

## THE ESKIMO BULLETIN.

Last May, while Hum-muk was duck hunting, the discharge of a six-bore shot gun caused him to lose his balance and capsize his boat at the Cape.

kyak. The water was so chilling that he died while Iyoudluk was towing him to shore on ice.

Fighting Spaniards under Dewey is a less perilous occupation than hunting seals on the ice-floes of Bering Straits.

Almost every year natives drift away many of whom are never heard from again. Some are carried across the Strait, others, hundreds of miles north or south before they are able to reach land again.

Fortunately no lives have been lost this year. Men have been carried off on four different occasions and only succeeded in reaching land after enduring several days of anxiety, cold hunger and thirst, on the drifting floes.

Out of two dog teams then lost two dogs returned after an absence of twenty-one days, in a "before taking condition.

The accidents or incidents of Eskimo life, are suggestive as to the origin and distributions of the race.

The Cape mail so far, has been very light, latest news, June 13th.

## Port Clarence

Dr. Kittelsen and Jahan, and Nickel

spent Thanksgiving

since and capsize his boat at the Cape.

Iluk and Volenna

Cape herders brought

mail on deer sleds in December.

— Fredric a young

Laplander, was mar-

ried to an Eskimo

belle in November,

— The hundred

deer loaned to An-

Tesi'look in 1894,

five years, were with

drawn in Nov. leav-

ing Antesilook about

140 deer.

— Between five and

six hundred deer of

the Government herd

have been driven to

the new station

at Unalakleet. The

Lapps started from

here with the deer

December 20, and ar-

rived at Unalakleet

March 22.

Seventy-five deer which they were

left here with loaning at a sac-

ting floes

three Eskimo herd

To drive a herd of

ers.

FOUR TUNS OF

MEAT DIVIDED WITH

(continued from page 1)

most of the Eskimos

said the snow would

melt, and the cows

have calves long be-

were killed, food would

be short by April 1; or

reach Pt. Barrow, but the

young men were not easily

discouraged.

scanty supply of stores.

After Charlie's herd arri-

great suffering would

follow.

Detailed Lieut.

Berthoff to have sup-

pplies hauled across

the manner shown in the

C.W.T. Feb. 6 Lieut. Jarvis

to Kotzebue Sound they travelled on to Golovin Bay where they met the Government herd on its way to Uralakleet.

Obtaining reindeer, sleds, and drivers they hurried on to Charlie's (Antesilook) place near

Cape Nome. Arranging

with him to loan and accompany his herd,

therein charge. Lieut

Jarvis drove on to Port

Clarence.

From here he went to Cape P. of Wales where he arranged with the

Mission and Eskimos for the loan of their

deer (301).

It was with hesitancy that Mr. Lapps consented

to take charge of the herd and herders on

this expedition which would necessitate an

absence of several months from his

family and mission;

and to be responsible for the safety of

the young herders

and for the deer

which they were

left here with sacrifice.

To drive a herd of

deer 700 miles in

two months was an untried and doubtful undertaking

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be short by April 1; or

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discouraged.

Started on their long camp

Feb. 3. Eighteen dogs were

harnessed to sleds after

the manner shown in the

C.W.T. Feb. 6 Lieut. Jarvis