STENSLAND WAS

# DETROIT HONORS | FLEET PLEASES RETURNED HERO

Bryan Talks on 8-Hours Day Reviews Forly-Five Vessels in and Railroad Scheme

ROOSEVELT HAS BORROWED SAYS THEY ARE INC. SERING

Reiterates That the President's Popularity Is Based Entirely on His Advocacy of Doctrines Taken From Democratic Platforms.

Detroit, Mich., September 3,-W. J Bryan was greeted by a large crowd here today. Upon his arrival. Mr. Bryan and party were driven to the Fair Ground, where Mr. Bryan said he was impressed during the last few months of his travels abroad with an idea in connection with

"As I passed through the Orient," he said, "I found a great gap between those who stand at the top and those at the bottom of the social structure. I return to my home more than ever believing in the dignity of labor and the importance of cultivating sentiment among the people which makes them respect more the man who toils, than the one who idles In society. I trust we shall never have in this country a leisure class, if by that we mean we see nothing to do. I cannot conceive any place in a well-regulated society for men or women who have nothing to do."

Regarding shorter hours of labor, Mr

"I believe in the eight-hour day, and this is why:

"I believe laboring men are justly entitled to it, and that society at large would be better if he had it. You cannot separate a man from society-you cannot deal with the question as one purely of class.

"Give the laboring man shorter hour and I believe forces will be put to work which will cause him to make the best of his time. The rich man leaves his children a fortune. The laboring man, who cannot hope for justice under any other government than that which believes in the inalienable rights of man, can hope to leave his children a good government, which is better than any fortune. Recognize the laboring man not as a beats of burden, but as a human being."

The forty-five of these is a nginter, and ready to go into action at a moment's notice. Greeted By Salute Booms.

Forty-five of the most splendid types of fighting vessels affoat lay at anchor in

Crowd Greets Him Standing.

tonight. When the house became calm he said, in part:

ereigns, but never have I felt so proud as when standing before the sovereigns own land. Possibly there never has been a time when I could speak of democracy with less chance of hurting people's feelings than now. In Wash-ington not long ago I was guest at a dinner at which President Roosevelt was the chief guest. Some of those present were accusing him of borrowing from our platform, and were cracking all sorts jokes along this line. Ten years ago e republican party came into power, the republican party came into power, and has held absolute control ever since. What strikes me as the most astonishing republicans seemed to believe that any number of men from their ranks might be nominated for the presidency, now they admit that there is only one man, who, if nominated, would stand any chance of election, and that man is our

fact that the President alone is ell-le. I say it is because he has reudiated the platform on which he was lected, and adopted a democratis plat-orm. I challenge you find one element of the President's popularity based on anything otherwise than a democratic plank in a democratic platform.'

Came From Democratic Platform.

As in prior speeches Mr. Bryan pointed that the President had a compromise e bill passed, the original idea of a bill having been found not in the that democratic senators came to his support; that the President could not have secured the "defo nademrdhrdlu ashr secured the "deformed and distorted bill" did accept without having threatened railroad magnates that they would have to deal with something more radical ddress was punctuated with cheers and as a correct management and advantagement as an experiment a system of dual government control, the state owning the state lines, and the federal government owning the interstate lines, giving a chance for the avoidance of centralization and building up the power of the state. and building up the power of the state.

Mr. Bryan's treatment of the trust question was along the lines of his New Yor and New Jersey speeches. He declared that he could outline the battle cry of the corporations on the trust question—

The problem was of having the tariff reformed by its friends, so now the op-portunity was offered of relieving the people by having the trusts controlled by their friends.

Mr. Bryan left at 11 o'clock for Chicago

Examinations Begin at Annapolis.

Annapolis, Md., September 3.-The final sections of the first class at the naval academy preparatory to their graduation, September 12, began today. Should any of the eighty-five members of the class will be dropped back to the regular section of their class, which will graduate next February. The examinations will close on Saturday morning.

San Francisco, September 3 .- Fifteen carloads of strike breakers arrived in this city today. They are now waiting for ders from President Calhoun. President Calhoun has so far preserved silence as to the date of the company's first attempt to run the cars with non-union men. Union pickets have induced twenty-

# THE PRESIDENT

Long Island Sound

Yesterday's Review Brought About the Assembling of the Strongest Fleet Ever Brought Togther In American Waters.

