CANCER CAN BE PREVENTED

Knowledge of the Disease Will Save Needless Sacrifice of Lives.

SHOULD NOT DELAY THE CASE

Surgical Operation When First Symptoms Show Up Generally Affect a Cure, According to Hospital Statistics.

By CURTIS E. LAKEMAN.

Executive secretary, American Society for the Control of Cancer.

(Exclusive service Survey Press Bureau.)

Cancer can be prevented or cured and the needless sacrifice of thousands of lives can be stopped by educating the public as to the facts about this disease. The cause of cancer is not understood, but much is known about the conditions under which it develops, and it is certain that safety lies only in early recognition of the symptoms and prompt operation. Radium is useful in some cases, but it is not to be relied upon as a substitute for surgical treatment—the only known sure cure.

This message of the hope to be found in early and competent treatment should be spread broadcast. The need of supplying the public with more and better knowledge about the disease is vividly shown by a newspaper clipping recently received at the office of the American Society for the Control of Cancer.

Sample of Dangerous Advice.

A woman wrote to the inquiry column of the newspaper in question that a lump on her breast had been growing about a year. She said she had been told that "kerosene rubbed on it was good for it," and had tried it without result except to cause inflammation, and so she was "very much worried." The answer published along with this letter advised her to "bathe the spot thoroughly and apply a pad of antiphlogistien." It is hard to say which aspect of this case gives the greater shock—that of the women, probably doomed to premature death, because of her ignorance, or the terrible responsibility of the newspaper which left her and perhaps other readers to their fate by failing to say that every lump in a woman's breast should at once be examined by a competent surgeon.

The general state of ignorance, delay and neglect in regard to the early signs of cancer is shown by actual statistics which cannot be disputed. The foremost surgeon of the world recently said in a public address that people wait on the average a whole year after discovering some suspicious symptom before they come to the operating table. Another surgeon studied his own records and those of six of the largest New York hospitals to throw light both on the frequency of cancer and the delay in seeking treatment. Out of 12,345 surgical patients he found 542 cases of cancer, approximately one in twenty-two, or 4.39 per cent. In sixty-five cases of first operation for cancer he found that after discovery of a tumor, or after the first suspicious symptoms, the thirty-five men had waited on the average 12.2 months before consulting the surgeon, and the thirty women an average of 11.9 months.

Delay Means Death.

In like manner Dr. Winter of Koenigsberg, Prussia, the pioneer in the education of the public on cancer, analyzed 1,087 records of operable cases and showed that 87 per cent of these patients could and should have come to treatment much earlier, when their chances of cure would have been much higher than was actually the case. Delay of a year or even a few months makes all the difference between life and death.

If the American movement for public education in regard to this disease needs the encouragement of a precedent, it is to be found in the remarkable reduction of the cancer death rate through a campaign of education conducted by Winter in Koenigsberg. This campaign was designed to reach all people, particularly women, since they are more susceptible than men to the disease. The public was informed as to the first symptoms of cancer and the surpassing importance of the earliest possible surgical treatment. In this campaign the co-operation of the laity and the medical profession, on the one hand, and the press on the other, was enlisted. The cancer death rate of Koenigsberg had increased from fifty-three in 1890 to 110 in 1899, and in 1907 reached a maximum of 129 per 100,000 of the population. The campaign of education then began to have its effect and the rate gradually declined to the point of 118 for the year 1913. The decrease does not seem large, but it is most important when we remember that nearly everywhere else the rate is steadily increasing.

Even more specific proof of the hope which early operation gives is to be found in the statistics of operations performed in some of the principal American hospitals. These records have never been studied as thoroughly as they will be under the plan of the American Society for the Control of Cancer, and there is here a mine of information full of the highest interest and significance to the public.

Chance of Cure.

A preliminary study of the records kept at the hospital and laboratories of one of the largest American centers of medical education shows clearly that the chances of a permanent cure, if operation be resorted to promptly, are very high. It shows equally clearly that these chances decrease with every day of delay. And as a likelihood of cure becomes remote, the immediate danger and damage of the operation becomes greater. That is to say, a new and small cancer may be removed without much pain and without much mutilation, but an old and dispersed cancer leaves a serious wound behind it.

