today caused considerable damage to property in a number of towns. In Davenport, Ia., roofs were blown off several residences. Huge hailstones fell in many places. There were no casualties so far as is known.

Tour of Grand Opera Company in the West Proves to Be Frost

CHICAGO, May 11.—John C. Shaffer, chairman of the executive committee of the Chicago Grand Opera company, today said the western tour of the singers was not a success. The company, he said, lost approximately $60,000 on the venture.

"The San Francisco engagement of two weeks was especially disappointing due to a number of circumstances, although the generally bad condition of business might be given as the main contributing cause. Other cities on the western circuit failed to respond to the extent that was expected," Mr. Shaffer said:

"The Chicago engagement was quite up to our anticipation and followed by an even moderately prosperious western tour the season as a whole would have been ended with a small margin of profit. Money making, however, is not the object of the opera company, even although it is highly desirable that it be so conducted that it pay its way.

"In any event there is nothing in the situation to cause any worry to music lovers. Chicago and the west will have opera every season and of such grade as can not be surpassed any where in the world."

Becker Jury is Completed and Trial Proceeds

NEW YORK, May 11.—A jury to try Charles Becker, former lieutenant of police, charged with instigating the murder of Herman Rosenthal, the gambler, was again completed today. Frederick A. Strock, a book-keeper and Frederick C. Barrett a consulting engineer were the men chosen.

It was just at noon when the twelfth juror was seclected and District Attorney Whitman immediately began his opening presentation of the state's case to the jury.

Mr. Whitman in his address in no way suggested that the prosecution had any new evidence to present. It is understood that whatever new evidence the state does introduce will be held as a surprise. His speech, on the whole, was without bitterness and was chiefly a review of the events leading up to and following the murder.

Mexican Youth is Hanged for Murder of School Teacher

PECOS, Texas, May 11.—Leon Cardenas Martinez, a Mexican youth, was hanged here at noon today for the murder of Miss Emma Brown, a school teacher, three years ago.

Only a week ago Spanish Ambassador Riano, on behalf of the Mexican government, appealed both to Secretary of State Bryan and Governor Colquitt to save Martinez. The Texas governor, however, said he would not interfere.

LOVETT MAKES ATTACKS ON ADMINISTRATION TRUST BILL

WASHINGTON, May 11.—"I think if you make this bill retroative you will give the railroad world the greatest shake it has felt in years. The minute you make this act retroative and apply it to relations heretofore established, you menace almost every important railroad in this country."

This was the prediction today of Judge Robert S. Lovett, chairman of the Union Pacific board, in criticising the administration anti-trust bill before the senate interstate commerce committee.

Judge Lovett attacked the bill's provisions prohibiting stock ownership by one carrier of another.

FANNING AIRS HIS VIEWS

Starts Political Argument Over Candidacy of Charles W. Bryan.

OTHERS LISTEN PATIENTLY

Wheel Horses of Democratic Party Stop to Take a Whiff of the Contentions Sprung by the Debaters.

It was a convention without the formality of a written call. It was not sanctioned either by the democratic state committee nor by the Jacksonian or Jeffersonian clubs. It was an old-fashioned curbstone convention on the pavement in front of George Rogers' cigar store. It was an unrecorded convention, yet a half dozen local democratic veterans put themselves on the mental record of the onlookers and listeners so that there will be some things it will be hard for them to deny in the future.

Charles E. Fanning, old-time democrat, came up the street with three or four others. Charles was furious. He would not stand for the candidacy of Charles W. Bryan for governor. No sir! He was against everything that savored of the Bryans.

And he waved his arms and smashed his fists into the palm of his hand until the resounding smack re-echoed from the face of the buildings across the street. In front of the cigar store he was halted by a little group that wanted to hear what all the excitement was about.

George Rogers joined in the dispute. Rogers said he was for Charles Bryan for governor, and felt sure that all would be well.

"Why, Bryan didn't even vote for Dahlman when he was running for governor," shouted Fanning.

"He did too," snapped Rogers. "I'll bet you $100 he did."

"Bet nothing," shrieked Fanning. "Who would you leave it to?"

"I'm willing to leave it to Bryan himself," replied Rogers.

"Leave it to Bryan!" sneered Fanning. "I wouldn't take his word on anything."

"Then shut up," said Rogers, "for money talks."

Closer and closer crowded the democrats who wanted to hear the discussion out. Meyer Klein clung close to Fanning's elbow and kept urging "That's right; me, too. That's right, Charley."

And when Rogers was getting the better of the argument Klein, crowding close to Fanning, again ventured, "No, no, George; you're wrog, George."

Upheld the Bryans.

But George Rogers went on upholding the Bryans. George Sey and George Yager, old democratic wheelhorses, clung close enough to the battle front to get a whiff of the smoke. Pete Roland, democrat, who once thought of filing for sheriff, clung to the outer rim of the circle, and said:

"Silence is golden."

