

THE ALASKA DAILY EMPIRE

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BUNNELL MEETING GREATEST IN JUNEAU HISTORY

Armies Plunging at Each Other Savagely

GERMANY PREPARING FLEET FOR SEA DUTY

RUSS AND TURK MAY BE AT WAR

Berlin, Oct. 20.—The Tageblatt publishes a telegram from Bucharest saying that evidently a big Russian and Turkish naval engagement has taken place on the Black sea. Exceedingly heavy firing, lasting a considerable length of time, is reported.

RUSSIAN AMBASSADOR FLEES

Rome, Oct. 20.—The Russian Ambassador to Turkey has fled from Constantinople to Odessa, taking with him the archives of the embassy.

The alarming conditions in Constantinople caused the flight. It is believed that a holy war is imminent.

COAL LEASING BILL IS NOW LAW

Washington, Oct. 20.—President Woodrow Wilson this morning attached his signature to the Alaska coal lands leasing bill, and the measure became a statute of the United States.

JAPS TAKE ISLANDS

Tokyo, Oct. 20.—The Navy Department announced the occupation, for military purposes, of the strategically important islands in Marianne, Marshall, East Caroline and West Caroline archipelagos.

GERMANS HAVE CONTEMPT FOR PORTUGUESE SOLDIERS

BERLIN, Oct. 20.—The German general staff says the appearance of the Portuguese soldiers on the battlefield in France and Belgium will be a matter of no material importance. They admit, however, that they might be useful to the British in their South African operations.

GOTHAM BANKS MAKE GOOD YEARLY SHOWING

NEW YORK, Oct. 20.—The report of the New York Clearing House Association for the year ending September 30, 1914, shows exchanges totaled \$39,760,344,971, against \$38,121,520,297 in 1913, while the balances were \$5,125,647,302, as compared with \$5,144,130,384, making the total transactions of \$94,888,992,273, against \$103,265,650,681. The total transactions of the clearing house in 61 years are given at \$2,826,831,181,311. This is regarded as a good showing when it is considered that the most drastic paralyzing period of the war occurred in the year and carried its last two months.

CANNOT SHIP RAW WOOL FROM ENGLAND

LONDON, Oct. 20.—The English government has prohibited the exportation of raw wool to any other country.

FRANCE EXPENDS GREAT SUMS FOR THE POOR

PARIS, Oct. 20.—Assistance rendered the Paris unemployed is costing the French government \$1,800,000 monthly. Nearly 600,000 residents of Paris have removed to the Provinces.

NEW STEAMSHIP SERVICE IN NORTH ATLANTIC

BOSTON, Oct. 20.—The proposed Boston & Penobscot Steamship company plans a new service between Boston and Maine ports. Two fast passenger boats and a freighter will be operated.

THE WEATHER TODAY.

Maximum—44.
Minimum—41.
Rainfall—38 inches.
Cloudy; rain.

TAFT PRAISES PRESIDENT

WASHINGTON, Oct. 20.—Former President William H. Taft, as President of the American bar association, addressed that body today as the presiding officer of the organization.

Taft praised President Woodrow Wilson for the wise decision as to the neutrality of the United States in the war in Europe and the efficiency with which he has maintained it. Speaking of the President's appeal to the American people to maintain actual neutrality of speech and action wherever possible, Taft said:

"In this appeal the President should have the warmest approval and most sincere co-operation of all in the United States."

He said that "the language of the President, in the statements made wherein he refused to be drawn into making a decision or the expression of an opinion on the complaints of various belligerents was most admirable, and showed the world that which we must show that we do not intend to be drawn into this controversy in any way." The President has taken the right stand in indicating "that while we are willing to assist as much as possible in bringing about peace, our attitude as judges cannot be invoked until we are given formal authorization with the stipulated condition by all the powers to abide by our judgment."

Taft lauds Bryan.

The speaker lauded the work of Secretary of State William J. Bryan, and paid particular tribute to his peace treaties, which he regarded as the most important piece of constructive statesmanship in the interest of peace that yet has been promulgated by a National government.

