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ENEMY APPROACHING AND FRENCH MAY QUIT PARIS

Battle Rages Along Entire Front Again

GERMANS PAY HEROIC PRICE FOR VICTORY

GENERAL BATTLE IS ON AGAIN

PARIS, Aug. 31.—The War office announced tonight that another general engagement is on this afternoon along the whole French and German lines both in the north and in front of Lorraine.

The French were aggressors against Lorraine, and are fighting throughout the Vosges mountains. The Minister of War said: "The fighting is progressing all along our northern lines, with the enemy doing his utmost to break our lines of defense. France has determined to call out 600,000 more troops, but they cannot be mobilized in less than six weeks."

LONDON, Aug. 31.—A diplomatic correspondent of the Chronicle wires from Constantinople that though the British government warned her that if she starts anything at this time she is signing her death warrant, Turkey's declaration of war, is a matter of only a few days and possibly of hours. That she has irrevocably committed herself to Germany to join in the war is believed to be the fact.

TEN MILLION MEN ARE UNDER ARMS

WASHINGTON, Aug. 31.—An expert in the United States army estimates that there are now under arms in Europe 10,000,000 men; and that number will be doubled if the war shall continue for six months. It costs \$2.50 a day per man to keep the Balkan armies in the field, and it is believed that it costs more in the present war on account of the greater distances armies have to be moved, and the greater proportionate use of artillery, cavalry, ships of war, aeroplanes, automobiles and other modern methods.

BALKAN NATIONS MAY ENTER CONTEST

LONDON, Aug. 31.—Reports from Constantinople indicate that the Balkan nations will enter the general conflict in Europe during the present week. It was announced yesterday that: "You may expect Turkey to join forces with Germany at any moment, and a union of the Balkan States to join in engaging her."

IF CANADA WERE ATTACKED.

A curious preverbal notion of the Monroe Doctrine is found in various letters to newspapers written by correspondents who assume that the United States would not permit a German attack upon Canada if such an attack were possible.

There is nothing in the Monroe Doctrine that would prevent German troops from marching from one end of Canada to the other if they could get there. If Germany tried to annex Canada, that would be a different matter. The Monroe Doctrine does not apply to war. It applies to the alienation of territory.—New York World.

THE WEATHER TODAY.
Twenty-four hours ending at 3 p. m.:
Maximum, 54.
Minimum, 46.
Precipitation, .31.
Cloudy; rain.

ALLIES TRY TO STOP ADVANCE

Paris, Aug. 31.—The French are forwarding 200,000 fresh troops in an effort to stop the advance of the German army.

Paris, Aug. 31.—The Minister of War announces that it has been decided to call out the class of 1914 ahead of time and thus secure 200,000 more troops for the army. He will also call out the active reserves and the eldest classes of the territorial reserves.

ALLIES TRY TO STOP.
London, Aug. 31.—The British and French have gathered every available man and gun and crowded them into Northeast France for the purpose of stopping the advance of the German army which is believed to be on the road to Paris.

GERMANS LEAVING ANTWERP.

London, Aug. 31.—Dispatches from Antwerp say that the province of Antwerp and a large part of that of Lumburg is free of the enemy, the Germans having withdrawn there since the beginning of the activity of the Belgians operating from Antwerp.

GERMANY SENDS TROOPS FROM WEST TO EAST

LONDON, Aug. 31.—Dispatches Saturday night from Boulogne indicate that the Germans were pushing through Belgium to the channel coast of France.
Train service between Paris and Boulogne was stopped, and the latter city was prepared to be captured, the garrison having been withdrawn.
Communication between England and France was to be shifted from Boulogne to Havre and Dieppe.
The almost certain appearance of the Germans only a few miles from the English coast is causing great alarm in London.

It is thought to be Germany's purpose to take possession of Dunkirk, Calais, Boulogne and other points along the Strait of Dover and beyond for the purpose of preventing the landing of British troops to aid in Northern France.

British Stream Into France.

BERLIN, Aug. 31.—That British troops have been streaming across the English channel into France for a week is information that has been received by the German war office, and that more are to follow every day is the accepted belief here. It is believed that Great Britain is working on the theory that the time to defeat the Germans is now when all the resources of France in men and material are available for her men who are in the field, and not later after German victories would give them command of much French territory and supplies.

