

DIPLOMATIC MAIL NOT SAFE ON SEAS

American Protest Says Pouches Treated in "Vexatiously Inquisitorial" Manner.

"STRONG FEELING AROUSED"

WASHINGTON, Jan. 28.—The text of the American protest to Great Britain against interference with neutral mails, made public tonight reveals that diplomatic and consular pouches have been treated in a manner the United States considers "vexatiously inquisitorial." The note describes the practices of British officials as "unwarranted interference" and urgently requests a prompt reply pointing out that "a strong feeling is being aroused" in this country by the loss of valuable letters, while foreign banks are refusing to cash American drafts because they have no assurance that drafts are secure in the mails.

The United States declares that parcel post articles are entitled to the same treatment as letters, and that the right of Great Britain to take neutral mail ships into British jurisdiction for purposes of search and then submit them to local censorship regulations, it also denies that the British government has any authority over neutral sealed mails on ships which merely touch at British ports.

Must Consult Allies.

With the text of the American note was made public Great Britain's interim reply, saying that questions of principle raised by the United States have made it necessary for Great Britain to consult its allies before answering finally, and indicating that there will be no unnecessary delay in the negotiations.

The American note is in the form of a memorandum to Ambassador Page at London instructing him to file a formal and "vigorous protest." It is dated January 4 and textually is as follows:

Department advised that British customs authorities removed from Danish steamer Oscar II, 74 bags parcel mail en route from United States to Norway, Sweden and Denmark; that British port authorities have removed from Swedish steamer Stockholm fifty-eight bags parcel mail en route from Copenhagen, Sweden, to New York; that 543 packages of merchandise, American property, have been seized by British authorities on the Danish steamer United States on its last trip to the United States; that custom authorities at Kirkwall on December 28, seized 57 bags of parcel matter from steamer Frederick VIII manifested for Norway, Sweden and Denmark. Other similar cases might be mentioned, such as that of the steamer Helligaav.

Subject to Same Treatment.

Department inclined to regard parcel post articles as subject to same treatment as articles sent as express or freight in respect to belligerent search, seizure and condemnation. On the other hand, parcel post articles are entitled to the usual exemptions of neutral trade, and the protests of the government of the United States in regard to what constitutes the unlawful bringing in of ships for search in port, the belligerency of so-called blockade by Great Britain and the improper assumption of jurisdiction of vessels and cargoes apply to commerce using parcel post service for the transmission of commodities. Please bring this matter of parcel post formally to the attention of the British government.

The department is further informed that on December 2 the entire mails, including sealed mails and presumably the American diplomatic and consular pouches, from the United States to the Netherlands, were removed by British authorities from the Dutch steamer New Amsterdam; that on December 20 the Dutch vessel Noorder Dyke was deprived of the vessels of American mail from the United States to Rotterdam and that these mails are retained by British authorities. Other similar instances would be mentioned as the cases of the steamers Rotterdam and Noordam.

Cannot Admit Right.

The department cannot admit the right of British authorities to seize neutral vessels plying directly between America and neutral and European ports without touching at British ports to bring their mails on board, while there, to remove or censor mails carried by them. Modern practices generally recognize that mails are not to be censored, confiscated or destroyed on the high seas, even when carried by belligerent mail ships. To attain the same end by bringing such mail ships within British jurisdiction for purposes of search and then subjecting them to local regulations allowing censorship of mails cannot be justified on the ground of national jurisdiction. In cases where neutral mail ships merely touch at British ports the department believes that British authorities have no international right to remove the sealed mails or to censor them on board ship. Mails on such ships never rightfully come into the custody of the British mail service and that service is entirely without responsibility for their transit or safety.

Strong Feeling Aroused.

As a result of British action, strong feeling is being aroused in this country on account of the loss of valuable letters, money orders and drafts, and foreign banks are refusing to cash American drafts, owing to the absence of any security that the drafts will travel safely in the mails. Moreover, the detention of diplomatic and consular mail is an aggravating circumstance in practice, which is generally regarded in this country as vexatiously inquisitorial and without compensating military advantage to Great Britain. Please lay this matter immediately before the British government in a formal and vigorous protest and press for a discontinuance of these unwarranted interferences with invaluable mails. Impress upon Sir Edward Grey the necessity for prompt action in this matter.

