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ARIZONA WEEKLY CITIZEN.

VOL. XXII. TUCSON, PIMA COUNTY, ARIZONA TERRITORY, SATURDAY OCTOBER 15, 1892. NO. 18.

DEMOCRATS are begging for public subscriptions to the campaign fund—not because they have not got lots of money but because they want lots more.

THE Populists are crying for campaign funds. They ought to draw on the the Democratic party into whose hands they are playing, for any shortage that bobs up the campaign fund.

JUST as Mr. Whitney gets things patched up in New York between the Hill people and the anti-snappers, a stitch gives away somewhere and the whole thing becomes unpatched again.

THE second story as well as the ground floor of the Democratic ticket need to be fumigated. We modestly rise and call the attention of the health officer to this fact and hope that he will look into the matter.

DEMOCRATS who have heretofore depended on Republican votes to be elected, will have to do some tall hustling for strength in their own party this time. The Republicans will support their own ticket.

BETWEEN rotton eggs and Democrats the People's Party hoed a rough row in Georgia. They had better return to their early love, the Republican party, for it is plainly evident that the Democrats have no use for them beyond using them to weaken their political adversaries.

GENERAL ED. WILLIAMS of Nogales, will be a candidate before the Republican convention for the office of district attorney. The general is an old soldier, a good lawyer and an exemplary citizen. If nominated as he probably will be, he will be elected by a handsome majority.

THE Republican party nominated a winning ticket in the convention today. The delegates as a whole are a fine looking intelligent lot of men and they have been true to the trust imposed on them. Their nominees have been carefully selected from the body of the Republican party, with a view to their special fitness for the office they will be elected to fill. Taken individually or as a whole, it stands in strong contrast with the Democratic ticket which with but few exceptions appears to have been made up from the fag end and bob tail of the party. The Republicans are to be congratulated on their good work.

WHEN Reavis failed to find a white maiden sufficiently charming to bear the august title of Chewing Gum Baroness of the Staked Plains he turned his broken nose in the direction of a Digger Indian and there found his ideal to the above title and to the vast estates of the white man. When the editor of the Star failed to find a white heiress for old John Walker's thousands, he dug in the same direction as Reavis did, when lo, an Indian maiden swathed in the paint and grease of her ancesters is unearthed, and the battle for the Walker estate is to be again renewed. But why stop at one when a little more digging in the same pit would probably turn up twenty more of the same kind. Every old timer knows what a prolific soil that is to dig in, for to John Walker the bars were down to the affections of every Indian maid that ran the tuna and bean ranges, between the Superstition mountains on the north and the Ajos on the south. There is at least one photograph extant in which John Walker and three squaws form a picturesque group. Possibly the Star has already picked out the dame that gave to the world his promising heir.

THE Democrats have taken the cue from Mr. Cleveland's labored attempt to save New York, New Jersey and Connecticut, the voters of which states are so deeply and personally interested in the maintenance of a protective tariff, by writing around the tariff plank of the Chicago platform, and they are no longer even claiming to believe that they will carry any of the northwestern states. They are also very much afraid that the Third Party will break into the solid south, and the shameful treatment of Weaver in Georgia is believed to have been the direct result of orders from the Democratic national headquarters, to break up the Third Party movement in the south by fair means or by foul means. There are excellent reasons for believing that the fight upon the Third Party in the south is to be as relentlessly waged as was the fight which practically drove the Republicans out of existence in a number of those states. Still the rest of the country is asked to believe that citizens residing in the southern states are living under a Republican form of government, having the right of free speech and a free ballot. Possibly they are, but it is much the same sort of Republican government as that under which Mexicans live. Speech is free provided you talk Democratic, and the ballot is free only when it contains the Democratic nominees.

STIFLING THE PEOPLE'S PARTY.

The treatment Gen. Weaver has received in Georgia must satisfy everybody of one thing, and that is that the people of the South do not intend for an instant that the People's Party shall be allowed to attain any success there. They will, if necessary, employ their old, well-known tactics of assassination and intimidation against it. The only use they have for the People's Party is in the North, where it may serve as a stalking-horse in the interests of Cleveland. They will encourage it in Kansas and Nebraska, where it may hurt Harrison, but in Georgia and Alabama, where it threatens damage to Cleveland, they are after it with shotgun and revolver—with the raw-hide whip and the stuffed ballot-box.