Praises Anti-Trust Bill.

The former President characterized the trade commission law and the Clayton anti-trust act as the most noteworthy legislation of a year that has been fruitful in accomplishment.

Attacks Roosevelt.

Replying to former President Theodore Roosevelt's arguments in favor of the judicial recall, Taft said:

"The demand for the recall of the judiciary and judicial decisions were incorporated in the platform of the Progressive party, and the leader of that party has felt called upon to declare that they are the rock upon which it was founded. It would appear that the party now finds that instead of being the rock upon which it was founded it is, to change the metaphor, the rock upon which it is founded."

LOUVAINS WONDERFUL PICTURES ARE SAFE

BERLIN, (by wireless via Sayville) Oct. 20.—A report by Director Falke, of the Berlin Museum of Arts states that no important losses of art works occurred at Louvain. All pictures, particularly those of Dierick Bouts, the Dutch painter, were taken from the church of St. Peter to the Hotel de Ville.

BRITISH OIL MAGNATE LOSSES TWO SONS

PARIS, Oct. 20.—Two sons of Baron Cowdray, the British oil magnate, have been killed in France. Capt. Westman H. Pearson, the oldest son, was shot while trying to escape after being captured by Uhlans, and Geoffrey Pearson was previously killed while acting as a motor-cycle dispatch rider.

GERMANY SEES DANGER IN BRITISH MINES

BERLIN, Oct. 20.—The British announcement concerning the laying of mines in the Southern part of the North Sea has been published in Berlin. It is pointed out that this virtually closes the channel to neutral shipping, and that this belt of mines between Ramsgate and Ostend constitutes an effective blockade of ports in Holland. Prospects of navigation when storms of winter tear these mines loose are not pleasant.

The German admiralty has reiterated the declaration that German mines have been laid only along the coast of Great Britain.

Empire want ads get results.

WILSON PLEADS FOR HUMANITY

WASHINGTON, Oct. 20.—President Woodrow Wilson welcomed the American Bar Association and delivered a notable address in response to the speech of former President William H. Taft, president of the great organization. President Wilson said that whatever strength that he might have to serve depended upon the confidence the people has in him and his purposes.

President Wilson pleaded for humanizing law. He added:

"Opinion is mistress of the world, and the processes of law are the slow processes by which opinion works its will."

Continuing, the President said:

"You cannot go any faster than you can advance the average moral judgment of the masses. I have in my life dealt with all sorts and conditions of men, and I have found that the flame of moral judgment burned as bright in the man of humble life and limited experience as in the scholar and man of affairs, and I would like his voice always to be heard, not as a witness, not as speaking in his own case but as if he were the voice of men in general; his voice should be in our courts of justice proclaiming what should be the law as well as the voice of lawyers remembering what the law has been."

M'ADOO AT WORK FOR FOREIGN TRADE

Washington, Oct. 20.—Secretary of the Treasury William G. McAdoo this morning held the first of a series of conferences looking to the restoration of normal conditions with reference to foreign exchange and the export business of the country.

ALLIES BUY HORSES.

KANSAS CITY, Oct. 20.—Every city in Western Kansas has an order for 5,000 horses for the English government.

Get American Flour.

ST. LOUIS, Oct. 20.—European war agents have placed orders here for ten thousand barrels of flour.

Buy Boston Blankets.

BOSTON, Oct. 20.—Orders have been placed here for several millions of blankets for European war agents.

Buy Barbed Wire

NEW YORK, Oct. 20.—Through a New York exporting house the French government has placed an order for 500,000 reels of barbed wire with two Pittsburgh manufacturing houses.

Buy Rubber Boots.

BOSTON, Oct. 20.—Over 10,000 pairs of rubber boots, manufactured in Greater Boston, were shipped to Liverpool on the Arabic. The order is for the use of the British army.

1,000,000 Auto Trucks.

DETROIT, Oct. 20.—Orders running well over the million dollar mark were closed Monday by Detroit motor truck industries with one of the European nations.

Allies Buy Sheets.

