

The Coconino Weekly Sun.

PHOENIX, A T
Territorial Library

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DON'T

Don't bite off wire with your teeth;
Don't pull up tacks with a screw driver;
Don't open tin cans with a butcher knife;
Don't split wood with a hammer;
Don't sharpen your knife on the stove;
Don't borrow your neighbor's shovel;
Don't forget that you can buy

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For a job and say you must have it in an hour, a day or a week, we can do it for you with less fuss and more surety than any other establishment in Arizona. We can handle any job from a visiting card to a circus poster.

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FRESH FRUITS, STATIONERY, CIGARS,

All the Delicacies of the Season Fresh from the Market.

You are invited to call and inspect my Stock

FLAGSTAFF, ARIZONA.

THE GRAND JURY'S REPORT.

True Bills Returned for Assault, Burglary and Murder.

The County Institutions Found in a Satisfactory Condition—Recommendations of the Committee on Indian Affairs.

In the District Court of the Fourth Judicial District of the Territory of Arizona, in and for the County of Coconino. To the Honorable John J. Hawkins, Judge of the Fourth Judicial District—Dear Sir: We, your Grand Jury, impaneled on the 5th instant, beg leave to report as follows:

We have examined eight charges, ignored five, and returned three true bills, as follows: First, assault with deadly weapon; second, burglary; third, murder.

The attention of the Grand Jury having been called to the payment of fees by the county to officers who arrest criminals outside of the Territory, we beg to suggest to the Board of Supervisors a careful scrutiny of all bills for fees in these cases, as such arrests are properly made by requisition and the expenses are to be borne by the Territory.

Section 556 of the Penal Code has been brought to our notice, concerning prize fighting. Would recommend that the officers enforce the law in this matter.

We would recommend that the justices of the peace make their reports to the clerk of the court, according to law.

The further recommendations of this body will be found in the several committee reports, which are attached hereto and made a part of this report.

We desire to thank your Honor for the consideration and courtesy with which you have treated this Grand Jury, and we are indebted to the Sheriff for efficient services in the prompt summoning of witnesses, also to the District Attorney for valuable counsel and aid.

Having finished our labors we respectfully ask to be finally discharged.

THOS. T. McMILLON, Foreman.

GEORGE BARRETT, Secretary.

COMMITTEE ON PUBLIC BUSINESS.

FLAGSTAFF, ARIZ., August 8, 1895.

To the Foreman of the Grand Jury of Coconino County, Ariz.—Sir: We, your committee appointed to inquire into the condition of the public business, and to examine the books and records in the several offices of County Supervisors, County Recorder, County Treasurer, Probate Judge and Clerk of the District Court, have the honor to report that we have performed our duty as thoroughly as the limited time at our command would permit, and have found that the affairs of the different offices are attended to in a business-like manner. All books are kept clean and neat, papers are properly filed, and entries made in an intelligible and satisfactory manner.

JOHN C. GRIM,
JAMES WALSH,
JAMES W. JONES,
W. W. STOUT,
GEORGE BARRETT,
THOS. W. BROOKBANK,
Committee.

COMMITTEE ON COUNTY BUILDINGS.

FLAGSTAFF, ARIZ., August 8, 1895.

T. J. McMillon, Foreman—We, your committee appointed to examine the county hospital, jail, courthouse and Sheriff's office, beg leave to report as follows:

The county hospital we find kept neat and clean, and no complaint from the patients, three in number.

We find the jail also kept neat and clean, with no complaints from any of the prisoners. The jailor suggests the following improvements, which we also think are needed, viz.:

1. That brick laid in cement be put under the north side of cage to prevent prisoners from hiding tools, etc., handed in from friends outside.
 2. Another cage for prisoners.
 3. That gate be changed from south side to west side of jail yard, and yard fence be made tight.
 4. The jailor also suggests some improvements in the sewage system that would be a saving to the county.
- We also examined books and papers in the Sheriff's office and found everything kept in a neat and orderly man-

ner. The Sheriff suggests some needed improvements in his office fixtures that should receive attention of the Board of Supervisors—railing and gate across room and one-half dozen chairs, with an extra desk with locks.

WILLIAM RODEN,
W. V. CARTMELL,
W. CAMPBELL,
H. F. ADAMS,
A. P. ALLEN,
CHARLES H. BOWERS,
Committee.

COMMITTEE CONCERNING INDIAN AFFAIRS.

FLAGSTAFF, ARIZ., August 7, 1895.