There have been many good men drawn into the People's Party, largely upon the specious representations of the Southern politicians. They must now see how they have been deluded, and that there is no such thing as good faith in the Southern wing of the party. They are simply being used to diminish the Harrison vote in the North, while the Cleveland vote in the South will be kept solid at any cost. It is very fortunate that so clear an exposure has been made so early in the campaign, and that Gen. Weaver, has called national attention to the outrages practiced upon him. This will open the eyes of his followers and friends in the North before it is too late.—The National Tribune.

THE Republicans have nominated their ticket and have sent it before the people with their best wishes. The ticket from top to bottom is a good one and compares well with their democratic adversaries. Every man on the ticket was nominated by common consent of the convention. For the office of treasurer, there were two candidates, W. J. Perry and John V. Paul. The latter gentleman won and was sent before the people with the unanimous endorsement of every delegate present. The best of harmony prevailed and the promise of success in November was never brighter. Let the Republicans stand together as of yore and they will not lose a man.

THE differences that have heretofore existed between members of the Republican party in this county should now be laid aside and every member of the party work together as one man for the success of the ticket. Every nominee on the ticket was the choice of a convention made up of representative Republicans, and, as a matter of consequence, every nominee on the ticket is entitled to the unanimous support of the entire party. Personal differences, if any exist, should be buried and no nominee should be made to suffer for any differences that may exist between individual members of the greatest political party on earth, and we appeal to every Republican in Pima county, to stand by his ticket and loyally support the nominees of his party. This must be done if we are to win and it will be done if the Republicans of Pima county are true to themselves and to their faith.

LAST Saturday was the day for the Republican party to choose and select its material for legislative and county official standard bearers and to this end the adherents of good and economical government gathered at Reid's opera house to see their party launched upon a contest which would proclaim victory and success when the sun went down on the political field on the 8th of November next. On the platform immediately in front of Chairman Chas. R. Drake, were placed the large paintings of Harrison and Lincoln and the other portions of the opera house were appropriately decorated and in the auditorium sat the representatives and advocates of a party that demanded statehood for Arizona and upon the mantle of such advancement an upheaval of prosperity both in population and material wealth all along the line. The convention was ably presided over and the speeches made were appropriate. The only ripple of a jarring dispute that showed its face on the horizon was lulled to sleep by Judge Wright of Tucson. The judge poured oil on the one and only one wave of the troubled waters that showed its frowing crest in the convention, by offering an amendment to an amendment in the case of the two delegations that showed up from La Noria. The amendment to the amendment was adopted and the proceedings of the convention went on smoothly and the discordant wave that the opponents of the convention predicted would sweep the convention was conspicous only by its absence.

Too Much of a Risk.

It is not unusual for colds contracted in the fall to hang on all winter. In such cases catarrh or chronic bronchitis are almost sure to result. A fifty cent bottle of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy will cure any cold. Can you afford to risk so much for so small an amount? This remedy is intended especially for bad colds and croup and can always be depended upon. For sale by F. Fleishman Druggist.

The Dead Secretary.

Santa Fe, New Mexico.

The body of the late Secretary B. M. Thomas has laid in state at the family home to-day and many have been the people who called to view the kindly face for the last time.

Arrangements for the funeral ceremonies were perfected this morning. These will occur at the residence and will be conducted by Rev. Geo. G. Smith. The actual pall bearers will be Messrs. L. A. Hughes, E. F. Hobart, R. J. Palen, E. A. Fiske, A. S. Towar and Sol. Spiegelberg, while the honorary pall bearers have been selected as follows: Messrs. Amado Chaves, E. L. Bartlett, Robert Harvey, Demetrio Perez, John H. Roberston and W. M. Berger.

Members of the governor's staff will be in attendance, and Col. Pearson and staff and a batallion of U. S. troops from Fort Marcy, headed by the 10th infantry band, will also take part in the procession which is to escort the remains of this esteemed citizen to their final resting place in Fairview cemetery.

The following telegrams came to hand this forenoon addressed to Rev. G. G. Smith:

BALTIMORE, Md., Oct. 5.—Am greatly shocked at the sad news. We have suffered an irreparable loss. Convey my profoundest sympaty to Mrs. Thomas.

(Signed) L. BRADFORD PRINCE.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Oct. 5.—Express to the family of Benjamin M. Thomas, late secretary of New Mexico, my sympathy and condolence—and regret at losing a valuable officer of the department of the interior.

(Signed) JOHN W. NOBLE, Secretary.

