

Dissolution of Copartnership.

THE COPARTNERSHIP HERETOFORE existing between Charles Etchells and John W. Sweeny, doing business in Tucson, A. T., was dissolved by mutual consent on September 29. Charles Etchells will continue the business. All accounts of the late firm will be collected by Michael McKenny.

ETCHELLS & SWEENEY,
Tucson, A. T., Sept. 27, 1873. 4.

Administrator's Notice.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN BY the undersigned Administrator of the estate of Rafael Ron, deceased, to the creditors of and all persons having claims against said deceased, to exhibit the same with the necessary vouchers within four months from the first publication of this notice to the undersigned at Tucson, County of Pima.

FRANCISCO S. LEON, Administrator.
Tucson, A. T., Sept. 22, 1873. 4t.

Aviso de Administrador.

EL QUE SUSCRIBE, ADMINISTRADOR de los bienes del finado Rafael Ron, suplica a los acreedores de dicho finado presenten sus reclamos dentro del termino de cuatro meses desde la fecha de este primer aviso en su casa en el Tucson, Condado de Pima.

FRANCISCO S. LEON,
Administrador.
Tucson, A. T., Setiembre 20, 1873. 4t.

Probate Notice.

PROBATE COURT, COUNTY OF PIMA, Territory of Arizona.
In the matter of the estate of Mark Aldrich, deceased.
The Territory of Arizona sends greeting. In pursuance of an order of this Court, duly made and entered on the 25th day of September, 1873, notice is hereby given that Saturday the 25th day of October, A. D. 1873, at 10 o'clock A. M. of said day, at the Court-room of the Probate Court in the town of Tucson, in said County of Pima, has been appointed for hearing the application of Hiram S. Stevens, one of the executors praying that a document now on file in this Court purporting to be the last Will and Testament of Mark Aldrich, deceased, be admitted to Probate, and that letters testamentary be issued thereon to Hiram S. Stevens, who is named therein as one of the executors, at which time and place all persons interested may appear and contest the same.

Dated at Tucson, September 25, 1873.
Attest: WILLIAM J. OSBORN,
Probate Judge and ex-officio Clerk
Probate Court.
September 27. 5t.

G. W. CHESLEY. | J. S. JONES.
G. W. CHESLEY and CO.
Importers and Wholesale Dealers
—IN—

FINE WINES AND LIQUORS.
Sole Proprietors of
CUNDURANGO BITTERS,
No. 414 Front street, San Francisco, Cal.
and 51 Front St., Sacramento.
Special attention will be paid to the trade in Arizona.
May 24. 6m.

FERD. BERTHOLD,
Tres Alamos, Arizona,
DEALER IN
GENERAL MERCHANDISE,
Have constantly on hand a well selected stock of
DRY GOODS,
GROCERIES,
PROVISIONS,
LIQUORS,
TOBACCO, and
CIGARS,
Etc., Etc.

WHICH I offer for sale at lowest possible prices. I have also HAY and GRAIN on hand to supply the traveling public. Also a most excellent well of water to accommodate the public. sp5-6m

J. F. BENNETT & CO.
Southern Overland Mail and Ex. Co
ARE NOW RUNNING A
two-horse vehicle three times a week, from Tucson to the Rio Mimbres where they connect with coaches For All Parts of New Mexico, Texas, Chihuahua and Eastern States.
Particular Attention paid to carrying Express Matter, and comfort of Passengers. Office at S. H. Drachman's store, Tucson. (no131t)

TUCSON TO PRESCOTT
—AND—
SAN BERNARDINO, CAL.

THE BUCKBOARD OF the undersigned, carrying the United States Mails, leave Tucson every Monday for
CAMP GRANT,
FLORENCE,
PHENIX, and
WICKENBERG
Connecting with the Stages of the California Semi-weekly Line from that place to Prescott and Ehrenberg and San Bernardino, California.
Travelers over this route can visit the Vulture and Bradshaw mines; also, all that rich mineral section in the vicinity of Prescott and Wickenburg, and will find good accommodations at the stations, and much the most pleasant route to travel over to San Bernardino and Los Angeles, California.
JAMES GRANT, Proprietor.
Tucson, September 1, 1871. set-1f

THE CITIZEN.