Oyster Bay, September 3.-On the water of Long Island sound within view of Sagamore Hill, the President of the United States reviewed today the greatest fleet of American warships ever assembled. There was a ship of war for every state, forty-five in all, ranging in size from the magnificent 16,000-ton Louislana, just completed, to the fleet of little torpedo boats and the submarines, and including one troopship and colliers. In three columns there stretched along the sound twelve battleships, four armored cruisers, four protected cruisers, four monitors, six destroyers, six torpedo boats, three submarines, a troopship and five auxiliaries.

In peace paint of spotless white, wreathed in rainbows of flags, ship rails manned "close aboard," the splendid fleet underwent the ceremony of inspection by

President Grows Enthusiastic.

As the Mayflower dropped anchor at the head of the fleet on the completion of the review, the President descended in of a group of sailors and representatives. for governor, may not exceed 3000, and of Kansas, ex-Governor Ferguson of Oklaexclaiming:

"Any man who fails to be patriotically nspired by such a sight as this, is a nighty poor American, and every Ameri-American for it."

"And you, gentlemen." he said, addressing the naval committee, "are responsible for it. It is your handlwork, and it has all be done within the past ten years. Every one of these is a fighter, and ready

Forty-five of the most splendid types of fighting vessels afloat lay at anchor in three long columns as the naval yacht The meeting in Light Guard armory was held tonight. Drums rolled and most of the packed house rose to its feet cheering as Bryan ascended the platform cheering as Bryan ascended the platform and Japan, passed up and down the lanes, and Japan, passed up and down the lanes, the President, an appaluding spectator during the on the bridge. The Mayflower's journey supreme court. In cases where delinquents attempted to vote they ran the risk of luting cannon, and gun after gun spoke the navy's honor to the commander-in-chief of all America's military force. President Roosevelt had as his guests

on board the Mayflower the secretary of the navy and several other government officials, members of the senate and house committee on naval affairs and the naval attaches of eight of the powers of the world. There was something of an object lesson in this gathering of repre-sentative array of Americans, one-third of the fighting forces being in the review.

Receives Commanding Officers. When the parade of the Mayflower was over the President had looked with critical eye at each of the flag dressed ves-

sels, his yatch came to anchor and he received on board the commanding officer of the fleet. Then followed a gala luncheon, at which the officers, the govern-ment officials, the attaches, senators and congressmen were guests together with a number of personal friends of the Pres Flanking the war vessels which glisten

ed in purest white under the direct rays of the sun and against a low lying, storm black clouds along the horizon was the greatest fleet of private yachts, boats and pleasure craft especially that has ever been drawn together in sucr a small com-pass. Each of these was decorated with signal flags from stem to stern and added materially in the painting of a marine spectacle unparralleled in the history of the American people.

This was the stirring scene which greeted the President as the Mayoflower steamed out from Oyster Bay shortly after 11 o'clock. It was just twenty minutes past that hour when the reviewing yacht came within a range of the flagship Maine, which stood at the head of the center of the column of the fleet. There came a flash of flame and a puff of grey smoke from the starboard salut-ing cannon of the flagship, which was the signal for the other vessels to join in an unanimous salute of twenty-one guns. It required twenty minutes for the May flower to run down the first lane. Ther she put about and came up on the outer she put about and came up on the outer edge of the most westerly column of the ships. Reaching the head of the column again the Mayflower turned once more to the west and took a tour outside the torpedo boat line, coming eastward to the Maine's position once more and then cost anchor.

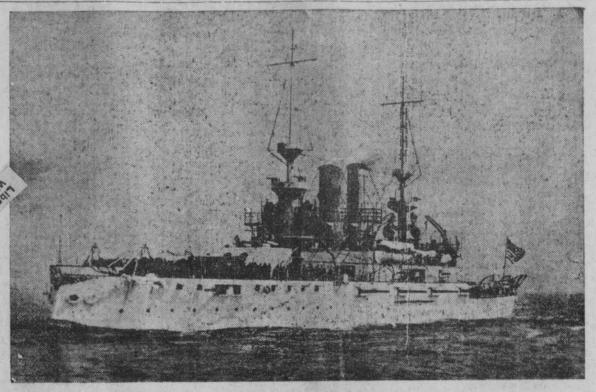
After luncheon the President visited several ships of the fleet. When he returned again to the Mayflower the review was practically at an end, although Mr. Roosevelt and most of his guests remained on board to witness the illumination of the fleet. When the President paid his visits to the various vessels, the wind was howling down the sound in a way to set the riggins of all the vessels in the wonderful assemblage singing a warning song