It Pays to Read the Papers,

especially your county paper, for often through this medium business chances and opportunities are presented that might otherwise entirely escape your attention. For instance, B. F. Johnson & Co., Richmond, Va., have an advertisement in this paper that will prove of especial interest and value to a large number of people hereabouts. Write to him for further particulars.

PIMA COUNTY REPUBLICAN CONVENTION.

Met Today, the 8th, at 10 A. M. at Reid's Opera House in this City.

A Representative Body of Men Before their Constituents for Endorsement.

Between the hours of 10 and 11 a. m. the Republican county convention assembled in Reid's opera house to put forth their best men in the coming contest. The vote of the city of Tucson is 800 and over and the registered votes of the county up to date exceeds 1500. The opera house was gaily decorated and the emblems of the Republican party, the party of home protection as against the indiscriminate invasion and competition of foreign nations, were conspicuously displayed and the auditorium of the building was filled by a large assemblage. It was Republican day and it could be well classed as such. The meeting was characterized by good generalship and the following was in full unity and action with those who were chosen to lead: In the absence of Judge R. D. Ferguson, chairman of the county central committee, Judge Osborn was called to the chair and Mr. H. K. Chenoweth of Nogales, was requested to act as secretary until temporary organization was effected. The chairman then directed the secretary to read the call for the convention. After which he announced that the nomination for temporary chairman was in order. Mr. A. B Sampson placed in nomination the name of Hon. Chas. R. Drake for temporary chairman. Hon. J. M. Kirkpatrick was appointed a committee to escort the chairman to his seat. Mr. Drake very courteously returned thanks for the honor conferred, and announced that the nomination of temporary secretary was in order. Mr. H. K. Chenoweth of Nogales, was placed in nomination and unanimously elected. On motion the following committees were appointed:

Committee on Credentials: — Ben. Heney, Col. Roy, C. T. Connell, A. B. Sampson, L. B. Hayes.

Committee on Permanent Organization and Order of Business: —W. J. Osborn, J. M. Kirkpatrick, J. J. Hill, J. S. Mansfeld, J. E. Magee.

Committee on Resolutions: —T. F. Wilson, Chas. Bowman, Thos. Dearing, Al Brockman, S. Bonn.

The convention then took a recess until 1 p. m.

The convention resumed its session at 1 o'clock. Ben. Heney, chairman committee on credentials, made the following report:

TUCSON, A. T., Oct. 8, 1892.

TO THE CHAIRMAN OF THE REPUBLICAN COUNTY CONVENTION:

Your committee on credentials beg leave to respectfully submit the following report:

1st. We find the following republicans regularly elected and duly qualified to sit in the republican county convention, viz:

Tucson.—Ben Heney, H. B. Tenny, S. Bonn, L. L. Morse, J. H. Meyer, proxy; J. S. Mansfeld, W. J. Perry, Thos. F. Wilson, proxy; J. M. Pacheco, T. Driscoll, C. R. Drake, proxy; C. Bowman, J. H. Meyer, J. J. Hill, M. Spencer, J. H. Meyer, proxy; J. V. Paul, Thos. Hughes, proxy; H. E. Lacy, Thos. Hughes, proxy; J. E. Magee, M. Lamout, L. B. Hayes, proxy.

Greaterville.—Tom Deering.

Crittenden.—S. L. Parks, T. Hughes, proxy.

Total Wreck.—Wm. Shaw, W. S. George, proxy.

Baboquivari.—A. B. Sampson.

Oro Blanco.—J. M. Kirkpatrick

La Noria.—C. D. Reppy and B. Cameron.

Salero.—W. L. Campbell, C. W. Wright, proxy.

Arivaca.—R. J. Paul, R. H. Paul, proxy.

Reddington.—Placido Ruelas, J. P. Hohusen, proxy.

Elgin.—E. W. Clark, W. J. Osborn, proxy.

Harshaw.—W. S. George.

Calabasas.—G. W. Atkinson.

Tanque Verde.—E. Bullock.

Nogales.—Al Brockman, H. K. Chenoworth, L. T. Brickwood, Wm. Ray, proxy; Wm. Ray.

Gunsight.—Phillip Schaaf, Charles T. Cornell, proxy.

Olive.—S. C. Starratt.

Quijotoa.—J. B. Holt, J. S. Mansfeld, proxy.

San Xavier.—C. Connell.

Atlas.—C. C. Reitz, G. A. Avery, proxy.