The ad Interim Reply.

Great Britain's ad interim reply, delivered to Ambassador Page, January 28, and signed by Sir Edward Grey, the foreign minister, follows: The communication which your excellency was good enough to make on the 15th instant regarding the seizure of mails from neutral vessels raised important questions of principle in regard to matters which are determined by the policy jointly decided and acted upon by the allied governments. His majesty's government is therefore compelled to communicate with their allies before they can make a reply to your memorandum.

From Our Near Neighbors

Miss Eva Jungmyer left Saturday for Lincoln where she will attend the Mahlin Heiber of Colome, S. D., was calling on Papillon friends Wednesday and Thursday.

Invitations are out for a "Leap Year Ball" to be given by the young women of Papillon at Bell's hall Saturday, February 11.

Ed Steep and Will Weber have filed for county treasurer, J. R. Wilson for clerk of the district court and J. M. Gates for sheriff.

Miss Laura Gehring, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. C. Gehring, and Harold Gates of near Gilmore, were married Tuesday at the home of the bride's parents in North Papillon.

Misses Marie Schaub, Dorothy Hanchett and Lela Eastman of the Christian Endeavor society of the Presbyterian church last Saturday evening at the Charles Schaub home west of town.

Dr. R. W. Taylor of Omaha gave an instructive lecture at the Presbyterian church Friday evening on "Wonders of the Southwest." Illustrated with stereoscopic views taken on his own travels.

Miss Eva Kennedy, who has been teaching school near Gilmore, is preparing for a winter here, caring for her mother, who fell and sprained her ankle and will be laid up for several weeks.

Elkhorn.

Mr. and Mrs. E. A. Schuman were visitors in Omaha Friday.

Mr. and Mrs. Julius Rieckert are the parents of baby born last week.

Judge G. W. Shields of Omaha was a business visitor in Elkhorn Friday.

The sons of Henry Elkhorn and Theodore Denker, who were very ill with pneumonia, are improving.

School commenced Thursday, after being closed a week on account of scarlet fever. There were no cases.

Miss Brown visited at Stanton and Miss Warren at Spring Grove with their parents during the last week.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Winterburn visited last week at Tilden with the latter's sister, Mrs. Theodore Hansen and family.

C. C. Helling was released from quarantine at Elkhorn Sunday evening, but the family will be quarantined some time yet.

Mr. and Mrs. John McLaughlin left for the home at Sidney Sunday evening, after several weeks' visit here with relatives.

Valley.

Mrs. W. S. Eddy is quite seriously ill this week.

Mrs. Gaines of Fremont was the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Bette Monday and Tuesday.

Mrs. A. Gardner returned Saturday from a visit with her daughter, Mrs. Neff, at Omaha.

Miss Hanna and Miss Cook entertained the Washington club at the home of Mrs. Bette Monday evening.

Rev. Mr. Rayburn came down from

LIARS' GIVE HIM INSIDE ON MEXICO

Wilson Says Some of His Opinions About Men Are Extremely Picturesque.

A LOT GOING ON WITHIN HIM

NEW YORK, Jan. 28.—President Wilson, speaking last night before the Motion-Picture Board of Trade, spoke as follows:

"I found out what was going on in Mexico in a very singular way—by hearing a sufficiently large number of liars talk about it. It is very tedious to hear men lie, particularly when you know they are lying. You feel like reminding them that really your time is important to you and that you wish they would get down to business and tell you what is really so. He Saves Time. "I get to know that story so by heart that the last time a denunciation visited me about Mexico, I thought I would save time, and I told them exactly what they were going to say to me, and they went away very much confused; they wondered how I had heard it, because they knew it was so. "Some of my opinions about some men are extremely picturesque, and if you could only take motion pictures of them you would think it was Vesuvius in eruption. And yet all these volcanic forces, all these things that are going on inside of me, have to be concealed under a most grave and reverent exterior; and I have to make believe, that I have nothing but respect and admiration for all the time; whereas there is a lot going on inside me that would be entertaining to any audience anywhere. Pleased with Reception. Leaving the Billmore immediately after the close of his address, the president and Mrs. Wilson went to the railroad station, where they were recognized and cheered along the route. After boarding his private car, Mr. Wilson said he was more than pleased with his reception in this city and well satisfied with the manner in which the first of his appeals for national preparedness was received. The party left for Washington at 12:30 o'clock this morning over the Pennsylvania railway.

