FULL LEASED WIRE DISPATCHES

The Daily Capital Journal

CIRCULATION IS OVER 4000 DAILY

THIRTY-NINTH YEAR—NO. 190 SALEM, OREGON, MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 11, 1916 PRICE TWO CENTS ON TRAINS AND NEWS STANDS—FIVE CENTS

CAPITAL DETERMINED TO DESTROY UNIONISM

Attempt Made by New York Traction Companies Is Said To Be First Move In Industrial War—Financial Interests Use Companies As Means of Starting Fight—Gompers Recommends Strike That Will Call Out 800,000 Workers in New York City

New York, Sept. 11.—The attempt of the New York Traction companies to crush unionism is the first direct result of the eight hour legislation passed by congress to prevent a railroad strike, a statement from the Amalgamated Association of Carmen charged today.

"Capital does not intend that this legislation shall even go on the statute books," the statement declared.

"The New York traction companies are backed by the most powerful aggregation of capital in the world. The same financial interests back the railroads of the country. This attempt to crush unionism is the first in a great fight by capital against organized labor that it may not realize the results of a twenty five year fight won by the eight hour bill passed by congress."

Samuel Gompers, head of the American Federation of Labor, was closeted in his rooms at the Continental hotel today with union leaders of the city.

Plans for a general sympathetic strike which would call out 800,000 workers and paralyze the city were still under discussion today. The Central committee representing the Central Labor Federation of Greater New York, the Brooklyn Central Labor Union, the New York State Federation of Labor and the American Federation of Labor was to hold hold its first conference at 2 o'clock. This committee has in its power the organization of the proposed general strike.

New York, Sept. 11.—An order recommending a general strike of New York's 800,000 trade unionists, in sympathy with the transit strike which today affected New York, Bronx and Queens counties, went out to the union heads today.

Leaving the night session of union heads two hours before it closed, Samuel Gompers, president of the American Federation of Labor recommended that union members give the striking carmen "financial and moral support."

The union heads recommended a general strike with which action they claimed Gompers was in complete sympathy. The union committee which will direct the proposed general strike, opened headquarters and will be in daily session.

The recommendation of the conferences held by leaders last night will go to the individual bodies and it was said it would take several days to get the proposed sympathetic strike under way.

While surface lines are practically at a standstill the strikers are today making an appeal to the public to refrain from using surface, subway and elevated lines upon which strikes are in progress.

Police reports today showed that in the last 24 hours, thirty two persons were injured in the strike district.

More than a score of arrests were made and among them were three women, charged with inciting to riot.

TRIED TO BEAT TRAIN ARE IN THE MORGUE

Could Not Wait for Train to Pass, Three Are Dead and Fourth Dying

Loveland, Colo., Sept. 11.—Three persons are dead and a fourth victim is dying today as the result of one of the worst automobile accidents that ever occurred in this region. The automobile party of four, consisting of Mr. and Mrs. James L. Hedelson and Mrs. Clara Jones of Loveland and Mrs. Julia A. Lent of Eureka, Kansas, were returning from a mountain trip last night. At the outskirts of the city, Hedelson driving the machine, attempted to cross the Colorado & Southern railroad tracks ahead of a speeding southbound passenger train. The car was struck squarely in the center. Mrs. Lent, fatally injured, was thrown to one side and the other three remaining in the automobile and rolled over and over under the engine pilot, were instantly killed and their bodies mangled almost beyond recognition.

Railroad employes worked desperately for over an hour before the bodies were removed from under the engine.

Abe Martin

Mr. Pinky Kerr is slowly recoverin' from his vacation. Miss Germ Williams will address th' Equal Suffrage League t' night on "Th' Bretherhood o' Women."

Prices Go Higher On Very Active Market

New York, Sept. 11.—The New York Evening financial review today says:

Although the volume of realizing was enormous in today's operations, the market's capacity for taking stocks prevented anything in the nature of real weakness, declines when recorded being confined as a rule within narrow limits while in the best part of the session the general tendency was in the direction of higher levels with marked improvement recorded at times by many issues.

In the last hour strength was reported throughout with steel common moving to a new high record.

Commission houses report buying by outsiders of large financial resources. Big margins have been provided, while in many instances heavy amounts of stock have been taken out of the market on actual cash purchases. The latter movement has been pronounced in United States Steel common and to a small extent in the preferred which offer prime investment opportunity without a return at its present level. Lackawana Steel is being taken on dividend expectations.

Attempt to Have Bear Prove Failure Again

Eureka, Cal., Sept. 11.—All attempts made Saturday and Sunday nights to move the steamer Bear from the reef on which she went last June failed, according to announcement here today. Tugs will continue the effort, however.

A girl never truly loves a man if she admits that he has faults.