LONDON CONFIRMS NEWS OF NEW ARMY IN FIELD

LONDON, Aug. 31.—The British and French armies are now in new encampments within the territory of France, and prepared for defense or offense as the circumstances might appeal to the strategists in charge of the operations.

France has formed an entirely new army of a quarter of a million men which will take the offensive against the enemy's right.

WILLIAM ORENSHAW DIES.

Haines, Aug. 31.—William Orenshaw was found dead in bed this morning at Wells by Tim Vogel. An inquest will be held.

PIANO FOR RENT—124 Front St.—8-31-14.

BRITISH CAPTURE SAMOA

LONDON, Aug. 31.—The official information bureau announced this morning that a New Zealand expedition has captured Apia, Samoa. The town surrendered to the British forces from New Zealand August 29th.

LOSSES IN NAVAL ENGAGEMENT

LONDON, Aug. 31.—Twenty-nine killed and 38 wounded is the official statement of the loss to the British naval forces in the North Sea engagement near Heligoland. The two German cruisers that were sunk had crews numbering 1,000, and 330 were saved.

SOUTH PACIFIC FRENCH GREET ALLIED FLEET

SYDNEY, Australia, Aug. 31.—A newspaper published at Noumea, capital of French New Caledonia, says: "Enthusiasm prevailed here upon the arrival of a squadron of French and British cruisers en route to New Zealand." It added the quotation of the commander of the expedition as saying: "We do not know where we are going."

RIOTERS DYNAMITE BUTTE MINE OFFICE

BUTE, Mont., Aug. 31.—The employment offices of the Parrot mine were dynamited last night, and the State troops have been called out.
Gov. Sam V. Stewart has charge of the situation, and says he will maintain peace and order.

WAR RISK BILL IS PASSED BY CONGRESS

WASHINGTON, Aug. 31.—The bill creating the Federal bureau of war risk American insurance and creating a fund for its control amounting to \$5,000,000 passed both houses of Congress Saturday afternoon. The bill now goes to the President.

J. M. FRINK, LEADING SEATTLE BUSINESS MAN, IS DEAD

SEATTLE, Aug. 31.—J. M. Frink, president of the Washington Iron Works, member of the park board and prominent in business, politics and civic affairs, died this morning. He was formerly a member of the State Senate and was the Republican candidate for Governor against John R. Rogers in 1900, and was defeated.

CANADIANS TO GIVE CHEESE TO BRITAIN

QUEBEC, Aug. 31.—The Quebec provincial Cabinet has offered the imperial military authorities 4,000,000 pounds of Canadian cheese for the use of armies.

FORMER GERMAN CRUISERS FULL FLEDGED TURKS

BERLIN, Aug. 31.—The former German cruisers Goeben and Breslau have arrived at Constantinople and have received their Ottoman officers and crews.

PIONEER SEATTLE WOMAN DIES AT THAT PLACE

SEATTLE, Aug. 31.—Mrs. Mary J. Cole, aged 90 years, who crossed the plains to the Pacific Coast in 1840, died here yesterday.

SEATTLE WOMAN KILLS CHILD AND HERSELF

SEATTLE, Aug. 31.—Believing that her child was fatally sick, Mrs. Christ Meyers drowned herself and five-year-old daughter, Lenora, yesterday.

GERMANS ACT PART OF HEROES

LONDON, Aug. 31.—The German advance continues in spite of terrific slaughter. The subprefecture of Dieppe announced officially today that a whole German army corps was wiped out by Gen. Pau's troops.

Yet, in spite of the slaughter there are always more Germans to take the place of the dead.

UNEQUALLED HEROISM.

London, Aug. 31.—A dispatch from Amiens says the French are retiring down the valley of the Meuse and the masterly German horde continues to advance. The Germans are winning their victories at terrible sacrifice of life. They have made their way into France by a display of skill, bravery and courage as heroic as anything chronicled in the annals of the history of warfare. They have showed a heroic courage to the point of being wreckless in the loss of life.

The most desperate fighting took place for the possession of bridges. However, French engineers terminated the hand to hand fighting in each instance by blowing up the bridges one after another, as the French troops retired southward. Thirty-three bridges were destroyed in this manner.