These records have already been analyzed and tabulated, for cancer of the lip, tongue and breast. The statement of results takes account of the conditions said to precede actual cancer, such as tobacco blisters, white spots and sore places about the teeth. While there is difference of opinion as to the bearing of such conditions on the development of true cancer, it cannot be denied that in many cases they seem to cause the disease. In considering the results of operations to remove these "precancerous lesions," it should of course be remembered that these conditions are not always by the development of true cancer, and the statistics should be understood in that light.

In operations on the tongue the figures show that the prompt removal of the "precancerous" lesion resulted in 100 per cent of cures. In the second stage, i. e., that of malignant warts, complete removal was equally effective. But when the actual figures of developed cancer were studied, the proportion of cures dropped at once to 50 per cent.

Early Operations Preferred.

In cancer of the breast the danger of delay is equally apparent. In the milder form, called adenocarcinoma, the percentage of cures in all cases was 76, but in the late cases, i. e., those in which the cancerous nature of the tumor was already obvious to the eye, the percentage was but 64. In the early cases, on the other hand, it was 100 per cent. In these early cases there is a warning lump in the breast, but no outward sign of malignant tumor. In the more malignant forms of breast tumor the general percentage of cures dropped to 36 and in late cases to 33, or one patient out of three. But even here the cures in early cases reached 85 per cent. In other words, the patient raises her chances of recovery from 33 per cent to 85 per cent by going to the surgeon early.

In operations for cancer of the lip the reports show 100 per cent of cures in the earliest stages and 75 per cent of cures after complete operation in the later stages. If the operation was incomplete and the cancer returned the percentage of cures dropped to 33.

The evidence so far collected on early cancer also gives an opportunity for a message to the people who seek help in the later stage of cancer. Although the chances of a cure here are less, the disease in many instances is by no means hopeless. Even when the hope of cure is remote, surgery looks toward the prolongation of useful life and the relief of much suffering.

PREACHER AND REFORMER IS TO SPEAK IN OMAHA.

HERBERT S. BIGELOW.

Herbert S. Bigelow, preacher and reformer, of Cincinnati, is to be in Omaha either June 11 or 12, to speak to the Economic league. The date has not yet been definitely fixed, but will be within the next few days.

Mr. Bigelow probably will speak also before the Commercial club at a public affairs luncheon if the date can be arranged, but there is as yet some hitch in this matter. The public affairs committee has for some time been seeking to get him here for a talk.

BRITISH BUDGET IS GROWING

Chancellor Proposes to Raise Billion for Year's Expenses.

HEAVIEST BURDEN ON RICH

Man with Income from Capital of Five Million Dollars Will Pay One-Third of His Income.

LONDON, May 30.—Under the new scheme of taxation introduced by David Lloyd George, chancellor of the exchequer, in his budget for 1914-15, a man having an income from a capital of $5,000,000 will have to pay one-third of his income in taxes.

In the first place he has to pay 38 cents on every $5 in income tax; then he has to pay a similar amount in super tax, and when he dies $1 on every $5 of what is left has to be paid for death and estate duties. The total is figured at just under one-third the income.

This calculation has been made by Sir William Lever, one of the millionaires who will have to pay, but who does not object.

"I like," he said. "In my view the ideal system of taxation, both local and imperial, is through the income tax, the super tax, death duties, land tax, site value tax and taxation upon luxuries, such as alcohol, tobacco, etc. Everything else free."

Income Taxes Increased.

While Mr. Lloyd George has followed his predecessors in his system of taxation, except that he has increased the rate of income and super tax and death duties, so that the wealthy have to pay the lion's share, he has gone to other countries for some of his ideas. His taxation of site values is based on the law now in vogue in British Columbia, while he has gone to the American income tax law for the idea of making money accruing to British subjects from investments abroad pay its share of taxation.

In recent years the British capitalists have made immense investments in foreign countries. When the income from these investments was brought home to be spent the government, under the old law, levied income tax on it; that is, when the government could discover it. But when the income was re-invested abroad, the old law did not touch it. Now Lloyd George says all income of British subjects resident in the United Kingdom must contribute to the imperial revenue. These foreign investments are estimated at over $1,500,000,000, and from this the chancellor hopes to secure $1,250,000 this year, and double that amount next year. The total increase of revenue from income tax duties this year will amount to something like $44,000,000.

Percentage of Tax Lower.

In spite of these increases, Sir George Paish, editor of the Statist, says the burden of taxation is much smaller than it has been in modern history. In 1880, when the expenditure came to $415,000,000, it was raised out of a national income of $5,000,000,000. Now the national income reaches the enormous total of $12,000,000,000, so it can easily stand the increased expenditure. Sir George argues that England can bear still greater increases in its budget.