TUCSON, PIMA COUNTY, ARIZONA.

Saturday, - Oct. 4, 1873.

LETTER FROM VIENNA.

Something About the City—Its Greatness—The World's Fair—An Immense Concern—Every Country Comparatively Full Except Ours—The Beer Garden Business Beats the World.

VIENNA, August 23.—I got here one week ago to-day, and have been making the most of the situation. In some respects the situation is making most of me. But on the whole, I have no great fault to find—in short, am very glad I came. The city itself is well worth seeing for the money. The letter writers so far as I recollect, did not impress me with the idea that Vienna was one of the largest and finest cities in the world, and I could not imagine that I was in the city of school geography memory. London did not come up to expectations, because I had the place somehow fixed up in my mind. I had not got half way from the depot to the hotel, before I discovered that I was in a new world here altogether from what I expected. Vienna has a population of about 1,000,000, and is evidently one of the most flourishing cities in Europe, and such a palatial concern throughout! Stewart's celebrated New York establishment would be but one in a thousand here as to size and cost. And then Vienna is so arranged as to show off these structures to the best advantage, without becoming monotonous. The old center of the city is palatial and massive in appearance, while the new additions are splendidly grand; and on all the surface cheerfulness prevails. Evidently the atmosphere has something to do with preserving the original whiteness of the exterior. To give you a little idea of the lay of the land here, Vienna was once a strongly walled town on the south side of the Danube. During the present administration—the reign of Emperor Josef—those old walls were torn out, except some of the principal gates left as mementoes of the past. This demolition afforded space to create a great circular street—called "Königsstrasse"—which envelops the old city with a grand park, rather, wherein there are lines of trees, broad sidewalks, carriage ways, &c. A still greater King street is in course of construction on the site of the outer circle of fortifications—at least a mile beyond. There is what is called the Donau (Danube) canal running through the city, and slicing off a portion of the interior King street for some distance, but in a way to add special interest to the drive. The waters of the canal glide through more like a swift river, and at intervals there are special parks of trees along street and stream; and at night, under full head of gas, the scene surpasses anything in the city line I have ever met with. I am told by even sticklers for Vienna, that it is nothing to what I will see at Paris, &c. I am unable to realize yet what Paris is, according to that. There are so many of these wonderful buildings that I can never get done looking at them and wandering through them. They are constructed on a different plan from anything I have seen in the United States. The entrance is by way of a tunnel, so to speak, to a court in the center, from whence the stairs wind up as in a monument. When you go to a hotel, the carriage drives right in out of sight of the street, which seems a strange relief from being landed like a box or trunk on the sidewalk of our American establishments. So with these dry goods and banking establishments—there may be booths and drinking saloons in front, but the main business is all got at from the rear, as it were. I got here a week ago to-day noon, and first thing climbed the steeple of St. Stephens' church, from which in a clear day (and unlike London, they have plenty of nice weather here, I infer) one can get as nice a view as from any place in the world, almost of the kind. I thought it good to be here, and then proceeded to dive through these great houses and look at the displays of jewelry, &c.—forgetting all about the great exhibition. The Grand Opera House here is next to the Imperial Palace in cost and appearance. On Tuesday I went out to Schonbrunn—the great suburb palace and grounds of the Imperial family. I got a good look at His Majesty, who seemed to be a very plain sort of creature in human shape, and driving a plainer team, in comparison to the array of horse flesh and carriages I afterwards saw in the main stable in the city,