Three bridges were blown up simultaneously by contact mines, and guns hidden on the heights began playing on the German cavalry. It was for a while sheer massacre, but the Germans formed, and began fighting with tenacity, mounting their quick firers and replying shot for shot.

When the main German advance came it was raked with a terrific fire, but the Germans with incredible coolness began erecting pontoon bridges, and, although hundreds died on the banks, they succeeded in their endeavor, while their artillery searched the hills for hidden gunners, quickly forcing the French to retire.

KAISER SAYS TAKE PARIS OR ALL DIE

LONDON, Aug. 31.—The Kaiser's orders to his army when the advance upon Paris was ordered, according to officers and soldiers who have been captured, were: "You will take Paris or all Germany will die in the attempt."

RUSSIAN COLUMN NOT HEARD FROM LATELY

LONDON, Aug. 31.—Nothing has been heard recently from the Russian column that was last reported as advancing toward Posen, the German fortress on the Warthe river.

KAISER SENDS ROASTING TELEGRAM TO THE CZAR

COPENHAGEN, Aug. 31.—It is understood that the Kaiser has recently sent a personal telegram to the Czar, calling him an "Asiatic barbarian."

ONE ARMY CORPS LOST BY GERMANS

Paris, Aug. 31.—An American newspaper correspondent, wiring from Amiens, says French artillery from entrenched positions is killing men in a manner that "stagger the minds of witnesses, and cannot be conceived by those who have not witnessed it."

He adds: "But in spite of it all, the Germans press forward and continue to gain ground."

GERMAN LOSS GREATEST IN HISTORY.

Amiens, Aug. 31.—The German advance is continuing but at a sacrifice of life unequalled in the history of warfare.

LOUVAIN'S DESTRUCTION DISTRESSES VATICAN

ROME, Aug. 31.—The news of the destruction of Louvain, Belgium, by the Germans has caused great distress at the Vatican. Louvain was a center for Catholic students.

SEVEN DIE WHEN LAUNCH CAPSIZES

HOQUIAM, WASH., Aug. 31.—Seven persons were drowned yesterday when the launch Seaboard capsized in Gray's Harbor with a pleasure party. The dead are: EDWARD MILLER, MRS. EDWARD MILLER, W. H. TUO, MRS. A. R. BARKLEY, LOUIS CAPELO, TWO UNKNOWN.

AUSTRIAN CRUISER IS DISMANTLED IN ORIENT

WASHINGTON, Aug. 31.—Official notice has been received by the United States that the Austrian cruiser Kaiserin Elisabeth has been dismantled in Asiatic waters in accordance with an agreement between Japan and Austria. Under the agreement the cruiser now becomes neutral until after the war and will be permitted to lie unharmed in a neutral port.

GERMANY SENDING TROOPS FROM WEST TO EAST

LONDON, Aug. 31.—Germany has dispatched 160 railway train loads of troops through Belgium from the southwest to the east for the purpose of stemming the advance of Russian troops in the northeastern portion of Prussia. The indications are that the troops have been withdrawn from the Meuse.

FAIRBANKS WOMAN DIES ON STEAMSHIP ALAMEDA

SEATTLE, Aug. 31.—Mrs. C. M. Durich, of Fairbanks, died on the Alameda yesterday as that steamship was proceeding south. The Alameda arrived here at 5 a. m. Saturday with the dead woman. Notification of her death has been forwarded by wireless telegraph.

ENGLISH SAILORS SAY ELEVEN CRUISERS SUNK

LONDON, Aug. 31.—The crews of the English ships that were engaged in the recent North sea naval battle say that practically the entire German cruiser fleet was engaged by the British and that the action extended from near Cuxhaven to Heligoland, and that the Germans lost 11 cruisers.

GERMANS AND AUSTRIANS SENDING SEIGE GUNS IN

ROME, Aug. 31.—Word that comes from Basel, Switzerland, is that a great quantity of heavy siege artillery is accompanying the five army corps of Germans and Austrians that crossed the Rhine at that place.

RUSSIA CONTINUES VICTORIES

St. Petersburg, Aug. 31.—The War Office this afternoon announced that the Russian army in Germany continues to gain victories, and that the advance of the troops has not been interfered with.

RUSSIANS USING RAILROADS.