The Mayflower's launch with her dis-tinguished passenger plunged through waves which were as high as any of the waves which were as high as any of the boatmen of Oyster Bay and Cold Spring harbor have known for many days. The heavy sea that was running had sent all small boats hurry pell-mell for the shelter of the cove, where they formed an apparently unbroken barrier across the harbor entrance, completely blocking any possible retreat for the larger and stancher crafts which were braving wind and waves to keep in touch with every move and picture of the review.

Salt water in the breaking waves was blown stingingly into the President's launch, but he was hilarlous and enjoyed the experience to the fullest. Despite the

launch, but he was hilarious and enjoyed the experience to the fullest. Despite the gale and the sea and the close quarters in which the pleasure boats maneuvered, not a serious accident occurred during the morning. There were many collisions and bumping matches between the small boats in the harbor, but no serious damgae was

Praises the Louisiana.



BATTLESHIP ALABAMA The Alabama Took a Prominent Part In Yesterday's Great Naval Review by the President.

#### ARKANSAS POLLS VERY LIGHT VOTE

LITTLE, DEMOCRATIC NOMINEE FOR GOVERNOR, WILL HAVE 50, 000 MAJORITY-POLL TAX PRO VISION RIGIDLY ENFORCED.

Little Rock, Ark., September 3.-In the blennial election in Arkansas today for state and county officers partial returns received by the Arkansas Gazette tonight ocratic nominee for governor, will have a majority of fully 50,000 over John I. the bridges. He smiled and enthusiasti- Worthington, republican. The vote for cally threw his arms around the shoulders | John G. Adams, prohibitionist, nominee that for Dan Hogan, socialist, will probably reach 2000. Estimates tonight are that of the 135 members of the senate and house at least 125 will be democrats can who has seen it ought to be a better | The democratic state nominees, other than for governor, had no opposition.

Advices from the countles where ther is a large negro population state that but few negroes went to the polls to vote. In Jefferson county. E. W. Speer, one of the negroes nominated for representative, was not allowed to vote because he had no paid his poll tax. In Little Rock no less than 300 negroes voted, but each had paid the poll tax. Very generally the election judges throughout the state required the exhibition of evidence that the voters had paid their poll tax. There had been a question raised as to the validity of the poll tax constitutional amendment, but as a rule the amendment is valid, having never been passed upon directly by the supreme court. In cases where delinquents having to pay not only the tax of \$1, penalties aggregating \$3 as well. The en-forcement of the poll tax requirement is believed to have caused the light vote in many counties, although rain in some lo-calities prevented a large turn out. The count is proceedingly slowly in the large counties owing to the lengthy ticket and will not be concluded in some before

Indications are that the constitutional amendment increasing the school tax levy from 7 mills to 10 mills received 75 per

personally greeted their guests aboard. The President had enthusiastic comments on the occasion for each. When he saw the veteran democratic member house naval committee, General Meyer of Louisiana, he ejaculated:

"General, have you inspected the battle-ship Louisiana yet?" "She is the finest of the lot," responded

General Meyer.
"Yes," replied the President, "the Louis-Archie Roosevelt left Sagamore Hill a

Archie Rooseveit leit Saganot the Archie Rooseveit leit Saganot the Louisiana as the guest of Captain Couden during the review and the President added to his comment to General Meyer:

"My boy Archie is much in love with the

Evans Is Pleased.