NEW YORK, Oct. 20.—The Utica Steam & Mohawk Valley Cotton Mills are said to have received an order for 500,000 sheets for the European Allies, 16,000 of which have already been shipped.

Packards Sell Cars.

NEW YORK, Oct. 20.—The Russian government has purchased of the Packard Motor Car Company, 180 motor trucks.

ST. LOUIS COMES TO AID OF COTTON MEN

ST. LOUIS, Oct. 20.—St. Louis has pledged \$7,500,000 as its contribution towards a \$150,000,000 fund for the relief of the cotton growers in the South. Fresh cut flowers at Winter Pond's. 10-20-1f

Just arrived—new shipment of coats at The "Fashion."

10-20-1f

BUNNELL MEETING IS RECORD

Charles E. Bunnell, Democratic nominee for Delegate to Congress, from Alaska, before the largest political gathering ever held in Juneau, last evening declared himself unequivocally for a wider measure of home rule, a full Territorial form of government; for the Democratic administration's policy of opening up Alaska's resources; for government railroads; for larger appropriations for the building of roads and trails; for government constructed and controlled power stations; for a good election law and a clean ballot; for uniform schools and better educational facilities; for clean politics, and pledged himself if elected to devote his energies toward securing the measures advocated.

Juneau turned out strong. The Juneau Theatre with a seating capacity of over 400 was packed, every seat being occupied and the passageways jammed to the street, and 200 who came late were compelled to turn away without finding even standing room. The entire balcony was reserved for ladies and their escorts and the women of Juneau were out in full force. It was perhaps the most representative gathering ever held in Juneau, and was certainly the most successful political meeting ever called in the Capital City. Fully 500 voters were present.

Gov. J. F. A. Strong presided at the meeting. Mr. Bunnell's speech was preceded by a address by Charles H. Cosgrove of Ketchikan, Democratic nominee for the lower house of the Alaska Legislature, in which the speaker did not mention his own candidacy, but urged the election of Mr. Bunnell.

Gov. Strong, in making his introductory remarks, said that he felt confident that the great majority of the people of Alaska were thoroughly in harmony with the policies that have been inaugurated by the present Democratic administration of which Woodrow Wilson is the incomparable chief.

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"I feel confident," he said, "that you will agree with me that this is the first administration that has vitalized the fact that Alaska is a potential possession of the United States. I am satisfied that 90 per cent. of the people of Alaska are with President Wilson. . . . The destiny of Alaska is in the hands of the administration and the people of Alaska. I have at all times during my 18 years residence in Alaska preached the doctrine of unity of purpose and I have at all times advocated that policy."

Bunnell Endorses Platform.

Mr. Bunnell confined himself almost exclusively to discussing the platform adopted at Skagway with a diversion toward the close to clearing up some of the personal statements that had been made about him by Delegate Wickersham here in Juneau a

(Continued on Page 4.)

AMONG THOSE WHO ARE RESPONSIBLE

The Empire is asked to name some of those who have sent cablegrams to it and to others concerning political conditions at the Westward, and who have said that Delegate Wickersham has made conflicting promises concerning the terminus of the government railroad.

Among them may be mentioned Mayor E. E. Ritchie, of Valdez, who is now at Seward; J. M. Lathrop, mining man, property owner and well known citizen of the Territory, who is principal owner of the Cliff mine; Charles A. Hand, Charles Wulff, the Valdez Prospector, James Fish, A. C. Dowling, Al. White and others.

The last named is an independent candidate for the Legislature.

GERMANY SPENDS \$11,000,000 DAILY ON THE WAR

BERLIN, Oct. 20.—The Berliner Tageblatt says Germany's daily war expenses total \$11,000,000.

VILLA SAYS WAR IS OVER

WASHINGTON, Oct. 20.—Gen. Villa last night informed the government at Washington that all hostilities in Mexico are at an end and that he will support the provisional government that will be set up by the National convention at Aguas Calientes.

VILLA HAS CONVENTION AT MERCY

San Antonio, Oct. 20.—The Mexican consulate today received a report from Mexico City saying that Gen. Villa has created a panic among the delegates to the congress of military chiefs at Aguas Calientes today by moving an army of 18,000 men to a position where he can envelop the city and imprison the entire conference should he decide to do so.