Wheat Takes a Drop In Chicago Market

Chicago, Sept. 11.—Strong selling pressure halted a sharp rally in wheat prices after a steady opening today. The market scored fractional gains a few minutes after the start but dropped when bears threw considerable wheat on the market. September was down below the opening 1½ at $1.51¼ December down half at $1.53 and May down half at $1.53½.

An over bought market condition with favorable reports from Iowa and Illionis tumbled corn values from 5-8 to two cents. September was down two at 85 3-4, December down 1½ at 72 1-8 and May down 7-8 at 75 5-8.

Oats opened lower and continued downward on weakness in other grains September was down 1 5-8 at 45 1-8, December down 1 at 47 7-8 and May down 1 1-8 at 50½.

Provisions were lower in sympathy with a weak hog market.

ARGENTINE OBJECTS TO BRITISH BLACKLIST

At Great Demonsttration Retaliatory Legislation Is Demanded

By Charles P. Stewart
(United Press staff correspondent)

Beunos Aires, Sept. 11.—The greatest demonstration against the new British blacklist staged in any country attracted an immense crowd at the Plaza Congreso Sunday afternoon.

The plaza was packed. Ten political and patriotic organizations participated in the demonstration, but their members were outnumbered by the great throng of business men and their employes who gathered to protest against the blacklist.

The speakers included some of the most prominent politicians and professional men in the Argentine capital.

They accused the British of attempting to break down the whole structure of international law and declared that no neutral nation should submit to the throttling of its own trade by any belligerent.

The retaliatory legislation passed by the United States congress has greatly strengthened the hand of the opponents of the British blacklist here. In demanding anti-blacklist legislation at the Sunday demonstration, several speakers referred to the stand taken by the United States.

The meeting was advertised by placards scattered throughout the city.

MAY CALL STRIKE TODAY

Kansas City, Mo., Sept. 11.—A strike of the miners of the southwest may be called today.

Formal demand that the operators accept the new biennial wage contract as proposed by the union miners will be made today at a joint conference here.

Refusal will be met with a strike order effective at six p. m., according to announcement by the miners.

MAINE ELECTION HAS POLITICIANS ON ANXIOUS SEAT

Republicans Claim Vote Will Be Big and Their Majority 15.000

DEMOCRATS CLAIM THEY WILL CARRY IT BY 3,000

Taft-Roosevelt Vote in 1912 —Greater Than Wilson's by 23,925

DEMOCRATS DO NOT EXPECT TO CARRY MAINE

New York, Sept. 11.—While the ballots are being cast in Maine today, leaders at both the national political headquarters here are holding their breath and waiting.

Medill McCormick of Chicago brought word of a "sure republican victory" from Maine to republican headquarters today.

Vance McCormick, democratic chairman admitted he "hardly expected a democratic victory." He added, however, "of course it isn't as though they were voting for President Wilson directly today."

By Perry Arnold
(United Press staff correspondent)

Boston, Mass., Sept. 11.—Judged from New England's Hub here this afternoon in the light of fragmentary word from all sections of Maine, the Pine Tree state today will break all records in the number of votes cast at the election which may point the way to the national vote in November.

Both democratic and republican leaders at Augusta today declared their belief that the total vote Maine cast in 1880—143,000 would be exceeded today. Splendid weather prevailed.

The fact that a record vote is expected, is also likely to delay securing complete returns. The fact was emphasized at both headquarters in Augusta today that preliminary returns might be deceptive and should not be accepted as indicative of the final result.

Both Sides Claim It.

Boston, Mass., Sept. 11.—"Way down east" took the center of the national political stage today.

Maine was exercising her pround privilege of exhibiting a line on how the nation feels as to democracy and republicanism. The rock ribbed commonwealth's voters were casting bal-

(Continued on Page Six.)

BRIDGE SPAN BREAKS WHILE BEING HOISTED INTO PLACE; 25 KILLED

Quebec, Sept. 11.—Twenty five men were plunged to their death when the central span of the big $17,000,000 cantilever Quebec bridge over the St. Lawrence river collapsed today just as it was being swung into place, marking what would have been the final work on one of the greatest engineering feats in the world.

Thousands of persons who had come to witness the spectacle of the completion of the bridge, including cabinet and parliament members and engineers saw the accident.

First reports were that the entire force of 90 men who were on the bridge had perished. The St. Lawrence Bridge company, contractors for the structure announced, however, that their latest estimate showed 25 to have been killed. Only five or six survivors of those who were plunged into the river were picked up. The big span which buckled and then collapsed weighed 5000 tons. It was floated down on barges, while thousands in boats of every description and massed on shore, cheered. Steamboat whistles were tooting and the enthusiasm of the great crowd was at its height when the accident occurred. The span had been hoisted but fifteen feet when one corner of the span was seen to be higher than the other. The supporting jack on the lower end then gave way, the span broke in the center and with steel girders snapping with reports like rifle shots, the structure plunged into the water.

