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# THE ARIZONA REPUBLICAN

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TWENTIETH YEAR. 12 PAGES. PHOENIX, ARIZONA, FRIDAY MORNING, JULY 30, 1909. 12 PAGES. VOL. XX. NO. 71.

## MADE GOOD BY MR. TAFT

### President Forced a Revision of Conference Report

### AS TO GLOVES AND LUMBER

So Sure Were the Leaders That He Would Stand for Small Concessions That They Had Admitted the Democrats to Conference.

Washington, July 29.—The Payne-Aldrich tariff bill is completed. An agreement on all disputed points was reached this afternoon and at 4:55 p.m. the report was signed by the republican conferees. It will get to the house tomorrow and be voted on by that body on Saturday.

The senate on Monday will begin the consideration of the measure. The senate session may continue all next week.

Halted by the mandate of the president, the tariff conferees were compelled to turn back and revise their rates on lumber and gloves. Hides and other leather products will be reached.

When the conferees fixed the lumber and glove rates yesterday, shading slightly the higher rates on each, they were so certain the president would consent to that arrangement that notices were sent to the democratic conferees to be present at 10 o'clock today to approve or disapprove of the report.

He said the rate on lumber should not be more than \$1.25 per 1000 for rough, with the differentials fixed by the senate on finished lumber. He declared also that the senate rates on gloves, which are the same as the house rates, must be adopted in order to secure his approval of the bill.

After the democrats had reached the conferees they held a little conference of their own. Representative Champ Clark was called back to the chamber and was given a copy of the bill as the conferees intend to report it, except for the schedules discussed by the president in his letter. The democrats then went into session. After the democrats left there was a scene. Messrs. Fordney and Calderhead went to the White House and from there to the office of Speaker Cannon and back to the chamber conference. Later they conferred with a number of northwestern senators who were interested in the lumber question.

Mr. Cannon hurried to the conference room. He has been one of the chief supporters of the house rate on gloves. There was no opportunity to compromise on gloves. The president said the rates must not be advanced beyond the figures named in the Dingley bill which are the same as the senate duties except for the fact that Schmanchen gloves were reduced by the senate from \$1.75 a dozen pairs to \$1.25. These rates were accepted. On

lumber, some concessions were made and the president's instructions were complied with to the letter. Rough lumber was made dutiable at \$1.25 per 1000 feet; finished on one side, \$1.75; finished on two sides or one side planed and tongued and grooved, \$2.15; finished on three sides, \$2.55, and finished on four sides, \$2.95. To conciliate Messrs. Piles and Jones, the conferees adopted the senate rate of 50 per cent per 1000 on shingles instead of the house rate of 30 cents.

In order to obtain the support of Mr. Heyburn the differential on pig lead in bars was restored to 2 1/2 cents per pound.

In view of the action of the conferees in putting hides on the free list a concession also was made to the cattle industry by taking tallow off the free list and making it dutiable at 1 1/2 cents per pound.

The rates on hosiery were fixed by increases of about 20 per cent in grades valued \$1, \$1.50 and \$2 a dozen pairs. This is over the senate rates but a material decrease from the house advances. On all other values of hosiery the Dingley rates reenacted by the senate were retained.

## WATER USERS AT ALHAMBRA

### Mass Meeting Held In Recksecker Hall

### RESOLUTIONS ARE ADOPTED

Call Authorized for School District Meetings to Elect Delegates to a General Committee Meeting to Formulate Answers to the Questions of Committee.

## SOME OBSCURE STOCKS CAME TO THE FRONT

But the Leaders Fell Into a State of Neglect.

New York, July 29.—Usually active speculative stocks fell into lethargy today but the session interest in the less prominent quarters of the list rectified the market, removed a dull appearance and supplied an interest that gave a tone of strength to the whole.

The grangers were neglected and this added to the most invariable course of Union Pacific and United States Steel compared with their recent aggressive leadership was largely responsible for the lethargic appearance of the market.

New York Central continued to reflect the supposed growth of the Hariman influence and this with a good advance in Southern Pacific, Reading and a number of the less conspicuous specialties was sufficient to keep up the tone of the whole market. Bonds were irregular. Total sales \$4,616,000. U. S. Bonds unchanged.

STOCKS. Copper, 32 1/2; Smelting, 95 1/2; Santa Fe, 117; St. Paul, 157 1/2; New York Central, 129 1/2; Pennsylvania, 128 1/2; Reading, 157; Southern Pacific, 134 1/2; Union Pacific, 300; U. S. Steel, 72; U. S. Steel pfd, 127 1/2; Silver, 50 1/2; Mexican, 44.