Oyster Bay, N. Y., September 3.-As Rear Admiral Evans yesterday surveyed from the bridge of his flagship, the Main the forty-five vessels of his command, stretching more than three miles down the sound in three columns, he looked an admiration that he refused to exin formation.

was enthusiastic but not boastful. While he recognized the splendor of the fleet, he declared that it was not as big as some that a few other great powers had assembled in waters of the old world. "It is only a little fleet," he said, "but a very select one. I wish it were three times as big, and I wish every man, wom-an and child in the United States were here to look at it and see that they were getting a return for their money. I would advocate the assembling of a fleet similar to this, but larger, of course, annually. It would have a splendid educational effect, ont only on the men of the fleet themselves but on the people genthemselves, but on the people gen

erally. Cost Is a Trifle, "There has been much talk of a purely fictitional nature about the enormous expense of a gathering such as this. In re-ality the expenditure is almost nominal. The ships in commission here would have been in commission anyway, and it does not cost a cent more to supply them at Oyster Bay than it would at any other not cost a cent more to supply them at Oyster Bay than it would at any other anchorage. Our supply ships are factors of the fleet. Absolutely the only additional item of expense would be for black powder to fire the salutes, and that will cost, roughly, not more than \$300.

"We have often had smaller fleets rendezvous at what I would call the impediments, that is the supply vessels.

"It is a good thing to have these ships with us to familiarize them with the code signals. Down in the Carribean this unfamiliarity with means of communication caused us some trouble. There is a speciality of drills with impediments.

"And the more practice we have at it the better it will be for our navy. It prevents the men from getting rusty and it inspires them with an enthusiasm that they would not feel if their fellow comrades were not permitting to share the glory with them."

Prominent Democrat Kills Himself.

Sedalia, Mo. September 3.—W. F. Hansberger, a member of the city council, and a prominent democratic politician, companient democratic politician democratical democratic politicis democratic pol tted suicide by shooting at his home

### WANTS OFFICIALS OF STATE ARRESTED

KANSAS MAN DEMANDS WAR-RANTS FOR ARREST OF MEN WHO WERE RESPONSIBLE FOR HIS IMPRISONMENT.

Topeka, Kan., September 3.-Iran N Terrill, recently released from the state prison at Lansing, where he had served a term on the charge of murder commitindicate that Congress John S. Little, dem- ted in Oklahoma, appeared today at the office of United States District Attorney Bone and demanded that warrants for the arrest of Gov. E. W. Hoch, ex-Gov. ernors W. J. Bailey and W. E. Stanley homa and ex-Warden E. B. Jewett of the penitentiary be issued at once.

Terrill declared that he had been un lawfully held under peonage and was not guilty as charged of murder. District Attorney Bone informed him that a proper petition would, if presented, be given consideration.

Terrill is an attorney, and during his in carceration appeared before the state su-preme court and argued a motion for his release from the penitentiary.

# NEGRO TEACHER IS

HE RECENTLY SAID HE HOPED BRING WHITE WOMEN TO THE

Columbia, S. C., September 3.-Thomas H. Amos, colored, president of Harbison ollege, a coeducational institution for negroes at Abbeville, S. C., supported by the Northern Presbyterian church, was waited upon recently by citizens of Abbeville and requested to leave the town on account of language used in his last comncement address. He said the negro women had brought white women to the kitchens and hoped that they would soon denied this statement today. He said: bring them to the wash tub.

Amos telegraphed from Baltimore today rive at Abbeville to take charge of the Ex-Speaker of the House, Frank Gary, a resident of Abbeville, is authority

POSTOFFICE CLERKS MEET. Get Into Wrangle Over Legality of Election Last Year.

session of the United National association Postoffice clerks in seventh annua delegates and visitors are present. Hardly had the opening exercises been concludpress to the newspaper men who visited him just after the fleet, which is to be reviewed by the President today, had got electing the officers at the last convention. He accused a ring of governing the association to its detriment and claimed the that he would make any concessions election at the last convention was illegal. tion to show that the election was illegal. This was the first wedge to put the in- could not see in any event what the govcago . Philadelphia and New York from dominating the association. The fight will waged until after the election of of-

Bartlett Again Nominated.

Macon, September 3 .- The democratic convention of the Sixth Congressional district met in this city today and renominated Charles L. Bartlett for Congress, this being his seventh

Republicans Nominate Heermans.

Roanoke, Va., September 3.-The Sixth district republican convention which met here today nominated C. A. Heermans of Christiansburg as their candidate for Congress to oppose Carter Glass of Lynchburg, the democratic

ACCEPTS WITH PLEASURE.