TOOK OATH TO BURN CAMPS AND KILL MEN

CASTLE ROCK, Colo., Jan. 28.—An oath to burn mining camps and kill everyone not a member of the miners was administered to strikers the night before the commencement of fighting between strikers and militiamen near Walsenburg in April, 1914, according to testimony given today by Elick Oesirk at the trial of four former strikers charged with killing Major P. P. Lester. Oesirk told the jury the oath was administered at union hall in Walsenburg by Bob Rohe, an organizer.

Washington Affairs

Power to subpoena witnesses in the hearing of Representative Buchanan's charges against United States District Attorney Marshall of New York was given by the house to the judiciary committee.

MINISTER CAUSED FIRST MOHR ROW

Woman's Story of Her Relations with Preacher Aroused Husband to Anger.

SHE BREAKS DOWN AND CRIES

PROVIDENCE, R. I., Jan. 28.—The first serious break in the marital relations of the late Dr. C. Franklin Mohr and his wife, Elizabeth P. Mohr, who is charged with having hired two negroes to kill him, occurred at the time she told her husband of her friendship for a man named Samuel A. McDougall, who is now a minister in Picton, Nova Scotia.

This statement was elicited from Mrs. Mohr after a severe cross-examination this afternoon by Attorney General Rice. Step by step the prosecuting attorney brought out the details of Mrs. Mohr's life. Occasionally during the examination she seemed confused as to dates and facts given in her direct testimony, and several times broke down and sobbed.

It was in 1911, she said, that she first told Dr. Mohr about McDougall. The doctor, she admitted, was incensed and went to Nova Scotia to try to have the minister unfrocked. The attorney general then reminded her that in her direct testimony she said that her husband had gone "to the provinces to see a friend."

Not a Drinking Minister. "The doctor was under the influence of drugs," said Mrs. Mohr. "He asked me if I preferred McDougall to him, and I told him that the way he was acting I thought McDougall would have been better if he did not touch liquor."

At the time she met McDougall, Mrs. Mohr said, she was known as Elizabeth Blair. She denied that she told the doctor that she had left Providence to go to Boston because of notoriety caused by her friendship with McDougall. She could not keep company with McDougall, she said, because the differences in their religious beliefs made it impossible for her to become a minister's wife.

It was about the time she told the doctor about McDougall, the attorney general brought out, that Mrs. Mohr and her husband had a falling out and that he began to correspond with Miss Emily Burger, who later became his secretary and who was seriously wounded at the time the doctor was shot down in their stalled automobile.

Admits "She Was Fooled." Mrs. Mohr admitted that "she was fooled" about her first marriage with the doctor in Brooklyn, but that she relied on the word of the doctor and took no other precautions.

She denied that she had lived with the doctor a year and a half before their marriage. When the doctor told her, she said, that she would have trouble in proving that they were legally married as

NEW YORK, Jan. 28.—Pledges aggregating nearly \$1,000,000 for the relief of Jews in the war-ravaged countries of Europe, were announced amid scenes of wild enthusiasm at a mass meeting held tonight. When the returns from the various committees, which had been canvassing different classes of business men and trades had been tabulated, the pledges in amounts of more than \$500,000 aggregated \$780,000. Many additional pledges were taken during the meeting and it was expected that the total would reach the \$1,000,000 mark.

New York Pledges Nearly a Million For Jewish Relief

Chief of Montenegro Army Surrenders

BERLIN, Jan. 28.—(Via Wireless to Saville.)—Advices from Vienna say that General Vukitch, who, according to enemies reports, has continued to lead the Montenegrin force against the Austro-Hungarian troops, has surrendered at Danilovgrad, together with several other Montenegrin generals.