BANK PRESIDENT LOOKS FOR EASIER MONEY

CHICAGO, Oct. 20.—President Reynolds of the Continental & Commercial National Bank of Chicago says: "Talk of easier money rates may be a trifle premature, but the feeling is gradually getting better all around and conditions are working rapidly toward that end."

Mr. Reynolds added that general business is showing more confidence, which he believes will increase rapidly as Western crops are marketed and the foreign exchange fund operations pave the way for the export of our products.

WHO IS THE TRUE ALASKAN?

VALDEZ, Oct. 16.—To the Editor:—Who is the true Alaskan, Wickersham or Bunnell?

Judge Wickersham was sent to Alaska in 1900, and since that time, with the exception of the period from December 15 to 1907, to a year from the following March, (during which time he was endeavoring to get on the payroll of the Guggenheim Syndicate) he has fed continuously at the public crib, and has been paid the following amounts:

Salary as Judge, June, 1900 to Dec., 1907, 7 1/2 years at \$5,000 \$37,500
Salary as Delegate:
61st Congress, 2 years at \$5,000 10,000
62nd Congress, 2 years at \$7,500 15,000
63rd Congress, 1 year and six months at \$7,500 11,250
Mileage (Estimated) 6,250
Total received \$80,000

Of this amount Mr. Wickersham has expended in Alaska

NOTHING
Mr. Bunnell was also sent to the Territory in 1900, taught school at Kodiak for three years, and was then selected as the Principal of the Valdez Schools, and continued as such until 1907. During this time Mr. Bunnell received as salary about \$12,500.

In 1908 he became interested in the Copper River Lumber Company, and became its secretary and treasurer, and as such has paid out in wages for that company, for logging and sawing, a total of \$171,743.84.

(An average of \$25,000 per year.)
January 1st, 1911, Mr. Bunnell purchased a partnership in the Valdez Sheet Metal Works, and since that time the firm has paid out in wages the sum of \$28,954.79.

(An average of \$25,000 per year.)
NOT ONE DOLLAR OF WICKERSHAM'S SALARY HAS BEEN INVESTED IN ALASKA.

EVERY DOLLAR EARNED BY MR. BUNNELL HAS BEEN INVESTED IN ALASKA.

When Wickersham wrote the famous letter to Stephen Birch, begging an appointment as Attorney for the Guggenheims, he said:

"I am longing for the flesh-pots of the outside," and if he is elected on the 3rd day of next November to "stay at home," he will, no doubt, take up his residence, in his \$18,000 mansion in Tacoma, and Alaska will see him no more.—James Fish.

FOR RENT—Nicely furnished rooms—steam heat, close in. 328 Second St. 10-20-1f

ARMIES FIGHTING SAVAGELY

London, Oct. 20.—Savage plunging attacks by the Germans on the Allies' line near the Belgian coast between Neuport and Dixmude and similar tactics by the Allies in France between Arras and Roye, where progress is claimed, characterize the fighting between the great armies today.

GERMANS HOLD LILLE

London, Oct. 20.—The Allies were unable to occupy Lille yesterday, and the city is in the hands of the Germans today, but they are subjected to stubborn attacks by the Allies.

Fighting continues furiously in the vicinity of St. Mihiel where for days the Allies have been attempting to drive the Germans from their southernmost positions.

The fighting in the vicinities of the coast, Arras and Roye, Lille and St. Mihiel are the acute points of the battle areas of France and Belgium today.

AMERICANS GIVE \$500,000 TO RELIEF FUNDS

NEW YORK, Oct. 20.—American contributions Tuesday to the four principal European war funds aggregated \$438,134. The various funds stand as follows: New York State board of the Red Cross, \$198,744; Belgian Relief Fund, \$106,650; American Ambulance Hospital, \$82,758; Prince of Wales National Relief fund for families of those engaged in the war, \$55,853; French Relief Fund, \$13,955; Merchants' Association, \$4,156.