Americans talk about Grant and his half-dozen plugs, as indicative of extravagance and pending ruin to the Republic. I wish every American could see this horse stable in question. The gold and precious stones used in finishing off one or two of these wheeled concourses would alone build the Treasury at Washington; in fact, the great Capitol itself. I swear I believe I have already seen more precious metal, stones, ivory, &c., so far on my tour, stacked away to moulder in these old churches, palaces and horse stables, than a ten-wheeled locomotive could haul down hill. At present, the number of horses in the imperial stable is only about four hundred, eating oats at over one dollar per bushel. They have sold off a hundred or so lately. The saddles and saddle-cloths, the ornamented hunting weapons—oh, Lord, don't ask me to mention any part of it in detail. I have to pass the stable every day once or twice from where I stop, and it looks bigger all the time—bigger than the great Exhibition building. I do not think I have seen or shall see anything on the trip to impress me more than the contents and arrangement of their horse and carriage concern. And it is but one of the kind in monarchical Europe. Let those who prate about American extravagance and display, muster up courage and coin enough to cross the Atlantic just once and use their eyes to ordinary advantage. Austria is a rather rotten state however, and no wonder. But there must be a wonderful resource here somewhere and somehow to build such a city and keep up such vast human machinery—soldiers and what not. Everybody, except the lowest servants, and market people, seem to go better dressed than Americans and look as healthy as anywhere; though, as the Shah told them, behind all this pretty palace work—there is much that smells bad. In fact, Vienna has as many different stenches as Cologne, and I do not wonder that the Persian despot turned up his nose at most everything in Germany. It is a curious life, this. In many respects I like it hugely; and then about the time I think I am going to spell Joseph with an f, I meet with some feature that makes me hop round and damn everybody for ever allowing me to come here. Just before commencing to write this, I had one of these spells while trying to run a restaurant and get a little dutch something or other to eat. It is the little troubles and wants anyhow that make life. I have threatened you with a letter about door-latches, tooth-picks &c. If I escape the cholera I will write two letters—and print them myself, if no other way.

About the World's Exhibition, I know too much already to say anything. That is the trouble about the whole trip—I take notes of all I think worthy, and find so much on hand that I have no time (only when tired out) to boil it down. I have tried to "go through" it as thoroughly as I knew how—taking it by sections and by wholesale; and repeating and comparing; for it is certainly worthy of well-doing now that I am here, and it is a great study, too, on general principles. I had no idea I would be one-fourth so much interested in it before coming here, and that interest increases if anything every day. Shall give it a week or so more at least. It is only once in a life time, and I may stay a month. Most of the Americans leave it at out the third day, and don't know anything about it for certain. The English are generally less contented still. If I could only talk Dutch, I could live as cheaply and well as a reasonable mortal should ask. That is the real truth about the Vienna thieves. They do not go at you with a shot gun, as in America, but all hands down to the dog, nip your pocket a little, and it foots up nicely—on their side. If ever I get back to the Emperor Grant's potato-patch, and can catch a raw Dutchman out alone, I will just tie him up to a cold rock and eat his liver out by inches, as did that chap on Mount Caucasus—in the fable, and no other vulture shall have a mouthful. If the average Dutchman's liver is scented according to his breath, I would have a hell of a time, too; but I would worry it down somehow you bet. I am practicing now on their sausage and cheese, however, washed down with beer, and I feel encouraged to get even. I see I am not going to tell you anything about the great show in this letter. It is just as well. It is not good for a person as far out west as Arizona to acquire information too fast. I will add, however, that America—I mean the United States, for Brazil has a fuller account here than we have—is not supremely happy on the display at Vienna; and if Europe don't turn out any better in proportion in '76, at Philadelphia, the Centennial will certainly be a one-sided if not one-

horse affair. I think now if the President had only known it in time, he would have let Gen. Van Buren go ahead. Van evidently felt ashamed to spread out the yeast powders and axle grease, and so kept holding back to see if something wouldn't come at last suitable to the occasion. I do not know what could have got into the usually enterprising Americans. It seems like a case of what was everybody's was nobody's business. Congress should have spent the money for the commission in boxing up a few leading features of American invention, production, art, &c., and shipped them. The only thing characteristic of them here, is the school-house, and it is quite an attraction indeed. The Portuguese—strangely enough—is the only nation represented here in that way, and they have a very fair sample of the modern style of educational contrivance. I wish you could have seen the beer-garden display last night on the grounds of the Weltausstellung. That's what they call it. I can never forget it, now that I can spell and pronounce it, and live. Be sure you print it—Weltausstellung—all right, for I have had pains and expense enough with that one word already.

