The Pensacola Journal

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PENSACOLA, FLORIDA, TUESDAY MORNING, JANUARY 29, 1907.

The Jasper News says labor day is so called because people are expected to quit work and put in the day loafing around.

We agree heartily with the Wauchula Advertiser when it says: "Go west, young man! Go to Pensacola. There are more females than males—more girls than boys over there."

Carrie Nation has contracted with an Atlanta theatre to do a twenty-minute-rapid-fire-lecture stunt between the acts of "Ten Nights in a Bar-room."

The Town Cow proposition seems to be worrying Arcadia just now. They should retain Editor Carroll, as he seems to have proved an expert in these matters over in Monticello.

When Florida's Legislature assembles a few weeks hence, we hope it will "go slow and think a-plenty." Snap legislation is like snap judgment—likely to prove unsatisfactory. —Miami Metropolis.

The Madison Recorder is authority for the statement that there are one hundred and ninety candidates for appointment as convict inspector to succeed Mr. Blitch. In this case there will soon be one hundred and eighty-nine sadly disappointed men in Florida.

The Tallahassee Sun thinks the south has nothing to regret, or be ashamed of, in revolting against the federal authority as it did; that those who rebelled were rebels, and they should glory in the name. This might all be so, and still we believe "Civil War" sounds a little better than "War of Rebellion."

Carrabelle is evidently suffering from a fuel famine. In a recent issue of the Advertiser of that town we find the following:

Where is all that wood that Capt. Ira Sanborn is offering for sale. If we depend entirely on him I fear we will have to resort to the plans adopted in the State of Washington by the poor people. Look out old bedsteads, we are just now having a little cold weather. Besides we have to fry them pop-eyes.

Pensacola's census taken by herself gives the city a population of 22,640, a gain of 1,135 over the State census of 1905. Pensacola makes no spectacular growth of the leap and bound variety but she's a mighty solid little city, genuine all the way through, and her steady upbuilding represents assets that are gilt-edged with no "wild cat" or hot-air in them. A good town to tie to, and our good State is proud to have such a solid buttress on her west border.—Live Oak Democrat.

It is stated that the management of the Florida East Coast Railway has offered to bear one-fourth of the cost of the approaching Ponce de Leon celebration in St. Augustine and in addition to this promises to transport free all state troops coming to participate in the festivities of the occasion. This is indeed a very generous act on the part of Mr. Flagler's road, and one that the people of the ancient city should highly appreciate. What a pity some of the other big systems of the state did not take more interest in the life and welfare of the towns from which they draw in part, the funds necessary to provide dividends for their watered stock.

In his farewell address, delivered at a banquet tendered by Jeff. Browne to the state officials and department attaches at Tallahassee a few days ago, he is quoted as having said: "More pernicious than the convention system is the practice of grooming certain men for the primaries. The convention, with all its evils, was not as serious a menace as is the tendency of political factions to get together and bring out certain men for the various offices." This sounds a little queer to us, but there are some perhaps who can guess its meaning. Jeff. Browne may not be a politician, but he is a master of English, and can send an arrow true to its mark in the quietest, most unnoticeable manner.

Discussion of the Street Paving Question

The discussion of the question of street paving, with particular reference to the kind most desirable for paving the streets of this city, under the provisions of the recent enactment, which has been carried on through the columns of The Journal for some time past, has attracted a great deal of attention and has, no doubt, been instrumental in directing the thought of many citizens to the matter, which is of vital importance to The Deep Water City at this time.

The discussion so far has been practically confined to two or three classes of paving, several kinds that are in use in other cities, and which are giving more or less satisfaction, having been overlooked, possibly because their use in this climate would be either inadvisable or impracticable.

Some time since H. L. Collier C. E., commissioner of public works in Atlanta, and who has had charge of the street improvements in that city, published a very interesting booklet on the subject of "Street Pavements," which treats of paving under the following heads:

1. General paving discussion.
2. Macadam pavement.
3. Concrete pavement.
4. Foundations.
5. Vitrified brick pavement.
6. Granite block pavement.
7. Bitulithic pavement.
8. Asphalt pavement.
9. Creosoted wood block pavement.