GRAIN. Chicago, July 29.—Uncertainty regarding the extent of damage, if any, to the spring wheat crop in the northwest by black rust kept the wheat market in a flurry today and prices moved over a wide spread.

Toward the end of the first hour of the session a sharp rally occurred on buying, based on confirmation from two different sources of damage by rust in one section of North Dakota. On this bulge the price of the distant deliveries touched the highest point of the day, September advancing from \$1.04 1/2 to \$1.06. During the day July sold between \$1.07 1/2 and \$1.09 1/2. The market closed weak with July \$1.08 1/2; September, \$1.04 1/2.

High temperatures in sections of the corn belt induced considerable covering by shorts in corn prices resulting in a firm tone for July and September. At the close prices were 1/4 to 1/2 lower to 1/4 higher; July being 7 1/4; September, 6 1/2.

METALS. New York, July 29.—London tin was unchanged, spot \$132 7/8 6d, futures \$134 5s. Locally it was easy, \$29.15@29.30.

Copper was lower in London, spot \$28 1/2, futures, 59 7/8 6d. Locally it was dull and unchanged; lake, \$13.25@13.50; electrolytic, \$12.75@13.00; cast-iron, \$12.62 1/2@12.87 1/2.

## THE MERGE OF VOLCANO

### Position Occupied by Spanish Government

### THE CONDITIONS WITHIN

Reported Officially to Be Improved but Uncensored Reports Are of Another Kind—Critical Situation of Forces in Africa.

Madrid, July 29.—It was officially announced tonight that the cavalry at Barcelona succeeded today in driving into a square the principal bands of revolutionists against whom the artillery opened fire, causing great losses. The survivors surrendered.

The official statement further says it now remains only to overcome the small groups in the villages near Barcelona. Premier Maura announced tonight a favorable report from Barcelona. The arrival of reinforcements, said the premier, will permit the suppression of the outbreak.

Throughout the day, however, advances indicated disturbances in Catalonia had been only partly subdued. Although the government had succeeded in getting troops through to certain of the disaffected points. The lines of communication, which have been cut everywhere in Catalonia have in part been repaired. In Madrid and other cities there have been food shortages and the serious situation in Morocco gave the opportunity for a rising of revolutionists at Catalonia in protest against sending other troops.

The railway system has served to increase the discontents of the public. All Spaniards twenty years of age are required to report for military duty, but they usually manage to be excused.

"If, in subsequent drawings by lottery, they are unfortunate, they can buy exemption for 750. Only the poorest people serve."

Spain tonight is not by two fears, the face of the army in Morocco and the situation in the Mediterranean provinces in Catalonia. In the outskirts of Melilla the Spanish forces have secured a serious check. Three thousand soldiers have either been slain or wounded and the Moroccan herds are fighting at the very walls of the city itself.

News from Barcelona, the center of the revolutionary outbreaks, is exceedingly meager and unsatisfactory. From Lisbon comes a report that the revolutionists are using bombs and that 100 persons were killed and 200 wounded during the earlier stages of the conflict.

The Moorish army is marching on Alhucemas and a warship has been hurriedly dispatched from Melilla to aid the garrison. Insurrections and outbreaks are reported from many points in Spain. At Granollers two convicts have been burned while at Castellon the civil guard was disbanded and imprisoned in the barracks. The revolutionists are active in Llanas and Figueras where the railroads have been torn up. Financial institutions are sending all their funds across the frontier.

GRAVE SITUATION. Hendaye, July 29.—Advices received today from exceptionally well informed sources in Madrid, depict the situation both in the interior and in the exterior, as being more critical than at any time since the Cuban war. All though the government seems to give out the impression that the movement in Catalonia is anarchistic and simply a protest against the war in Morocco and the policy of Premier Maura, there are the gravest reports that it is a wide revolutionary outbreak which a combination of republicans and social revolutionists have been preparing for a long time.

The desperate Moors, drunk with their success, believe they can drive the Spanish forces into the sea. Gen. Marina's men are worn out by continual fighting and the general has asked for 75,000 reinforcements.

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## VIRGINIA CONVENTION

### The Republicans Nominate a Candidate for Governor.

Newport News, Va., July 29.—William P. Kent of Wythe was nominated for governor of Virginia by the republican convention here today. The prohibitionists gained a decided victory when they forced the adoption by a vote of 799 to 316 of an amendment providing for the application of the unit rule in counties and cities on all elections on the liquor question.

