

HOSTILITY IS OPENLY MAINTAINED Press of Germany Harps Upon "Another Defeat of the Yankees."

The Attempts of Spain to Secure European Intervention Continue to Be Without Avail.

BERLIN, June 11.—There is no material change in the feeling in Germany in regard to the war between Spain and the United States. The Government scrupulously avoids expressing its views on the subject and a few of the German newspapers persist in their attitude of little short of open hostility toward the United States.

lively recently. The statements made by the Minister of the Interior, Count Posadowsky-Wegner, on Tuesday last, in response to a request for an outline of the official views of the tactics which should be followed at the coming elections have caused a sensation everywhere.

A member of the general staff here, in an interview with the correspondent of the Associated Press said: "It is hard for a trained soldier of the European mold to suppress a sentiment akin to contempt when reading the accounts of what has thus far been done, or rather, left undone, by the American army against the Spanish troops in Cuba. With no Spanish fleet to worry them, money and transportation in abundance, all the men needed at their command, they have been unable thus far to even effect a landing of troops. This fact speaks for itself. And after the enormous boasting of the American press and people, who systematically belittled the Spaniards for months before the outbreak of hostilities, this inglorious failure is doubly conspicuous, and if striking proof of the great superiority of the European system of standing armies was needed the Americans have furnished it."

The foregoing sentiments are apparently shared by all the German military men. The attempts of Spain to secure European intervention continue, in spite of the little encouragement held out by the Cabinets approached. Count de Villagonzale, the Spanish Ambassador at St. Petersburg, is now acting in concert with his colleague in Paris, Senor Leon y Castillo, in an effort to obtain the services of Russia and France, either immediately or in the near future. The German Foreign Office is cognizant of the negotiations, but attaches no importance to them. A high official of the Foreign Office positively assures the correspondent that neither France nor Russia intend to intervene at the present juncture.

The feasibility and probability of an Anglo-American alliance or understanding is attracting widespread attention in the German press, though the idea is universally scoffed at as impracticable. The papers here profess not to believe in the possibility of such an entente and point out an array of alleged facts showing why the interests of the two nations cannot travel in parallel lines, declaring that Great Britain's anxiety for an alliance is due to fear, engendered by her present isolation. The Cologne Gazette ridicules the idea and claims if an alliance were consummated Great Britain would secure the advantages and America all the disadvantages.

There has been a split among the Centrists during the week. The Centrists of Westphalia have cut loose from the party, owing to the latter's lukewarm support of the Agrarian Democrats and they have nominated their own candidates. The Centrists have also lost a number of districts in Bavaria through the Independent Agrarian movement among the Catholics. The Government proposes to ask the new Reichstag to increase the credits of the reorganization of the army and additions to the field artillery, including the creation of mortar batteries and the formation of a corps of mounted infantry to every army corps, an increase of the pioneer regiments by a battalion each and the formation of three new army corps.

COLLIER NERO IN WAR PAINT Will Soon Be Ready to Sail for Manila. ACTIVITY AT MARE ISLAND MONADNOCK MAY BEAT THE MONTEREY. Main Battery of the Philadelphia Is Soon to Be Placed Aboard the Swift Cruiser.

has had 600 tons of concrete ballast, composed of scrap iron, sand and Portland cement, put aboard. This will form an immovable ballast and will greatly improve the stability of the ship. The Philadelphia's main battery is lying on the dock, ready to be put aboard and replaced the Nero in the dock. Some of the six-inch guns belong to the Yorktown, as the Philadelphia's six-inch rifles were sent to Washington before the war to be converted into rapid-firing guns, and they have not been completed. Six hundred men worked until 10 o'clock to-night, and will work to-morrow to complete the Nero and the Monadnock as soon as possible.

VALLEJO, June 11.—Mechanics swarm about the collier Nero, formerly the Whitgift, which is now in the dry-dock at Mare Island. Painters have given her a coating of war paint, and her hull has been thoroughly cleaned below the water line to permit two coatings of anti-fouling paint to be put on. Shipwrights have put in new checks and towing bits and are preparing the mounts for two rapid-fire guns on the forecastle deck. Her engine and boilers are in first-class condition and need little, if any, attention. The vessel now flies the American flag. Boatwain Francis A. Dran is in temporary charge until officers are detailed to her. She will leave the dock in a few days and be ready to start about Wednesday. It is not proposed to coal her at Mare Island, but the cargo will be placed on board at San Francisco, where it can be loaded from bunkers at the rate of 1000 tons a day. The Monadnock will be ready before the Nero, and there is no doubt that she will reach Manila ahead of the Monterey. She will take her coal from the British ship Raham, now lying in the rush here.

PROPOSED BOND ISSUE. An Effort Will Be Made to Bar Out Corporations. WASHINGTON, June 11.—Assistant Secretary Vanderbilt, who has had personal charge of the details of the proposed bond issue, said to-day: "The subscription of \$200,000,000 of the 3 per cent bonds just authorized by Congress will be opened by the Treasury Department as soon as the bill is signed by the President, and will close at 3 p. m. July 14. This gives ample time even for the most remote sections of the country to receive complete information regarding the details of the issue and to have subscriptions from such points reach the treasury. Every channel will be used to disseminate in the widest possible manner information regarding this issue and to make it in every sense a successful popular loan. The number of subscriptions have been received in advance of the passage of the act, and there is every reason to believe that the issue will be largely oversubscribed. By the terms of the law, the allotment will be peculiar. The smallest number of subscriptions shall be first allotted, and the allotments be made inversely, in accordance with the number of subscriptions. That will result in a line being sharply drawn at some point, and all subscriptions above that point exceeding that sum will receive no allotment whatsoever. The precaution is taken to prevent individuals repeating subscriptions, and thus getting an undue advantage. The law provides that all individual subscriptions must be allotted first, and, therefore, subscriptions from corporations and associations other than individuals will only receive an allotment in the event that the individual subscriptions fall short of the two hundred million dollars which is at present offered. "The treasury will print about four million subscription blanks and circulars of information. These will be put in the hands of every money order postmaster and in every banking office and express office at the earliest possible moment."

Demand for San Jose Bonds. SAN JOSE, June 11.—Subscriptions to the amount of \$100,000 for the new 3 per cent bonds have already been received by the First National Bank.

Close Game at Spokane. SPOKANE, June 11.—Score: Clubs— R. H. E. Portland..... 11 10 4 Spokane..... 12 15 7 SEATTLE, June 11.—Score: R. H. E. Seattle..... 5 7 3 Tacoma..... 4 7 4

Advances made on furniture and piano, with or without removal. J. Noonan, 1011-1023 Mission.

OFFICER OF GENERAL STAFF

Apportionment Made by the War Department. CREDITED TO THE STATES

FRED GRANT'S BATTLE PROBLEM EXECUTED. Maneuvers All Carried Out at Chickamauga According to the General's Excellently Conceived Plan.

WASHINGTON, June 11.—The War Department has made the following table of the appointment of officers of the general staff, United States Volunteers, as apportioned among the States and the regular army:

- Alabama, 3; Arkansas, 6; California, 11; Colorado, 7; Connecticut, 8; Delaware, 2; Florida, 4; Georgia, 11; Idaho, 2; Illinois, 16; Indiana, 15; Iowa, 15; Kansas, 3; Kentucky, 2; Louisiana, 1; Maine, 6; Maryland, 5; Massachusetts, 9; Michigan, 2; Minnesota, 12; Mississippi, 16; Missouri, 8; Montana, 4; Nebraska, 4; Nevada, —; New Hampshire, 4; New Jersey, 5; New York, 57; North Carolina, 2; North Dakota, 2; Ohio, 23; Oregon, 3; Pennsylvania, 21; Rhode Island, 3; South Carolina, 5; South Dakota, 1; Tennessee, 10; Texas, 9; Utah, 2; Virginia, 10; Vermont, 4; Washington, 1; West Virginia, 4; Wisconsin, 5; Wyoming, 2; District of Columbia, 12; Alaska, —; Arizona, 1; Indian Territory, —; New Mexico, 1; Oklahoma, —; United States Army, 275; United States Marine Hospital, 1; total, 633.

CHICKAMAUGA NATIONAL MILITARY PARK, June 11.—The event of to-day at Chickamauga was the execution of General Fred Grant's battle problem, which comprises a number of new and difficult maneuvers, and was watched with great interest by officers and men. The maneuvers were well carried out according to General Grant's excellently conceived plan, and the fact was demonstrated that many of them would be very useful in actual conflict. The battle began at 7 o'clock and was concluded before noon. There were two columns in the formation. The first, consisting of the First Vermont, the Third Tennessee and the Eighth New York regiments, was commanded by Colonel Clark of Vermont, and was formed along the Vineyard road. The second column, consisting of the Fourteenth New York, Second Nebraska and First Missouri, under command of Colonel Charles J. Bills of Nebraska, formed on the Ford road. On the first hill the two columns met, when the struggle was begun in earnest. When this was finished General Grant threw the two columns together to ward off a supposed attack from some direction of which he was supposed to have knowledge in advance. The result of the battle was highly pleased with the way in which the maneuvers were executed as well as General Brooke and all the other officers present.

Vernor Hastings and staff of Pennsylvania spent the day witnessing the sham battle, inspecting the Pennsylvania troops and driving over the field. The First Kentucky Infantry, 1300 officers and men, under Colonel John B. Castlemar, arrived this morning. The number of Kentucky men on the field is 2000. The driveways through the park are being cut to pieces by thousands of wagons. The Park Commissioners will probably put a large force at work on the roads during the next few days. A number of recruiting officers left for home States this morning. Under the late recruiting order the full complement for a company of infantry is 106 men; for a troop of cavalry, 100 men; for a battery of light artillery, 173 men; for a battery of heavy artillery, 200 men.

The health of the camp continues to be good and the authorities are encouraged to believe that there will be very little serious sickness. There are still a large number of regiments partially or totally lacking uniforms. ST. JOSEPH, Mo., June 11.—The first of four special trains bearing the First Tennessee Volunteers en route to the Philippines reached St. Joseph at 3:35 o'clock to-night, the last following within an hour. They remained long enough to procure refreshments and the last train left over the Burlington at 11 o'clock.

DEVELOPMENTS. Orders have been received at army headquarters for the dispatch of the Nevada troop of rough riders, now at Cheyenne, to San Francisco, and Colonel Atwood, chief quartermaster of the department, has asked for bids from the railroad for the transportation. This order is taken as indicating that the entire regiment is to be sent to the Philippines. The regiment is not yet fully equipped and provided with horses, but the several troops will be forwarded as fast as they are ready.

CHICAGO, June 11.—Andrew Carnegie has sent the following communication to the Scottish Highlanders of Illinois in answer to their request asking him to equip a regiment of Highlanders for service in the war with Spain, the regiment to be uniformed in Highland fashion at the expense of Mr. Carnegie and to bear his name: "LANGHAM HOTEL, LONDON, May 30.—I do not believe that the war will last long, or ever reach the dignity of a real war. You see Spain go all to pieces; much sooner than you could get the historical Highland garb provided for the regiment proposed. If the country were seriously threatened and needed stalwart men who could be trusted to carry any position they were ordered upon, then I should consider the matter. Meanwhile I believe I am honored by the suggestion that a body of men from the center of triumphant democracy should think of connecting my name with this regiment. ANDREW CARNEGIE."

An effort will be made to organize the regiment if prospects point to a continuance of the war. COLONEL CANDEE DEAD. Was Assistant Paymaster General and a Well-Known Veteran. CHICAGO, June 11.—Colonel George W. Candee, assistant paymaster general of the army, and chief paymaster of the Department of the Lakes, is dead. Colonel Candee was born in Belvedere, N. Y., in 1836. He was appointed paymaster in the volunteer army in February, 1861, was promoted to the rank of lieutenant colonel, and in January, 1867, he became a colonel. He stood third in rank in the paymaster's department, and would have been a brigadier general in a few months.

CRUISER ALFONSO XIII A FLOATING COFFIN.

LONDON, June 11.—Captain Aunon has stated he would not leave Cadiz until the reserve fleet started and that he would remain aboard the flagship Pelayo until out of sight of land. It appears the cruiser Alfonso XIII is not serviceable, being so defective that she has been nicknamed the navy "Sarcophago Ambulante" (floating coffin). The condition of the Pelayo is very dubious.

GIBRALTAR, June 11.—Captain Aunon, Minister of Marine, arrived at Cadiz last night to inspect the reserve fleet, which will be composed of the Carlos V, Pelayo, the Alfonso XIII, the Victoria, the Rapido, the Patria, the Giralda, three destroyers, five trans-Atlantic company's auxiliary cruisers and the Havel, renamed the Meteor.

DEBS FORMS A NEW PARTY TURNS TABLES ON A FOOTPAD

Disension in Ranks of Social Democracy. Intended Victim Uses a Club. COLONIZATION AND A SPLIT. FIGHT ON MOUNT TAMALPAIS. VOTE AGAINST POLITICAL ACTION CAUSES A DEFECTION. ROBBER RECEIVES A SEVERE DRUBBING.

Platform of the New Organization Declares for a Vigorous Use of the Ballot to Remedy Labor Troubles. Proprietor Cowley of the Summit Tavern Wins a Desperate Fight and Saves His Gold.

CHICAGO, June 11.—The Social Democracy, in convention in this city, decided by a vote of 52 to 35 in favor of the colonization scheme, for which purpose it was organized, and against the plan of political action proposed by Eugene V. Debs. Prior to taking the vote there was a warm debate, lasting from early last evening until 2:30 o'clock this morning.

The result of the balloting was announced amid the utmost enthusiasm, which was so overwhelming that the advocates of the political action programme very gracefully acknowledged themselves beaten. As a result of this action there was a defection of a large number of the Debs faction, who formed a new organization. Jesse Cox is temporary chairman of the new party, William Malle secretary, and the executive committee is composed of Eugene V. Debs, Seymour Stedman, Victor Berger, Jesse Cox and Fred Heath. A. S. Edwards is made national organizer, and the national headquarters will be established somewhere outside of Chicago.

The platform of the new party declares for vigorous use of the ballot to remedy all labor troubles, public ownership of all monopolies, railroads, telegraph lines, mines, introduction of the initiative and referendum, abolition of war, women's rights, organization of farm mortgages, the improvement of farm lands by use of national credit and uniform postal rate for transportation of grain. The majority of the social democracy continued its sessions in Ulrich's Hall this afternoon. On account of the many vacant seats, caused by the seceding of the Debs faction, the reading of the reports of officers and auditing committee was deferred until some future time. The plan of the colonization commission to establish at once a mining colony at Green Mountain Falls, Colo., was adopted.

The members were then selected as members of the executive council: John F. Lloyd, James Hogan, I. Frank, J. C. Hinton, L. Goodwin, L. L. Hopkins, J. Borlund, C. F. Willard and H. G. Clemens. The choice of a chairman was left to the council. Most of the delegates left for their homes to-night.

SUES FOR ALIENATION OF A HUSBAND'S LOVE OF A HUSBAND'S LOVE Action Brought Against Mrs. Addie B. Bell, Now Residing in San Francisco.

NEW YORK, June 11.—A special to the Herald from Rochester, N. Y., says: Forty thousand dollars is the sum asked by Mrs. Harriet H. Craig of this city for the alienation of her husband's affections. She has brought suit against Addie B. Bell of Buffalo, formerly of Rochester, for this amount. Mrs. Craig is the wife of Henry H. Craig, who was for many years a lumber dealer in this city and is a millionaire. He is about 55 years old. The Craig family consists of a married daughter, living in New York; a younger daughter in this city, and two sons here.

About six years ago Mrs. Bell was divorced from her husband, Craig being one of the co-respondents in the action. Since that divorce, Mrs. Craig declares, Mrs. Bell has spent a great deal of his time with Mrs. Bell at her home in Buffalo and he has given her sums of money amounting to \$50,000. Besides the alienation-of-affections suit Mrs. Craig brings another for the purpose of restraining her husband from squandering his fortune and asks that a commission be appointed. Mr. Craig went West in company with Mrs. Bell several months ago and stopped in Fargo, N. D., for the purpose, it is alleged, of getting a divorce and finally went on to Salt Lake and then to San Francisco, where Mrs. Bell was introduced as Mr. Craig's daughter. The two became separated in a crowd and stories of Craig's disappearance were scattered throughout.

In her complaint Mrs. Craig alleges that during and between the years 1882 and 1888 Mrs. Bell enticed her husband away from plaintiff and induced him to give her large sums of money and much valuable property. She charges that the defendant and Mr. Craig on March 1, left this state for California so that Craig could obtain a divorce and then marry the defendant.

Victory for Oregon Athletes. PORTLAND, June 11.—The interstate collegiate games between the universities of Oregon and Washington took place to-day, and resulted in a victory for Oregon by a score of 71 to 37.

ADVERTISEMENTS.



GREATEST OF SALES For TO-MORROW.

Choice Black Silk Grenadines

IN BEAUTIFUL DESIGNS: AT 35c A YARD. Worth \$1.

Domestic Department. EXTRA OFFERING.

100 pieces WHITE PIQUE - 25c, 35c and 50c per Yard. 100 pieces COVERT SUITINGS - all new shades, at 12c per Yard.

123 to 129 POST ST.

to drop his hat. Stooping as if to pick the hat up, he instead grasped the club and brought it down with all his might on the robber's head. The blow struck the man on the head and arm, knocking the revolver from his hand and leaving him disarmed.

Cowley proceeded to use the club with vigorous effect. The robber endeavored to grapple with him to ward off the blows. The fellow managed finally to get hold of Cowley and a terrific hand to hand struggle ensued. Cowley tripped the robber and threw him to the ground, but the fellow arose before he could jump upon him.

The robber finally lost heart at the vigorous defense made by his intended victim. With the blood from the wounds on his forehead streaming into his eyes, he was hardly able to carry on the combat. He turned and fled as fast as his heels could carry him. Cowley pursued him a short distance, but was tired from his struggle and gave up the chase. At the time of the attempt Cowley had upon his person a large sum of money and numerous valuables. It is probable the would-be robber was acquainted with this fact. The proper authorities have been notified of the attempted robbery, but have as yet no definite clew upon which to work. CALIFORNIA NEWS IN NEW YORK. NEW YORK, June 11.—H. S. Manning of San Francisco is at the Vendome; George W. Towle Jr. of San Rafael and W. D. Richardson of Los Angeles are at the Fifth Avenue. Shot by His Playmate. SEATTLE, June 11.—A most pathetic fatality occurred in this city this afternoon. Two playmates, both 11 years of age, found a gun in the home of Dr. J. N. Prather, and as a result little Benny Wells lies cold in death. Robert Prather had the weapon in his hand, trying to pull back the lock, when there was a sudden snap and a bullet passed through his companion's head. There is deep mourning in the homes of both families, which are of considerable prominence.

FOR FREE MEN HUDYAN MORE POWER. It will do you good to read this if you are a man—or if you wish to become one. It is advice, and as is shown above it is free. Why do you sit down and continue to be weak? You know you would like above all things to be strong. Yet you make no great effort. You are incapable of making any great effort. Why? Your system has been drained of its vitality. Recklessness brings its own reward. It has brought you to a sense of being a puny man. Are your muscles as strong as they should be? No! No organ of your body is full of the power that marks a well man. Alter it. Alter it to-day. You can. It makes no difference how you have used and abused your strength HUDYAN Yes! "Hudyen" is the one thing that will alter—and most satisfactorily alter your condition. It will restore to you your vim. It will restore to you your life. It will make you strong. It will do away with that "tired feeling." The physicians of the Hudsonian Institute place their services freely at your disposal. Why not have what costs you nothing? Why not be a man again, when you are assured that you can? Surely you do not wish to continue to be one of the weak of the earth! If sweet sleep, good health, the full pleasure of being alive is not worth seeking, then what is? Ask for FREE CIRCULARS and testimonials. Ask about "Hudyen." The only thing you have to do is to address or call at the HUDSON MEDICAL INSTITUTE, Stockton, Market and Ellis Sts., SAN FRANCISCO.