The crowds looked on, dumb with amazement as the great steel span dived out of sight.

It carried with it a small portion of the south cantilever arm. Four or five men working on top of the span were hurled into the water. The rest were carried down. The fleet of launches and tugs hurried forward but succeeded in rescuing few.

The big span sank in two hundred feet of water disappearing completely.

In 1907 a section of the bridge collapsed as it was nearing completion killing seventy-five men.

Arrangements have been made to send divers down to ascertain if it will be possible to raise the span and also to find if the channel has been blocked.

Government ministers, eminent engineers and especially invited guests from all over the world were to witness the feat of placing the span.

A special train with twenty injured men from the bridge arrived here chortly after noon. They were taken to the Jeffrey Hale hospital.

Chief Engineer McMillan was on the central span when it fell and was badly injured. He was rescued by a tug and was brought here for treatment.

It is now stated that twenty-seven men were killed, a number of them being indians from the Cagnawa reservation.

Among the known dead is Edward Jordanais, aged 22, of Providence, R. I. Before leaving his boarding house last night to go to the bridge he said with a smile:

"Say boys, let's all join in a song. It

(Continued on Page Two.)

President to Visit Sister Who Is Ill

By Robert J. Bender
(United Press staff correspondent)

Long Branch, N. J., Sept. 11.—President Wilson, accompanied by Mrs. Wilson and Secretary Tumulty, left the summer white house at 9 a. m. today for New London, Conn., where the president's only sister, Mrs. Annie E. Howe is seriously ill.

The trip to New York was made by motor. The president planned to catch a one o'clock train for New London. He has cancelled all engagements for the next few days and his stay will be indefinite.

The president and Mrs. Howe were always greatly devoted to each other. Before his marriage to Mrs. Galt, Mrs. Howe spent much of her time with President Wilson, paying frequent visits to the white house. She was with him at Cornish, N. H., last summer.

"BATTLE OF BREAD FOUGHT IN VILLAGE

Enemies Meet While Raiding Bakery, No Trouble While Bread Lasted

By Carl W. Ackerman
(United Press staff correspondent)

At the German front, near Kovel, Russia, August 16.—(By mail)—The great "battle of bread" has just been fougat at the village of Zwiniacze between Russian, German and Austrian troops with the honors about even.

The Germans captured Zwiniacze, brought up their army bakery and had just turned out 10,000 loaves when they were forced to retire. The regiment on their left flank had failed to advance and the retirement at Zwiniacze was necessary to straighten the lines.

The Germans entrenched a few hundred yards on one side of the village The Russians entrenched about the same distance on the other side.

A group of Germans slipped into Zwiniacze and started back with all the bread they could carry. The Russians saw them but instead of firing slipped out of their trenches for a raid on the bakery. The Austrians jumped in and for a few minutes Russians, Germans and Austrians met at the army bakery with their arms too full of bread to fight.

But when the supply began to run low some one drew a knife. The battle was on in an instant with both sides rushing up reinforcements. Before it ended the ground about the bakery was strewn with the bodies of dead Russians, Austrians and Germans, some of them still clutching their loaves of bread.

FOUR INVESTIGATIONS OF HIGH BREAD PRICES

U. S. District Attorney to Question 25 Chicago Bakers About It

Chicago, Sept. 11.—Four investigations into the proposed increased price of bread were planned here today.

Assistant United States district attorney Joseph Fleming was prepared to conduct an examination of breadmakers and twenty five Chicago bakers, it was said, would be quizzed. President S. F. McDonald of the Association of Master Bakers, has volunteered to give the government all possible information relative to cost of material.

Similar action is planned by the states attorneys office.

At the office of the city sealer, it was stated a force of inspectors will be scattered throughout the city to urge housewives to weigh the bread. It is planned to introduce a resolution at the next meeting of the city council, asking that municipal inquiry be made into bread costs.

Meanwhile three women's organizations, were planning an inquiry of their own.

AN EXPERT OPINION ON LOVE AND KISSING

New York, Sept. 11.—Love is only a chemical reaction; you can get the same sensation by stroking a cat.

Dr. A. A. Lindsay, expert psyhopathist, passes this tip out to a world of lovers while the moon is still full.

"There is nothing in this so-called love; that is, really nothing but the thrill of physical contact, as for instance in kissing," said Dr. Lindsay. "After you have kissed the same girl many times the thrill goes out of the kiss. Then you or the girl discover that love never existed between you."

BULGARIA HAS RETAKEN MUCH LOST TERRITORY

Claim That Since Rumania Declared War They Have Taken From Her Practically All the Towns Which In Last Balkan War They Were Forced by Treaty to Surrender to Rumanians—British Capture Some Trenches and French Make Gains On Somme Front

Berlin, Sept. 11.—More than a third of the territory taken from Bulgaria by the Rumanians at the close of the second Balkan war has been reconquered by the German-Bulgarian forces.