"There are good grounds," he says, "for believing that the income and wealth of this country will again double in another thirty years. When it reaches $25,000,000,000, and I have no doubt that it will within a generation, a budget of $2,500,000,000 will be borne more easily than the burden of $1,000,000,000 in 1914."

Question of What is a Gentleman is Up to British Courts

LIVERPOOL, May 30.—An inquiry is being conducted here to determine the definition of a gentleman as contemplated by the workingmen's insurance act.

According to the reading of the act, anyone who earns more than $800 yearly and does no manual labor is a gentleman. This definition, simple enough on its face, has caused infinite dispute in shipping circles, and the Liverpool Steamship Owners' association is trying to solve the question by the present inquiry, but it is likely that whatever the decision an appeal will be carried to the chancellor of the exchequer.

A prominent labor union official declares that the definition creates undesirable class distinctions in the mercantile marine. Under the existing ruling on big ships the captain, mate, second officer and everyone in the engineering room down to the sixth assistant are gentlemen under the act, but the line must be drawn at the seventh engineer. The steamship owners are claiming that the amount of food and lodging alloted to their officers must count in determining their status under the act. On smaller ships the question is more acute, for only manual workers are receiving benefits, so, no matter how low their stipend, the officers who do not work with their hands do not profit by the act. Therefore the Gilbertian situation is created that if a man, though a manual worker, should by promotion get another man to do his manual labor, he at once becomes a gentleman. The quartermaster by steering the ship always qualifies under the act, but misses being a gentleman, although he may mess with the rest of the officers.

The question is of such supreme importance, affecting as it does every British ship sailing from a home port, that some of the most eminent lawyers in the kingdom have been retained to conduct the inquiry.

MEMORIAL FOR POLICEMEN DECORATED BY NIELSEN

The memorial tablet to dead policemen at police headquarters was beautifully decorated with flowers by Officer Hans Nielsen, in memory of the men who have died in the service of the department here. The flowers were artistically arranged about the tablet, while wide bands of black and white crepe were arranged around the memorial. All visitors at police headquarters, as well as the officers, bowed in respect to the memorial when they entered the station.

Chronic Constipation

Makes life miserable. Dr. King's New Life Pills regulates your bowels and relieve the engorged liver. 25c. All druggists.—Advertisement.

The Persistent and Judicious Use of Newspaper Advertising is the Road to Business Success.

Special Services for Americans in Norway

CHRISTIANIA, May 30.—The thousands of Americans who are expected in Norway this summer to attend the celebration of the centenary of Norwegian independence will not lack for spiritual guidance provided by their own countrymen while they are here.

An anomonymous doner of Chicago has provided for the erection of a tent seating 5,000 people, in which evangelistic services will be held throughout the celebration. Dr. A. C. Dixon, pastor of the Metropolitan tabernacle, Spurgeon's famous church, in London, will conduct the services for several weeks in June. Dr. Dixon is an American and he will be known to many of his auditors. He will preach twice daily, once with an interpreter for the benefit of the Norwegians, and once without. On his return to London Dr. Dixon expects to welcome a large number of Americans to the tabernacle, where Dr. J. H. Jowett of New York will preach in July.

HAS NO MONEY LEFT AT END OF TRIP TO PAY FOR JOY RIDE

James Clayton of Hooper, Neb., was having such a good time on his joy ride Friday afternoon that he absolutely forgot about the taxicab bill and when he returned from the trip he found that all of his money had been spent for refreshments and amusement along the way. When he was unable to pay the $12 bill for the ride, he was taken to police headquarters in the automobile and arrested. Police Judge Hascall released Clayton when the young man promised to produce the $12 and pay for the joy ride.

COXSWAIN BAUM CLIMBS THE FIELD CLUB FLAGPOLE

After local steeple jacks failed to reach the top of the flag pole at the Country club, William A. Baum, coxswain at the local United States Naval Recruiting Station, climbed the slender shaft and made the repairs needed. Baum succeeded after four attempts. The pole is only eight inches in diameter at the bottom and is 100 feet high.

Gray Hair Becomes Dark, Thick, Glossy

Look years younger! Try Grandma's recipe of Sage and Sulphur and nobody will know.