Executors Notice.
NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN BY the undersigned executor of the estate of Bernabe Robles, deceased, to the creditors of, and all persons having claims against said estate, to exhibit the same with the necessary vouchers, within five months from the date hereof, to the undersigned or at Tully, Ochoa & Co.'s, in Tucson, Arizona.
JOSEFA ROMO DE ROBLES,
Executrix.
Tucson, A. T., Sept., 8, 1873. 4t.

Pine Lumber!
THE SANTA RITA SAW-MILL CO are now prepared to furnish all kinds of Lumber and Shingles at the Lowest Prices and of the Very Best Quality ever offered in this market. Parties wanting any kind of lumber will please leave their orders at the store of Messrs. E. N. Fish & Co., and they will be promptly filled.

S. W. CRAIGUE,
WHOLESALE DEALER IN
FINE WINES, LIQUORS, and CIGARS.
BRICK BUILDING,
CORNER OF 4TH AND K STS.,
SAN D'EGO.

RESTAURANT AND BAKERY,
ON MESILLA STREET, BETWEEN Main and Meyers.
THIS popular place has been greatly enlarged and improved, and completely renovated recently. Meals at all hours, day and night.

A FIRST CLASS BAKERY
is connected with this house, where, at all times, Bread, Cakes, Pies, etc. can be had. Particular attention will be given to suppers for parties. Give us a trial.
MAEHOLZ & GILBERT, Proprietors.
June 28.

M. I. JACOBS & CO.,
Dealers in
GENERAL MERCHANDISE,
OFFER A
Well Assorted Stock at Lowest Current Rates.
Agency for
Pierson's Terrenate Flour Mills.

COIN, BULLION, and EXCHANGE BOUGHT and SOLD.
CASH ADVANCED ON CONSIGNMENTS.
Tucson, March 8, 1873. mr15-tf.

DAVIS & KELSON,
CONGRESS STREET, TUCSON,
MANUFACTURERS AND DEALERS IN
Tin, Brass and Sheet-Iron Ware;
Also Stoves of the best patterns.

Every Description OF...
Tin, Sheet-iron ware and Stoves is sold on terms to suit the times.
Orders solicited and promptly filled.

CONNECTED WITH THE ABOVE establishment, is a special department for
Repair and Cleaning OF...
WATCHES, CLOCKS ETC., ETC.
Stencil work solicited and executed to suit customers.
All work warranted as represented. 24tf

FLOUR! FLOUR!!
HAVING PUT IN FINE RUNNING order the
EAGLE STEAM FLOURING MILL,
In Tucson, I am prepared to fill orders for
CHOICE FLOUR
—AT—
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

Patronage Solicited. Please call at the Mill and Examine my make of Flour and Prices.
JAMES LEE.
July 19, M.

Administrator's Notice.
NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN BY the undersigned administrator of the estate of Newton G. Flournoy, deceased, to the creditors of, and all persons having claims against said deceased, to exhibit the same with the necessary vouchers within ten months from the first publication of this notice, to the undersigned at Tucson, A. T., September 8, 1873. SOLOMON WARNER, Administrator.