### THE LAST STRETCH.

The Glidden Cars Will Run to Kansas City Today.

Salina, Kas., July 29.—Without meeting with a single incident today on the trip from Oakley to Salina, 204 miles, the cars in the Glidden tour reached here tonight. The cars will start for Kansas City tomorrow morning. This will be the last and longest day's run of the tour, 212 miles, with ten and one-half hours as the running time.

### JOHNSON THINKS THERE WILL BE NO FIGHT.

Detroit, Mich., July 29.—Jack Johnson, the colored heavyweight pugilist, said tonight that he regarded a fight with Jeffries as an improbability. He anticipated Jeffries would demand a fight with a straight win or lose division.

### WHERE BALL WAS PLAYED ON DIAMOND FIELDS

Results of Contests in the Three Leagues.

AMERICAN. At Philadelphia—R. H. E. Philadelphia 2 7 0 Cleveland 1 7 1 Batteries—Morgan and Thomas; Berger, Sutton and Dennis. Second game—R. H. E. Cleveland 4 7 2 Philadelphia 9 14 1 Batteries—Rhodes and Easterly; Coombs and Thomas.

At Washington—R. H. E. Washington 4 10 2 Chicago 2 6 2 Batteries—Johnson and Street; Burris and Ows. Second game—R. H. E. Washington 1 5 1 Chicago 2 5 0 Batteries—Oll and Street; Blank, Smith and Sullivan.

At Boston—R. H. E. St. Louis 6 11 4 Boston 3 7 1 Batteries—Bailey, Criger, Walters; Karger and Donohue.

At New York—R. H. E. Detroit 2 6 2 New York 11 10 2 Batteries—Willett, Works and Schmidt; Beckendorf, Doyle, Sweeney.

### NATIONAL.

At Pittsburgh—R. H. E. Pittsburgh 4 9 2 Philadelphia 3 7 0 Batteries—Phillippe, Brandon, Lever and Gibson; Morgan, McQuillan and Dooin.

## THAW IS DONE WITH JEROME

### End of a Straining Ordeal of Ten Hours

### IT IS EASIER SAILING NOW

He Has Still Another Long Period on the Witness Stand but He Will Be in the Hands of a Friendly Examiner.

White Plains, July 29.—District Attorney Jerome's examination of Thaw last evening in the supreme court hearing Thaw's application for release from Matteawan. All told, yesterday and today, Thaw faced Jerome's lightning thrusts for ten hours yet he held his own at all times and tomorrow he will be in the hands of his friends. His attorney, Charles Morschauer, expects to call him in the morning. This examination may be as long as Jerome's, and after it the district attorney may have a few more questions to ask.

Notwithstanding the mental strain of his examination, Thaw labored late tonight with his attorney in Justice Mills' office going over the exhibits used by Mr. Jerome in his rapid fire of cross questions. These consisted of various papers containing notes and drawings found in Thaw's cell at the Toombs after he was sent to Matteawan.

After court adjourned Mrs. William Thaw, the prisoner's mother, gave out an interview in which she said the production of these papers by the state proved the charges she made in a printed pamphlet that he had been hurried to the asylum without being allowed to get his clothes or other effects in his cell.

### THE MOFFATT ROAD.

Work of Extension is Now Under Rapid Way. Denver, Colo., July 29.—"When the work of extending the Northwestern and Pacific road is taken up again we will push the line right through to Provo, Utah, without stopping," said David H. Moffatt today.

Moffatt added that arrangements for contracts for an extension of the work are now under way, although the work may not be resumed until early next spring.

### VISITORS AT PARKER.

Parker, Ariz., July 29.—(Special)—President F. M. Murphy of the S. E. P. & A. on a trip of inspection of the A. & C., arrived here today accompanied by Dr. Moore and Mrs. Stevens. The party will leave in the morning for Phoenix, arriving there in the afternoon.

### MR. GOMPERS AT BERLIN

Berlin, July 29.—Samuel Gompers, president of the American Federation of Labor arrived here today to study labor conditions.

### CHOLERA AT ST. PETERSBURG.

St. Petersburg, July 29.—Forty-one new cases of cholera and seventeen deaths were reported for the twenty-four hours ending at noon today, against sixty-six recoveries.

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(Continued on page four.)