Almost everyone knows that Sage Tea and Sulphur, properly compounded, brings back the natural color and lustre to the hair when faded, streaked or gray; also ends dandruff, itching scalp and stops falling hair. Years ago the only way to get this mixture was to make it at home, which is mussy and troublesome.

Nowadays we simply ask at any drug store for "Wyeth's Sage and Sulphur Hair Remedy." You will get a large bottle for about 50 cents. Everybody uses this old, famous recipe, because no one can possibly tell that you darkened your hair, as it does it so naturally and evenly. You dampen a sponge or soft brush with it and draw this through your hair, taking one small strand at a time; by morning the gray hair disappears, and after another application or two, your hair becomes beautifully dark, thick and glossy and you look years younger.—Advertisement.

MINIATURE GARDENS OF JAPAN

For table decorations at parties, banquets, etc.—the rage in the east

Of all the quaint and artistic things which have emanated from the Flowery Kingdom this lastest novelty is by far the most delightfully interesting. It brings to you in miniature, the natural as well as the curious artificial marvels of the land of cherry blossom and the rising sun. Our first shipment direct from the Orient now on sale in China department, West Arcade.

BRANDEIS STORES

Hammocks at $1.98

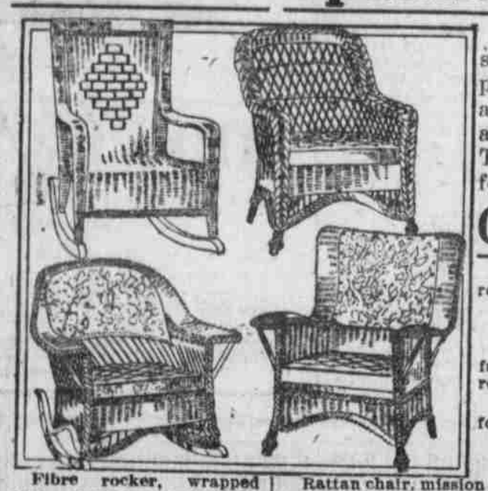
An immense lot of handsome and serviceable jacquard weave and plain canvas hammocks, special for Monday, $1.98.

BRANDEIS STORES

Couch Hammocks

An extra good couch hammock with red enameled steel frame, wind shield, back rest, chains and hooks complete in this sale $7.50.

Summer Opening Display of High Grade Porch Furniture



Tomorrow on our third floor we begin an extensive and elaborate showing of the furniture needed to make the porch a place of hospitality and comfort during the hot months. We have built a porch a hundred feet long, showing on it all the various kinds of pieces and sets of pieces, and how they are most effectively arranged. This is an instructive and interesting occasion and one that affords unusual economies for those who take advantage of it.

Green or Brown Porch Furniture to Match

Complete outfits of matched pieces for porch equipment—tables, chairs, rockers, settees, etc., of the best reed and fibre construction, at special prices:

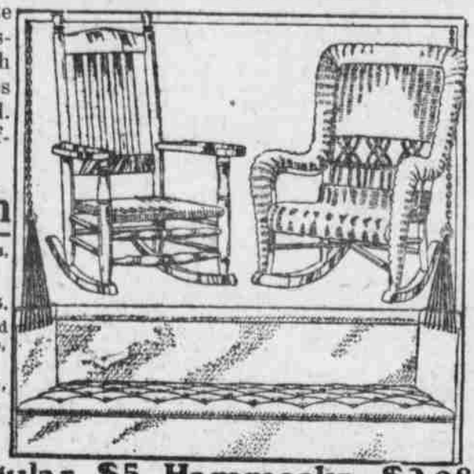
Settee worth $15, in this sale, $10.95.
Rocker worth $8, in this sale $6.60.
Chair worth $8, in this sale $6.60.
Table worth $6.50, in this sale $5.35.

Small fibre chair, green or brown, fancy back, well braced, worth $6 regularly, on sale at $5.

Small rocker to match, worth $6.50, for $5.65.

Large fibre chair, roll back and arms, green or brown, well made, worth $8, in this sale at $6.50.

Large rocker to match, worth $8.75, for $7.20.



Fibre rocker, wrapped arm, very comfortable, green or brown, worth $4, in this sale $3.15.

Rattan chair, mission style, extra well made. Brown only. Rocker to match. Worth $8. Sale price $6.25.

Deltox Grass Rugs for Porches, Etc.

Browns, greens, blues. Fast colors. Plain band borders, Grecian key or Arts and Crafts borders. Very practical and serviceable.

