

THE SENTINEL

J. W. DORRINGTON,
Proprietor.

PUBLISHED WEEKLY
Yuma, Ariz.

Is the Oldest Weekly
in Arizona and Has an
Established Reputation
as a Reliable Newspaper
Unexcelled.

Is One of the Oldest Papers in
Arizona: In its Thirty-seventh
Year, and it has always been

Independent in All Things

While Not Varying in Its Loy-
alty to Republicanism, It has
Always Striven for the Candi-
dacy of Good Men, and Sup-
ported Just Measures. It is the

OFFICIAL PAPER OF YUMA COUNTY

And that feature alone makes it
Desirable for any citizen to sub-
scribe for it. Besides it is a home
paper, and if you would be posted on the
doings of your neighbor, take the Sentinel.

Is read by everybody in this section, hence is the

Best Advertising Medium.

We have in connection an up-to-now

Job Printing Establishment

The Subscription Price of The Sentinel is \$2.00 Per Year and
\$1.00 for Six Months. The Sentinel is the Pioneer Paper of
Arizona and is a Good Advertising Medium. Subscribe Now.

ORDERS FOR JOB WORK, ADVERTISING OR SUBSCRIPTION, SHOULD BE ADDRESSED
TO "THE SENTINEL," YUMA, ARIZONA, Cor. Madison and Second Streets.
Advertising Rates Made Known on Application.

---:SAMPLE: COPIES: FREE:---

Easy Confinement

If you have cause to fear the
pains of childbirth, remember that
they are due to weakness, or dis-
ease, of the womanly organs, and
that healthy women do not suffer,
like weak ones.
The specific, medicinal, vege-
table ingredients, of which that
famous, female medicine and wo-
manly tonic

WINE OF CARDUI

WOMAN'S RELIEF

is composed, will build up the
womanly organs to a healthy state
and thus prevent needless suffer-
ing.
"Before my confinement," writes
Mrs. Rose Schubarth, of Mon-
ument, Colo., "I had such bearing-
down pains I didn't know what to
do. Cardui quickly relieved me.
Some months later I had a fine
12-lb. baby, was sick only thirty
minutes, and did not even have
a doctor."
At All Druggists

WRITE FOR FREE ADVICE,
stating age and describing symp-
toms, to Ladies' Advisory Dept.,
The Chattanooga Medicine Co.,
Chattanooga, Tenn. E 36

Notice of Sale of Real Estate

In the Probate of the County of Yuma,
Territory of Arizona.
In the matter of the estate of Harry F.
Neahr, deceased.

At Yuma, Yuma county, Arizona.

Notice is hereby given that in pursu-
ance of an order of the Probate Court
in and for the County of Yuma, Terri-
tory of Arizona, made on the 16th day
of November, 1908, in the matter of the
estate of Harry F. Neahr, deceased,
the undersigned, the administrator of
said estate, will sell at public auction,
to the highest bidder, for cash, 25 per
cent on day of sale and the balance up-
on confirmation by said court of such
sale, subject to confirmation by said
Probate Court, on Saturday, the 12th
day of December, 1908, at 10 o'clock a.
m., at the front door of the county
court house, on Madison avenue, in the
Town of Yuma, Yuma county, Arizona
Territory, the following-described real
property, to-wit:

The south half of lot seven in block 118
The north half of lot seven in block 118
The north half of lot one in block 137
The south half of lot one in block 137
The north half of lot two in block 137
The south half of lot two in block 137
All in the Town of Yuma, Yuma
county, Arizona, according to White's
official survey of said town.

Terms of Sale: Cash, twenty-five per
cent on the day of sale and the balance
upon the confirmation of such sale by
the Probate Court.

Alberto R. Imperial,
Administrator of the Estate of Harry
F. Neahr, deceased.
Dated November 17, 1908.

Nov 18-4t

Notice for Publication

Department of the Interior,
U. S. Land Office at Phoenix, Arizona.
Sept. 23, 1908.

Notice is hereby given that Robert A. McPhee-
son of Laguna, Arizona, who on Sept. 23, 1908,
made Homestead Application Serial No. 9974,
for the E 1/4 NE 1/4 section 38, and W 1/2 NE 1/4
section 38, Township 33 S., Range 28 E.,
West G. and S. R. Meridian, has filed notice of
intention to make final five-year proof to estab-
lish claim to the land above described, before
Charles H. Utting, Clerk of the District Court,
at Yuma, Arizona, on the 7th day of November,
1908.
Claimant names as witnesses:
Fred W. Wessel, of Laguna, Arizona.
William Boyle, of Laguna, Arizona.
William Marvin, of Yuma, Arizona.
William E. Lynch, of Yuma, Arizona.
Lyman W. Wakefield, Register.
Sept. 30, 08

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior,
U. S. Land Office at Phoenix, Arizona.
Sept. 17, 1908.