Comobabi.—A. L. Cox, C. Connell, proxy.

Cerro Colorado.—W. J. Clark, Nat. Felmer, proxy.

Yellow Jacket.—A. E. Bogan, J. M. Kirkpatrick, proxy.

La Osa.—Z. H. Luckey, Thos. Hughes, proxy.

Rincon.—W. J. Osborn, A. J. Davidson, proxy.

Washington.—R. Chapin, R. H. Paul, proxy.

2d. We find that Precinct No. 9 is represented by two delegates, each having properly attested credentials, viz.: Chas. D. Reppy and Brewster Cameron. We respectfully refer said credentials to the convention for final action, with the recommendation that both delegates be seated.

Respectfully submitted,
BEN HENEY, Chairman.

On motion the report of the committee was adopted.

W. J. Osborn, chairman committee on Permanent Organization and Order of Business, made the following report:

TUCSON, A. T., Oct. 8, 1892.

MR. PRESIDENT:

Your committee on Permanent Organization and Order of Business respectfully report and recommend:

1st. That the temporary organization of this convention be made permanent.

2d. That the rules governing this body shall be Robert's Rules of Order.

3d. That all resolutions introduced shall be referred to the committee on resolutions without debate.

4th. That candidates receiving a majority of votes cast by ballots, shall be declared the nominees of this convention.

5th. That the Executive Committee of the County Central Committee is hereby delegated the authority to fill all vacancies that may exist or occur in nominations made in this convention.

6th. That the precinct officers shall be nominated by this convention and that delegates from their respective precincts shall place in nomination their precinct officers.

7th. That members of the Central Committee shall be chosen by the delegates to this convention from the respective precincts, and submit them to this convention for approval, and that representation upon said committee be as follows:

Tucson	17	delegates
Tubac	1	"
Greaterville	1	"
Crittenden	1	"
Oro Blanco	2	"
La Noria	1	"
Pantano	1	"
Arivaca	1	"
Reddington	1	"
Elgin	1	"
Harshaw	1	"
Calabasas	1	"
Tanque Verde	1	"
Nogales	5	"
Gunsight	1	"
Olive	1	"
Quijotoa	1	"
San Xavier	1	"
Poso Bueno	1	"
Comobabi	1	"
La Osa	1	"

Being upon the basis of 25 votes or fraction thereof cast at the last general election for the Republican candidate for Delegate to Congress. The County Central Committee to have authority to fill vacancies in the committee.

8th. That the order of nomination of candidates shall take place in the following order:
Legislative Councilman,
Four Members of Assembly,
Two Members Board of Supervisors,
Treasurer,
District Attorney,
Sheriff,
Recorder,
Probate Judge,
Assessor,
Surveyor.

9th. The selection and nomination of Precinct Officers.

10th. Selection and ratification of County Central Committee.

And we further recommend that the County Central Committee meet in the Hall for organization immediately after the adjournment of the convention.

All of which is respectfully submitted.
WILLIAM J. OSBORN,
J. M. KIRKPATRICK,
JOHN E. MAGEE,
J. J. HILL,
J. S. MANSFELD,
Committee.

On motion the report of the committee was adopted.

T. F. Wilson, chairman of Committee on Platform, made the following report:

The Republicans of Pima County most cordially endorse the wise and efficient administration of President Harrison, and heartily reaffirm the principles of the Republican party as declared in the platform adopted by the National Republican Convention at Minneapolis, and that we pledge our hearty support to the nominees of the Territorial Republican Convention for Delegate to Congress and Councilman-at-large.

That in grateful recognition of the services, sacrifices and sufferings of those honorably discharged from the military and naval service of the country where possessing equal qualifications, they should be preferred for appointment or election in the civil service, and we earnestly recommend to those engaged in industrial pursuits to give them preference for appointments to remunerative situations and employments.

That we are in favor of the free coinage of silver, the product of the mines of the United States, and placing it on an equality as money of the country, with gold.

That we are in favor of the reduction of taxation, and the most economical administration of Territorial and municipal affairs, and to that end, recommend that the compensation of all public officers be fixed at the lowest rate that will secure the services of competent and efficient public servants.

That the titles to the lands embraced within the so called land grants, should be speedily settled, to the end that those who have honestly made settlements on what they supposed to be public lands, should be protected in their rights.

That Arizona is justly entitled to admission into the sisterhood of states.

THOS. F. WILSON,
THOS. DEERING,
CHAS. BOWMAN,
A. BROCKMAN,
Committee.