OMAHA MEN'S OIL CLAIMS HELD GOOD BY SECRETARY

(WASHINGTON, Jan. 28.—(Special Telegram.)—Representative Loback was informed today that the claims of individuals in Omaha and elsewhere under the Omaha and Wyoming Oil company had been allowed by the Interior department, the delay being due to the inability of the department in making up its mind whether the holdings claimed were individual in character or came within corporation restrictions.

Power to Subpoena Witnesses in the Hearing of Representative Buchanan's Charges Against United States District Attorney Marshall of New York was given by the house to the judiciary committee.

San Francisco, Jan. 28.—(Special Telegram.)—The Philippine bill amendment for the independence of the islands in from two to four years, depending on whether the islands have Japanese ultimately take over the control of the islands.

Although the navy has plans for a twenty-five knot steam-driven submarine, it probably will stick for the present to twenty knot oil-driven submarines. This was disclosed to the house naval committee by Rear Admiral Griffin, chief engineer of the navy, who said that the problem of substituting the big steam-driven boats in the brief time it might take to escape an enemy still presented difficulties.

Appointment of a committee to return the visit of Central Americans who attended the recent Pan-American financial conference was announced by Secretary McAdoo. Other committees will be named to go to South American countries.

The committee will call from New Orleans January 30. Its members are: Lamar C. Quintero, New Orleans; Ernest Lutz, New York; John Clausen, San Francisco; J. P. Ripley, New York; Thomas J. Walker, New Bedford; J. H. Babcock, Boston; Arthur A. Rice, Chicago; John S. Lawrence, Boston, and D. F. Geier, Chicago.

MINISTER CAUSED FIRST MOHR ROW

Woman's Story of Her Relations with Preacher Aroused Husband to Anger.

SHE BREAKS DOWN AND CRIES

PROVIDENCE, R. I., Jan. 28.—The first serious break in the marital relations of the late Dr. C. Franklin Mohr and his wife, Elizabeth P. Mohr, who is charged with having hired two negroes to kill him, occurred at the time she told her husband of her friendship for a man named Samuel A. McDougall, who is now a minister in Picton, Nova Scotia.

This statement was elicited from Mrs. Mohr after a severe cross-examination this afternoon by Attorney General Rice. Step by step the prosecuting attorney brought out the details of Mrs. Mohr's life. Occasionally during the examination she seemed confused as to dates and facts given in her direct testimony, and several times broke down and sobbed.

It was in 1911, she said, that she first told Dr. Mohr about McDougall. The doctor, she admitted, was incensed and went to Nova Scotia to try to have the minister unfrocked. The attorney general then reminded her that in her direct testimony she said that her husband had gone "to the provinces to see a friend."

Not a Drinking Minister. "The doctor was under the influence of drugs," said Mrs. Mohr. "He asked me if I preferred McDougall to him, and I told him that the way he was acting I thought McDougall would have been better if he did not touch liquor."

At the time she met McDougall, Mrs. Mohr said, she was known as Elizabeth Blair. She denied that she told the doctor that she had left Providence to go to Boston because of notoriety caused by her friendship with McDougall. She could not keep company with McDougall, she said, because the differences in their religious beliefs made it impossible for her to become a minister's wife.

It was about the time she told the doctor about McDougall, the attorney general brought out, that Mrs. Mohr and her husband had a falling out and that he began to correspond with Miss Emily Burger, who later became his secretary and who was seriously wounded at the time the doctor was shot down in their stalled automobile.

Admits "She Was Fooled." Mrs. Mohr admitted that "she was fooled" about her first marriage with the doctor in Brooklyn, but that she relied on the word of the doctor and took no other precautions.

