

Cloudy Tonight.
Rain Thursday.

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MUTINY ON SHIP KILLS 8

Russians and Chinese Clash in Race War.

British Consul Asks For U. S. Troops To Quell It

SAN DIEGO, Cal., May 8.—On the request of Allen Hutchinson, British vice consul, orders have been received from Washington to assign as many soldiers from Fort Rosecrans as may be necessary to quell a mutiny aboard the British steamer Maori King, now in quarantine. Eight persons were killed and fully 100 wounded during a fight which occurred between Chinese and Russian passengers, it is said, during the voyage from Vladivostok.

According to Captain Duncan, a race war broke out shortly after the vessel sailed. Even during a terrible storm the fighting was kept up. Chinese members of the crew became involved, and the officers had their hands full in navigating the ship.

Two Russians; Six Chinese.

Two Russians and six Chinese perished during the fighting. It has been impossible to learn just how many of the Chinese were wounded, as they refused to allow the surgeon to treat them but over 20 are known to have been hurt. Captain Duncan said the steamer carried 32 Chinese, 47 Russians, and fifty-six Chinese among the crew. A contractor, Lee Sun Sal, lured the Chinese on from the vicinity of Harbin, promising to land them in San Francisco. Two days out he told them they were going to Guaymas, Mexico. Then pandemonium broke loose.

Sailors Accuse Officers.

Two sailors, who escaped from the boat, say the mutiny was started and prolonged by the officers shooting down twenty-five Chinese and throwing their bodies overboard. This the officers deny. They declare many of the Chinese died of disease, owing to the fifth in which they lived and had to be thrown overboard.

Vice Consul Hutchinson Has Started a Vigorous Inquiry.

He has asked that a guard of American soldiers be sent with the steamer to Guaymas, as the Chinese cannot be landed this side of Mexico.

GRANT PARDON FOR JANUARY ON JULY 19

The President today approved the recommendation of Attorney General Bonaparte that William January, alias William Anderson, the American Valjean, of Kansas City, be pardoned from the Leavenworth penitentiary to take effect on July 19.

The Attorney General, in his recommendation, says: "I think the petitioner ought to serve some appreciable time in prison to show clearly that, as a matter of strict right, he still belongs there, but I also think this period may be appropriately made a short one."

FALLS FROM BRIDGE IN FIT, YOUNG NEGRO IS DROWNED

Stricken with an epileptic fit while walking across a trestle of the new Anacostia bridge about 7:30 o'clock this morning, William Coleman, colored, twenty-four years old, of 1233 Louden court, southeast, fell into the Eastern branch and was drowned. The body was recovered by John Mowatt, who is in charge of the work on the bridge.

THE WEATHER REPORT.

Temperatures are still low in the upper lake region, the Northwest, and the middle slope.

TEMPERATURE.

9 a. m.	59
12 noon	67
1 p. m.	69

DOWNTOWN.

(Registered Affleck's Standard Thermometer.)	
9 a. m.	70
12 noon	76
1 p. m.	77

SUN TABLE.

Sun sets today	6:50
Sun rises tomorrow	4:33

TIDE TABLE.

High water today	5:35 p. m.
Low water today	11:35 a. m.
High water tomorrow	5:54 a. m.
Low water tomorrow	11:59 a. m., 12:35 p. m.

HARBERS FERRY, V. Va., May 8.—Potomac and Shenandoah, both clear.

TUBERCULOSIS DELIBERATIONS CLOSE TODAY

Technical Papers Read, But Laymen Attend Sessions.

Many Valuable Suggestions for Continuing Warfare.

Today's deliberations mark the close of the three days' sessions of the National Association for the Study and Prevention of Tuberculosis, which has brought some of the foremost physicians and specialists in this country to Washington, and has been productive of valuable suggestions for continuing the warfare upon the onslaughts of consumption.

The sessions for today consisted in a meeting of the pathological and bacteriological section at 9:30, followed by a meeting of the clinical and climatological section at 11:30. Although the papers presented today, like the majority of those read during the sessions, were technical in character, the sessions of the physicians have been attended by members other than the delegates, so great is the interest in the great work the association has undertaken.

Campaign Against Tuberculosis.

This was especially true of the general meeting last night, when, in addition to the election of officers, a comprehensive address was delivered by Dr. Livingston Farrand on "The Campaign Against Tuberculosis in the United States."

At the meeting of the pathological section this morning the following papers were read: "The Pleura," Dr. W. B. Stanton, Philadelphia. "Disseminated Focal Necrosis Due to Tubercle Bacilli (acute), Military Tuberculosis Without Tubercle Formation, The Frequency of Occurrence of Tuberculosis in the Liver in the Absence of Tuberculous Lesions Elsewhere in the Body," Dr. A. S. Warthin, Ann Arbor. "The Blood in Tuberculosis," Dr. Frank A. Craig, Philadelphia. "Occult Blood Findings in Tuberculosis," Dr. H. R. M. Landis, Philadelphia.

Climatological Section.