French Lick, Ind., September 3. Thomas Taggart, chairman of the democratic national committee, to-day received a letter from Charles A. Walsh, tendering his resignation as member of the national commit-tee from Iowa. "I have read the letter carefully,"

### MAY MAKE IT HOT FOR THE DIRECTORS

ARRESTS IN PHILADELPHIA BANK FAILURE ARE ABSOLUTELY CER-TAIN-MORE THAN ONE MAN IS RESPONSIBLE.

Philadelphia, September 3.-District Attorney Bell, after an all day investigation of the auffirs of the Real Estate Trust company, which failed last Tuesday, today established direct evidence of criminality with more than one person responsible. Arrests now are absolutely certain and it is known that the suspected persons have been placed under surveil-

"The deposits have been swept away, said Mr. Bell tonight. "They have been looted. My investigation shows that more than one person is implicated. There will be arrests, but whether tomorrow or later I have not decided. Today I interrogated of the White Star line for Liverpool. He Directors Junkin, Houstonfi Benson and Porter and a number of under officials of the Trust company. I secured much

"Tomorrow I shall continue my investigation and will examine Treasurer North and Assistant Treasurer Collingwood. I Tangler about one hour after he had left have found so evidence that the trust it for a trip for the east coast of Africa. funds were campered with beyond the It was ascertained that he had deposited concluded my investigation of this de- that he would soon return the two men

That it is the intention of the depositors to place the burden of responsibility for NEGRO WOMEN WOULD SOON representing \$500,000 of deposits declared been taken into custody. they were in a position to prove the liability of the directors. They propose in the event of the directors being unable to evolve a satisfactory plan of reorganization to adopt measures which shall in-

sure some benefits to the depositors. A marked change of front was manifested in the attitude of members of the board of directors toward reimbursing de-positors. Heretofore it has been declared that the directors stood ready and willing to advance any amount of money to re-adjust the affairs of the company, and thus rid themselves of the stigma of moral or criminal negligence in allowing the president to wreck the bank.

"I stand ready and eager to pay my proportion of the losses, but this portion will be entirely based on my h ings of the company's stock. This I will

### PALMA WILL NOT MAKE CONCESSIONS

Savannah, Ga., September 3.-The first AMERICAN INTERVENEION IS NOT TO BE CONSIDERED BECAUSE THEY BELIEVE CUBA CAN NOW HANDLE THE SITUATION.

was anxious to overtake his "father" who whatever to the rebels beyond the offer of pardon already extended. The Presi-Stensland apparently made no effort to ten and compared them with the constitu- dent said he could not possibly make such concessions either now or hereafter, and cumbents out of office and prevent Chi- ernment could offer beyond what had al- on August 5, probably caused more an-

of any action by the government in any fore the crash came. More than 22,000 way loking to compromise or making conway loking to compromise or making concessions to the rebels are absolutely false and unfounded for the present or for the future. It is impossible that any contingency could bring it about. I cannot see what the government could offer rebels excepting to allow them to return peace-fully to their homes, provided they surrender and give up their arms.

Brest, France, September 3 .- The life boats sent to the Asiatic steamer which is ashore on a dangerous rock near the Island of Molene between the main land

the Vickers-Maxims works at Barrow.

The accident is attributed to the con-

tact of a lighted naphtha lamp with in-

flamable tanks where the men were work-

Lifeboats Cannot Reach Steamer.

and the Island of Ouessant have been unable to approach her, owning to the thick fog prevailing. The vessel is the Dunkirk Collier Almee, which was on her way to L'Orient. It is not believed that there has been any loss of life. Four Killed on Rurik. London, September 3.-Four men were killed and eight seriously injured today by an explosion on board the Russian armored cruiser Rurik, which is being built at

(CONTINUED ON PAGE 2.)

## **NELSON FOULS AND** CAUCHT NAPPING GANS WINSFIGHT

Last Night

Deliberately Hit Low In Forty-

second Round-Hissed as

Chicago Bank President is Ar- Negro Was Hero of Goldfield rested in Tangier, Morocco

TRACED ALL OVER EUROPE GOES FORTY-TWO ROUNDS

Fraveled as P. Olson of Norway and Nelson Shows Great Endurance, But Intended to Spend the Month of October In the Canary

Chicago, September 3.-A cablegram to the Chicago Tribune from Tangler, Morocco, today announces the capture in that city of Paul O. Stensland, the president and manager of the Milwaukee Avenue State bank, which closed its doors on August 6.

of the Tribune and Assistant States Attorney Olsen of this city, who have been on the trail of Stensland since August 13. Stensland had many friends, among women of this city, on whom he was acistomed to spend much money, and one of these, feeling that she had not been came to the Tribune a few days after his flight with information regarding the direction in which he had gone. This information was somewhat indefinite, but investigation proved its probable accuracy. A representative was sent to States Attor ney Healey, who at that time was east with the information and the request that a representative of the states attorney office he permitted to accompany the Tribune representative on the quest of the fugitive. Mr. Healy agreed and sent Assistant States Attorney Olsen with the Tribune's correspondent.