On motion the report of the committee was unanimously adopted.

The President announced that the next business in order was the nomination of candidates and would call them in in the order named in report of Committee on Permanent Organization.

MEMBERS OF THE COUNCIL.

John W. Grant of Nogales, being placed in nomination, on motion was declared to be the nominee for the council.

FOUR MEMBERS OF THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

Henry K. Chenoweth of Nogales, Lincoln L. Morse, John E. Magee and Charles F. Schumacher of Tucson, being placed in nomination, were on motion severally declared to be the nominees for members of the house of representatives.

TWO MEMBERS BOARD OF SUPERVISORS.

Edward Vanderlip of Crittenden, and Geo. Pusch of Tucson, being placed in nomination, were on motion severally declared to be the nominees for members of the board of supervisors.

TREASURER.

W. I. Perry and J. V. Paul of Tucson, were placed in nomination and a ballot being taken resulted as follows: For W. I. Perry, 22 votes; for J. V. Paul, 23 votes, and on motion John V. Paul was declared the nominee for treasurer.

DISTRICT ATTORNEY.

Ed. Williams of Nogales, being placed in nomination for district attorney, on motion was declared to be the nominee for district attorney.

SHERIFF.

Frank A. Stevens of Tucson, being placed in nomination, on motion was declared to be the nominee for sheriff.

RECORDER.

Samuel S. Hughes, of Tucson, being placed in nomination, on motion was declared to be the nominee for recorder.

PROBATE JUDGE.

Wm. J. Osborn of Tucson, being placed in nomination, on motion was declared to be the nominee for probate judge.

ASSESSOR.

Demetrio Gill of Tucson, being placed in nomination, on motion was delared to be the nominee for assessor.

SURVEYOR.

Daniel Drummond of Tucson, being placed in nomination, on motion was declared to be the nominee for surveyor.

By motion the convention took a recess for 15 minutes in order to enable the respective delegations to select precinct officers, and again resuming its session the following nominations for justices of the peace and members of the county central committee for the respective precincts were presented, to-wit:

Tucson, No. 1.—W. H. Culver and W. F. Scott, justices of the peace; John P. Zimmerman and W. H. Lucas, constables; J. J. Sullivan, W. I. Perry, H. Buehman, Thos. Hughes, J. E. Magee, A. B. Sampson, T. F. Wilson, G. W. Brown, W. E. Felix, C. Osgood, J. H. Meyers, J. S. Mansfeld, Sylverter Bonn, M. Lamont, J. J. Goldbaum, A. J. Davidson and M. P. Freeman, members county central committee.

Tubac, No. 2.—J. F. Black, member county central committee.

Greaterville, No. 3.—Edward Downer, justice of the peace; J. Lopez, constable; Thomas Deering, member county central committee.

Crittendeo, No. 4.—John Smith, justice of the peace; Geo. W. Piper, constable; John Smith, member county central committee.

Oro Blanco, No. 8.—W. B. Perry and H. F. Diehl, members county central committee.

La Noria, No. 9.—C. D. Reppy, member county central committee.

Pantano, No. 10.—Wm. Shaw, member county central committee.

Arivaca, No. 12.—J. W. Bogan, member county central committee.

Reddington, No. 13.—Placido Ruelas, justice of the peace; John S. Warner, constable, Placido Ruelas, member county central committee.

Elgin, No. 14.—E. W. Clark, member county central committee.

Harshaw, No. 15.—Horace Jones, member county central committee.

Calabasas, No. 16.—T. D. Casanega, constable; G. W. Atkinson, member county central committee.

Tanque Verde, No. 17.—E. Bullock, member county central committee.

Nogales, No. 18.—D. J. Cummings and Frank Hamson, justices of the peace; Al Brockman and J. H. Mapes, constable; John T. Brickwood, Locke Platt, J. J. Chatham, Wm. Roy, and J. H. Mapes, members county central committee.

Gunsight, No. 19.—P. Schaaf, member county central committee.

Olive, No. 20.—D. C. Sterritt, member county central committee.

Quijotoa, No. 21.—J. B. Holt, member county central committee.

San Xavier, No. 22.—J. M. Berger, justice of the peace; Merced Federico, constable; J. M. Berger, member county central committee.

Poso Bueno, No. 23.—Charles Bent, justice of the peace; Wm. S. McKnight, constable; H. N. Labaree, member county central committee.