Application for Patent.
U. S. LAND OFFICE,
FLORENCE, A. T., August 1, 1873.
NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, THAT the Montezuma Mining Company, whose postoffice address is Tucson, Pima county, Arizona Territory, has made application for a patent for two thousand (2000) linear feet of the Montezuma Mine or lode bearing copper and silver quartz; with surface ground four hundred (400) feet in width; situated in the Papago Mining District, Pima county, Arizona Territory; and described in the plat and field notes on file in this office as follows, viz: Beginning at a post at the NW corner set in a monument of stones and marked No. 1 (from which San Domingo Peak bears N 61° 25' W 87.23 chains distant; and Bear Mountain bears N 28° 45' E 57.67 chains distant;) thence S 32° 30' E two thousand (2000) feet to a post set in mound of stones and marked No. 3 for SW corner of claim; thence N 57° 30' E four hundred (400) feet to a post in mound of stone marked No. 4; thence N 32° 30' W two thousand (2000) feet, to a post in a mound of stone, marked No. 6; thence S 57° 30' W four hundred (400) feet, to place of beginning, containing 36 100 acres.

And notice is hereby given that the Montezuma Mining Company has made application for a patent for a mill site in connection with the above named Montezuma Mine. The said Mill site is situated in the Papago Mining District, Pima county, Arizona Territory and in a Northwesterly direction and adjoining the Margarita Mine Mill Site in the Papago Mining District, and in a Northeasterly direction from the Montezuma Mine; and is described in the field notes and plat in this office as follows, viz: Beginning at the NW corner of the Mill Site of the Margarita Mine located in Papago Mining District, Pima county, Arizona Territory; thence North 12° E two hundred (200) feet to a post set in mound of stones marked NE C. No. 1; thence N 77° W seven hundred and twenty-six (726) feet to a post set in mound of stones, marked NW C. No. 2; thence S 13° W three hundred (300) feet to post set in mound of stones marked SW C. No. 3; thence S 77° E seven hundred and twenty-six (726) feet to a post set in mound of stones, marked SE C. No. 4; thence N 13° E one hundred (100) feet to place of beginning—containing five acres.
Aug 9. LEVI RUGGLES, Register.

Application for Patent.
U. S. LAND OFFICE,
FLORENCE, A. T., Aug. 1, 1873.
NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, THAT H. S. Stevens, Samuel Hughes, A. Lazard, Tully, Ochoa & Co., Jose Fortez and Miguel Alvarez, whose postoffice address is Tucson, Arizo a Territory, have made application for a patent for one thousand five hundred (1500) linear feet of the "Margarita" Mine or lode of copper and silver bearing quartz with surface ground four hundred (400) feet in width, situated in the Papago Mining District, Pima county, Arizona Territory, and described in the plat and field notes now on file in this office as follows, viz: Beginning at a stake at the Northwest corner marked N V C., in mound of stones; (from which San Domingo Peak bears N 36° W, 116.06 chains distant; the centre post on the SE boundary of the Montezuma Mine, Papago Mining District, Pima county, Arizona Territory, bears N 77° W twenty-two and a half (22½) feet distant; the SW C. of the Margarita Mine Mill Site bears N 37° 34' E, 15.42 chains distant;) thence S 13° W fifteen hundred (1500) feet to stake set in mound of stones—marked SE corner thence S 77° E four hundred (400) feet to stake marked SE C. in mound of stones; thence N 13° E fifteen hundred (1500) feet to a stake set in mound of stone marked NE C.; thence N 77° W four hundred (400) feet to place of beginning, containing thirteen and 77-100 acres.

And notice is hereby given that the above named persons claiming the Margarita Mine have made application for a patent for a Mill Site in connection with the above named Margarita Mine; the said Mill Site is situated in a Northeasterly direction from the said Margarita Mine, and is described in the plats and field notes on file in this office as follows, viz: Beginning at the NW corner of said Margarita Mine; thence N 37° 34' E 15.42 chains to SW corner of the Margarita Mine Mill Site; thence N 81° E three hundred and sixty-three (363) feet to a post marked SE C. No. 4; thence N 9° W six hundred (600) feet to a post marked NE C. No. 1; thence South 51° W three hundred and sixty-three (363) feet to a post marked N W C. No. 2; thence South 9° E six hundred (600) feet to place of beginning, containing five acres.
Aug 9. LEVI RUGGLES, Register.