Notice is hereby given that Myron J. Kin-
caid, of Yuma, Arizona, who on August 19, 1908,
made Homestead Application Serial No. 9974,
for NE 1/4 Section 29, Township 33 S., Range 28 E.,
West G. and S. R. Meridian, has filed notice of
intention to make final five-year proof to estab-
lish claim to the land above described, before
Charles H. Utting, Clerk of the District Court,
at Yuma, Arizona, on the 31st day of October, 1908.
Claimant names as witnesses:
Thomas A. White, James Leonard Lee, Don-
ald Metcalf, Sr., and William B. Gilman, all
of Yuma, Arizona.
Lyman W. Wakefield, Register.
Sept 23-08

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior,
Land Office at Phoenix, Arizona.
May 13, 1908.

Notice is hereby given that James Milton
of Yuma, Arizona, has filed notice of his in-
tention to make final five-year proof in support
of his claim, viz: Homestead Entry No. 444, made
April 6, 1902, for NE 1/4 Section 29, Township 33 S.,
Range 28 E., West G. and S. R. Meridian, has
filed notice of intention to make final five-year
proof to establish claim to the land above de-
scribed, before Charles H. Utting, Clerk of the
District Court, at Yuma, Arizona, on June 29, 1908.
He names the following witnesses to prove
his continuous residence upon and cultivation
of the land, viz:
John Himpou, Charles M. White, John Wadin
and James Mackey, all of Yuma, Arizona.
Lyman W. Wakefield, Register.
First publication May 29, 1908.

Notice for Publication

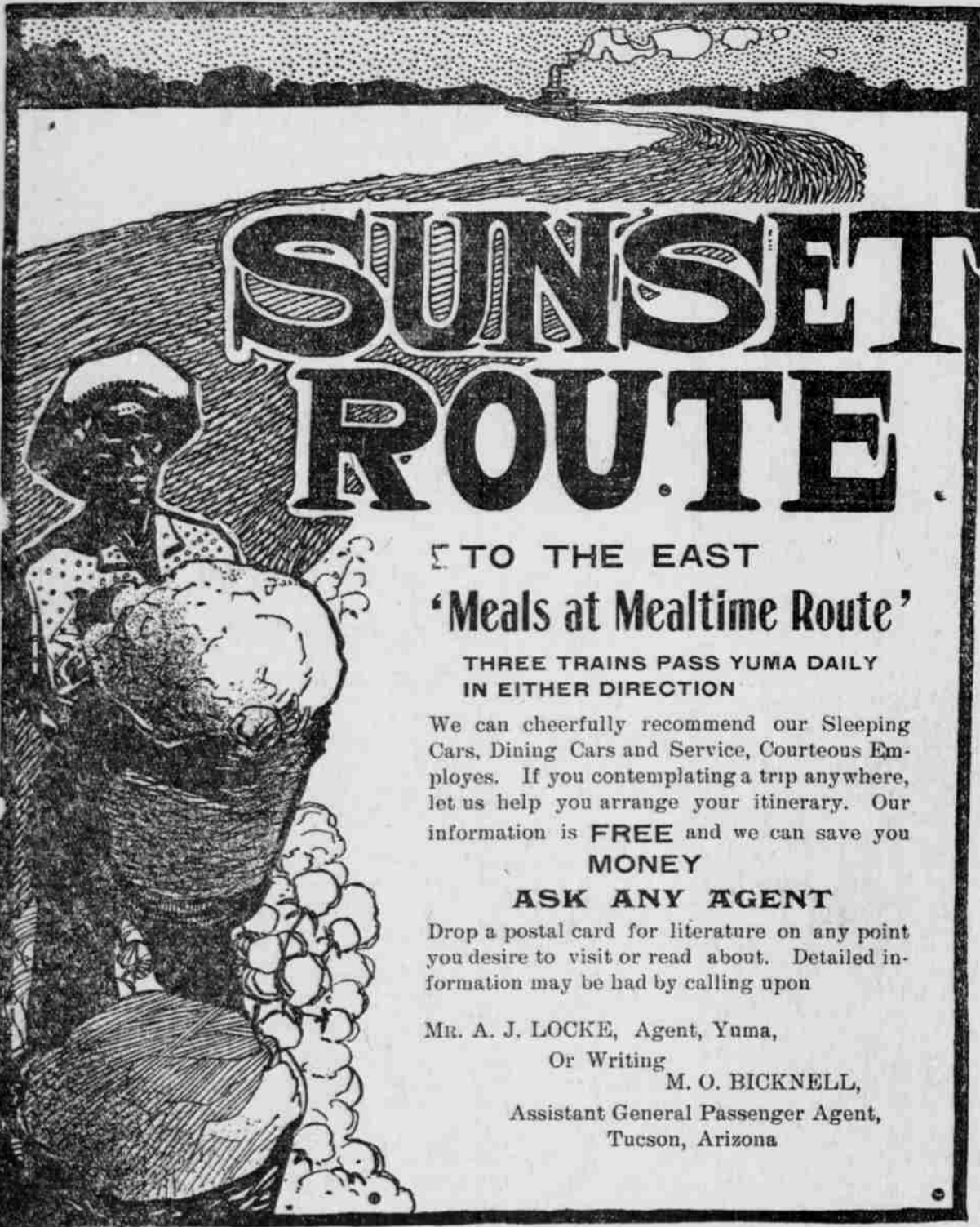
Department of the Interior,
U. S. Land Office at Phoenix, Arizona.
Oct. 28, 1908.