In the second circle on the outer rim of the group clung Henry F. Meyere, republican candidate for register of deeds of Douglas county; Robert C. Druesedow, republican representative from Douglas county in the state legislature, and Jim Hammond and Rube Wiseman, old-time republicans of Omaha.

Still back of this rim stood the lone bullmoose, John Lewis, chairman of the Douglas county progressive committee.

Spying Lewis, Charles Fanning roared out again: "I'd give my support and my money to a bullmoose before I'd support a Bryan for an office."

Lewis did not offer to take Fanning's cash subscription at the moment, however, and the raging discussion went on.

Politicians Are Liars.

"All politicians are liars," was another venture of Fanning's.

Rogers insisted they were not, but no money was ventured on the proposition.

Colonel John Maher's name was mentioned but casually and his candidacy for

(Continued on Page Two)

LAMAR AND LEHMANN OFFICIALLY NAMED BY SECRETARY BRYAN

Head of State Department Refuses to Say Whether Third Mediator Will Be Appointed.

ALL EYES ARE NOW ON TAMPICO

Expected Capture of City by Rebels Will Relieve Situation.

CORRESPONDENTS ARE RELEASED

Newspapermen Arrested by Huerta on Way Back to Coast.

MR RUIZ FILES A PROTEST

Mexican Foreign Minister Says American Torpedo Boat Seized Lighthouse on Island of Lobos.

BULLETIN.

WASHINGTON, May 11.—Admiral Mayo has reported that twenty-three cannon shots were heard at Tampico last night. American Consul C. A. Miller and the vice consul, he reported, now are aboard the Connecticut. Ten or fifteen Americans refused to leave the city.

WASHINGTON, May 11.—Associate Justice Joseph Rucker Lamar of the United States supreme court and Frederick W. Lehmann of St. Louis, Mo., former solicitor general, have been selected by the president to represent his views before the South American mediators in the Mexican mediation negotiations at Niagara Falls, Canada. Secretary Bryan made this official announcement tody.

Whether a third representative would be appointed Mr. Bryan declined to indicate, stating that it could be assumed there would be no other appointed.

All Eyes Are on Tampico.

The reported seizure of the island of Lobos as an incident in latest developments in the Mexican situation was not more eagerly discussed today than results of the renewed rebel attack on Tampico. Capture of that port by the constitutionalists, it was considered, might relieve the danger to destruction of foreign property there through prolonged fighting. Early reports today stated that one of the bitterest battles of the Carranza rebellion was in progress. The constitutionalists had been reinforced with men and artillery and were determined to bring the siege to an end.

Correspondents Are Released.

Release of the American war correspondents who were arrested by federal soldiers relieved a tense situation. Pressing representations on Huerta from several diplomatic sources resulted in freedom for Walter Whiffen of the Associated Press, Richard Harding Davis of the New York Tribune, Medill McCormick of the London Times and A. J. Sutton of the Washington Post. They were believed to be enroute to Vera Cruz or Puerto, Mex., after their experiences in Huerta's capital.

Despite the absence of President Wilson and Secretary Daniels, who were in New York today at the memorial services for the Americans killed in the occupation of Vera Cruz, the War and Navy departments continued working out their precautionary plans.

Funston Arrests Correspondent.

First Lieutenant Charles M. Maigne, United States army, retired, who went through the Mexican lines at Vera Cruz, in the capacity of correspondent for a Washington newspaper, was arrested today on returning to Vera Cruz. Advice of his arrest reached the War department from General Funston.

Maigne's arrest was ordered from Washington on the ground that it would be difficult to satisfactorily explain the presence of an American officer within the lines of those who contest the right of the United States on Mexican soil.

Orders had previously gone out for Maigne to cease writing newspaper stories and when General Funston reported that the retired officer had passed through the Mexican federal lines, the order for his arrest followed.

Officials here took the view that as Lieutenant Maigne, although retired, still is subject to the jurisdiction of Secretary Garrison, it would be difficult if not impossible to satisfy the Mexican federal commander that the officer's presence within the enemy's lines was in his purely civil capacity as a newspaper correspondent and not as a United States military spy.

Complaint by Ruiz.

MEXICO CITY, May 10.—Foreign Minister Ruiz has telegraphed the South American mediators in Washington that several United States torpedo boats with a transport and tender appeared off the

(Continued on Page Two.)

Business and and Ideals

Success in business comes through the application of good ideas and the tenacious pursuit of high ideals.

The basic idea and the high est ideal of any truly success ful business is service.

Newspaper advertising occupies the place it does today because it has demonstrated its great capacity for service.

It is a convenient method by which business may express its ideas and its ideals to the public.

It is respected because it is respectable.

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Glance over the advertising in today's Bee and see what is going on in the business world.