To the Foreman of the Grand Jury of Coconino County, Ariz.—Sir: We, your committee appointed for the purpose of giving expression to the views of the Grand Jury on certain matters concerning Indian affairs in this county, beg leave to hand you two papers herewith—one relating to the efforts of our county officials to bring certain Indian murderers to justice, the other takes cognizance of a practice by some of our fellow citizens who issue written recommendations to Indians who apply for them.

Whereas the Navajo Indian agent at Fort Defiance, New Mexico, entered into an agreement with the civil authorities of Coconino county, Arizona, for the surrender to them, in time for trial at the August term of the District Court, in and for Coconino county, Arizona, of a certain Navajo Indian who on or about the 20th day of June, 1892, feloniously killed Lot Smith near Tuba City, in said county. And whereas the said agent has failed to perform his part of said agreement, either apparently, through duplicity, or inability on account of intimidation or resistance by the Navajo Indians, or a part of them.

Therefore be it resolved by the Grand Jury of Coconino county, Arizona, that we respectfully ask his Excellency, the Governor of Arizona, to request the Secretary of the Interior at Washington to institute prompt inquiry and ascertain the cause why said agent failed to perform his part of said agreement, and if said agent be found in fault to secure his removal as an officer of the Government unworthy the confidence of his fellow citizens, or if he has been resisted or intimidated by the Indians to demand all necessary assistance from the National Government to arrest said Navajo Indian and to deliver him into the custody of the Sheriff of said Coconino county for trial according to the laws of this Territory.

We further state that our officers whose duty it is have faithfully performed their part in this case as well as in attempts to arrest the Indian who murdered Fields, also within the limits of this county, in the early part of 1894, and having exhausted the resources at their command we demand the assistance of the Territorial and National Government to bring these Indian murderers to justice.

We think it is not provident for our county officers to continue these fruitless efforts, because every failure only serves to embolden the Indians and to make our local civil authority contemptible in their sight.

WILLIAM RODEN,
A. P. ALLEN,
JAMES WALSH,
THOS. W. BROOKBANK,
Committee.

Adopted by unanimous vote of the Grand Jury.

THOS. F. McMILLON, Foreman.

FLAGSTAFF, ARIZ., August 7, 1895.

To His Excellency, the Governor of Arizona—Sir: We, the Grand Jury of Coconino county, Arizona, respectfully call your attention to a practice on the part of a number of our citizens which seriously and unfavorably affects the conduct of Indian affairs in this county and vicinity. Certain private residents have given out a number of papers having the character of a recommendation of the Indian or Indians who obtain them. The Indians regard these recommendations as official permits to leave their reservation and locate, with their families and stock, where they please among the white settlers, in certain instances having actually taken up a temporary abode on lands legally held by citizens of this county. We request your Excellency, therefore, to take such action in the matter as will secure the prompt suppression of this pernicious practice if

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the laws or regulations of the Indian Department take cognizance of the offence.

WILLIAM RODEN,
A. P. ALLEN,
JAMES WALSH,
THOS. W. BROOKBANK,
Committee.

Adopted by unanimous vote of the Grand Jury.

THOS. F. McMILLON, Foreman.

Arizona's Delegates.

A correspondent of the Willcox "News" says: As it may be a matter of some interest to your readers I give herewith a list of Arizona's delegates in Congress from the time of its organization officially down to the present:

1. Charles D. Poston, elected 1864, served one year.
2. John N. Goodwin, elected 1865, served one year.
3. Coles' Bashford, elected 1866, served two years.
4. Richard C. McCormick, elected 1868, '70, '72, served six years.
5. Hiram S. Stevens, elected 1874, '76, served four years.
6. John G. Campbell, elected 1878, served two years.
7. Granville H. Oury, elected 1880, '82, served four years.
8. C. C. Bean, elected 1884, served two years.
9. Marcus A. Smith, elected 1884, '86, '88, '90, '92, served eight years.
10. N. Oaks Murphy, elected 1894, now serving.

Before 1863 for government purposes Arizona was attached to New Mexico. All south of the Gila river was Pima county, with a few settlers, and all north of the Gila river was Yavapai county, but no settlers. Sylvester Mowery, elected by himself and a few others who wished office, went on to Washington during the administration of Buchanan, I think in 1859, but was not recognized, as no enabling act had been passed by Congress.

Wants a Round-Trip Rate.