The booklet was written in answer to many requests for an article on the paving question, and the discussion is unbiased by any personal interest in the subject treated.

The Journal purposes publishing this booklet, a portion each day, the initial installment, which appears this morning, being under the head of "General Paving Discussion." The Journal will be glad to publish concise comment on the articles, or communications upon the street paving subject, in the hope that a full and free discussion of the matter will be of assistance in deciding the kind most suitable for use in this city.

Admits Pensacola's Deep Water Supremacy.

The Tampa Tribune acknowledges Pensacola's claim to being the best harbor south of Hampton Roads. We thought Editor Stovall would not dispute this claim when we pinned him down to a definite answer, and he should not feel bad over the confession, for Tampa is not the only city that has measured lances with Pensacola in this regard and come out a loser. Every once in a while we have to call a halt on Mobile and New Orleans, and sometimes Galveston, for their extravagant claims.

The following paragraph from the Tribune tells the story:

The Pensacola Journal has been so extremely courteous in its way of putting things, especially in upholding Tampa's glorious claim to be the Queen City of the Gulf against the scurrilous attacks of the Live Oak Democrat, that the Tribune does not object to admit that Pensacola has the deepest water hereabout; but deep water is not the sole requisite for a fine harbor; and Tampa Bay, when the dredges have done their work, will be one of the queen harbors of the world. Now, don't dare to say anything, anybody, about a queen bee being in our bonnet.

Tampa's Right to the Title of "Queen City."

We have been watching with interest the little controversy between the Tampa Tribune and the Live Oak Democrat, over the question of Tampa's population, and her right to the title of Queen City of the Gulf. The matter has been satisfactorily settled for the present, and if we get to the next press meeting we are going to offer a resolution prohibiting any town in Florida from using the title "Queen City" except Tampa. A recent issue of the Live Oak Democrat thus disposes of the matter:

"The Live Oak Democrat objects to Tampa's claim of being the "Queen city of the gulf,' and says that Mobile and Galveston, dispute it. The claim is a little premature, but it will be made good in the near future. When the census of 1900 was taken, either of these cities was more than twice as populous as Tampa, but in the previous decade had increased only about 25 and 30 per cent respectively, while Tampa had gained nearly 200 per cent."—Times-Union.

No, no, no! You've got the Democrat down wrong. We do not "object" to Tampa's claim of being the "Queen city of the gulf," and if she really wants it, bless her bright eyes, let her take it and we'll shout "Vive la Reine!" with the loudest. It was purely a question of taste in an amiable discussion between the Tampa Tribune and the Pensacola Journal as to a suitable designation for Tampa among the cities of the country, and in the same amiable spirit the Democrat butted in with a suggestion of its own, as we really thought that the Tribune would welcome a general expression of opinion in the settlement of so nice a question, which had more than local interest. Our suggestion was made in no invidious spirit, for, with all the rest of Florida, the Democrat is proud of the beautiful metropolis down the peninsula, and we hail her growth and enterprise with unmixed pleasure. Not to feel that way would be petty provincial jealousy and perfectly senseless prejudice, of which the Democrat is not capable. We only want Tampa to get an appellative or soubriquet that will be so distinctive and exclusively her own when spoken in Maine or California, it will be recognized as Tampa and Tampa only.

The Gainesville Sun hands out the following hot roast to the town loafer:

"In the beginning God created the heavens and the earth and the things therein. He then created man and woman and left the loafers on the corners and in due time they multiplied and then spread into postoffices and depots and the stores. In these places they sit and explain State and national problems that have vexed great minds. While he is thus engaged his wife is out washing for her neighbors, and the poor helpless children are left at home taking care of themselves as best they can. There is nothing more noticeable than a loafer."

NATIVE STONE FOR STREET PAVING

Sandstone Within Short Distance of City That Might Be Used.

Editor Pensacola Journal:

Please let me say a word about your street pavement. I have read with much interest what has been recommended as best and cheapest, but I think I can show the best material and that found in quantities at home and which can be had cheaper, and I am satisfied is better than anything that has thus far been offered.