GERMANY COMMENT ON BRITISH POLICIES

BERLIN, (by wireless via Sayville, N. Y.), Oct. 20.—Lokal Anzeiger says England conveyed her Mohammedan troops to France because they might be a danger if unrest developed in India.

The official press bureau says Turkey has declared the Sea of Marmora inland water and that navigation in Bosphorus and Dardanelles within six miles of it has been forbidden.

The Press bureau also says: "Salar ed Dowlah, the enemy of Russia, who has been a fugitive in Europe, has returned with arms to the Persian frontier."

The morbid fear of the English that the truth of the situation may become known in Egypt has caused the strangest blunders. All travellers are searched for letters and papers. English officials at Alexandria on September 27, searched for the Khedive's wife and princess, Nimeh and Fatma. Under graduates making remarks showing their hatred of the English are sent to prison for three months after being flogged 100 blows.

Subscribers to Turkish papers are sentenced to three months in prison and fined \$500. Indian troops sent to France were told they were being taken to Europe for a military tournament.

GERMANY MAKES MANY CHANGES IN GENERALS

LONDON, Oct. 20.—A Central News dispatch from Bordeaux says the following changes in the German army commanders have been announced: Gen. von Mogen replaces Gen. von Hindenburg in eastern Prussia; Gen. Eberhardt becomes military governor of Strassburg, capital of Alsace-Lorraine; Gen. von Gericke is appointed Governor of Ulm, Wurttemberg; and Gen. Ludinghausen replaces Gen. von Luckwald in Coblenz, Prussia.

FRENCH OBSERVE RULES OF THE HAGUE

PARIS, Oct. 20.—France has laid mines in the Adriatic, but says that The Hague rules have been observed.

GERMANY MAY SEND NAVY OUT

LONDON, Oct. 20.—A dispatch from Amsterdam says the German marines at Antwerp are hastily leaving to rejoin their ships, and that the warships at Kiel are being hurriedly and heavily provisioned for sea service.

GERMANS SINK SUBMARINE

Berlin, Oct. 20.—It is officially stated that the British new submarine E3 was sunk by a German warship.

RUSSIA FIRST.

Berlin, Oct. 20.—The Tageblatt editorially says: "Because Russia threatened the United States and because the United States as a perpetual menace is intolerable to Germans, the people want war until we finish. We must not forget for a moment why we began."

"Every loss of power by Great Britain means for Russia further gain, strength, influence and freedom of movement. Yet, we all hope that England's position as the world's dictator will be shaken."

"But irrespective of what may come of England's power, or American menace, it is ten fold our duty to fight against Russia's becoming a world's dictator. Russia must be crushed, and other things will follow."

KAISER PRAISES THE ARMY OF SAXONIANS

LONDON, Oct. 20.—A Rotterdam dispatch to the London Daily Telegraph says the Kaiser has telegraphed to the King of Saxony that he has inspected the third German army, made up of Saxoniens. "With such an army," says the Kaiser, "we can finish the task gloriously in victory. The Almighty will stand by us."

GERMANS SAID TO CLAIM TO HAVE 350,000 PRISONERS

British, French, Russian and Belgian din, the noted explorer with the German army, at the invitation of the German government, relates in a private letter that the Germans have 350,000 British, French, Russian and Belgian prisoners.

TWO BELGIAN TOWNS SUFFER GREAT DAMAGE

NEW YORK, Oct. 20.—The Belgium correspondent of the New York Herald says:

"The plight of Mechlin is deplorable. Although the tower of St. Rombold is intact, the main fabric of the cathedral suffered additional damage during the bombardment. Lierre, another medieval town within the zone of fire, has been mercilessly pounded by German artillery. From Mechlin and Lierre 75,000 people have been driven from their homes by bombardment."

GERMANS USE DOGS AS SPIES FOR FRANCE

PARIS, Oct. 20.—The Figaro says that Germans are using dogs as spies trained to approach French outposts and bark when they see red trousers.

On Dolphin, fresh carnations, violets, roses, chrysanthemums at Winter & Pond's. 10-20-1f

"All of the news all the time." **