The meeting of the Clinical and Climatological section comprised an address by Dr. L. Rosenberg, of Bedford Station, N. Y., on "Some Experience With Tuberculosis," "The Varieties of Tuberculosis" by Dr. Woods Hutchinson, of New York; "Pharyngitis, etc., in Sputum as a Measure of Resistance in Tuberculosis," by Dr. A. H. Allen, Saranac Lake, and "Examination of Feces as a Means of Diagnosis," by Dr. Myer Solis Cohen, Philadelphia. A paper was also read as the report of the committee on mixed infection, of which Dr. Lawrence F. Flick, of Philadelphia, was chairman.

Weich International President.

At the general meeting last night Dr. William H. Weich, of Johns Hopkins University, was elected president of the international congress, and he will head the great congress which is to assemble in this city in September next under the auspices of the national association. The board of directors also elected Dr. Weich as president of the association for the ensuing year as follows:

President—Dr. Frank Billings, of Chicago. Vice presidents—Dr. Mazyck P. Ravenel, of Philadelphia, and Dr. John P. C. Foster, of New Haven. Secretary—Dr. Henry Barton Davis, Treasurer—Gen. George M. Sternberg, Address by Dr. Farrand.

The elections were followed by an address by Dr. Farrand, in which he reviewed the work of the past two years in fighting the dread disease. Dr. Farrand gave great credit to President Roosevelt for his co-operation in that he appointed a commission over year ago to inquire into the conditions as regards tuberculosis in the Government offices and workshops, and his order that cards of warning be placed in all Federal buildings. He said that the governors and mayors of many States were following the President's example in favoring a similar action in all schools and factories, the former idea being advanced by Dr. John H. Lowman, of Cleveland, and the latter advocated in a paper by Dr. Frank Fulton, of Providence, R. I., who is in immediate touch with factory conditions.

Few Social Features.

The sessions of the association have been devoted strictly to the business which came before it, it having been decided to eliminate all social features with the exception of the reception tendered the visiting delegates yesterday afternoon at 2:30 by President Roosevelt. Over one thousand physicians snook hands with the Chief Executive yesterday afternoon, the reception being a joint one tendered those in attendance upon the Tuberculosis Association meeting, as well as the Congress of Physicians and Surgeons, which convened at the Arlington yesterday morning, and will remain in session until Friday evening.

Milk Supply Is Talked Over By Homeopaths

Cleanliness of dairies, milk cows, utensils used in handling of milk, water, ventilation of stables, barns, and other houses on dairy farms and the proper care and feeding of dairy herds formed the subject of addresses before the

(Continued on Second Page.)

Girth of Secretary Taft Not So Large As Rumored, Recent Photographs Show



LATEST PICTURE OF HEAD OF WAR DEPARTMENT. Taken During Recent Visit to Cincinnati. By the Secretary's Side Stands His Eldest Brother, Charles F. Taft.

Weight Is Now Reduced to About 270 Pounds.

William H. Taft, Secretary of War, as will be seen by the accompanying photograph, is not nearly so large as cartoonists usually portray him or as the public generally believes him to be. This photograph is pronounced by those most intimately acquainted with the Secretary to be the best likeness of him extant.

By his side stands his brother, Charles F. Taft, editor and publisher of the Cincinnati Times Star and manager of the Dady Sinton millions, which came into his hands by marriage. He is recognized as the real manager of the Taft Presidential boom, and is the oldest of the three Taft brothers, the other, Henry Taft, being a prominent lawyer of New York.

Secretary Taft stands about an even six feet in height, and weighs at the present time about 270 pounds. When he returned from his famous trip to the Philippines he had acquired an additional forty pounds, which made him weigh over three hundred. By a system of gymnastics and dieting, as prescribed by Senator Spooner, the Secretary reduced his weight to 256 pounds in five months.

Hard Work and No Pay!

How Would You Like It?

It is the Main Idea of a New Organization. Perhaps It Is the Right Idea.

Read About It In The Sunday Times Next Sunday

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STATE CLAIMS TO HAVE PROOF OF CONSPIRACY

Witnesses Found to Corroborate Confession of Orchard in Miners' Trial.

BOISE, Idaho, May 8.—Judge Wood, this morning, denied the motion of the defense in the Hayward case for a bill of particulars, which was designed to disclose the evidence which the State will present against the secretary-treasurer of the Western Federation of Miners.

BOISE, Idaho, May 8.—Intimations of startling testimony against W. D. Hayward and other leaders of the Western Federation of Miners are now coming from attorneys connected with the prosecution and Detective McParland. No definite statements can be obtained, but the inquiry for facts is told that the State has in its possession important evidence, the existence of which has never been suspected even by the attorneys for the defense.

Defense Still Confident.

Attorneys Darrow, Richardson, and Nugent announce complete confidence in their ability to turn the tables on the prosecution, when this line of evidence is introduced. The defense has numerous witnesses and circumstances to present, which, they claim, will demonstrate that many of the outrages laid at the door of Hayward, and Pettibone were actually committed by private detectives, spies in the employ of the mine owners.

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LONGSHOREMEN'S STRIKE BECOMES MORE SERIOUS

Largest Companies Now Greatly Hampered by Delays.