Camababi, No. 26.—A. L. Cox, justice of the peace; James Quinlan, member county central committee.

La Osa, No. 29.—Z. H. Lucky, justice of the peace; W. S. Sturgis, member county central committee.

On motion the candidates for county officers were authorized to select the chairman of the county central committee.

On motion a vote of thanks were tendered to the officers of the convention for their prompt, courteous and impartial discharge of their duties.

The convention having completed the business before it on motion adjourned.

$100 Reward $100.

The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages, and that is Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure is the only positive cure known to the medical fraternity. Catarrh being a constitutional disease, requires a constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system, thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, and giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in its curative powers, that they offer One Hundred Dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of testimonials.

Address, F. J. CHENEY & Co., Toledo, O.
Sold by Druggists, 75c.

The Republican Convention.

Pursuant to the call of the Chairman, the Republican County Convhntion convened at the Courthouse, last Saturday afternoon at 2 o'clock.

Hon. Chas. Baker was elected Chairman and J. H. Graham Secretary. After the appointment of the different committee the convention adjourned to meet at Armory Hall, Saturday evening at 7 o'clock.

The convention re-assembled at Armory Hall at the appointed time and having received and accepted the reports of the committees, adjourned to meet again at the Courthouse Monday at 9 o'clock a. m.

Monday the convention met at the appointed time, got right down to business and nominated a full ticket which appears at the head of our editorial columns, after which it adjourned sine die.

The proceedings of the convention were presided over by Hon. Chas. Baker with a dignity and grace seldom witnessed in political assemblies. His ready parliamentary rulings and prompt decisions met with the hearty approbation of every member of the convention.—Yuma Sentinel.

The Wrong of Fifty.

Reader, have you passed the meridian of life? Are your joints getting stiff, your muscles and sinews losing their elasticity? Are you troubled with lumbago? Are you, in short, in daily or occasional receipt of any of those admonitions which nature gives to remind people they are growing old? If so, try a course of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, a most genial and agreeable mitigator of the infirmities of age, a rapid promotor of convalescence, and an effectual means of counteracting bodily decay. Good digestion, sound sleep, a hearty appetite, freedom from rheumatic twinges, are among the benign fruits that spring from the regular and persistent use of this superb tonic and corrective, which has received the unqualided sanction of the medical fraternity. Give it the fair trial that it deserves, and you will be grateful for this advice.

TWIN EGGS.

A Feat Over Which a New Jersey Hen Cackled Proudly.

Farmer Corseglia, of South Jersey, has sent to the Philadelphia Record a rather neat thing in the way of freak eggs, the production of one of his Cochin hens. What the hen tried to do was to lay two eggs at once, but she only partially succeeded. Having produced one complete egg, correct in size and shape, she managed, in trying to instantly duplicate it, to inclose in it a flexible sac of semi-opaque skin, which also contained the complete yolk and white of another egg. The effect was, therefore, that of a hard egg and an egg that has been dropped out of its shell, both inclosed in a seamless bag about four inches long and two inches wide. After accomplishing this very unusual feat Farmer Corseglia's Cochin hen raised such a disturbance in order to call attention to her achievement that she was set upon by half the feathered inhabitants of the barnyard and forced to roost on the henhouse roof to escape their jealous wrath. The row having attracted a farm hand's notice he investigated the cause and the Cochin's prize production was carefully placed in a cigar box filled with bran and taken to Farmer Corseglia.

A Broken Reed Indeed.

This, and no mistake, is the individual whose stamina has waned to such a low ebb, for want of a sufficient tonic, that he would certainly topple over and fracture something if a bulky subject such as a fat wife, for instance, were to lean upon him. Build up, ye lean, pithless and strengthless with Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, which will enable you to eat and digest heartily, and thus acquire flesh and vigor. The fortress of life will speedily capitulate to the grim scythe-wielder, death, if you don't. Nervousness, sleeplessness, biliousness, constipation, malaria, rheumatic and kidney trouble are all conquerable by this restorative of health and vigor. In connection with the use of the Bitters, it would be well for the debiliated to study the wants of his enfeebled stomach with a view to the selection of the most digestible articles of diet.

FAMED SANTA MARIA.

COLUMBUS' FLAGSHIP COMPARED WITH MODERN SAILING VESSELS.

The Wonder to the Mariner of Today Is How the Navigator Crossed the Ocean in His Little Caravel—A Facsimile for the World's Fair.

