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JUDGE SMITH.

When a county is selecting a District Attorney, it should operate on the same principle that a private individual does. A private individual does not chose a second or third rate lawyer when he can secure a first rate one. This is precisely the situation in Pima county in this election. The Republican convention has placed in nomination a man who is acknowledged to be the peer as a counselor and an advocate of any lawyer in the Territory, or on the coast for that matter, for the office of District Attorney. He is a man who has a reputation established by years of successful practice and his ability and integrity are alike unquestioned.

The only point which the Democratic organ, the Star, attempts to make against Judge Smith is that he has been employed by the railroad company. It is questionable whether this is an objection. Judge Smith is employed by the railroad company for the very reason that Pima county should employ him as District Attorney, because he is an able and skilled lawyer. They would not employ him if he was a poor one. The railroad is no more likely to be involved in litigation with the county than is L. Zeckendorf & Co., Hudson & Co., the First National Bank or any other corporation doing business in the county, and if it is proposed to give the important office of District Attorney to a lawyer who has no clients, a briefless barrister, we will secure a mighty poor stick. Judge Smith understands the duties of the office of District Attorney, and like any other conscientious lawyer, when the interests of the county and any other client he might have should conflict, the other client would have to look elsewhere for counsel. To urge such objections as those raised by the Star is to leave the interests of the county in charge of incompetents. The CITIZEN is opposed to such a course. We believe in the county's entering the list and obtaining the best talent and the greatest amount of ability possible. On this point there can be no question between Judge Smith and J. C. Perry. The latter is a young lawyer, inexperienced, with no particular claims to ability or legal learning and wholly unqualified for the grave responsibilities of public counsellor and prosecutor.

There is nothing that will conflict with Judge Smith's faithful discharge of the duties of the office of District Attorney and for the county to fail to avail itself of his services would be an act of incomprehensible folly.

HON. J. F. KNAPP.

Pima county has never been ungrateful. It has heretofore recognized the services of its friends upon every occasion when opportunity offered. To do otherwise would be to merit condemnation. Hon. J. F. Knapp, one of the Republican nominees for the Council, has claims upon Pima county outside of his acknowledged ability and fitness for the office, which entitle him to the suffrages of our people. Two years ago Mr. Knapp represented Yuma county in the Assembly, and was the presiding officer of that body.

It is no disparagement of the services of others to say that upon every occasion Mr. Knapp acted and voted in the interest of Pima county. He was always our faithful friend.

He is now a resident of Pima county, and has been nominated for the Council. He is a young man of ability, acquainted with affairs and possessed of valuable legislative experience. In the Council he would take a position of influence, and his services would be of the greatest value to the county. Were there no considerations of gratitude for past services it would still be for the best interests of the county to elect Mr. Knapp.

THE Tombstone Republican is evidently determined to make Tevis write another speech by publishing in advance extracts from the one he has already written. Tevis was over here in Tucson several times and frequented the Star office. We are inclined to the opinion that Barret wrote that celebrated speech which is yet to be delivered in Tombstone. If he is really the author, we congratulate Tombstone, for Barret is a able writer, and if Tevis only adds the necessary part to Barret's production it will be a rare treat. In fact we think we will have to go over and hear it. The published extracts like the following, which the stenographic reporter of the Republican furnishes, are startling: "By some people I am called Oliver Tevis; by others, Captain Tevis; by some, Jim Tevis; and again by others, Oliver Tevis, of Tombstone." How, after listening to such eloquence as that quoted, the people of Cochise county can fail to keep Tevis at home as a rare natural curiosity, we cannot imagine.

EX-GOVERNOR SAFFORD and wife arrived in the city from the East Sunday night. Gov. Safford's return to Tucson is always a return to a host of friends. These do not decrease as the years roll round, but rather increase. His administration of the affairs of this Territory was characterized by rare ability and public spirit, and his personal and business relations with our people have been such as to increase the respect had for him as an efficient Governor. He still takes a lively interest in the affairs of the Territory, and regards this as his home. Business engagements have kept him in New York, Washington and Florida during the summer. It is to be hoped that he may again take up his permanent abode here.

COL. BEN. MORGAN has issued a circular nominating W. B. Horton, the Democratic candidate for Superintendent of Public Instruction, with deliberate and willful perjury in the Total Wreck mining suit and backs his statement with copies of documents. The circular is a strong one, and unless the statements therein made can be disproved by Horton, they clearly prove his unfitness for any position of trust and especially that of Superintendent of the educational system of the Territory. Col. Morgan is well known here and is expected to arrive in a few days.

GENERAL CROOK.

Great things were predicted of the return of General Crook to this Territory. The way he has taken hold of matters and the practical directions he has given indicate that these predictions are coming true. There is about the orders issued by the new commandant of this department a consciousness of power to cope with the difficulties. This cannot fail to impress the savages who have not forgotten General Crook's past record in this Territory. We have not the pleasure of a personal acquaintance with General Crook, but the steps he has taken commend him to the confidence of all citizens of Arizona who are interested in the vast mineral, agricultural and grazing interests of the Territory. We know from past experience that fear of punishment rather than hope of reward inspires the savage breast, and General Crook evidently understands the character of the Indians he is dealing with.

When the Indian outbreak occurred a little more than a year ago, the Alta California, which usually takes a very correct view of Arizona affairs, expressed the opinion that General Willcox was not competent to cope with the situation. We reproduce from the same paper the following comments upon General Crook:

The great common sense ebloodied in General Crook's directions for the care and training of the Indians must commend itself to every one who yesterday read the plan he has mapped out for governing and protecting the redskins. The Indian scouts are to be employed as a temporary police force and to perform as well as to inspect the various industries demanded of the Indians by the Department. If any one can civilize an Indian General Crook is the man, for he is paying considerable attention to the peculations of the Agents and their treatment of the Indians on their several reservations. General Crook understands perfectly that the terms "Indian Agent" and "petty larceny" are sometimes synonymous, and he does not desire to see the Apache and the Ute die out in the dirt of ignorance while there is a chance of reclaiming them and making them industrious.

The commanding officers are to show the Indians the advantage of civilized government as contrasted with their own barbaric customs. There is a heap of sense in General Crook, and we must all hope that his Indian policy may be successful. He has seen them killed by the hundred and carried his life in his hand for months together. His long experience seems to have convinced him that they are to be treated as being in ignorance, and it is our duty, as a people, to try and elevate them.

Of course this will make the Indian ring very sick, at which every honest American will rejoice exceedingly. The Agent who has been robbing the Indians and cultivating their natural laziness; who has given them gin and robbed them of their blankets, is not very likely to admire General Crook's mode of procedure. That officer tells us that after a thorough and exhaustive examination of the Reservations, he finds a perfect, we may add, a rational distrust of the whites. America has been cursed by a great many evil corporations; no national man would defend Boss Tweed, the Star-route people or hundreds of other hotbeds of crime, but all of the rings that ever circled round this great country the Indian ring is probably the vilest. General Crook is trying to break it up. If he succeeds he will have done as much good as the "Father of his Country" did.

E. W. ARAM.

The Republican nominee for Judge of Probate is no stranger in this Territory He has been a resident of Arizona for the past six years and the respect in which he is held where he has resided tells the character of the man. He is a lawyer of ability and experience and in the office of Probate Judge would discharge its duties faithfully and honestly.

It is important at this time that Mr. Aram should be elected on account of his superior legal ability. It is highly probable that the coming legislature will be called upon to enlarge the powers of Probate Judges and give them jurisdiction in minor civil cases, misdemeanors and the lesser crimes so as to relieve the District Court of less important litigation and make it possible for the District Judge to clear up the calender at each term of Court. As it is now the criminal cases occupy the attention of the court to the exclusion of important civil cases. This works great hardships to litigants, and in many cases results in virtual denial of justice and confiscation. This evil should be remedied, and if the Legislature affords the only remedy in its power, it is important that the office of Probate Judge, upon which new and important duties will devolve, should be filled by men competent to discharge them.

However pleasant a gentleman and honest a man Judge Wood, the Democratic nominee, may be, he is neither fitted by experience or education for these new responsibilities.

Mr. Aram, on the other hand, is not only capable of discharging the present duties of the office, but any additional that it may become necessary to place upon it. Under the circumstances the wise course in the interest of public business is to elect Mr. Aram.

HON. S. W. FISHER, the newly appointed Collector of Internal Revenue of Arizona, arrived in the city Saturday evening. Mr Fisher has been a very extensive dealer in grain, flour and feed during the last decade at Golden, Colorado, and has amassed quite a fortune. He is a personal friend of Secretary Teller, and enjoys his confidence. His affable ways will win him many friends in Arizona. Mr. Thos. Cordis, the retiring Collector steps out from the office with a splendid record for honesty and efficiency and his numerous friends here hope that his rare ability may be recognized by the government in his appointment to some higher position.

THE Ohio election was not such a disastrous Republican defeat as the first reports led us to imagine and an analysis of the vote leaves no question that the political status of Ohio upon national issues is still Republican. The Democratic majority will exceed 10,000 but little. The figures show that this result is not so much attributable to a change as to lack of interest on the part of Republicans. There was no actual gain in the Democratic vote. The apparent gains were in the large cities like Cincinnati, Clevelsnd, Toledo, etc., while in the rural precincts there was a falling off. This robs the result of any political significance and does not take Ohio out of the Republican column for 1884.

THOSE who consider that Judge Wood is invincible should bear in mind that he was badly beaten twice when running for the office of Sheriff.

C. R. DRAKE will be re-elected Recorder by a handsome majority.

JUDGE PORTER'S CANVASS.

Reports from all sections of the Territory indicate that Judge Porter will be the next delegate in Congress from this Territory. His superior fitness for the position is conceded even by Democrats, and he will receive many votes from the opposite party on that account.

The Judge has been indefatigable in his canvass, has visited all the southern and middle tier of counties already, being enthusiastically received everywhere. His addresses have demonstrated that he has thoroughly considered the needs of the Territory, and understands what a delegate is expected to do.

The Judge's speeches are able and convincing and show what can be expected of him as the representative of the large and growing interests of the Territory.

The people of Arizona are not disposed to continue the vacancy in the office of Delegate by re-electing Mr. Oury, who confesses his own inability to serve his constituency. As a representative he has proved a complete failure, and under the circumstances shows bad taste in being a candidate for re-election.

IT was a fortunate circumstance at the late fire that the Santa Cruz Company had reached the city with their water. But for that fact the fire would have been much more disastrous than it was. If under the present imperfect way of using the water so much benefit was derived, we can expect much greater security to all kinds of property when the water works are completed and in full working order with hydrants and hose for use in case of fire. R. N. Leatherwood is entitled to much credit for the energy and enterprise he displays in pushing this work. It is to such public spirited and sagacious business men that Tucson will owe its future importance.

HON J. F. KNAPP will receive a large Democratic support in his canvass for the council in recognition of his past valuable services to Pima county. Mr. Knapp's ability and fitness are also recognized, and it is men of skill and experience that Pima county wants in the coming Legislature to see that our interests are not slighted. No better man can be found in the county to look after our interests in the council. That he will be elected there can be no doubt. He will get the solid Republican vote and the support of many Democrats who consider local interests as important.

JUDGE SMITH'S superior fitness for the position of District Attorney is so apparent that he will be elected by an overwhelming majority. The Judge is not only an able lawyer and a safe counsellor in whose hands the county's cases, whether criminal or civil, will be safe, but he is a polished orator and a gentleman of commanding address who as the official representative of Pima county will do us honor.

THE Yuma Sentinel, commenting upon the prison investigation, thus alludes to the course pursued by the Governor in relation thereto: "The action of Governor Tritle in this matter has called forth the highest praise. Called upon as he was to perform certain duties he found himself with those duties plainly prescribed, yet without any method or machinery provided. He has labored faithfully in the investigation, and has impressed all who came in contact with him as a man of rare judgment and executive ability."

WE are pleased to learn that Governor Tritle has appointed Hon. J. W. Davis, Probate Judge in Pinal county to fill the vacancy occasioned by the removal of Judge Wrattin. This appointment was made wholly without solicitation on the part of the appointee and we are satisfied that it will be heartily approved by the citizens of Pinal county where the new judge's integrity and worth are universally recognized. The CITIZEN tenders its congratulations to the new judge.

JUDGE HOOVER has authorized us to deny the statement published in the Star and extensively circulated by the Democratic press of the Territory to the effect that he was opposed to the election of Judge Porter as delegate in Congress. The statement was wholly unauthorized and untrue. The Judge does not consider taking an active part in politics as consistent with his position in the bench.

HUGHES of the Star thinks that the tramps originated when the Democrats were turned out of office in 1860. They went onto the road rather than work for a living. Well, we will admit that tramps, as well as other dangerous elements, are principally made up of Democrats and we are glad that the proprietor of our Democratic contempory agrees with us as to this fact.

THE Star has undertaken the herculean task of convincing the people of Pima county that they do not want for the office of District Attorney a man whom any private corporation would employ. That principle would bar every able lawyer and give the county only the refuse. We propose that Pima county take the first pick.

WE have an edition of Porter's speech delivered in this city, in pamphlet form which we ask all intelligent men to read, if they did not hear it, and compare it with the weak effort of Delegate Oury last night. No intelligent man will fail to acknowledge the superior qualifications of Judge Porter.

THE Star's attacks on Judge Smith are powerless to hurt him or his chances for election. The people propose to have as competent a lawyer as any of the parties with whom they may have litigation. They know Judge Smith is much the ablest lawyer and they will elect him by a handsome majority.

IT is stated that Bowen has not yet seen fit to put in an appearance at Washington. He is waiting to see how Brewster Cameron gets through.

JUDGE MEYER is undoubtedly the most efficient Justice Tucson has ever had, and there is no question but he will be retained in that position as long as he desires it.

SHAW is a good fellow but no man for Sheriff when the county can get Paul.

DELEGATE OURY gives the maximum promise and the minimum fulfillment.

HON. E. B. GIFFORD.

As Leopoldo Corrillo stated that it would be impossible for him to make the canvass for the Assembly and desired to be dropped from the ticket, the county central committee very wisely decided to substitute the name of E. B. Gifford of this city.

Mr. Gifford was a member of the last legislature and one of the most serviceable members the county had. He is also one of the most popular men in the county and his acceptance of the nomination strengthens the whole ticket. There is no doubt of Mr. Gifford's election and with his past experience and his acquaintance gained during the past session he will be one of the most influential members of the Assembly.

THE Democratic ghouls as usual, last night dragged General Jackson from his peaceful grave. If the defunct father of Democracy had been there in person how he would have denounced their degeneracy and abandonment of every original Democratic principle.

THE Star to-morrow will publish a list of the bills introduced in Congress by Delegate Oury. As he did not succeed in getting any of them passed it shows Delegate Oury in the light of the dog who would have caught the rabbit—if he hadn't—.

DRAKE had just as well begin to pick out a soft spot to drop on.—Star.

The few votes Billy Read will get will not furnish a very soft place for Drake's majority to light on—but then Drake can stand it if Read can.

WAS the nomination of Wm. S. Read for Recorder on the Democratic ticket the reward promised by W. S. Oury for his participation in the registration frauds of two years ago, which made the San Simon outrage possible?

THE Star evidently did not consider Oury's speech worth reporting. In this it agrees with a majority who heard Mr. Oury.

"IN heaven's name, what more can I do?"—Delegate Oury in his letter to G. H. Stevens.

OURY'S speech last night was principally occupied with what he didn't do.

NOTHING has been heard from Horton since Ben Morgan sat down on him.

LAKE VALLEY is obtaining a big reputation—in the newspapers.

THE Star, as usual, is making promises which it cannot fulfill.

PORTER will be the next Delegate from Arizona.

OURY's defeat is assured.

A DENVER STORY.

A Sensation Which is Badly Spoiled by the Solid Truth.

The Denver Republican of the 15th instant publishes a sensational report of what it calls a "strange compact," in which an Arizona murderer figures as the owner of 3,600 head of cattle which can be purchased for $10,000 as the murderer wants to fly to Europe, etc. The story as told by the Republican implicates Mr. S. W. Fisher, the newly appointed Collector of Internal Revenue for Arizona, as possessing knowledge of the murderer and his property which is said to be near Tucson, and with a desire to purchase the cattle and shield the offender.

A representative of the CITIZEN this morning called upon Mr. Fisher at his office on Convent street, and handed him a copy of the paper containing the sensational article referred to, with a request that he carefully read the statements therein made. Mr. Fisher did so, and at its conclusion could not restrain a fit of hearty laughter. He then detailed everything he knew concerning the transaction, which was simply and briefly as follows:

Last Thursday morning he left his home in Golden, Colorado, and went to Denver to take passage the same day for Arizona. Mr. I. L. Bellam, his chief clerk, was to follow by train with the baggage of the party, consisting of one trunk each for Messrs. Fisher, Bellam and Thos. Covey, a resident of Golden, who had closed out his business and was intending to accompany Mr. Fisher to Arizona and look at the country with a view to engage in business. These trunks were duly checked at Denver for Tucson, and Mr. Covey, who had preceded the party to Colorado Springs to visit friends, boarded the train at that place and came through to this city. While in Denver Mr. Fisher was at the livery stable of Mr. Frank Hunter, and was introduced to George W. Stone, a stranger to him. As Mr. Fisher was about to leave the office, Stone asked him to step aside, and said that if he was going to Tucson he was just the man he wanted to see: that a man near Tucson, owning 3600 head of cattle, had shot one man and wounded him, (Stone), and that the cattle could be bought cheap by Stone, as the owner did not want Stone to appear against him. Mr. Fisher replied that he was not buying cattle, and Mr. Stone then said that he had nearly the amount of ready money required and would obtain the balance soon at Fort Collins, and he wanted to arrange with Mr. Fisher to receive the cattle and care for them. Mr. Fisher then replied that he would be too busy to give any time to such a proposition, but that a young man was going to Arizona with him who had no special business at present, and might be of service to him. Stone then asked if he was sure this young man would go to Tucson, and Mr. Fisher replied that he was, for he "had his trunk with him."

This was all the conversation between Mr. Fisher and Stone, and Mr. Fisher has not heard from him since, as he left Denver two hours afterwards.

The conversation attributed to have occurred on the cars never took place. One of the CITIZEN staff was in the same car with Mr. Fisher from Denver to Tucson and noticed that from Denver to Colorado Springs Mr. Fisher occupied the seat of the chief clerk, Mr. Bellam, and from Colorado Springs to Pueblo, he sat a portion of the time with a railroad man named T. M. Smith, whose conversation with Mr. Fisher was distinctly heard by the representative of this paper, who knows that such conversation never occurred as stated in the Republican. In fact the sensation was made from the thinnest warp of truth into which the Republican reporter has woven the most abundant woof of imagination.

In order to facilitate the issue of the new gold certificates, Acting Secretary of the Treasury New has given orders for printing certificates of the denominations of $20, $50, and $100, with engraved signatures like legal tender notes. These will be styled "Department Series," and will be issued from the Treasury at Washington. All higher denominations of these certificates will be issued as at present, bearing the signature of the Assistant Treasurer in New York, and will be issued from the sub-treasury there.

The North German Lloyd steamer Franklin burned yesterday while at anchor in the harbor of Bremer Haven.

THE EMPIRE.

Gov. Tritle's Visit to the Total Wreck

And Other Mines in the District.

The Governor and Mrs. Tritle visited the Empire district last week and were the guests of N. L. Vail, Esq., the manager of the Total Wreck mine. They spent a couple of days in the thriving little village named from the famous mine which it surrounds and visited several of the mines of the district.

Yesterday a CITIZEN reporter interviewed the Governor on the subject of the visit.

Reporter—You have just returned from a short visit to the Empire district. What is your general impression as to the district?

Governor—The district in general made a favorable impression. A great deal of work has been done with very good results. The district shows a marked improvement since a previous visit made little less than two years ago. A thriving village has sprung up and there are everywhere the evidences of thrift and enterprise.

R—What opinion did you form of the Total Wreck mine?

Governor—It is an excellent property. In fact, it is a better property than I had been led to expect from the reports that I had seen of it. Considerable work has been done opening the mine to a depth of 525 feet. The work has been done with an eye to economy and convenience in the handling of the ores. There is a large amount of ore on the dumps and an extraordinary amount exposed in the mine. The vein is the most regular of any that I have ever seen in the same formation. The mill, which is now about completed, is first class in every particular, containing all the latest improvements and appliances. Taken altogether I consider the mine, as developed, a very valuable property.

R—Did you visit any other properties?

Governor—Yes, I visited the "49" and the Michigan Boy.

R—How did you find the "49"?

Governor—The mine is opened with a shaft to the depth of about 100 feet with lateral drifts at the bottom. A large amount of ore has been exposed. The present showing warrants the systematic opening of the property with a good prospect of its becoming a big mine.

R—What did you think of the Michigan Boy mine?

Governor—I found work progressing on the Michigan Boy. It gives good indications of developing into a mine. The shaft has reached a depth of fifty feet nearly perpendicular, at which point the ore is going off at such a pitch into the hill as to make it necessary to change the course of the shaft to an angle of about fifty-five degrees. The prospect is a very promising one, and if further development shows what that already done promises, the property will prove a valuable one.

A. O. U. W.

Formation of a Grand Lodge for Colorado, New Mexico and Arizona.

The wonderful growth of this beneficient Order has led within the past ten years to the establishment of Grand Lodges in nearly every State wherein a sufficient number of brethren resided. The latest Territory to apply for such distinction were the State of Colorado, and the territories of New Mexico and Arizona which were set apart for a Grand Lodge jurisdiction by the Supreme Lodge at their annual meeting last June.

At the call issued by the Supreme Master Workman, each lodge in the three districts named, were empowered to select three representatives from among its Past Master Workmen, to proceed to Denver, Colorado, and on October 10th organize the Grand Lodge for business. Of the three lodges in Arizona, but two were represented at Denver—Arizona, No. 1, of Tucson, and Silver Wreath, No. 2, of Globe. But two of the four lodges in New Mexico were represented, one at Albuquerque and one at Las Vegas. Seven Colorado lodges sent delegates and but eleven out of the sixteen lodges in the jurisdiction were represented.

On Tuesday, October 10th, the delegates met in a parlor of the Windsor Hotel, in Denver, and after handing their credentials to the instituting officer, Deputy Supreme Master Workman, J. H. Lenhart, of Meadville, Pa., they adjourned to the hall of Colorado Lodge, No. 2, where the Deputy at once proceeded to organize the body, assisted by Dr. A. B. Robbins, of Denver.

After the roll was properly called, the Past Master's degree was conferred upon the delegates, followed by the election of officers to serve until the next session of the Grand Lodge. The result of the several ballots were as follows:

Past Grand Master Workman, Geo. W. Brown, of Tucson, Arizona.

Grand Master Workman, John W. Day, of Boulder, Colorado.

Grand Foreman, G. Cunningham, of Las Vegas, New Mexico.

Grand Overseer, Fred Bandholt, of Canyon City, Colorado.

Grand Recorder, N. T. Boyd, of Longmont, Colo.

Grand Receiver, David Kline, of Denver.

Grand Guide, J. S. Chambers, of Lewisville, Colo.

Grand Watchman, Douglas Skinner of Globe, Arizona.

Grand Trustees, J. C. Shattuck, of Denver; J. E. Bemus, of Boulder; E. Weller, of Albuquerque.

The officers were duly installed and at once began the business of the session. Committees were appointed and, pending their reports, the Grand Lodge adjourned until the next day.

On Wednesday evening the report of the committee on constitution and bylaws was taken up and adopted by sections with occasional amendments. It is almost an exact copy of the Pennsylvania Grand Lodge Constitution, and looks to the protection and encouragement of the Order.

The following persons were elected as representatives to the Supreme Lodge, which meets in Buffalo, New York, next June: Geo. W. Brown, of Tucson; A. B. Robbins and Louis Anfenger, of Denver.

The Grand Master appointed the standing committees; the secret work of the Order was exemplified; matters pertaining to the good of the Order were discussed, and at three o'clock on Thursday morning, October 13th, the first session of the Grand Lodge of Colorado, New Mexico and Arizona, closed, to meet in Las Vegas, New Mexico, on the second Tuesday in October, 1884, and biennially hereafter.

On the afternoon of October 11th, the delegates were tendered a carriage ride about the city of Denver and all of the many interesting sights were pointed out. The Denver brethren did everything possible to render the visit pleasurable to those from abroad, and succeeded in every particular.

Before adjournment measures were taken to extend the useful workings of the Order into many hitherto neglected places, and deputies will shortly be appointed to act for the Grand Master in such localities as are to far distant and isolated for his personal attention. The Grand Master will also appoint Dr. A. B. Robbins, of Denver, Grand Medical Examiner for the current term. Dr. Robbins is one of the first members of the Order, and until quite recently belonged to the first lodge ever organized.

Henry George arrived in New York by the steamer Helvetia yesterday. He will be dined by the Central Labor Union and will make New York his home.

Territorial Cribbings.

Pickpockets and sneak thieves are infesting Prescott.

M. S. Moody, of Moody and Sankey, has been visiting Pinal.

Mrs. Ivy H. Cox, of Phenix, has gone on a visit to La Grange, Texas.

The ball at Silver King on last Tuesday night was a financial success.

C. A. Franklin of the St. John's Pioneer, is visiting in Albuquerque.

The total registration of Maricopa county is less than nine hundred.

The Arizona Gazette announces its intention of taking fuel for subscription.

The Dosoris and Blue Dick mines are reported to be employing a good many men.

The Yavapai register will, it is said, contain between three and four thousand names.

W. Z. Hazeltine, cashier of the Bank of Arizona at Prescott, has gone on a six week's visit east.

Henry Garfias has been appointed Deputy United States Marshal in and for Maricopa county.

The Democrats of Phenix propose to open the county campaign sometime during the present week.

Mineral Park in Mojave county is to have a new paper. It will be published under the direction of Anson Smith.

In the northern part of the Territory salt from Mexico can be purchased cheaper than the same article from California.

Chas. Lyons was arrested in Prescott on last Thursday afternoon, for breaking into a house of ill fame and abstracting a lot of jewelry.

John Elliot who resides near Williams while holding his team during a passing train, the horses became frightened, knocked him down, and fell on him, dislocating his hips.

Uncle Tom's Cabin is meeting with a good run in Tombstone.

The mines up north in the old Hassayampa district are said to be looking well.

Mr. Sunlesbury has been appointed superintendent of the Boston Smelting works.

There is a prospect of a big law suit between the Copper Prince and Copper Queen at Bisbee.

Graham county is threatened with a county Greenback ticket, a Workingmen's ticket and a One-man's ticket.

Robert Williams and family of Silver King passed through Florence on Wednesday last, en route to San Francisco.

Wm. H. Sutherland last week sold to Reuben Wood, of San Carlos, the mail contract between this point and Globe.

The wife and children of Cicero Grimes have gone to California. Grimes has gone to the Penitentiary for twenty years.

The Vekol mine continues to improve and the owners are making preparations to increase their own shipments.

Mrs. Gabriel, wife of Sheriff Gabriel, of Pinal, presented her husband with a fine looking girl baby on Wednesday night last.

Nora, the young daughter of J. B. Collins, of Maxey, fell off an empty hay wagon and was run over last week, bruising her leg quite badly.

Wm. Donehey, who murdered Mr. Furrer at Yuma a few days since, had his examination on Saturday last, and was committed to the tender mercies of the grand jury without bail.

Frank Reyland who in conjunction with Mr. Farley of Phenix, owns a mine in the White Picacho district has been shipping some of the ore to Benson for reduction. It netted $700 to the ton.

Sheriff Gabriel of Pinal, has directed that his third reward paid for the capture of Grimes and Hawley, be expended in building a fence around Andy Hall's grave and putting up a tombstone.

Not to be Deceived.

Four or five of us were enjoying our last pipe for the night in the smoking room at Craigfalloch. We had had a long day's tramp over the moors, and the conversation lay chiefly between Jack Winstanley and Charley Vane. These two had been at Oxbridge about the same time, and discovered that, though they had never met there, they had lots of friends in common. Of course they began telling each other who had gone into the church, who into the civil service, who was dragging out life in an up-country station in India, who had got shot in South Africa, and who had made a fortune in colored yarns.

"Did you know Merton?" asked Winstanley.

"I think I have met him. Wasn't he a St. Bridget's man?"

"Yes; a tall, pale fellow, if you remember, with a straw-colored hat and a delicate gossamer beard that he would never shave off."

"Rather a good family, eh?"

"Daresay. He was a very decent fellow, if he was a little straight-laced. A person now, of course. Did you ever hear of a visit he once got from 'a fine old English gentleman, all of the olden time?'"

"No. Tell us the story."

'Well, Merton was really a good fellow, but he had been brought up at home—coached at the family rectory; you understand? He never got into scrapes like the rest of us, and in fact was the most irreproachable soul you ever saw. One term Millbank's eldest sister, a mature lady of some thirty summers, came down to stay with some friends near Oxbridge, and the day after her arrival, wishing to give her dear William a surprise, she ran over to see him early in the afternoon. Of course he got a cup of coffee for her and they were having a pleasant chat in the sitting room, when the scout comes in with a card, 'Edward Manderlay.'

"The gentman sends his compliments, sir, and hopes it will be convenient for you to see his rooms. He had these rooms, he says, sir, when he was up here fifty years ago, and he has a great fancy to see them again.'

"Very natural, very natural, I'm sure. I shall be delighted, Thomas. But, wait a moment, Agath——'

"Will it look odd for me to be here, dear?'

"Oh, no; but, you see, if the old gentleman sees you here he'll be tempted to sit down and talk, and we shall lose all the morning. Here's the scout's closet. Run in and I'll bring you a chair. I'll get rid of him as soon as I can.'

"The fact is that Merton was so awfully afraid of being chaffed that he wouldn't have had it come to our ears on any account that a stranger had found him entertaining a lady in his rooms. Agatha was rather shy, and very glad to take refuge in the scout's closet.

"Presently in comes Squire Mandelay. A fine, bluff old fellow, something over seventy, a little shaky on his pins, red face, white mutton-chop whiskers, white hat, check tie—you know the style?

"'Happy to make your acquaintance, sir. Hope I'm not in your way. The scout told you, perhaps, that I used to have these rooms—ah! a good fifty-three years ago—before your father was born, I daresay? Dear me! How time flies! It all looks like yesterday—like yesterday. The same old view into the master's garden. Yes, the same old view. The same old pictures, too; and the old boy got up and tapped the frames, 'and I declare! the same old sofa! Dear me!'

"Next, he walked round the room, stopping at the fireplace. 'Same old mantelpiece!' Then he got to the door of the scout's room and turned the handle.

'Same old——' He had just opened the door, when he caught the flutter of a petticoat, and suddenly closed it.

"'Ah!' says he, shaking his head, 'same old games! same old games!'

"'Sir!' gasps Merton, in an awful funk, 'sir! that's my sister! She—that is——'

"'Well, I declare! Same old lie! Same old lie!'"—Whitehall Review.

TELEGRAPH.

PACIFIC COAST.

Special to the CITIZEN.

SAN CARLOS AGENCY, Oct. 15.—General Crook held a very important conference with four hundred of the chiefs and head men of the Apaches at this post to-day. He made known, in a few unmistakable terms, the policy to govern during the time he should remain in command of the department. All Indians are to be counted daily, and none allowed away from the reservation without papers. The manufacture of tiswin, the favorite liquor of the Apaches, is to be stopped. Indians found off the reservation without passes are to be treated as hostiles. In conclusion General Crook said that, while every encouragement and assistance would be given to Indians willing to be peaceful and to work for their own living, no mercy should be shown to those who attempted to go on the warpath. If any of the Indians at the council felt disposed to break out he thought it best for them to break out now and bring the question of supremacy to a test without more delay.

Lieut. Dodd, Third Cavalry, with a detachment of Indian scouts, went out after a small party of Apaches reported off the reservation. He brought back the whole party, eleven in all, this morning.

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 16.—A tailor named Peter P. Calander, a native of Sweeden, aged 48, committed suicide in a room in the Avenue House, by hanging. Financial trouble was the cause. The deceased was unmarried.

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct 17.—In the case of the city and county of San Francisco against the bondsmen of Alex Austin, the late tax collector, to recover upwards of $100,000, the court to-day rendered a decision for the defendants on the ground that the suit was barred by the statute of limitations.

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 17.—Yesterday afternoon Frank Jones, cashier for the firm of Kenney and Dyer, stock brokers, committed suicide in a room in the Russ house by shooting himself through the head with a pistol. The deceased was aged 27 years. Domestic trouble is the attributed cause of the rash deed. The deceased was a young man excellent character and has many warm friends. He locked himself up in the room and refused to open it when asked. While friends were outside Frank Jones drew a pistol and shot himself. He died instantly.

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 17.—George F. Sharp, of the firm of Sharp & Sharp, well known attorneys, dropped dead while addressing the jury in Judge Sullivan's court this morning.

SANTA BARBARA, Cal., Oct. 17.—A mountain fire last night swept down the Mission canyon, destroying several dwellings, a school house and much miscellaneous property. Loss will probably aggregate $10,000. Dr. S. B. P. Knox, E. J. Crulp, A. L. Canfield and Clark are the heaviest losers. Another fire during the night destroyed the barn of G. B. Pendola. Loss, about $700. A heavy north wind prevailed.

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 18.—A Portland dispatch says that in the United States Circuit Court to-day Judge Deady called the attention of the grand jury to the law in regard to political assessments and instructed the jury if any violation of the law could be found it was their duty to indict the offenders.

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 18.—The Anti-Monopoly City and County Convention has endorsed M. C. Blake for Mayor, H. Bukwedel for Auditor, L. F. Holtz for Assessor.

SALT LAKE, Oct. 18.—Twenty Mormon Elders left for missionary work in the Southern States and seventy-five for European fields.

EASTERN.

BROWNSVILLE, TEXAS, Oct. 16.—There are ten light cases of fever at Ft. Brown. Reports from all other places inside the cordon show healthy condition. The latest reports from Mier and Camargo say that the death-rate keeps at 10 to 12 daily. The weather is hot, with strong southeasterly wind.

PENSACOLA, FLA., Oct. 16.—There are 64 new cases of yellow fever, and 3 deaths. The three disabled physicians are on duty again. The total cases to date, 1607; deaths, 140.

TALLAHASSE, FLA., Oct. 16.—D. A. McGinnis, of this city, Grand Master of the Odd Fellows of Florida, issues an appeal to the Odd Fellows of the United States for contributions for the yellow fever sufferers of Pensacola.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 16.—The Post tomorrow morning will publish an interview with Col. Robert G. Ingersoll embodying a number of affidavits which he makes public for the purpose of showing that several jurymen in the late Star Route trial were corruptly approached by officers of the Department of Justice. That these employees regularly reported their proceedings from day to day to the Department or some officer thereof. The first affidavit given is one made by Wm. Knox Brown, one of the jurors, who avers that he was offered $2500 to either vote for conviction or hung jury. Thomas B. Foote deposes that Fall, a witness who tried to bribe Brown, gave deponent to understand that he was employed by the Government and the corruption money offered was furnished by the Government. James A. Nelson deposed that Fall was a special U. S. Detective in the Star Route cases, got a friend appointed as assistant and told him to get Brown and Martin, "colored jurors," to vote for the conviction of Dorsey and Brady by the promise of reward and William R. Louis deposed to the same effect as Nelson. Ingersoll also produced the affidavit of William Holmes, one of the jurors, that Fall interviewed him seeking information as to whether any attempt had been made to corrupt any of the jurors. Ed Taylor in the Department Justice in Star Route trial deposed that Brewster Cameron in deponent's presence offered Fall $5,000 if he could produce evidence that a majority of the jurors had been bought by the defense. Fall and Brown, the colored juror "had hung the jury and that Nelson had paid him for it and would swear to the facts that the juror Holmes was paid. There was a case against defendants and the jury would acquit," that Cameron told him that the Attorney General wanted evidence that the defense had bribed some of the jurors which evidence would be used to prosecute the jurors, while it went out to the world that the defendants escaped by bribery, which would be almost as good as conviction. Ingersoll thinks the documents prove an attempt by the Department of Justice to corrupt the jury.

PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 17.—A fire occurred last night in the freight sheds on pier No. 8. The south wharves, the pier itself, all freights stored thereon, the large tugboats Argus and Major together with the narrow gauge railroad freight depot and its contents, were burned. Three of the crew of the Major were terribly burned and a number of others seriously injured by falling sparks. The rigging of vessels was burned away, but no serious damage was done. Loss, $100,000.

PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 17.—Attorney General Brewster, in reference to the affidavits published, charging men in the employ of the Government of attempting to bribe members of the Star Route jury, said: "I do not think it becoming to carry the case of the Government against criminals into the newspapers in advance. The trial of the master is in good hands. There is no fund from which any money could be drawn for corruption to pay men on behalf of the Government. There was no interest the Attorney General could have in the attempt, even if anybody could think him capable. The whole fabrication bears upon its face the fraud that has been practiced. My only connection and interest in the Star Route case is the fulfillment of a public duty and that I have endeavored honestly to carry out. Events to take place hereafter will explain all that have taken place.

PENSACOLA, Oct. 18.—There are 58 new cases. Three physicians are down with the fever.

BROWNSVILLE, Texas.—Report came from Matamoras yesterday that the cholera had made its appearance there. Dr. McManus says there is none of the Asiatic type nearer than Chipes and Tabasco. There are a number of cases of fever inside the Cordon. No abatement of the fever at Campo and Mier.

OMAHA, Nebraska, Oct. 17.—Last night at Minder, Kearney County, Sheriff Jack Wood was shot and instantly killed by a house thief whom he was attempting to arrest in the dinnig hall of the hotel. The thief and his three companions then killed two other citizens and escaped, hotly pursued.

NEW YORK, Oct. 18.—