Notice is hereby given that Edward L. Crane,
of Somerton, Arizona, who on June 7, 1907,
made Homestead Application Serial No. 899 (889)
for Lots 1 and 2, and 1/2 NE 1/4 section 2, town-
ship 18 S., range 21 W., G. & S. R. Meridian, has
filed notice of intention to make final five-year
proof to establish claim to the land above de-
scribed, before Joseph H. Goelley, Clerk of
Probate Court, at Yuma, Arizona, on the 15th
day of December, 1908.
Claimant names as witnesses:
Roy D. Jacobs of Yuma, Arizona.
Lawrence W. Williams, of Somerton, Arizona.
Jacob E. Hayden of Yuma, Arizona.
Richard P. Marable, of Yuma, Arizona.
LYMAN W. WAKEFIELD,
Clerk of Probate Court.
Oct. 28, 1908.

LOS ANGELES EXAMINER

AT SHOREY'S
Southwestern News Company

LATEST MINING LOCA-
TION BLANKS AT THE
SENTINEL OFFICE.



SUNSET ROUTE

TO THE EAST
'Meals at Mealtime Route'

THREE TRAINS PASS YUMA DAILY
IN EITHER DIRECTION

We can cheerfully recommend our Sleeping
Cars, Dining Cars and Service, Courteous Em-
ployees. If you contemplating a trip anywhere,
let us help you arrange your itinerary. Our
information is FREE and we can save you
MONEY

ASK ANY AGENT
Drop a postal card for literature on any point
you desire to visit or read about. Detailed in-
formation may be had by calling upon

Mr. A. J. LOCKE, Agent, Yuma,
Or Writing
M. O. BICKNELL,
Assistant General Passenger Agent,
Tucson, Arizona

POSSIBILITIES OF YUMA REGION UNFATHOMED

The Soil Simply Marvelous in Its
Productiveness

And the Climate is Intoxicatingly
Salubrious

BY GEORGE N. BURTON,
In Los Angeles Times.

It is very far from a semi-millennium since
three little open boats under the flat of Spain
first touched the waters of the western hemi-
sphere and revealed the new world to the
eyes of Europeans. It is only a little over a
century since the United States of America
sprang, so to speak, like Pallas Athene from
the brain of Jove, a completely armed ad-
dition to the family of nations. It is but
little over half a century since California be-
came a part of these United States of America,
and less than a generation since the settle-
ment of the Great Southwest began.

In all the 125 years since the Republic was
founded, also in the half century since Cali-
fornia became one of the States of the Union,
and during every year of the last thirty, no
salutation of the vast riches of the American
continent, of the territory of the United
States and of this Great Southwest has been
more and more astonishing to the minds of
men. One would suppose that by today we
knew pretty thoroughly what the undevel-
oped resources of the Great Southwest meant,
reasonably be expected to become. We have
not reached the depths of this great ocean of
wealth with our plummet line yet.

In a residence of forty years on the Coast
the writer thought he knew a little about
what there is on the Coast, and as most of
these years have been spent in and around
Los Angeles, he naturally had a little con-
cept that he was pretty well acquainted with
the Great Southwest. Last week a trip to the
Colorado River bottoms, below Yuma made
him feel as a tenderfoot who had come in on
the last train. New to him, this wonderful
region and its possibilities are pretty well
known to a great many readers of The Times
by the stories published, if not by the demon-
stration of their own eyes.

