

A Figured Batiste Corset for \$1.00

Think of it—a fancy figured corset, trimmed with lace and ribbon, boned with flexible Rust-Proof boning, guaranteed by us, and by the makers, not to rust, break nor tear, for \$1.00.

This is what we offer in Model 5001, shown for slender figures, with four Security Rubber Button Hose Supporters attached.

You don't have to worry about your figure when you wear a WARNER'S; they are the foundation of all fashionable gowns.

July Sale White Goods

35c White Silkized Taffeta 15c a yard
\$3.50 Embroidered Crepe \$1.75 a yard
July Sale Figured White Piques
30c White Figured Piques 19c a yard
35c Checked Embroidered White Swiss 20c yd
30c White Checked Pearl Line Lawn 19c a yard

July Sale Bath Mats

All \$1.75 and \$1.50 Turkish Bath Mats \$1.00 each
All \$1.00 Turkish Bath Mats79c each

July Clearing Sale of Women's Outer Apparel

The choicest apparel in the city is on sale. There are no goods purchased for this sale; every garment is from our regular stock:

SUITS—\$7.45, \$10.50, \$12.50 and \$14.50; values \$19.50 to \$95.00.
SUMMER DRESSES—\$3.25, \$6.50, \$12.50, \$17.50; values \$5.00 to \$35.00.
SKIRTS—\$4.25 and \$6.50.

THE STORE FOR SHIRTWAISTS.

Seasonable blouses reduced in price, \$1.59, \$1.85, \$2.10, \$3.95

Parasols Half Price

Entire stock of Women's Fancy Parasols, in taffetas, pongees and combination silks, as well as plain and embroidered white linens—Thursday Half Price.
Children's Parasols are reduced in price.

Thompson Belden & Co.
HOMER AND SIXTEENTH STREETS

DICTATOR IN WHITE HOUSE

Congress Chafes, but Does Bidding of Impractical Schoolmaster.

IOWA REPUBLICANS MEETING

Stilman Discusses Problems Confronting Party—Protection and Firm Financial Policy Principal Issues.

DES MOINES, Ia., July 15.—There also today in the White House a splendid, but utterly impractical man, a schoolmaster and not a statesman, and with him a congress, which, however much it may grumble and chafe under dictation, will yet do his autocratic bidding. This was the manner in which Paul E. Stilman, temporary chairman, characterized President Wilson and the democratic congress in his speech of acceptance before the republican state convention here today.

"This is a day for republican rejoicing," he said in opening the convention. "It is a day for republican optimism and good cheer, for that spirit of fealty and comradeship within the party which was lost, has been found again. The republican party is here—here, chastened by misfortune and refined as by a refiner's fire, but here in the very hour of its need and broadened opportunity. It has been said frequently during the last few months that the time has come for the reorganization and rehabilitation of the republican party. Those are large words and capable of diverse and sunny interpretation. What I prefer to believe, resting, as I do, under full conviction that it is true, is that the time has come for the republican party to lift up its loins and move forward, even as it has always moved forward in the past."

Impractical Man in White House.

Chairman Stilman referred to the chief work of the party now as that of unshoring the splendid but utterly impractical man who sits in the White House. Continuing, he said:

"We are none of us perfect. The republican party is not perfect; naturally we feel pretty well assured that the democratic party is not perfect; but we have reached the stage in our political and moral development when we know that the public happiness and the public welfare are the great objects of government and the least of us are justified in the assumption that the republican party is better prepared than any other to create these favorable conditions for the people, to fight the people's battle for social and industrial justice and bring home to them the rich fruitage of high ideals in government."

Regarding protection, the chairman said the party early placed that in its platform. The republican party has never retreated one step from the principle of protection, he said. "It is the party of protection today, always admitting that modifications in its application are necessary from time to time to preserve the integrity of its intent and to meet the changing conditions of production. The greatest and most bitter controversies that have ever arisen within the party have sprung up, not as affecting the protective principle itself, but with relation to the particular rates and schedules which must prevail to preserve its beneficial purposes without awarding unfair advantages or unreasonable profits in production. The present tariff accepted by the republicans is that tariff rates should be high enough to enable the American producer to pay American wages, and receive a fair and reasonable reward for American capital engaged in production, but not higher. Republicanism is today demanding not only the appearance of equality, but the application of this, its fundamental governmental doctrine. In clear and sharp distinction the democratic party denounces the protective principle as a principle and demands that the American laborer, whether in the farm, in the mine or in the factory, shall be put into open and absolute competition with the cheapest, the lowest, the most ignorant and incompetent labor in the world."

Sound Financial Policies.

The chairman declared the republican party has stood and still stands for financial policies that are not only sound, but honorable as a straight-forward, firm, consistent for the policy, and for the assistance of the cause of temperance. It is opposed to monopoly and has done whatever has been done toward solving the problem of the trusts. Continuing, he said:

"Republicanism stands for the primary system of nominating public officers. The present law has serious defects which should be removed, whose principle, the republican party has never yet retreated from a great policy once taken up, and should go straight forward in perfecting the primary and impressing upon the citizen a higher sense of his responsibility under it. What is known as a 'short primary ballot' would eliminate much of the criticism now offered, and an extension of the primary principle to include the nomination by direct vote of presidents of the United States, is wholly consistent with republican doctrine, which will command the highest approval and confidence of the people."