It is our own sand stone; brown sandstone, and there are quantities of it within eleven miles of Pensacola on the Eleven Mile Creek, and the railroad runs through vast quantities of it. Also on the Escambia road there are many ledges, within 24 miles of the city, and water freights are cheap.

There are two kinds—the flat-hard-surface rock, 2 1-2 to 3 inches square to 4 feet square, with one surface smooth, very hard. The other class is in the ground. It is, when first dug out, soft, and can be sawn into blocks with an old worn out cross-cut saw; but it soon becomes hard when exposed to the air and sun.

I saw enough "surface stone" as I returned home this morning from Cantonment—2 1-2 miles—to pave any street in Pensacola, and it can be had for hauling. And wagons running over some in the roads for 58 years have made no impression on them.

JOHN D. BECK.
Cantonment, Jan. 28.

HOME BAKERY WAS BURNED

FIRE SUNDAY MORNING DESTROYED THE BAKERY OF BURKE BROS.

Fire early Sunday morning destroyed the baking department of the Home Bakery, owned by Burke Bros., corner of Wright and DeVilliers sts., and but for the good work of the firemen after they had reached the scene the home of the owners, as well as other houses would have been consumed.

The fire was discovered about 3 o'clock, and owing to the fact that an alarm could not be sent in from the nearest fire alarm box there was some delay in getting the firemen to the scene. When they arrived the bakery and a new delivery wagon had about been consumed, and the men directed their efforts to saving the home of the owners and the other houses in that vicinity, and it was due to their good work that this was accomplished.

The fire is believed to be of incendiary origin, as it seemed to start under the building and at an hour when none of the employees are at work. An examination showed that it would be impossible for fire to start at that point from any of the ovens, and some believe that the building was fired by some one.

The owners announced immediately after the fire that they would rebuild, and were able to furnish their customers with bread through the kindness of other bakeries in the city, who offered them bread for delivery.

Public Men and Measures

Discussed By Press.

Sadler for Comptroller.

The state papers are having many a good word to say for W. B. Sadler of Lake City, for state comptroller. Mr. Sadler is now the efficient deputy state auditor and as such comes in direct touch with the various county centers of political influence. He is a most competent gentleman for the place he now fills and his elevation to the comptrollership would follow as a natural sequence to his worth and work. He could go out of Putnam county with a big vote.—Palatka News.

Will Bryan.

Hon. W. J. Bryan, of Jacksonville, is being mentioned as a possible candidate for congressional honors. Those acquainted with the sterling qualities of this brilliant young man doubt not his ability to successfully hold down a seat in national legislative halls.—Palatka Times-Herald.

W. M. Girardeau.

Talk continues concerning the probable election of Hon. W. M. Girardeau to the presidency of the state senate. The News is heartily in favor of his candidacy. He owes it to his county to secure the prize if he can do so.—Monticello News.

Cooper Case.

The Live Oak Democrat cites Governor Broward to the Patrick case in New York as a precedent for his possible course in the I. E. Cooper case. But the two cases are not at all analogous, for Patrick was convicted on the testimony of a notorious liar, whereas no witness lied in the Cooper case. —Punta Gorda Herald.

W. B. Lamar.

The Honorable William Bailey Lamar explains that there are three classes of congressmen whom he divides as follows: "One class is composed of millionaires who don't need the salary; another class is composed of corporation attorneys and agents who are not dependent on their salaries for their expenditures in Washington, and a third class is composed of those people who could not earn as much salary as this in any other occupation." Mr. Lamar, however, insists that none of these reasons, though fairly good ones, prompted him to vote against the increase of congressional salaries. It seems that Mr. Lamar feels that he is in a class by himself.—Palatka News.

J. M. Barco.

From a gentleman, who has just returned from South Florida, we learn that a strong pressure will be brought to bear upon Hon. J. M. Barco to induce him to become a candidate for a state office—comptroller or secretary of agriculture — for either of which there is not a more competent man whose name has been mentioned as a possible candidate. Mr. Barco is one of the best known men in Florida. In public service or in private life, every act has been such as to endear him to those with whom he came in touch, and should he announce as a candidate for a state office, his personal and political friends in every section of Florida will give him their loyal support, and the man who measures strength with Hon. J. M. Barco will have as an opponent a gentleman against whose good name and character not one word can truthfuly be said.—Live Oak Democrat.