Spain is now in the midst of a series of fetes in commemoration of the discovery of America which will last till late in October. On the 3d of August, date of the sailing of Columbus from Palos, the jubilation began, and of all the sights the exact reproduction of the flagship of Columbus, the Santa Maria, excited most amazement. Among the sailors in the vast gathering there was a loud chorus of astonishment and unbelief. Almost unanimously they declared that such a ship had not done the thing—it was impossible.

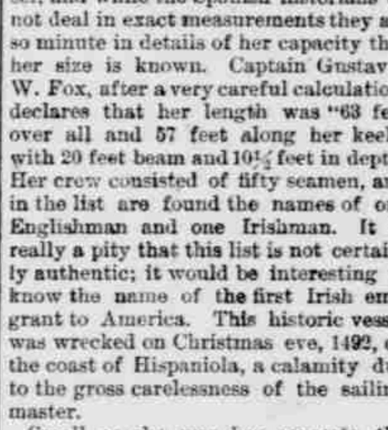
THE NEW SANTA MARIA.

It is indeed hard to believe that the little caravel of 240 tons at the outside could have made such a voyage, and when one compares it with the large sailing vessels of today he may well be incredulous. With the achievements of steam and practical science we are tolerably familiar, but the fact then (though sailing vessels antedate written history, the progress therein since 1492 is as great as in anything else) comes to one as a great surprise. Compare the little Santa Maria with, for instance, the magnificent Shenandoah, the American four masted bark and queen of all sailing vessels, which a few months ago went from San Francisco to Liverpool with 5,002 tons of wheat on board.

Consider first the big sailer. The Shenandoah, commanded by Captain Murphy, was one of the five which left the Bay of San Francisco last year on the famous race around the Horn. They sailed at high tide, of necessity, as they drew twenty-seven feet of water. The weight of wheat aboard, 5,002 tons, was the greatest cargo of the kind ever placed in a vessel and equivalent to 166,733 bushels, or the crop of an average agricultural county. An adequate description of the Shenandoah would fill a column. Sailer as she is, she "makes sail by steam," as sailors say—that is, the sails are pulled into place by a little donkey engine, and of all glorious sights to the seaman's eye there is none more glorious than to see her swell from bare poles to full rig of snowy sails in less than five minutes.

The Santa Maria might have been placed on the deck of the Shenandoah without adding perceptibly to her weight of cargo. She was a decked vessel, and while the Spanish historians do not deal in exact measurements they are so minute in details of her capacity that her size is known. Captain Gustavus W. Fox, after a very careful calculation, declares that her length was "63 feet over all and 57 feet along her keel," with 20 feet beam and 10½ feet in depth. Her crew consisted of fifty seamen, and in the list are found the names of one Englishman and one Irishman. It is really a pity that this list is not certainly authentic; it would be interesting to know the name of the first Irish emigrant to America. This historic vessel was wrecked on Christmas eve, 1492, on the coast of Hispaniola, a calamity due to the gross carelessness of the sailing master.

Small as she was, her consorts, the Pinta and the Nina, were considerably smaller, being mere barks, called caravels, without decks, unless the high prow and stern may be so called. In the



THE SHENANDOAH.

center such a vessel was absolutely open and in no respect superior to the fishing craft and other light coasting vessels of today. That men should have been willing to dare the passage of the stormy Atlantic in such craft gives us a high idea of their courage, and as a matter of fact only Columbus, Las Casas, the Pinzons and two or three other mad enthusiasts were willing. The crew consisted chiefly of desperate characters compelled to take the trip. Many were released from prison to go, and some had been condemned to death and volunteered as a bare chance for life.

Our astonishment is but slightly mitigated when we read that Columbus did not ask for large vessels, for there were many in the Spanish ports larger than these. He firmly believed that the voyage would be comparatively short and the sea where he was going always smooth, and he particularly requested such vessels as would enable him to run close in along the shores and sail up the rivers. On his third voyage, when he actually reached South America, he complained of the size of his vessel, which rendered coast exploration difficult.

The Spanish authorities declare that the Santa Maria of 1892 is an exact reproduction in every detail of that of 1492. It has the same old fashioned shape, the same primitive masts, riggings and sails, and even the same armament of falconets and mortars, halberds and arquebuses. The cabin of the commander is furnished in the style of the Fifteenth century, and its table is littered with maps, documents and nautical instruments of the period. Finally, its mastheads are decorated with the royal standards of Castille and Leon, in exact imitation of the flags which Columbus planted in the New World on Oct. 12, 1492. The vessel is manned by an excellent crew, obtained from among the fishermen and sailors of Cadiz and San Fernando, and placed under the orders of a detachment of officers of the royal navy.