Sailed for Liverpool.

ly to New York, and sailed in a steamer remained in that city for two days and then took a steamer for Gibraltar, which he reached on July 27. From there he took a boat for Tangier. The Tribune correspondent and Assistant States Attorney Olsen were hot on his trail and arrived in decided to awalt him there. A dispatch printed in the regular edition of the Tribune this morning, declared the arrest of the failure on the shoulders of the di-stensiand would only be a matter of hours and four hours later a special edition was

Traveled Under Assumed Name. During the period intervening between

and expressed his pleasure. He said that he was surprised that Steinsland had been taken alive, expressing his belief that the man would have committed suicide before permitting himself to be captured.

"I do not know," said Hering, "who the he was surprised that Stensland had been

woman could have been, who is said to weaker all the time, have given the information which led to Willing to F the arrest. Ttensland had many personal callers, but I have never known whether they called on personal matters or on

Woman's Name Kept Secret.

At the office of the state's attorney all information regarding the name of the woman who had indirectly caused the arrest was refused. It was announced that Assistant State's Attorney Olsen had since embarking on the pursuit of Stensland posed as the son of "Olsen," the name used by Stensland, declaring that he conceal his trail the following was not difficult.

The closing of the doors of the Milwau-kee Avenue State bank, which occurred ready been done.

American intervention, the President said, had not been considered because the government believed it could end the insurrection without assistance. The President surrection without assistance on August 5, probably caused more anguish, suffering and trouble than any simultar event in the west in many years. It was followed by several cases of suicide and a number of people were driven to insanity. Stensland lived a fast life, spent money recklessly, speculated widely and in one way or another got away with about \$1,000,000 of the bank's money beand the failure came as a crushing blow to the majority of them. The vast mato the majority of them. The vast majority of the depositors were wage earners and the money they had in the bank represented all they had been able to save from the earnings of years. Stensland had for years plundered the bank by means of forged notes, the juggling of the books, direct embezzlement and bogus processings. A memoradum left by Stensmortgages. A memoradum left by Stens-land showed notes to the amount \$1,003,000 made up of more than 200 items ranging unt from \$1000 to \$15,000 each that were, for the most part, forgeries.

Sunk In Real Estate Speculation. The proceeds of these transactions had The proceeds of these transactions had been sunk in real estate speculations. Part of the bank's money was popularly thought to have gone to Cashier Hering, who was fond of race horses, and had also the automobile fever. Hering, who surrendered himself later, and who is now in jail in default of bail to the amount of \$68,000, has always denied that he was implicated in the wrecking of the bank, but has asserted that he of the bank, but has asserted that he was the dupe of Stensland. At the time of the failure of the bank the deposits aggregated \$4,300,000. The receiver appoint ed by the courts has paid 20 per cent to the savings depositors, and further pay-ments will be made in a short time. The news of the arrest of Stensland

He Leaves the Ring.

Arena. Goldfield, Nev., September 3.-"Battling" Nelson deliberately fouled Joe Gans in the forty-second round of the best and longest fight seen in Nevada or on the Pacific coast in many years. Both men were tired when the fight ended, but Gans was apparently the stronger. He was away ahead on points and had cut and smashed Nelson all through the fight

without being badly hurt himself. Shortly after the forty-second round began the men were in their usual clinch. Nelson had his head on Gans' shoulder and his arm down. Several times he hit Gans below the belt apparently feeling treated by him with due consideration, for a vital spot. At last he drew back his right arm and hit Gans a vicious blow square in the groin. The negro sank to his knees and rolled over on his back. Referee Siler without hesitation ordered Nelson to his corner and awarded the fight to Gans on a foul.

Decision Meets Approval.