O'Brien's Sweep.

Following an editorial note in the Breeze, that "Hon. T. A. Jennings, of Pensacola," was in DeFuniak Springs on a business trip, is another item that Hon. J. Ed. O'Brien "would not sweep west Florida like a cyclone." This looks a little queer.—Lake City Index.

Who Is He?

That administration candidate for governor of Florida has not yet been able to show up as the requisite favorite or the "consummation devoutly to be wished."—Jacksonville Floridian.

Senator Mallory.

Senator Mallory authorizes the Leesburg Commercial to state that he will be a candidate to succeed himself as United States Senator in the Primary of 1908. And from present indications the senator will have plenty of company.—Madison New Enterprise.

County Treasurers.

A proposition to discontinue the office of county treasurer is being widely discussed. It is claimed by many that there are good fat fees in this position and that there is practically no work attached to it. It is suggested that the office of tax collector and county treasurer be merged into one, thus doing away entirely with the treasurer, therby saving each county in the state quite a little item in the way of fees. The proposition will probably be presented to our law makers when they convene this spring.—Marianna Times-Courier.

Jeff. Browne.

R. Hudson Burr was elected chairman of the railroad commission at the organization of the commission last Tuesday, to succeed Jeff Browne. It is claimed by Browne's friends that he retired from the office because he had gubernatorial aspirations. Aspirations will be about all it will ever amount to.—Ft. Myers Breeze.

Newton A. Blitch.

It is thought that Hon. N. A. Blitch will prove a "working member" of the railroad commission. In the past he has worked faithfully and well, and it is not likely that at this late day there will be a change in his official conduct.—Palatka Times-Herald.

Attorney-General Ellis.

Attorney General Ellis has made the application and the supreme court has granted a writ of mandamus against the Atlantic Coast Line by which that corporation is given until the 28th inst., to show cause why it should not put its roadbed, equipment, tracks, etc., in reasonable repair and perform the duties of a common carrier. Now it is up to General Bill to make good his charges and we believe he'll succeed. Here's hoping, anyhow.—Madison New Enterprise.

REV. IRVINE DELIVERS TWO ADDRESSES SUNDAY

At the Universalist Church. Told of Terrible Condition of City Jail.

SAID THAT HE HAD TRAVELED IN FOUR COUNTRIES, BUT HAD NEVER SEEN ANYTHING SO DEBASING AND DEGRADING—ALSO SPOKE AT Y. M. C. A. BUILDING.

Rev. Alexander Irvine, a magazine writer, who is in the south investigating the conditions existing in regard to labor and making an especial study of alleged peonage, delivered two addresses Sunday. One was at the Y. M. C. A. where he spoke to quite a large gathering and the second was to the members of the Tourists' Club and citizens who gathered at the Universalist church on East Chase street.

His subject at the latter meeting was "Universal Brotherhood," and during the course of his remarks he touched upon the conditions existing in the city jail. He stated that he had traveled four countries, and had recently visited the place where prisoners are confined and looked into the manner in which they are cared for by the city. His travels included Russia, but he had never seen anything so debasing and degrading as the conditions that prevail in the jail of the city. He described them as horrible.

On the subject of "Universal Brotherhood," he showed how, after all, economic conditions are the governing forces in society, and that the system rather than individuals are to blame for much of the poverty and misery of the present.

Mayor Bliss Spoke.

Mayor Bliss followed Mr. Irvine in a very forceful and intelligent address on the same theme. The mayor deprecated the use of so much wealth in the building and maintenance of the equipage of war. He believes that we will yet all be brothers and so administer our affairs that war and poverty and preventable disease will be banished from the earth.

At the close of the mayor's address Mrs. H. E. Allen of Michigan, presented a copy of Walter Thomas Mills' "Struggle for Existence," to Louis Van Winkle on behalf of his neighbors and several members of the club.

Mr. Van Winkle responded in a very agreeable manner and sang one of his well received songs entitled, "If I Were a Voice." This closed the meeting which was pronounced by all to be one of the best the club has yet held.