Party's State Record Good.

"Republicanism in state affairs stands for a nobler and a greater Iowa. A succession of republican legislatures has given Iowa during the last twenty years the cleanest, most progressive and beneficial laws enjoyed by any state. Four years ago when the federal census announced the fact that Iowa had lost population the burden was laid upon Iowa to prove to the world that this condition was not due to any lack of energy or intelligence, or public spirit on the part of the people of Iowa in capitalizing the rich gifts that nature had bestowed upon this state. The republican party took up this burden and has carried it forward. It is proud of the fact that Iowa had lost population in this direction, and the present state administration, in its full confidence, in every opportunity that has been given them the republicans of Iowa have declared by their votes that their vision of Iowa's greater future is not obscured by a narrow or shortsighted conception of economy nor circumscribed by the sordid limitations of the dollar mark."

Cummings and Kenyon Praised.

"The successes of the republican party have been due to a large measure to magnificent leadership, and I may say without disrespect to the great leaders of the past that we take a profound pride and feel a profound trust in the republican leaders of the present. There arise before my vision the forms of two men, than whom no state presents upon the floor of the United States senate more distinguished and brilliant champions of public righteousness, whose creeds may be seen rising and falling in the thick of every battle for the people's rights, who have no prejudice against wealth and property as such, but who are so deeply inspired by that renewed sense of justice and of enthusiasm for good government which is taking possession of the people, that they are concerned that the laws shall be respected by the great and the small alike, and that the enterprises of the rich and poor shall have equal consideration in our market places."

I refer to our two United States senators, Cummings and Kenyon. And here at home, a little nearer to us, a man whose great-hearted and courageous defense of his administrative policies for a greater and more glorious Iowa has won for him not only the respect but the admiration of all our parties, our beloved governor, George W. Clark. And not these alone, but scores of other leaders, in both state and nation, in whose honesty of purpose, in whose fidelity to the people and to high ideals of government we feel an unshaken confidence."

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Toledo Man Nominated by Iowa State Convention.

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(Continued from Page One.)

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Carranza May Take Command.

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General Eduardo Gutierrez was today appointed military governor of the state of San Luis Potosi by General Carranza.

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Supplies Shipped to Vera Cruz.

GALVESTON, Tex., July 15.—The United States army transport San Marcos sailed for Vera Cruz today with a cargo of wood and general subsistence supplies for the Fifth brigade. Six army officers, returning to their commands, were the only passengers.

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Shortly after daybreak what United States army officers of the Thirtieth cavalry estimated at 400 men swooped down on the little garrison of Villa troops. The constitutionalists responded with a steady fire, but were overpowered by overwhelming odds. It was reported to Arturo Elias, Huertan consul here, that nineteen of the Villa garrison were executed. The filibusters captured the entire armament and supplies of the post.

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Pioneer Nebraskan Buried in Arlington

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WASHINGTON, July 15.—(Special Telegram.)—Martin Gering was buried this afternoon in Arlington cemetery with military honors. Mr. Gering came to Washington about two and a half years ago, having relinquished active business, although at the time of his death he was a stockholder in the Gering National bank and largely interested in lands and mines. He was an active worker for irrigation in the Gering district. He established the first flour mill in his name in his home place and became a staunch advocate of the best sugar industry as applicable to Scott's Bluff and surrounding counties.

Martin Gering was 73 years old at the time of his death, a Mason, a member of the Grand Army of the Republic and several other fraternal organizations. He fought through the civil war as a member of the Fourth Pennsylvania cavalry, whose commanding officer was then colonel, now Lieutenant General S. B. M. Young, commandant of the Washington Soldiers' home. Mr. Gering had been ill since Easter Sunday, but the serious nature of his illness, hardening of the arteries, did not show itself until July 1. Mr. Gering leaves a widow, who he made beneficiary under his will. Mrs. Gering will reside in Washington.

Sensational Clearance of Women's and Misses' SUITS and COATS

Thursday we will offer your unrestricted choice of any suit or coat in our entire stock that sold for and up to \$25.00 for only \$5.00. You will find elegant suits and coats in every size.
WAISTS AT HALF PRICE.
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WILLIAM G. M'ADOO.

WASHINGTON, July 15.—Removal of Secretary of the Treasury M'Adoo for using revenue cutters for week-end pleasure trips with Mrs. M'Adoo and administrative officials was demanded in the house by Representative Good of Iowa. He declared M'Adoo not only refused to enforce the revenue cutter service laws, but that he openly violated them.

Steel Laying on Milwaukee Double Tracking Finished

Laying of steel on the Milwaukee's double track line across Iowa from Sabula on the Mississippi to Manilla, sixty-one miles east of Council Bluffs, was completed Tuesday night. Gravel and rock ballast, 250 to 300 carloads per day, is being spread along the 290 miles of new grade and by September 1 to 15, the whole of the double track line will be in service.