9x12 foot size $8.50.
8x10 foot size $7.50.
6x9 foot size $4.50.
4-6x7-6 ft. size, $3.
3x6 foot size $1.50.
27x54-inch size $1.

Rag Rugs—Ideal Summer Rugs.

4x7 foot size $4.50.
3x6 foot size $2.25.
30x60-inch size $1.75.
24x48-inch size $1.50.

$4.50 Fiber Rocker, $2.50

As an extra special inducement we will sell a hundred fine fibre rockers, like cut, with large roll arms and back, brown or green, regularly worth $4.50, Monday for $2.50.

Baby covers, to protect the baby while asleep. On sale Monday 50c.

Cretonnes for porch pillows, pads, chair covers and porch curtains, hundreds of patterns, at the yard 25c, 29c and 39c.

Regular $5 Hammocks, $2.98

Extra large size closely woven hammocks in plain and fancy styles, with deep valance. Large upholstered pillows. Regular price $5, special for Monday at $2.98.

Full size woven hammocks with pillow and valance, special at ... $1

Baby hammocks with stand complete, specially priced. $3.50

Couch hammocks, heavy steel springs, pad and wind shield, on sale at $4.98

Aerolux Porch Shades

Weatherproof wood—
6x7½ feet size $3.50.
8x7½ feet size $4.50.

Canvas Awnings, 42-inch width, complete, ready to hang, on sale at, each $1.50

Dress Forms, Notions

Adjustable Dress Forms. Can be adjusted to any size. Regular $7.50 value $4.98.

Full dress form. Jersey covered bust. Perfect lines and proportions. Sizes 32 to 44. Regular price $3.25, sale price $2.49.

Cotton and linen tapes. All widths, black or white, bolt, 1c

Oiled mops for polishing floors, regular 50c size, each 15c.

Large Hair Nets; all shades. Special, at, each, 1c.

Rustproof Dress Clasps. Black or white. All sizes. 10c grade, dozen 2c.

Safety Pins. All sizes. Good grade. Card for 1c.

Hooks and Eyes, black or white, all sizes, special at the card 1c.

Annual June Ribbon Sale

A most beautiful selection of the new fancy warp prints, brocades, Roman and byadere stripes and velours in widths of 6 to 10 inches; also grosgrain moire and satin taffeta ribbons in a big variety of shades. Extra values at yard..... 39c

Lingerie Ribbons. With polka dots. Bolts of 10 yards, as follows
No. 1, bolt 18c.
No. 1½, bolt 20c.
No. 2, bolt 25c.
No. 3, bolt 35c.
No. 5, bolt, 50c.

6-inch high lustre messaline, 5½ and 6-inch warp prints, brocades; also 5½-inch moire antique in white, light blue, pink and all the best shades, at yd. 25c

4 and 5-inch fancy warp prints, plain taffeta and high lustre messaline, special, yard.. 15c

5½-inch all silk messalines, plain taffeta, satin and moire taffeta, in the best new shades at, yard..... 19c

$1.50 Silk Vests for 85c

Cool, dainty summer vests of superior quality Milanese silk, trimmed with crochet beading tops and silk ribbon tapes. Reinforced under the arms. White only. These fine silk vests sell regularly for $1.50, Monday special at 85c.

$2.50 Silk Bloomers, $1.25

The demand for the silk Bloomers is constantly increasing. They are practical and comfortable for summer wear. Monday we feature women's $2.50 quality Milanese silk bloomers in pink, sky, black or white, sizes 24 to 30, special at the garment $1.25.

Domestics

Shirt and waist lengths of very fine madras in neat patterns and colorings. Qualities regularly worth to 35c, yard 10c

Remnants of Wash Goods

An accumulation of various kinds of wash goods from our last week's selling. Very desirable pieces at, each 2c

Bleached Sheets at 69c

Splendid quality seamless bleached sheets. Size 81x99 inches. Unusual values at, each 69c

Sheets Worth to $1 at 49c

Soiled and slightly imperfect sheets, which sold to formerly as high as $1 each. Choice Monday at, each..... 49c

Pillow Cases

Odd and ends of fine quality pillow cases. Some embroidered, some with initials. As long as the lot lasts at, each 12½c

Nearly 10,000 Yards of Lace and Embroidery On Sale At About Importer's Cost

At 50c Yard We Will Sell

Silk Chantilly Flouncings, white, cream and black.
Silk Shadow Allovers, cream, white and black, yard wide.
Shadow Flouncings, white and cream, all widths.
Shadow Allovers, 45 inches wide, white and cream.
Oriental Flouncings, white and cream, 18 to 27 inch widths.
Flowered Nets for waists, 24 and 36-inch widths.
Fancy Beaded Nets, yard wide.
Venise Allovers, bands and edges, white and cream.
45-inch wide Embroidered Swiss and voile skirting.
45-inch Swiss and colored Voile Allovers.
27-inch Ruffled Baby Flouncings.