The Rumanians and Russians are again in retreat toward the Danube abandoning still more positions east and southeast of the fortress of Silistra, said Budapest dispatches today.

In a little more than a week the combined German Bulgarian forces have captured far more Rumanian territory than the allies have been able to take of German territory since the beginning of the war. Two Rumanian fortresses, Tutrakan and Silistra, have fallen to the invaders. The Rumanian and Russion prisoners now total more than thirty thousand. Large captures of guns has seriously affected the Rumanian artillery supply.

The capture of Silistra, officially announced yesterday afternoon, is expected to cause the early withdrawal of the Russo-Rumanian forces still operating near Dobric, in southeastern Rumania. The force that occupied Silistra is advancing eastward while a Bulgarian army continues to move northward along the Black sea coast. The enemy already is in a deep pocket and an eastward advance of twenty miles because Germans will make his withdrawal difficult.

Whether the German-Bulgarian advance marks the beginning of a real drive on Bucharest, newspaper critics here confess they are unable to decide. In some quarters, it is believed the Germans plan to drive the Russians and Rumanians behind the Danube and the Constanza railway and throw up strong defensive lines to check a Russo-Rumanian march on Bulgaria.

The Budapest newspaper Az Est declares that the Bulgarians have now conquered practically all the towns which they were forced by the treaty of Bucharest to surrender to the Rumanians. Thanksgiving services are being held throughout Bulgaria because of the victories over the Rumanians and Russians.

By Ed L. Keen.
(United Press Staff Correspondent.)

British Active in Balkans.

London, Sept. 11.—The allies have taken the offensive on both wings in the Balkans. The British forced a crossing of the River Struma under heavy fire and began an attack on the Bulgarian left wing. The French war office wired this afternoon that the crossing was made at Orljax about 42 miles northeast of Salonika. The British are attacking the towns of Nivolgen and Karadjequeil and heavy fighting is going on.

On the allied left wing the Serbians pressed forward, driving the Bulgars out of the villages of Emboria and Pakeschori. Serbian artillery also forced the Bulgars to retire near Florina.

Heavy fighting is going on both north and south of the Somme where the Germans last night launched seven attacks against the newly captured British and French positions. The German war office this afternoon admitted the loss of trenches between Ginchy and Combles but declared that the struggle for Ginchy, whose capture was announced by General Haig caturday night continues.

South of the Somme the Germans claim the recapture of a few houses in the village of Berny from the French The French war office, however, reported the repulse of five German attacks.

On the Russian front and in southeastern Rumania no important changes have occurred in the past twenty-four hours.

British Begin Offensive

Paris, Sept. 11.—British troops have taken the offensive in the Balkans, it was officially announced here today.

The British crossed the Struma river at Crljax and attacked the Bulgarian at Nivolgen and Karadjaqueil. Heavy fighting is going on.

French Repulse Attack

Paris, Sept. 11.—The Germans launched five attacks against the French lines south of the Somme between Berny and a point south of Chaulnes last night, using liquid fire. The war office announced that all these attacks were checked by artillery fire, the Germans losing heavily.

British Make Gains

London, Sept. 11.—Two German counter attacks last night against the village of Ginchy, captured by Irish regiments Saturday were driven off, General Haig reported this afternoon.

The Germans also attacked near Mouquet farm, but were driven back. Otherwise there were no important operations on the Somme battle front.

Between Neuville St. Vaast and the Labassee canal the British entered enemy trenches at several points, taking a number of prisoners.

Germans Admit Loss

Berlin, Sept. 11—Loss of advanced trenches to the British between Ginchy and Combles in a furious battle was admitted by the war office this afternoon.

Fighting for possession of the village of Ginchy continues.

South of the Somme a few houses in the village of Berny have been captured from the French.

Russians Press Ahead

Petrograd, Sept. 11—Russian troops have occupied Banan, on the Caucasus front, it was officially announced today.

Greek Cabinet Accepts.

Athens, Sept. 11.—The Greek cabinet accepted the new conditions imposedby the allies, regarding the maintenance of order, it was announced today.

The reservist league's headquarters in in Piraeus and Athens have been closed. The Greek prefects have been ordered to close the provincial reservist centers.

Anti-Ally Demonstration.

Rome, Sept. 11.—A great anti-ally demonstration occurred in Athens while the English and French ministers were in conference with the Greek cabinet, according to dispatches received here today.

A mob fearing that the entente min-

(Continued on Page Five.)

THE WEATHER

Oregon: Tonight, fair, frost east portion; Tuesday warmer south and east portions; northerly winds.