H. W. Roll, immigration commissioner for this county, is endeavoring to obtain a reduced round-trip rate to Flagstaff from Chicago and Kansas City, to encourage immigration to this section as well as the tourist traffic, and the prospects are that he will succeed. John E. Frost, general land commissioner of the Santa Fe at Topeka, writes to Mr. Roll: "Respecting your plans for securing immigration to Coconino county, I consider your scheme a good one. . . . I have written Mr. George Nicholson, general passenger agent at Chicago, Ill., with request that he help you in securing best rates possible."

The success of Mr. Roll's efforts in this respect would mean much for this section. At present there is no round-trip rate to encourage people to visit this wonderful region, and from most Eastern points the fare is the same to San Francisco, and often less, than to Flagstaff. Mr. Roll is now in the East and will confer with the Santa Fe officials in Chicago.

A Rich Gold Strike.

What is said to be the richest gold strike ever made on the Colorado river was made in the Picacho mines last week. Some miners working in what has always been supposed to be barren ground began an open cut in the great vein of quartzite. On the surface no gold was found in the rock. At a depth of twenty inches they struck \$5 to \$8 ore, which at the end of the distance of twenty feet increased to \$15 and \$18. They then sunk a shaft on the ore. At the depth of five feet the rock runs \$18 to \$25; at ten feet from \$25 to \$50, and from seventeen to twenty feet it runs from \$50 to \$150 per ton in free gold. The ore body as now opened is twenty feet wide, and neither wall is yet shown. At the bottom of the shaft the ore grows richer as depth is attained. The croppings on the surface are 700 feet wide and show for a long distance.

TERRITORIAL TRADE.

Reciprocity Should Prevail Within the Confines of Arizona.

Reciprocal trade is rapidly growing in this Territory, and what were once distant sections, with no common interest or trade relations, are now closely united with commercial relations, each being benefitted by the exchange of products.

Not the least is climatic change, as within the confines of Arizona can be found a wide range, from semi-tropic to cold temperate, even frigid. Southern winters, with an ideal climate, prevails in this valley and throughout Southern Arizona, while during the heated term Flagstaff, Prescott, Williams, the Mogollon forests and sylvan expanses in the various mountain ranges, offer a pleasant retreat, unexcelled in any section in the United States.

But the various parts of Arizona have something more material to exchange than scenery and climatic conditions. With a wide range of products, each portion of the Territory grows some things in greater abundance than is required for local consumption, while there are other products that must be imported.

For instance, this valley has plenty of fruit, most of which cannot be grown in other sections. This fruit is superior to any that can be shipped to the Territory, and it should have the preference. The same may be said of butter, a fine grade of which is made in shipping quantities. Why ship strong butter or spoiled eggs or shriveled fruit from California or Kansas when better can be obtained in Arizona?

Even with meats it is the same. Since M. E. Hurley has established a packing house in this valley he is able to supply all outside parts of the Territory with better meats, ham, bacon, lard, sausage, corned beef and other things in that line. Hay and grain, too, should supplant outside products. These outside sections can supply this valley with many things, and the people of Phoenix should give them a show.

Lumber from the northern mills should build our houses, barns, fences and bridges, potatoes from Coconino and other sections should be on our tables, and in fact everything that can be should be bought in the Territory. Lime in large quantities comes from Yavapai, and it should supplant the California lime. By standing together, trading with one another, and using Arizona productions to the exclusion of all others, Arizona will commercially grow stronger, besides no better products can be secured abroad.—Gazette.

Lassoed a Lion.

A fifteen-year-old boy named Juan Romero, at the Blythe ranch on the Colorado, lassoed a mountain lion recently. He was out with his riata looking for a horse when a mountain lion attacked his dog. He had no weapon but the rope, and throwing it lassoed the lion around the neck. Hauling it tight it began to choke the infuriated animal, which began to jump and struggle to get away, the boy all the time hauling with all his might on the riata. In one of the wild plunges made by the lion he jumped into the air, coming down behind a stout mesquite bush, but not low enough so that he could touch the ground. The boy held on to his end, with the lion suspended in the air, until the fierce brute was dead, having hanged himself. The boy took off the skin, which measured nine feet from the tip of the nose to the end of the tail.

Protect the Game and Fish.

Shoot or fish only in the proper season and escape the game warden by observing the laws. Many States have new game and fish laws this year, and if you don't know them send five 2c stamps for a copy of the Game Law issue of the "American Field," 245 State street, Chicago.