Siler's decision received almost unanimous approval. The foll was so obvious that not even men who ad bet on Nelson could say that it had not be encommitted. All through the long contest Nelson had employed rough tactics. He repeatedly wited Gans and had to have his head

by by the referee. It was ascertained that Stensland ... R terms S. stated to the Assertated field from Chicago on July 12, going circ ... Press that while he would not say that the foul was intentional, there was no doubt but that it had been committed. Nelson, he said, has used his usual tactics wil through the fight, and while he knew that Nelson was butting whenever he had an opportunity, he did not disqualify him, because he saw that it was not hurting Gans, and as no other referee had ever disqualified Nelson for doing the same thing, he did not feel like doing it, Besides, the people were there to see the \$50,000 already reported, but I have not \$12,000 in a bank of Tangier, and believing fight, and he did not want to disappoint them.

Siler was loudly cheered as he left the ring, as vis Gans, who was carried to his dressing room. Nelson and his seconds were hissed as they departed.

Says Gans Was Tired.

Billy Nolan, Nelson's manager, made disconnected statement in which he said that Gans had promised not to clain. is flight and his arrest, Stensland has the decision on a foul, and yet he jumped en going under the name of P. Olsen of at the very first opportunity to make orway. It was learned before his arrest such a claim. All Nelson would say was

Norway. It was learned before his arrest that he had figured on spending the month of October in the Canary islands and from there going to London, as he had ordered all his mail sent to the Metropole totel in that city from Tangier.

A reward of \$5000 had been offered for the arrest of Stensland, and since his departure from Chicago many detectives had been on the hunt for him. Dispatches had been on the hunt for him. Dispatches strike a blow with it with the exception were received almost daily from all parts were received almost daily from all parts of the world declaring the fugitive had been seen there and only three days ago it was declared with much positiveness that he had been seen in Brazil and that his arrest was only a amtter of a few days.

Henry W. Hering, former cashier of the Wilwaukee Avenue State bank, learned early today of the arrest of Stensland and expressed his pleasure. He said that he was supposed that Stensland and expressed his pleasure. He said that he was supposed that Stensland and Although it was suspect-

Willing to Fight Again,

"Lary" Sullivan announced for Gans that he would fight Nelson in two weeks, as he was sure he could whip him, and as he was sure he could whip him, and did not want to take advantage of the foul. Gans explained his course of battle by saying that he did not want to box Nelson for fear of tiring himself. He found early in the game that he could protect himself in clinches, and also realized that the exertion in fighting that way was much less than if he stood back and did some showy boxing. He was hitting Nelson all the time and maneuverting Nelson all the time and maneuver-ing so as to make the Dane do most of

The first fifteen rounds of the fight were very fast. After that the men slowed up, and only at intervals was there a rally. Although Gans was far ahead of Nelson in points, and most of the time looked like a sure winner, Nelson put up

a wonderful fight on his side.

The endurance and recuperative pow-ers shown by Nelson were extraordinary. ers shown by Nelson were extraordinary. Time and again Gans would jolt him on the jaw, sending the Dane back. His knees would bend, and his eyes become glazed, but he always fell into a clinch and held on, and would then come back fighting as hard as ever in his peculiar style. The minute's rest at the corner always did him good, and he would come up fresh and strong. Nearly half a dozen occasions when it seemed any blow would put the white boy out, the gong rang and saved him. On several occasions, however, Nelson apparently had the advantage. Gans fought a remarkably clean fight. He was fair in everything, and twice, when he knocked Nelson down, picked him up. Once when Nelson down, picked him up. Once when Gans stood with his hands down waiting for Nelson to steady himself, the "Battler" gave him a vicious blow in the stomach, and he was roundly hissed. The crowd which saw the fight was

Gans was undoubtedly the favorite with the people. His behavior wo admiration of the Goldfield people they showed it. Gans is a hero in Gold-field tonight.

The attendance was 5000, although estimates were made as high as 8500. About 200 women were present.

Neither Tipped the Beam.

weighed a second time at 1:30. Neither one of them joggled the beam. They both wore the garb they will use in the contest. President Rockard has just announced that the purse was \$33,500, to be divided in the following manner: n the following manner: Nelson to get \$22,500 and Gans \$11,000.

(CONTINUED ON PAGE 7.)