At 19c Yard We Will Sell

Shadow lace flouncings and allovers.
14 and 18-inch Camisole lace corset coverings.
Beautiful Oriental lace edges, white and cream.
18-inch Swiss, Nainsook and Cambric flouncings.
Black Chantilly lace edges and insertions.
Cambric and Swiss corset coverings, 18 inches wide.

At 35c Yard We Will Sell

18 and 36-inch Oriental Allovers, bands and edges.
Venise bands and edges up to 8 inches wide.
Shadow Lace Flouncings, white and cream, 18 to 27 inches wide.
Shadow Allovers, white and cream, 36 inches wide.
Dew Drop Chiffons, all shades, 40 inches wide.
All Silk Nets, all desirable colors, 42 inches wide.
Camisole lace corset coverings, 14 and 18-in. wide.
27 and 45-inch Swiss and Voile flouncings.

At 5c Yard We Will Sell

Dainty French and German val laces and insertions, in matched sets.
Fine linen torchon laces, also heavy linen torchon edges and insertions.
Cotton cluny lace edges and insertions, white and ecru color.
Pure linen cluny lace edges and insertions. Beautiful designs.
Swiss, Nainsook and Cambric embroidery edges and insertions, widths up to 6 inches.

Wash Goods

Pretty Dimities

New Rosebud dimities for summer dresses. Delightfully cool and very inexpensive. 27 inches wide. Special yard 10c

Printed Voiles

The most popular summer fabric in new and attractive printings. All the best shades, as well as black, pink and blue stripes, 40 inches wide. Priced per yard only 25c

Novelty Voiles

Beautiful novelty shadow voiles. Very appropriate for graduation dresses. 40 inches wide. Not equaled at the price. Monday at, yard..... 29c

Imperial Long Cloth

No. 200 Imperial long cloth. A superior quality fabric for undermuslins, 12-yard bolts specially priced at, each 95c

Art Needlework

Crepe Night Gowns

Fancy figured crinkled crepe night gowns in plain and blue or pink, also dainty floral designs. Regular $1 values Monday at 50c

Sofa Pillows

Made of fancy cretonnes for porch or canoe. Washable and finished with tassels. Special for Monday at, each 19c

Crochet Cotton—"Cordonnet Special," white and ecru, all numbers. 15c and 18c grades, spool 7c

Important Sale of Black Silks Monday

Special purchases under exceptionally advantageous conditions enable us to offer unusual economies Monday to the purchasers of dependable quality black silks.

Yard Wide

$1.25 Black messalines
$1 Black Silk poplins
$1.19 Black chiffon taffetas.
$1.25 Perspiration proof Habutai.
$1.50 Black marquisette.

79c

36 and 40-Inch

$1.35 Black peau de gant.
$1.39 Black chiffon taffeta.
$1.50 Black silk and wool poplin.
$1.50 40-in. Charmeuse.
$1.35 black peau de sole.

98c

36 and 40-Inch

$1.75 Black peau de Regence.
$1.69 moire velours.
$1.79 Black chiffon taffetas
$1.79 Black crepe de chine.
$1.65 Black poplins.

$1.29

36 and 40-Inch

$2 Black crepe de chine.
$2.25 Black crepe meteor.
$2.25 Black satin sublime.
$2.50 Black moire velours.
$2.25 Satin charmeuse.

$1.59

Dress Goods

54-inch black and white checks, worth $1.35, yard 98c.

54-inch mannish light weight suitings, worth $2 and $2.50, special, Monday, yard $1.39.

42-inch $1 all wool French Crepes 79c.

75c Challis, 39c

Fine imported French Challis in the most attractive colorings and smart 2, 3 and 4 tone effects. Exquisite Egyptian, Algerian, Jap, Dresden, Balkan, floral and dot and stripe patterns, excellent 75c quality, yard 39c.