London, Aug. 31.—Dispatches from St. Petersburg today say that the Russians are taking up the German railways in East Prussia and relaying them to conform to the gauge of the Russian railroad system so that Russian rolling stock may be used upon them.

DANZIG POPULATION FLEEING.

London, Aug. 31.—A Reuter dispatch says the population of Danzig, East Prussia, is fleeing to Berlin panic stricken to avoid the Russian occupation.

DEFEAT AUSTRIANS.

St. Petersburg, Aug. 31.—It is announced that the Russians have defeated the Austrians near Amoscoe with terrific loss.

1,000,000 ENGAGED.

Rome, Aug. 31.—Dispatches from Austrian headquarters on the Sereb state that 1,000,000 men are engaged in battle on the Austrian-Russian frontier.

The battle line extends from the Vistula river to the Dneister river, more than 100 miles. The Russians have penetrated more than 20 miles into Austrian territory.

Berlin, Aug. 31.—It is announced that 2,000,000 Germans have volunteered their services to the country to assist in repelling the Russian invasion.

GERMANS TAKE 30,000 PRISONERS.

Berlin, Aug. 31.—It is officially announced that 30,000 Russians have been taken prisoners in East Prussia by the Germans there during the fighting there.

RUSSIANS WIN HAND TO HAND FIGHT.

London, Aug. 31.—The Chronicle's St. Petersburg correspondent says that the Russians pursued the fleeing Germans right into the very fortresses of Koeningberg and succeeded in the confusion of the hand to hand fighting in gaining the fortresses right on the heels of the enemy, and thus securing the command of the city.

ST. PETERSBURG, Aug. 31.—With a long battle front, resembling an open fan extending from the Dneister river valley in Austria far into Northeastern Prussia the Russian army is fighting the combined armies of Austria and Germany. The Russian advance, which appeared as several armies, has been connected up with the reinforcements until it is now virtually a solid phalanx crowding with apparently irresistible force against the two Empires.

Austrians Reinforced.
The three Austrian army corps that were defeated in the preliminary fighting along the Bug and Lud rivers with their centers at Zlocow and Tarnopol have been heavily reinforced and are now cooperating with the German forces that were driven back from Allenstein.

FRENCH MAY MOVE CAPITAL

WASHINGTON, Aug. 31.—France is considering the advisability of removing the seat of government from Paris to Bordeaux, as a precautionary measure, according to official dispatches received this evening.

LONDON, Aug. 31.—The Germans are advancing in force tonight within sixty miles of Paris.

ALASKA COAL LEASING BILL UP IN HOUSE

Washington, Aug. 31.—The House began the consideration of the Alaska coal land leasing bill this afternoon.

BEGIN CONCLAVE TO ELECT NEW POPE

Rome, Aug. 31.—The conclave for the election of a new Pope was inaugurated today.

GERMANS GET REINFORCEMENTS.

London, Aug. 31.—It is announced officially that a large number of German reinforcements have arrived on the Prussian frontier.

FRENCH ARE FOOLED.

London, Aug. 31.—A correspondent of the Chronicle at Amiens wires: "It is pitiful to write that while the Germans are advancing incessantly, the rest of France believes they are being held at the frontier."

London, Aug. 31.—A statement issued from the French embassy indicates that the Allies today fell back on Laferre, 20 miles nearer Paris.

YESTERDAY'S REVIEW OF SITUATION

PARIS, Aug. 31.—There was some consolation in the announcement yesterday through a few brief bulletins issued by the War Office reciting various victories by the allied forces at unnamed sections of the northern battleline, but the hope that they aroused was dissipated by further orders for continued preparations for a siege of Paris.

Germans Advancing.
The German advance from the north reached Guise, in the Department of Aisne, Saturday, but they were forced back from there. However, the French and British again fell back, and are now 40 miles from Maubeuge, where the Germans gained a considerable victory over the British earlier in the week. It is believed that the Germans will proceed along the route leading through Laferre, 10 miles south of Guise, and thus avoid the fortifications at Laon, the capital of the Department.

Buildings in Vicinity of Forts Must be Destroyed.
The fateful order which caused yesterday to be the most depressing Sunday in Paris since the opening of the war was the demand for the destruction of all buildings outside the forts and within range of their guns which might give cover to the troops of an approaching army. That such an order must be looked for was stated

(Continued on Page 6.)