NEW YORK, May 8.—With the 11,000 striking longshoremen still holding out and no prospects of a settlement in sight the situation along the water front became more serious today. Even the largest companies are now seriously hampered and freight is accumulating at a rate which promises to cause delays and inconvenience for weeks after the strike is finally settled.

Italian's Skull Fractured.

One clash between strikers and strike breakers was reported in Williamsburg this morning. Strike breakers employed by the Havemeyer Sugar Refining Works were attacked. It was necessary for the police to use their clubs freely before the riot was ended. Nassara Ciabanni, one of the strike breakers, was hit on the head and his skull is reported to have been fractured.

Practically Every Line Delayed.

Practically every line has been delayed by the strike. The big Kaiser Wilhelm II could not dock last night because there was no room at her pier. By settling with their employees, the Mallory, Southern Pacific, and Quebec lines have been able to resume work, but steamers are still being delayed, owing to the accumulations of freight. A report today said James Farley, professional strike breaker, has been employed to break the strike and would soon have 5,000 men at work on the various docks.

J. H. Small & Sons, Florists, Washington and New York—Ads.

Bonaparte Defends His Department; Assumes All Blame

Bonaparte's Statement

Secretary Bonaparte issues the following statement today:

In so far as the publications in question reflect on me personally, I do not care to say anything at all about them; but they reflect, by implication, upon my subordinates as well, since they allege in substance that the work of the entire department is languid and ineffective; and it is my duty, as its head, to pronounce this statement a bald falsehood, originating either in malice or else in gross and willful ignorance of the facts.

The work of the department increases every day, and I do not believe it has ever received more zealous and faithful attention than it receives now from the officers and employes of the department, with the exception, of course, of the Attorney General himself.

I do not, indeed, consider it any part of the department's duty to furnish a liberal daily supply of headlines for newspapers, and the department is not administered with that laudable end in view; but for this opinion and its practical application, no one is responsible or should be blamed but my unworthy self.

Handles January Case At President's Request.

Ill Health Not Cause Of Delay in Business.

Trust Trials Awaiting Attorney General's Consideration.

The press association which yesterday sent out from Washington the story declaring that Attorney General Bonaparte would retire at an early date from President Roosevelt's Cabinet, is today issuing the following story:

For eight days William January, the Missouri Jean Valjean, has been living within the grim walls of Fort Leavenworth prison, momentarily expecting the pardon promised him by President Roosevelt. A week ago Tuesday the President, as a matter of form, referred the case to the Department of Justice for recommendation. The papers were all complete, and ready for the perusal of the Attorney General last Friday. The warden of the penitentiary, the district attorney who prosecuted January nine years ago; numerous preachers, bankers, and other influential men of Kansas City, where January, under the name of Anderson, had been living an upright life since his escape from prison, had all recommended his pardon. There was not a single dissenting voice, not a single reflection upon the former convict's conduct during the past six years.

President Urged Dispatch.

Up to today Attorney General Bonaparte had not been able to find time to go over the papers. He has been in Washington but twice since the January case was completed by his assistants, and then only to attend Cabinet meetings and dispose of a few of the more pressing matters which have been piling up at the Department of Justice. It is understood that the President, impatient at the delay, requested the Attorney General yesterday at the Cabinet meeting to take up the January case immediately.

This is only one of numerous instances wherein the Attorney General's private business at Baltimore has seemed to have interfered with his public duties at Washington. Although Mr. Bonaparte and his personal friends were greatly relieved last night over his denial that he was unable publicly to deny the fact, a surprise in Administration circles, where it was supposed that only serious illness of a physical condition could account for the Attorney General's continued absence from the department.

Twenty Days' Work.

It is said that in the past four months, Mr. Bonaparte has scarcely put in twenty working days at his desk in Washington. He has had a number of pressing matters which have been piling up at the Department of Justice. It is understood that the President, impatient at the delay, requested the Attorney General yesterday at the Cabinet meeting to take up the January case immediately.

Gas From Three Tips.

Gas was flowing from three tips, which had been turned on full head. A telephone message was sent to Emergency Hospital, and the police of the Sixth precinct notified. An effort was also made to reach a physician. Dr. Sutton arrived shortly in an ambulance and pronounced life extinct. He said that death had occurred several hours previously.

Came From Springfield, Mo.

Donaldson's home was in Springfield, Mo. He came to Washington Monday and engaged a room at the D street house. He had three months' pension coming to him, and after collecting the \$8, he told persons in the house he intended making every effort to have his pension increased. He was totally blind in one eye as the result of a gunshot wound, and the sight of the other eye was failing.

ARREST PIERCE; CHARGE PERJURY

ST. LOUIS, Mo., May 8.—H. Clay Pierce, president of the Waters-Pierce Oil Company, was arrested here on the charge of perjury today.

KILLED BY LIVE WIRE WHILE MOVING HOUSE

RICHMOND, Va., May 8.—Elijah Clark, of Fulton, was almost instantly killed by an electric shock from a live wire while engaged in moving a house.