Yuma lies on the map just twelve miles
from where the government is putting in the
great Laguna dam, at the confluence of the
Gila and Colorado Rivers. It is twelve miles
from Yuma down the river to the Mexican
boundary line on the Arizona side of the river.
At one point, just below Yuma, the interna-
tional boundary line runs up along the river
which there takes a westerly trend and from
Yuma to Mexico is only a few miles.

ONCE A MIGHTY STREAM.

Ages ago when the mountain ranges of
Arizona and California towered toward the
stars, at least twice as high as they do now,
rains were very frequent and came down in
torrential deluges all along these mountain
ridges. The Colorado River in these past ages
was a mighty stream, sweeping down debris
in tons every second of its flow. The Colo-
rado sink was at that time a great inland sea,
which spread over the country on both sides
of where the river now runs. As the erosion
of winds and storms, land slides and glaciers
wore down the mountain ridges year by year,
the great river carried down a vast amount
of silt, erosion from the rocks full of phos-
phates, limes and disintegrated granites, as
well as the vegetation along its banks; and
this was all deposited in what are now the
sinks of the Colorado.

As the mountain tops were worn down, the
rains became less frequent and less in volume
but the erosion of rocks and river banks, the
trees and vegetable mould torn from the
banks still came down and settled into the
bottoms of the great inland lake. This geological
process went on from age to age to our time,
leaving the Colorado at Yuma, a stream about
half a mile wide and being at the present
time about twenty feet deep in the deepest
portion.

It is not necessary to remind Californians
that the Spanish missionaries and explorers
called this river the Colorado because of the
reddish color of its waters. It is the Colorado
up in the Grand Canyon in Arizona and
down past The Needles. But at this time of
the year, after passing the mouth of the Gila,
instead of the red river it becomes the brown
river. It actually looks today as if ten per
cent of its flow was silt and only ninety per
cent water.

RICHES OF SOIL WONDERFUL.

But the object of this story is to call atten-
tion once more, and for perhaps the thou-
sandth time, to the riches of the soil along

the Colorado on both sides, incident to the
deposition of this mass of debris during all
the past ages. Going through the country
on the Arizona side of the river, for several
miles below Yuma, one encounters the same
type of country and soil that is found in the
Imperial Valley country around Brawley,
Califexco and other points west of the river.
The fertility of the black prairie soils of Illi-
nois has astonished people engaged in agri-
culture for nearly one hundred years. The
fertility of the valleys of the Nile has been a
matter of history for at least 4000 years. Those
who are familiar with Illinois prairie soil,
and those who know what the valley of the
Nile is for agriculture, know that this lower
Colorado River region surpasses both of them.
If you ask a farmer along this stretch of
country if the soil is six feet, his eyes will
open with astonishment at your ignorance.
He will tell you no one knows whether it is
60 feet, 600 or 6,000 feet deep. It is practically
without bottom. It is so thoroughly well
mixed with sand, disintegrated granite and
other rocks that it never freezes. It is as
easily worked as a heap of ashes, and re-
sponds to cultivation in a way that is mar-
velous.

CUT SEVEN CROPS YEARLY.

Arizona has established an experiment
station in the heart of this big valley, which
is some twenty-four miles long, and in spots
ten to twelve miles wide, down on the lower
level. The results are wonderful. Last week
they were cutting a crop of alfalfa on this ex-
perimental farm, and for seven consecutive
months they will cut succeeding crops. The
only months when the crop is not cut here are
December and January.

Cotton and tobacco grow with the greatest
luxuriance, and this rich alluvial soil will be
noted in a very few years as the ideal spot in
the whole country for dairying, hog raising,
the production of poultry and vegetables, which
one hesitates to call early or late, as they will
be perennial. New potatoes will be produced
in the middle of January, tomatoes will be
ripe by the first of March, ripe grapes will be
gathered in the early days of May, and apricots
by the middle of the same month. Chickens
and turkeys flourish there in the winter
time beyond all experience anywhere else.

The rainfall is exceedingly light and comes
only three or four times in a whole winter.
With an abundance of green alfalfa and vege-
table the dry and not over-heated climate
prevailing in the winter months, chickens are
free from the disease that make their raising
difficult elsewhere. There is no spot in South-
ern Illinois or Missouri so adapted to the pro-
duction of corn as this valley along the Colo-
rado River. With alfalfa and corn, the butter,
cheese, eggs, poultry and pork to be raised on a
twenty-acre farm will amaze those who have
the experience in American agricultural affairs.