The cost of the new line when completed will have been something over \$4,000,000. Sixty grade crossings have been eliminated, underneath or overhead crossings having taken their place. These are in addition to the 200 or more protected or safe crossings that were heretofore in use. All of the new crossings are of steel where they are overhead and cement where they are underneath the tracks.

Just what will be done relative to rebuilding and double tracking the line from Manilla into Council Bluffs this year is not known at this time. However, Superintendent Marshall of the Iowa line, with headquarters at Marion, who is in the city, asserts that he would not be surprised to get an order any day, instructing the assembling of outfits and teams with a view to pushing the gap to completion within this year.

HALIBUT TRUST IS INDICTED

Booth and Other Companies Accused of Conspiring at Monopoly.

BILLS ARE FILED IN SEATTLE

Intimidation and Coercion of Independent Dealers and Pre-tended Competition Among Themselves Alleged.

SEATTLE, Wash., July 15.—The federal grand jury today returned indictments under the Sherman anti-trust law against the members of the so-called Halibut trust, which controls most of the halibut caught in the North Atlantic, North Pacific and Bering seas and sold in the United States.

Indictments were returned against the Booth Fisheries company of Maryland, the Booth Fisheries company of Washington, the Chiopeck Fish company of Seattle, International Fisheries company, the San Juan Fishing and Packing company, the Occidental Fish company, A. E. Carpenter, president of the Booth Fisheries company of Maryland, W. C. Chutter, president of the Booth Fisheries company of Washington, William Calvert, Jr., president of the San Juan Fishing and Packing company, and W. J. Maddock, a buyer for the Booth interests.

The indictments allege conspiracy to control and limit the supply and price of halibut taken from the waters of the North Pacific and North Atlantic oceans and Bering sea, and shipped through the markets of Seattle, Tacoma, Vancouver and Prince Rupert, B. C., and Boston; to control the price paid to independent dealers for fish by making exorbitant and unreasonable bids against them; to control the price by refusing to bid against one another; to control the distribution of halibut through the markets by pretending competition against one another; to control prices by refraining from good-faith competition in markets allotted by agreement among the indicted firms, and to control the markets and prices by intimidation and coercion of independent dealers.

The grand jury began its investigation here May 12 last under instructions sent to United States District Attorney Clay Allen by Attorney General McReynolds.

The Booth Fisheries company has headquarters in Chicago and operates extensively through the middle west, maintaining large cold storage warehouses.

HEIRS OF MY SOUL MICKADIET HALE SECRETARY INTO COURT

(From a Staff Correspondent.)

WASHINGTON, July 15.—(Special Telegram.)—Secretary of the Interior Lane must appear before Justice Anderson on July 20 and show cause why a writ of mandamus should not be issued compelling him to recognize the rights in Nebraska property of Julia L. Mickadiet and Alma Mickadiet, heirs of "My Soul" Mickadiet of Winnebago Indian tribe.

Former Secretary Fisher decided in favor of the Mickadiets and they gained possession of the property in February, 1913. Last September, however, Secretary Lane ordered all funds due the estate withheld, and he now refuses to admit their right of control in the property or to pay the rentals therefor to them. It is definitely to determine the right of the Fisher decision that the present mandamus action is instituted.

COURT PUTS STOP TO FEEDING GRAFT IN COUNTY JAIL

(Continued from Page One.)

played a leading part in the long fight against the "jail feeding graft." Attorney Arthur Mullen, who represented the sheriff, already has indicated that in the event of defeat in the suit just decided his next move would be an attempt to collect 75 cents per day from the county for each prisoner in the jail. He expressed an opinion to County Attorney Magney that the annulment of the last law would result in a still larger claim under an ancient statute passed in 1869.

The following table shows the extent of the "jail feeding graft" defeated by the high court, the column on the right being the amounts demanded each month by Sheriff McShane in excess of the cost to the county under the former contract plan:

Part of Feb. 1913	McShane's Bill	Old Rate	Cost
March	2,469	885	1,584
April	2,500	905	1,595
May	2,500	905	1,595
June	2,819	1,014	1,805
July	2,679	964	1,715
August	2,941	1,049	1,892
September	3,015	1,085	1,930
October	3,225	1,141	2,084
November	3,717	1,292	2,425
December	3,819	1,329	2,490
1914			
January	2,577	1,026	1,551
February	2,344	1,023	1,321
March	2,182	1,127	2,055
April	2,077	1,207	1,870

During the first legal battle Sheriff McShane was willing to compromise with the county for 35 cents per day per prisoner, only a little more than one-half the 75 cents which he will now ask, but was persuaded by his attorney to hold out for 50 cents.

In the first suit in connection with the last law a provision exempting Douglas county from the 30 cents a day rule was declared unconstitutional, the remainder of the statute being allowed to stand. In the last suit decision for the sheriff was rendered, but a motion for a new trial was allowed and the anti-graft opinion followed.

MAN WHO GAVE LINCOLN BOOST