Next Friday evening at the same place there will be an entertainment given by the club, to which all are cordially invited.

RIP VAN WINKLE.

in five different bindings, 35c, 50c, 65c, 75c and $1.00 at DE LUNA BOOK STORE (Phone 1491), to be played by Thomas Jefferson January 30th.

Cargo of Ferro Manganese.

The Spanish steamer Vivina, of the Serra Line, plying between Pensacola and Liverpool, entered yesterday from the latter port, consigned to the Gulf Transit Company. The vessel brought over 250 tons of ferro manganese, which will be discharged immediately. She will load a cargo of cotton and miscellaneous goods for her voyage.

They are Liver Pills

Ayer's Pills are liver pills. They act directly on the liver, make more bile secreted. This is why they cure constipation, biliousness, dyspepsia, sick-headache. Ask your doctor if he knows a better laxative pill. We certainly do not. If he does, then use his kind.

We have no secrets! We publish the formulas of all our preparations. J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass.

CRIMINAL COURT CONVENES FOR THE JANUARY TERM

Fifty-Five Informations Are Filed in the Court by Solicitor Loftin.

THE TERM WILL BE A LENGTHY ONE, AND SOME IMPORTANT CASES ARE TO BE HEARD—MANY PLEAS OF GUILTY ENTERED YESTERDAY.

The January term of the Criminal Court convened yesterday, with Judge Beggs presiding and Solicitor Loftin in attendance, and during the day many informations were filed, cases set and pleas heard.

The term promises to be a very lengthy one, as there are a number of cases to be heard, and some of them are important ones and likely to consume much time. During the day Solicitor Loftin filed fifty-five informations against various parties for alleged violations of the law, and cases were set on the docket that will carry the court into the middle of February. Other informations will probably be filed by the solicitor as the term progresses. Over twenty-five pleas of guilty were heard and sentences passed before adjournment was taken for the first day.

Thompson To Be Tried Feb. 4.

Clarence Ernest Thompson, the young man, who was arrested several weeks since in New Orleans upon the charge of embezzlement of about $1,400 from the McDavid-Hyer Co., while he was in the employ of that company as bookkeeper, will be tried at this term of the court. Solicitor Loftin yesterday filed five informations against him, charging embezzlement of various sums at different times. The hearing of the case was set for February 4th, and will probably consume much time of the court. Young Thompson has been in jail here since his arrest in New Orleans, and has employed counsel to defend him.

The solicitor also filed informations against Jack Barry and Tony McGinnis, two of the men who broke jail here a number of months ago. They will be tried for breach of prison on February 1.

Pleas of Guilty.

The following entered pleas of guilty and were sentenced:

Ed. Turner, Sam Lawrence, Will Sunday, Geo. Evans, Paul Shanks, Ike Johnson, Frank McCants, Will Coleman, Monroe Owens, Will Lurt, Johnson Williams, gambling, $10 and costs each or 45 days in jail.

Peter D. Thomas, lewdness, -50 and costs or three months, and for receiving stolen property, $50 and costs or six months.

Dave Goosby, gambling, $15 and costs or 45 days in jail.

Robert Drummon, Carrie Green, Eugene Whitfield, Lizzie Mills, Tom McGrason, Martha Mosely, Felix Freeman, and Ethel McCall, lewdness, $10 and costs or 45 days in jail.

Joe Barnes, aggravated assault, $25 or three months in jail.

A. C. Ivery, petit larceny, $5 and costs or 30 days.

REPORT OF THE ARMY OFFICERS

Detailed for Tour of Duty With Florida State Troops.

Adjt. Gen. J. Clifford R. Foster has made public the official reports of the army officers detailed by the war department for duty at the encampment of the Florida state troops at Tampa, August 6 to 12, 1906, says the Jacksonville Times-Union.

The officers making the reports were Capt. M. C. Bucky, of the artillery corps, and Capt. A. Greig, Jr., also of the artillery corps, United States army.