She denied that she had lived with the doctor a year and a half before their marriage. When the doctor told her, she said, that she would have trouble in proving that they were legally married as

NEW YORK, Jan. 28.—Pledges aggregating nearly \$1,000,000 for the relief of Jews in the war-ravaged countries of Europe, were announced amid scenes of wild enthusiasm at a mass meeting held tonight. When the returns from the various committees, which had been canvassing different classes of business men and trades had been tabulated, the pledges in amounts of more than \$500,000 aggregated \$780,000. Many additional pledges were taken during the meeting and it was expected that the total would reach the \$1,000,000 mark.

New York Pledges Nearly a Million For Jewish Relief

Chief of Montenegro Army Surrenders

BERLIN, Jan. 28.—(Via Wireless to Saville.)—Advices from Vienna say that General Vukitch, who, according to enemies reports, has continued to lead the Montenegrin force against the Austro-Hungarian troops, has surrendered at Danilovgrad, together with several other Montenegrin generals.

OMAHA MEN'S OIL CLAIMS HELD GOOD BY SECRETARY

(WASHINGTON, Jan. 28.—(Special Telegram.)—Representative Loback was informed today that the claims of individuals in Omaha and elsewhere under the Omaha and Wyoming Oil company had been allowed by the Interior department, the delay being due to the inability of the department in making up its mind whether the holdings claimed were individual in character or came within corporation restrictions.

Power to Subpoena Witnesses in the Hearing of Representative Buchanan's Charges Against United States District Attorney Marshall of New York was given by the house to the judiciary committee.

San Francisco, Jan. 28.—(Special Telegram.)—The Philippine bill amendment for the independence of the islands in from two to four years, depending on whether the islands have Japanese ultimately take over the control of the islands.

Although the navy has plans for a twenty-five knot steam-driven submarine, it probably will stick for the present to twenty knot oil-driven submarines. This was disclosed to the house naval committee by Rear Admiral Griffin, chief engineer of the navy, who said that the problem of substituting the big steam-driven boats in the brief time it might take to escape an enemy still presented difficulties.

Appointment of a committee to return the visit of Central Americans who attended the recent Pan-American financial conference was announced by Secretary McAdoo. Other committees will be named to go to South American countries.

The committee will call from New Orleans January 30. Its members are: Lamar C. Quintero, New Orleans; Ernest Lutz, New York; John Clausen, San Francisco; J. P. Ripley, New York; Thomas J. Walker, New Bedford; J. H. Babcock, Boston; Arthur A. Rice, Chicago; John S. Lawrence, Boston, and D. F. Geier, Chicago.

Lost in an Alaskan Fog, Four Men Are Thought to Be Dead

SEWARD, Alaska, Jan. 28.—Four men who crossed the channel to Fire Island Tuesday to rescue several castaways marooned there by the Cook inlet ice field, disappeared in the fog while attempting to return to the mainland, and it is feared they were lost, according to word received here today from the rescue party camping at Campbell point.

Mine Workers Give Vote of Confidence To Frank J. Hayes

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., Jan. 28.—After a bitter attack by E. L. Doyle, secretary of the Colorado miners, in which he assailed the management of the strike in that state, the United Mine Workers of America, in convention, gave a sweeping vote of confidence to John H. White, president, and Frank J. Hayes, vice president, today, when it approved by a large majority, all that the international officers had done to win that labor struggle.

For more than two hours Doyle, with a mass of letters, documents and photographs attacked some of the things done by the leaders in conducting the strike. After the convention had approved the acts of the international officers, a motion to expunge from the record all the remarks of Doyle was carried by an overwhelming vote.

Doyle's attack was one of the sensations of the convention. The delegates appeared to be so eager to vote on the question of approving the acts of the international officers that Vice President Hayes was unable to gain the floor to make a reply, and gave notice that he would make a statement later. President White made a heated reply, in which he declared that Doyle had done irreparable injury to the struggling mine workers of Colorado.

MISSOURI RAILROADS ACCEPT RATE RAISES

ST. LOUIS, Mo., Jan. 28.—The freight rate increases recently authorized by the Missouri Public Service commission were accepted by a majority of Missouri railroads, and the passenger increases were accepted by the Washburn, Rock Island, Missouri, Kansas & Texas railroads—all under protest, however—at a conference of the legal, executive and traffic officers of the railroads here today.

JULIUS ORKIN TAKES DETERMINED STAND

Proposes to Clean Out Every Winter Garment on Saturday.

Quotes Prices That Will Cause a Sensation Among Thrifty Women.

Irving Berlin, the famous song writer, felt satisfied when he completed his song hit "When I Leave the World Behind," but no more satisfied than will Julius Orkin "When He Leaves His Store Behind" and starts for New York the coming week to buy his huge stock of spring apparel for his greatly enlarged store.

Stagnated, because unless all signs fail, when the doors close Saturday night he will have disposed of practically every winter garment in his stock.

He has clipped prices so low that the offerings will be irresistible to the woman who knows quality, but who is thrifty enough to seek a bargain at the same time—also to the woman who may not know quality, but who knows the reputation of the Julius Orkin store.

As a headliner, Saturday, he says: "Take your choice of 60 Coats, Suits and Dresses, including garments that sold up to \$40.00, at only \$14.75. No pricer could do justice to a description of the magnitude of this offer. It takes an inspection to make it fully convincing.

Then there are 145 Coats, all late styles, values to \$25.00, to be sacrificed at \$5.75.

And here's another "excitement special." Two racks of odds and ends that should bring up to \$25.00—only 7 garments in all, choice at \$4.75. Like a lottery—if your size is among them, you win.

And many other attractive specials are described in the ad. Read it—then read it again—and be on hand Saturday morning.

JULIUS ORKIN, 1508-1512 Douglas St.

Lost in an Alaskan Fog, Four Men Are Thought to Be Dead

SEWARD, Alaska, Jan. 28.—Four men who crossed the channel to Fire Island Tuesday to rescue several castaways marooned there by the Cook inlet ice field, disappeared in the fog while attempting to return to the mainland, and it is feared they were lost, according to word received here today from the rescue party camping at Campbell point.

Mine Workers Give Vote of Confidence To Frank J. Hayes

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., Jan. 28.—After a bitter attack by E. L. Doyle, secretary of the Colorado miners, in which he assailed the management of the strike in that state, the United Mine Workers of America, in convention, gave a sweeping vote of confidence to John H. White, president, and Frank J. Hayes, vice president, today, when it approved by a large majority, all that the international officers had done to win that labor struggle.

For more than two hours Doyle, with a mass of letters, documents and photographs attacked some of the things done by the leaders in conducting the strike. After the convention had approved the acts of the international officers, a motion to expunge from the record all the remarks of Doyle was carried by an overwhelming vote.

Doyle's attack was one of the sensations of the convention. The delegates appeared to be so eager to vote on the question of approving the acts of the international officers that Vice President Hayes was unable to gain the floor to make a reply, and gave notice that he would make a statement later. President White made a heated reply, in which he declared that Doyle had done irreparable injury to the struggling mine workers of Colorado.

MISSOURI RAILROADS ACCEPT RATE RAISES

ST. LOUIS, Mo., Jan. 28.—The freight rate increases recently authorized by the Missouri Public Service commission were accepted by a majority of Missouri railroads, and the passenger increases were accepted by the Washburn, Rock Island, Missouri, Kansas & Texas railroads—all under protest, however—at a conference of the legal, executive and traffic officers of the railroads here today.

JULIUS ORKIN TAKES DETERMINED STAND

Proposes to Clean Out Every Winter Garment on Saturday.

Quotes Prices That Will Cause a Sensation Among Thrifty Women.

Irving Berlin, the famous song writer, felt satisfied when he completed his song hit "When I Leave the World Behind," but no more satisfied than will Julius Orkin "When He Leaves His Store Behind" and starts for New York the coming week to buy his huge stock of spring apparel for his greatly enlarged store.

Stagnated, because unless all signs fail, when the doors close Saturday night he will have disposed of practically every winter garment in his stock.

He has clipped prices so low that the offerings will be irresistible to the woman who knows quality, but who is thrifty enough to seek a bargain at the same time—also to the woman who may not know quality, but who knows the reputation of the Julius Orkin store.

As a headliner, Saturday, he says: "Take your choice of 60 Coats, Suits and Dresses, including garments that sold up to \$40.00, at only \$14.75. No pricer could do justice to a description of the magnitude of this offer. It takes an inspection to make it fully convincing.

Then there are 145 Coats, all late styles, values to \$25.00, to be sacrificed at \$5.75.

And here's another "excitement special." Two racks of odds and ends that should bring up to \$25.00—only 7 garments in all, choice at \$4.75. Like a lottery—if your size is among them, you win.

And many other attractive specials are described in the ad. Read it—then read it again—and be on hand Saturday morning.

JULIUS ORKIN, 1508-1512 Douglas St.

THE BASKET STORES

sell 300 items lower than any other Omaha grocer. For our annual gathering of employees, to be held in Lincoln, we close at 3 P. M. Wednesday, Feb. 2d, and open at 11 A. M. Thursday, Feb. 3d.

17 1/2 Lbs. Fine Granulated Sugar, \$1.00

Special, Saturday Only—11 Bars White Laundry Queen Soap for 25c. Large Cans Pie Peaches, 3 cans for 25c. Fresh Dressed Chickens, per lb. 10 1/2c. Sirloin or Porterhouse Steaks, per lb. 17 1/2c. Pig Pork Loin Roast, per lb. 10 1/2c. Pig Pork Shoulder Roast, average from 3 to 4 pounds, per lb. 9 1/2c. 8 lbs. fresh Neck Bones for 25c. Pork Sausage, home made, lb. at 12 1/2c. Nutton Steak, 4 lbs. for 25c. SPECIAL—Our fresh daily roasted coffee, regular 20c Rio, 2 lbs. 25c. 15c cans Sorghum at 7 1/2c. Good Eggs, per dozen 20c. Good Nuts, soft shell English Walnuts, or mixed nuts, lb. 10c. We Deliver Free Everywhere. Mail Orders Shipped at Above Prices.

24th and Cuming The Peoples Market

Phone D. 1530

Friesland Farm Certified Milk

A clean milk, from clean and absolutely healthy Holstein-Friesian cows. The barns are kept scrupulously clean. The milkers wash their hands before milking each cow. The milk pails are sterilized. The milk is immediately cooled and put in sterilized bottles and hermetically sealed. This is the cleanest milk to be obtained in Omaha.

FRIESLAND FARM, Tel. Walnut 1529-2.

Distributor, Alamito Sanitary Dairy Co.

Telephone Douglas 409.

PIG PORK LOINS—Fresh, Not Frozen 10 1/2c

FRESH DRESSED CHICKENS 12 1/2c

Follow the crowd to the Empress Market. We have a car load of fresh pork loins which go on sale Saturday. See our big window display. Save money on these bargains.

Pig Pork Butts 12 1/2c. Pig Pork Roast 9 1/2c. Spare Rib 9 1/2c. Young Veal Roast 11c. Young Veal Chops 14 1/2c. Mutton Chops 14 1/2c. Steer Sirloin Steak 16 1/2c. Spare Rib 9 1/2c. Salt Pork 9 1/2c. Skinned Ham 12 1/2c. Armour's Star Ham 12 1/2c. Extra Lean Breakfast Bacon 17 1/2c. Sugar Cured Ham 12 1/2c. Fresh Oysters (no water) 30c a quart. Deliveries to all parts of the city. Mail orders filled at once.

THE EMPRESS MARKET

Opp. Woolworth 5c and 10c Store, 113 South 10th St. Tel. D. 2307.

25,000 PIG PORK LOINS—Fresh, Not Frozen 10 1/2c

FRESH DRESSED CHICKENS 12 1/2c

Tomorrow we place on sale three carloads of native heavy steers. We bought these at the right price and, therefore, are going to give our whole sale and retail trade the benefit of our mammoth buying power. We supply all the leading restaurants, hotels and institutions in Omaha.

Steer Pot Roast 10c-20c. Pig Pork Butts 12 1/2c. Spare Rib 9 1/2c. Young