The winter climate around Yuma is a thing
so intoxicatingly salubrious that no words can
describe it. Those deserts of America, as we
have regarded them heretofore, seem to defy
the idea that human nature elsewhere is so
prone to contract and suffer from. The atmos-
phere is as dry as punk, the skies cloudlessly
clear, the air mild as possible, and every
breath seems to be an inspiration of new life.
The United States has an experiment farm on
the mesa just on the outskirts of Yuma. Here
sults even more marvelous than in the valley
are produced. Doves and lower levels there
are little crops of frosty mornings occasionally
during December and January, but on the mesa
the breath of frost never touches the most deli-
cate vegetation. Oranges grown at the Feder-
al experiment station are unsurpassed in their
delicious quality.

Yuma is a busy, up-to-date town. The more
modern improvements consist of several blocks
of attractive brick buildings, a three-story post
office building, a hotel of brick, and many other
nice structures. Among some of the greater
improvements which are being made, are a
\$25,000 school building, a \$75,000 ice plant, a
large passenger depot, and the probable erec-
tion of a new court house to cost \$75,000. There is
considerable business done here, but the people
have not begun to awaken to the vast possibil-
ities of the place. They should at once erect an
up-to-date tourist hotel. It should have ample
grounds around it and be planted with all
kinds of tropical vegetation. If it atmosphere
were only transportable like mineral waters,
and one could send consignments of this Yuma
winter air to the East, the inspiration of its
health-giving qualities would bring 25,000
tourists every winter to the banks of the Colo-
rado River.

Yuma needs only to make known its climatic
attractions in the parts of the East where every
year by blizzards and snowstorms to attract
a city full every winter. The fertility of the val-
ley below will almost make itself known with-
out effort on the part of the people. But with a
valley full of intelligent and industrious rural
population, producing fruits and vegetables,
poultry, eggs, fresh milk and fragrant butter,
Yuma should be one of the most delightful
winter resorts in all America. There is every-
thing there to furnish tourists with the most

healthful and delicious food, and if the air in
that region does not drive doctors to seek a
living elsewhere, it will be because the people
do not know how to live properly.

The Laguna Dam will be completed in 1908,
and in ten years from today the attractions of
Yuma as a health resort and the fertility of
these bottom lands will be so well known that
it will require \$1,000 in cash to buy a single
acre of it.

\$10,000.00

NOTICE OF SALE OF SCHOOL BONDS

Sealed proposals will be re-
ceived by the undersigned until
December 26th, A. D. 1908, at 11
a. m., for the purchase of \$10,
000.00 of school bonds of school
district No. 1 of Yuma county,
Arizona Territory, dated Novem-
ber 16th, A. D. 1908, due November
16th, 1928, with option to pay off
any or all at any time after ten
years from their date; interest
six per cent, payable annually;
denomination \$500 each; princi-
pal and interest payable in U. S.
gold coin of standard weight and
fineness. Said bonds are issued
under authority of paragraphs
2182, 2183, 2184, 2185, 2186, 2187,
and 2188 of the Revised Statutes
of the Territory of Arizona, 1901.
Said bonds will not be sold for
less than par. A certified check
for 10 per cent of bonds bid for,
payable to order of George Mi-
chelsen, County Treasurer, must
accompany each bid. Present
bonded indebtedness of said
school district is \$37,500.00 and
the assessed valuation thereof
for the year 1908 is \$1,800,000.00.
The right is reserved to reject
any and all bids. For further
information address

J. M. POLHAMUS,
Clerk Board of Supervisors in
and for Yuma County, Arizona
Territory.
Nov 25 td

Notice to Creditors.

Estate of Dolores S. Townsend,
deceased. Notice is hereby given
by the undersigned, O. F. Town-
send, Administrator of the estate
of Dolores S. Townsend, deceased,
to the creditors of and all
persons having claims against
the said deceased, to exhibit
them with the necessary vouch-
ers within ten months after the
first publication of this notice to
the said Administrator, at his
office on Second street between
Main and Second Avenue, in the
Town of Yuma, the same being
the place for the transaction of
the business of said estate in
said county of Yuma.

O. F. Townsend,
Administrator of the Estate of
Dolores S. Townsend, deceased.
Dated Yuma, Arizona, this 17th
day of November, 1908.
Nov 18 15

HANDY MOTH PAPER

A moth destroyer and disinfectant. Placed
under carpets or in the folds of furs and cloth-
ing, it drives away moths and worry. Twelve
sheets in a packet, carriage prepaid, 10 cents;
six packets, 50 cents. If druggist does not have
it, write to

Madigan Powder Works, Selection 899
Clarksville, Iowa.