The reports of these officers are full and complete. They cover the subjects of transportation of the troops to and from the camp; the encampment as a whole; the camp; the clothing and equipment of the troops; how the troops were subsisted; the personnel and discipline; target practice; the record keeping and the general conditions.

Willing to Learn.

In his final summing up Capt. M. C. Bucky says:

It is due in justice to the First regiment and to the brigade of the Florida state troops to call attention to the fact, in view of the criticisms made in this report, that over 5 per cent of the troops present at the encampment were practically recruits, and had never been in camp before. The personnel is excellent, energetic, cheerful, showing themselves on every occasion anxious and willing to learn, under arduous conditions as to climate and weather.

The camp was a hardworking one, but the recruits showed for themselves in the marked improvement evident to all concerned. It is very necessary, however, that the details and errors of drills, guard duty, making of camp and other routine matters, corrected and commented upon, be given most careful study in the time elapsing before the next encampment, by the officers so that the benefits resulting from this encampment may be enjoyed to the fullest extent by the Florida state troops.

The arms were not in good condition, in many cases quite rusty; although the climate of Florida makes it not easy to keep the rifles and equipment in good condition, yet it can be done, and if this care is not exercised, it will do serious damage, and company commanders should pay most particular attention to this matter—a great deal more than has been done in the past.

The greatest care should be exercised in not bringing ball ammunition to the encampment; in spite of orders issued to the contrary from the office of the adjutant general of the state, there was ball ammunition in the camp, and serious consequences might readily result. Neglect of orders in this regard should be regarded as a serious military offense.

Upon breaking of camp it was very gratifying to discover upon inspection that every latrine of the First regiment was carefully filled up, showing that the instructions given in regard to camp sanitation was being put into practice.

Medals for Soldiers.

Gold and silver efficiency medals for the two best drilled and most efficient soldiers, as well as a pennant for the most efficient company in the brigade, have been provided through the initiative and tireless energy, for everything tending to increase the efficiency and development of the brigade of the adjutant general, Major Gen. Foster.

From the interest already displayed, these undoubtedly will foster and develop a spirit of friendly emulation, so much to be desired in any organization, among the enlisted personnel and companies of the brigade.

This report has been unavoidably delayed, owing to the fact that certain necessary data, as the field return of the troops, required to accompany this report was sent to me by mail and was by an error forwarded to the post, and was not received by me until my arrival on November 24, 1906. The order directing this report with the different subjects outlined therein was not mailed to me until the encampment was over.

In conclusion, I desire to make of record the uniform courtesy extended to me on all occasions by every member of the brigade of the Florida state troops. Especially to Major John A. Dapray, U. S. A., retired; Major Gen. J. Clifford R. Foster, and Brig. Gen. John W. Sackett, and his brigade staff, Col. Walter P. Corbett, inspector general, and Col. John S. Maxwell, and the staff of the First regiment, with whom it was my privilege to be thrown into more intimate relations.

Respectfully submitted.
M. C. BUCKEY,
Captain Artillery Corps.

Capitalist Suicided.

Battle Creek, Mich., Jan. 28.—Charles W. Schult, a capitalist of Memphis, committed suicide in the sanitarium to-day by strangling himself with shawl strap.

NO GREASE OR DANGEROUS DRUGS

In "Herpicide," the New Scientific and Successful Dandruff Treatment.

Have you dandruff? Then you have a contagious parasitic disease, unpleasant, unhealthy and one that will eventually lead to baldness. To cure it you must destroy the parasite that eats at the root of the hair. The only preparation for destroying these germs is Newbro's Herpicide. Charles Klein, of Laramie, Wyo., says: "Herpicide allayed the itching, cured the dandruff and stopped my hair's falling out; and it is bringing a new crop of hair." Herpicide is free from grease or dangerous drugs, and makes hair glossy and soft as silk. One bottle will convince you of its merits. Two sizes, 50c and $1. For sale by W. A. D'Alemberte, druggist and apothecary, 121 South Palafox street, or send 10c in stamps for sample to The Herpicide Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

Every Medicine Advertised in This Paper For Sale at CRYSTAL PHARMACY.

"Plantation" Sarsaparilla. Only 50¢

Equal to any $1.00 preparation on the market.
FOR SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS.