

WORK ON THE TREATIES IS NOT PROGRESSING

Considerable Opposition to Both Is Developing

Senator Morgan Will Consent to a Vote on the Panama Treaty If He Will Be Allowed to Put His Opinion of the Colombian Government on Record—A Suggestion That the Cuban Matter Go Over to the Regular Session or That It Shall Not Become Operative Until Approved by the House.

Washington, March 9.—During the session of the committee on foreign relations today Senator Morgan offered to consent to a vote on the Colombian canal treaty at 2 o'clock Saturday, provided the senate would consent to allow him to print such remarks as he wanted in the Congressional Record or as a public document. The members of the committee later discussed the proposition with the other senators, and the opinion seemed to be against granting permission.

Some remarks heretofore made by Senator Morgan reflected rather severely on the Colombian government and especially on the president of Colombia, and the senators think it would not be advisable to give official sanction to such utterances by allowing them to appear in the records of the senate. It is also feared that the Colombian government might take offense and fail to ratify the treaty, and it is asserted that a ratification of the treaty can be accomplished even if no agreement is reached.

Senator Allison, chairman of the republican steering committee, has requested that all republicans requesting them to be present at the sessions of the senate in order to maintain a quorum. No definite line of policy has been agreed on in the way of pressing the treaty, but the intention is to keep it before the senate and under consideration as long as possible each day. While little opposition has been shown since Senator Morgan, the democratic

senators have said that they do not intend to print the Alabama senator shall be subjected to undue physical strain in presenting his views.

The senate committee on foreign relations will not meet tomorrow to take up the Cuban treaty, but will do so on Wednesday. Quite a number of democratic senators are opposed to the treaty, and while they say they have no desire to prevent a vote they intend to present their views on the measure.

The republicans who favor the treaty count on three or four more votes than the necessary two-thirds majority to ratify it. There is a probability of some division of constitutional right in the senate to make a treaty affecting the revenues of the government without the concurrence of the house of representatives. Some opponents of the Cuban treaty have told members of the foreign relations committee that they think it is such an important question that the treaty might be delayed until the regular session of congress.

Others have suggested that there should be an amendment providing that the treaty should not become operative until its provisions have been approved by the house. Some members of the committee think that much disputed question ought to go to the supreme court and be settled there. It is the present intention of the foreign relations committee to press the Cuban treaty to a vote as soon as the Colombian treaty is out of the way.

MR. SANDS CRUSHED BETWEEN TWO POWERS

He Loses His Place as Adviser to the Korean Government.

Washington, March 9.—A short notice from Pekin of the resignation of William H. Sands, son of Rear Admiral Sands of the United States navy, of his position as adviser to the Korean government marks the development of another phase of the struggle that has been going on quietly but incessantly between Russia and Japan to control the policies of Korea.

Sands was appointed secretary of the legation at Seoul during McKinley's first administration. In 1909 he was induced to accept the post of adviser to the Korean government, succeeding two Americans who had been eminently successful in the same position, Messrs. Legendre and Greenhouse. Not long ago the Japanese government, desiring to increase its influence in Korea, sent to that country a Mr. Kato, skilled in diplomacy and finance. Very soon he had succeeded in connecting himself with the department of agriculture and then became an adviser to the government, displacing Sands, whose influence had waned.

The Russian government which had been watching developments closely at this juncture sent to Seoul a Mr. Alexandrovitch, also a financier and a man skilled in Oriental ways. He had been for some time stationed in Japan and was acquainted thoroughly with Korean methods, being a former resident in Korea. It is intended that he, too, shall

become adviser to the Korean government, restoring the balance of power which was destroyed by the appointment of the Japanese adviser in violation, it is said, of the agreement entered into about five years ago between Japan and Russia. Mr. Sands will come directly home.

THINNED OUT HIS FORCE.

Chief of Police at Nome Killed a
Policeman.

Seattle, Wash., March 9.—The Times today prints the following: Nome, January 16.—Chief of Police J. J. Jolly on January 8 shot and killed Policeman Sam James. James had been suspended from duty pending an investigation. He met the chief several times on the street demanding to be put on duty again without investigation, each time threatening to kill the chief if he did not do so. The chief testified that at the time of the shooting James pulled a gun and started at him, thinking that Jolly was not looking. The chief then fired.

At the preliminary examination the judge said "From the evidence there is not a word to show that the accused is guilty of murder in any degree but I am inclined to hold Mr. Jolly over to the investigation of the grand jury."

THE SCALPERS BEATEN IN WORLD'S FAIR CASE

Permanently Enjoined From Hand- ling Excursion Tickets.

St. Louis, March 9.—In the circuit court today Judge Wood made permanent the temporary injunction granted last October against Bennett, Wasserman et al. ticket scalpers, restraining them from buying or selling world's fair excursion tickets. The temporary injunction was granted at the instance of all the railroads entering St. Louis and was argued recently. One case, that of the Wabash, was decided today.

It was agreed by the attorneys representing the railroads and the scalpers that the suit was brought in the names of the railroads, the world's fair took an active part in the prosecution of them, as the railroads had insisted that without the protection of the courts against the scalpers they could not afford to make large rates.

The scalpers did not deny that they were dealing in non-transferable tickets, but set up as a defense that the tickets were in an unlawful pooling agreement and had no right to limit the sale of tickets. Both of those contentions were decided in favor of the railroads, the court holding that the Western Passenger Association was a lawful association, in no wise conflicting with any state or federal statute, and that in consideration of the reduced rate the railroads would have power to make the tickets non-transferable. Every contention was ruled against the scalpers by the court.

WILL VOTE ON A STRIKE.

The Trainmen of the New York, New Haven and Hartford System.

New Haven, Conn., March 9.—The national officials of the trainmen and conductors of the New York, New Haven & Hartford system today sent a letter to President Hall stating they regarded the last communication they had received from him as an entire refusal to meet the joint committee of train men and conductors concerning the men's demands, and that nothing new remained except to report the matter to the men.

The railroad men say this report of the committee to the men will mean that the trainmen and conductors of this system will now be called to decide whether or not there shall be a strike.

PEPPER APPOINTED

To Develop Inter-Continental Railway Plans.

Washington, March 9.—Secretary Hay having been authorized by the Pan-American congress to appoint a special representative to carry out the recommendation of the conference that the United States take the initiative in developing inter-continental railway plans has appointed C. M. Pepper as such representative.

The inter-continental project was inaugurated by the first Pan-American conference in pursuance of a policy of close co-operation between the United States and the Latin-American representatives.

THE MAD MULLAH CAMPAIGN.

Aden, Arabia, March 9.—A homelike message received at Aden, Somaliland, East Africa, announces that General Manning accused Gakaya Wells on March 3 with inciting troops and that the remainder of his column reached there March 5.

WEATHER TODAY.

Washington, March 9.—Forecast:
Arizona—Fair Tuesday and Wednesday

ALASKA HANGING OF HOMER BIRD

A Crime Which Startled the Gold Country Six Years Ago.

Seattle, Wash., March 9.—A special to the Times from Sitka says: Homer Bird was legally executed here Friday at 11 p. m. The execution was absolutely void, including the hanging.

Bird worked a hundred yards from the jail and mounted the scaffold without assistance.

On the gallows he made a short speech without visible emotion in which he protested his innocence, thirty seconds after the trap was sprung the murderer died without a struggle.

About twenty witnesses were allowed within the enclosure.

The crime for which Bird was executed was one which startled the entire country and attracted more attention from the fact that it was at first reported during the great Klondike rush of 1907-8. The man had started up the Yukon river with two companions. One day his two companions were found to be missing. When questioned, Bird stoutly maintained that they had gone off on a prospecting expedition. There was still a suspicion, however, that all was not right, and a thorough investigation was started with the result that the bodies of the two men were found, hidden with bush.

The motive of the crime has not yet been discovered. Bird was tried and personal appeals urging clemency have been repeatedly made to the authorities at Washington. The case was carried to the supreme court.

A COFFEE DRUNK

Held on to the Tree.

Some people go on using coffee for a great many years without showing much effect of the drug, but as a rule it is slowly doing its ill work, and the time will come when the stomach or nerve disease of some kind will show itself.

An interesting case is that of a man who drank coffee for a great many years before he felt the effect of it. He says that "Finally my health began to give way, and I first noticed being dizzy-headed and I began to have spells of heart trouble, rapid palpitation of the heart, and dizzy feelings like I was going to die.

My appetite began to fail and I had a sore, distressful pain in my side. I noticed that my memory was not as good as it had been and that worried me some.

One day I stepped out of my shop to wait on a lady when all at once I became blind and staggered along like a drunken man until I ran against one of the rhinoceros trees which I regarded as I would have fallen. Cold sweat stood out on me and I sunk down on the ground and it was a long time before I recovered myself again.

"The family doctor, who was called in, advised me to quit coffee and try Postum Food Coffee. I thought it would be a big undertaking to quit coffee, but when I got my cup of Postum I noticed my coffee taste, and from that day on I began to feel better. That was three years ago and I have never used any ordinary coffee since, but have stuck to Postum.

"When I quit coffee I weighed 155 lbs. For a long while people kept talking to me about the change. I had been a regular run-down, old man; but my new health, my skin, my eyes, and my hair, when I quit coffee, all came back to me as if by magic. I honestly believe Postum saved my life, for I was simply being poisoned by coffee. Now I can enjoy my life, and naturally enjoy life." Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

THE COWAN BILL CALLED FORTH

The Committee Directed to Make Report Today

The Opening of the Last Full Week in Both Houses Marked by a Flood of New Bills—More Talk of Adjournment on Friday.

A move was made in the house yesterday afternoon for the calling of the Cowan bill out of the hands of the enrolling and engrossing committee. Early in the afternoon session Mr. Cowan offered a resolution directing the committee to report the bill today. It was manifest that the resolution would be opposed. Mr. Rowe who is fighting the bill objected at first because the resolution was offered out of the regular course, insisting that it must come in under the head of "other business." That head was reached later when Mr. Rowe again objected on the ground that it was offered one day too early. Under the rule of the house the committee might hold the bill for five days. He contended that it had been in the possession of the committee only four days, having been committed only last Wednesday. It would therefore require in his opinion a two-thirds vote to call it out sooner. There turned out to be a difference of opinion regarding the days that should be counted. The opponents of the bill held to the belief that Sunday and days over which an adjournment had been taken could not be counted. The speaker decided that they might be so counted and the resolution was adopted. The friends of the bill said they could have mastered the two-thirds vote if it had been necessary. Nothing else occurred during the day to disturb the serenity of the house. Another flood of bills was poured in as the members thought the session was going to last all summer. Some of them were the following: By Mr. Wolf (by request) for the protection of water users. It requires that canal companies shall keep an open record of the users of water under their systems, with the amount of water each has contracted for and the amount that has been delivered to each. There shall also be a record of the flow of water for every day by Mr. Smith, to prohibit any person from the use of any railroad depot for a tower of 200 or more. A violation of the provisions of the bill is to be made a misdemeanor. By Mr. Herr, authorizing the repair of the territorial bridge across the Gila at Florence at a cost not exceeding \$100,000; by Mr. Barry (by request) for the construction and speed of each among ships. The bill contemplates the appointment of a sheep inspector whose compensation shall be five cents a head of inspection and fifteen cents for inspection and dipping; by Mr. Webb, amending the water laws by providing that by the owner of a canal shall be understood the area on each side equal to half the width of the canal; by Mr. Webb, providing for the payment of interpreters in criminal cases; in justice courts supervisors may authorize their employment at a salary of not more than \$250 a day and in any other case not more than \$4 a day; by Mr. Ingalls for the care of dependent and delinquent children under the age of sixteen. The bill provides among other things for the establishment of juvenile courts and the appointment of probation officers. They shall have jurisdiction over dependent and delinquent children and the children of the poor. The bill provides for the regulation of the hours of labor in public works. The hours are fixed at eight and any violation except in cases of emergency shall be regarded as a misdemeanor; by Mr. Morrison, for the protection of employees who are members of labor unions; it is made an offense to discriminate against an employee because he is a member of a union; by Mr. Morrison (by request) for the encouragement of railroad construction by exemption from taxation for a period of ten years. A resolution was adopted calling out of committee all bills which have been in their possession for ten days.

The council was in session only half an hour. President Ives was still unable to be present. There had been an improvement in his condition but yesterday morning there had been a relapse and a physician was in attendance upon him.

The following bills were introduced: By Dr. White, authorizing the governor to appoint a commission to the St. Louis exposition and making provision for the salary of the territorial treasurer at \$2,500 a year; by Mr. Burson, amending the law with reference to appeals from boards of qualification; by Dr. White, providing for the election of clerks of courts; the only measure finally disposed of was the house bill providing for the holding of meetings of stockholders and directors of corporations outside the territory. It was indefinitely postponed. Several bills were received from the house. These with the new bills introduced thirty-eight in all were held in committee and that will in all probability be the list that will come to the head of the pool.

No move was made in the matter of the woman suffrage bill and at this writing it is impossible to predict with any degree of accuracy when action will be taken upon it. There was more talk outside the session of sine die adjournment on Friday. The council is said to be about equally divided on the question but at present the majority of the house members are against an adjournment before the time fixed by law as the last day of the session.

HE PRAYED FOR DEMOCRATS.

They Replied by Trying to Fire the Chaplain.

Salt Lake, Utah, March 9.—A special prayer for the minority democratic members of the lower branch of the legislature was uttered by Chaplain Porter at the opening of today's session of the house.

It provoked the wrath of the democrats, who sharply criticized Mr. Porter for his utterances and later introduced a resolution dismissing him from further service in the house. The resolution was defeated by a strict party vote.

K. C. STOCK YARDS.

Held Down by an Act of the Kansas Legislature.

Topeka, Kan., March 9.—The house of representatives passed a bill tonight providing that the Kansas city stock yards rates should be reduced twenty-five per cent and the profit on hay and grain at the yards should not be over 10 per cent.

The senate has already passed the bill, and it will go to the governor for his signature. The cattlemen secured its passage.

OUT FOR GOOD.

Mr. Cleveland's Thoughts Removed From Politics.

New York, March 9.—Former President Grover Cleveland denied today that he had come to New York for any political purpose, as was rumored yesterday. He said: "I came solely for the purpose of addressing a meeting in Brooklyn last night. Reports that I had a talk with Edward Shepard are untrue. I am not in politics. I am out for good. I saw Mr. Shepard last night for only two minutes, and politics did not figure in our conversation. Politics is further from my thoughts at present, though I am always ready to act in an advisory capacity if so desired."

THE OLD COUNTY AGAINST THE NEW

Conflict Growing Out of Organization of Denver County.

Denver, Colo., March 9.—E. H. Watts, chairman of the board of county commissioners of the old county of Arapahoe, through his attorney, J. T. Bolger, today applied to the United States circuit court for an injunction to restrain the officials of the new city and county of Denver from assuming and performing the duties of their office, and for a writ of mandamus compelling C. S. Elder, treasurer of Arapahoe county, to pay the warrants issued by the old board of county commissioners since the date on which the constitutional amendment changing the organization went into effect.

The claim is set up that the public property of the old county has been given to Denver without compensation to the taxpayers of the old county outside the limits of Denver. It is further set forth that the old officers were elected for specific terms of office and that the provisions of the Utah amendment are in violation of the constitution of the United States.

HE TOOK THE COUNT.

Mexican Pete's Exhibition With Gus Ruhlin.

Philadelphia, Pa., March 9.—Gus Ruhlin and Mexican Pete Everett were scheduled to go six rounds at the Washington club tonight. The bout, however, lasted but a few minutes and was a miserable exhibition on the part of Everett. At the beginning of the second round he received a right-hand blow to the face, dropped to the floor and took the count.

DEADLY SPECTACLE BURNING OIL CARS

A Score of Persons Attracted to the Fire Caught by Later Explosions.

Olean, N. Y., March 9.—More than a score of people were killed and a large number injured by an explosion of oil tank cars filled with oil broke in two near this city about 9 o'clock. Two sections of the train came together with a crash and one of the tanks was demolished. Fire broke out almost instantly, and the sky was lighted up for miles.

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THE WABASH EMPLOYEES ANSWER INJUNCTION SUIT

They Deny the Allegations in the Bill of Complaint.

There Was No Illegal Conspiracy Against the Company. The Injunction Was Issued Without Notice and Was Improperly Granted—The Time for Argument on Motion for Its Dissolution Will Be Set Today—The Attorneys for the Company Began a Study of the Answer as Soon as It Was Filed.

St. Louis, March 9.—A sweeping denial of all charges made by the Wabash Railroad company in its bill of complaint upon which was issued the injunction to prevent a strike among its employees, was contained in the answer to the injunction suit filed today in the United States district court by the counsel for the Wabash firemen and trainmen. In support of the answer were filed the affidavits of all those named in the injunction. At 10 o'clock tomorrow morning Federal Judge Adams will set a date for arguments for and against the answer.

The motion to dissolve the injunction, briefly stated, is based on the grounds that the writ of injunction was impropiously granted; that the charges of illegal conspiracy contained in the

bill of complaint were unfounded and untrue; that there is no equity in the bill of complaint; that the injunction was issued without notice, and that all the material charges in the bill will be denied.

President Ramsey of the Wabash and the company's legal counsel began the preparation of their arguments against the answer immediately after it was filed at 10:05 a. m. and continued all day and into the night.

The counsel for the Wabash employees spent the day lounging about the city and will continue to leisurely spend the time intervening before the hearing of the arguments. None of the brotherhood officials have left the city and all express themselves as well satisfied with the answer as filed.

THOUSANDS FOR WATERBURY MURDERERS

The State and Fraternal Societies to Which Victim Belonged.

Waterbury, Conn., March 9.—Towards the amount of several thousand dollars will be offered for the apprehension of the murderers of Police-man Mendicino who was killed in an attack upon a street car he was guarding. Today the board of aldermen and board of public safety adopted resolutions recommending that the state's attorney be petitioned to offer a reward of \$2,000 for the murderer to be paid by the state of Connecticut.

The board itself will add to that amount. Magnolia Lodge, K. of P. E. offers a reward of \$500, and a like amount has been offered by Moshagan Lodge, I. O. O. F. The officer was a member of both of these fraternities.

WALCOTT'S FIGHT.

Pittsburg, March 9.—In a ten-round fight tonight between Joe Walcott and Mike Donovan, Walcott secured the decision. Donovan stood the punishment well, but was entirely outclassed by the negro, who landed his blows when and where he pleased except in the sixth and seventh rounds, when Dono- van made a stand and kept his oppo- nent busy avoiding his fierce rushes. Neither man was severely punished in the bout.

BRITT LOST ON A FOUL.

Though He Had the Fight With O'Keefe All But Won.

Portland, Or., March 9.—Jack O'Keefe of Chicago was given the decision on a foul tonight in the sixth round of a contest with Jimmy Britt of San Francisco at the Prestige club. Referee Jack Grant claimed that Britt hit O'Keefe below the belt with his left in a mix-up and accordingly sent Britt to his corner, awarding the contest to O'Keefe.

From the beginning to the end Britt had the fight well in hand and in the sixth round had O'Keefe going. It was clearly apparent that O'Keefe, who was bleeding profusely from the nose and was very groggy, could not last another round. O'Keefe went to his knees twice in the sixth round from this terrible lead in the stomach and rights on the face.

Dr. J. D. Fenton was called to examine O'Keefe. He stated after an examination that he found O'Keefe had been injured by a blow struck some distance below the belt.

EX-SENATOR JONES SICK.

Washington, March 9.—Ex-Senator Jones of Arkansas is confined to his bed by an attack of grip.

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