At the opening of the Spanish fetes, on Aug. 3, the war vessels of all nations were at Huelva to salute the new Santa Maria on her first voyage down the river, and her entrance into the Bay of Cadiz was greeted by deafening salvos. As there was almost a dead calm, however, she had to be taken in tow by a gunboat, which marred the representation somewhat. Later, however, she sailed out beautifully on the route taken by Columbus, and returned to receive renewed salutes. At this naval congress of nations the fact was humorously commented on that Columbus took with him for interpreter a scholar who knew Latin, Greek, Hebrew, Arabic, Coptic and Armenian, in addition to Spanish; that this learned gentleman was a failure in the New World, and that the first to master any of the Indian tongues were the most illiterate sailors. But this is an oft repeated experience.

J. H. BEADLE.

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An Interesting Letter.

LOS ANGELES, Cal., Oct. 4 1892.

It was in the dewey morn, and old Sol had already gilded the eastern horizon, as I took one of the electric cars at the Hollenbek for the Arcade depot. I might have taken two of them but somehow on this particular dewey morn the capacity of one seemed to be quite sufficient for my needs. It was a gladsome morning, and all nature breathed of sunshine and joy, the very ambient air was infectious with it. I took a seat on the opposite side of the car from her. She was on the other opposite side. Ah, she was a peach, a whole basket of them, luscious and just mature; there was nothing extraordinary about her, and, yet, your eye caught on at once, and somehow didn't seem to be able to-to-unhook, as it were. It seemed more the setting than the diamond itself, and, yet, the two seemed to blend, and harmonize and coalesce, and then you were in doubt as to which was the whichest of the two. Was she conscious of any presence? I knew I had got there the moment I entered that car. There was nothing, "ah, there," about this girl, oh, no, but, by George, she was a stunner. A nickle for that ride hardly paid the interest on its value. She got off at the Arcade, and as she promenades the platform, while waiting for the train, I noe her make-up, and for the benefit of you and your girl I will endeavor to give it to you, but don't you give it away.

Dressed in a travelling costume of a soft grayish material, a close fitting corset set off by strips of lemon colored braid, about four-eighths of an inch in width, hanging in loose ends two and one-half inches below, and running up from the lower edge in varying lengths of from four to twelve inches, and extending clear around the waist, with intervals of three-quarters of an inch. The collar reaching well up on the throat, and encircled by three bands of this same braid. A small cape dropping below the shoulder, with three bands of the braid, half an inch apart, around the edge. A flowing sleeve to the elbow, close fitting from elbow to wrist, around a full, tapering arm, encircled by ten bands of the same braid between wrist and elbow. A delicate hand, with long tapering fingers, in a glove of undressed kid of the same shade as the braid on the dress, the black stitching on the back relieving the slight monotony. A small foot, incased in a high-heeled gaiter, peeping out from underneath a skirt whose color, as well as that of the gaiter, is still of that same gray. Hat and vail still the same, but relieved by the canary colored feather.

There was nothing expensive about this costume, nothing particularly striking, and, yet, its force seemed to double you all up. Its simplicity and perfect harmony, and the excellent good taste displayed were catchy. The gingle of its rhythm, or rather I should say the rhythm of its gingle caught on. The tout ensemble was there in full force. Ah, if my girl could only dress like that! I wonder if this girl was everybody's girl,—she ought to be. She might be mine, but, of course, she doesn't know that, she can't know anything. For the sake of that girl I would surrender all of my bright hopes and a few of the actualities in life. I have quite a varied and extensive repertoire of the former. But no, it cannot be. The golden glow on the western horizon (with the accent on the second syllable) admonishes me that it is non-frosty eve, and while the nightingales peal forth their ecstacy, and the stars shine, and the soft winds breathe of perfume I will—give thee a rest.

T. AMA LE.

University of Arizona.

Second year begins September 28, 1892. School of Agriculture, School of Mines and Preparatory Course. Departments fully equipped in laboratories and apparatus. Tuition free. Board in dormitory for limited number at cost. For information and catalogue address

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8-15 tf

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Republican Platform.

The Republican party of the Territory of Arizona, in Territorial convention assembled in the city of Prescott, present to their fellow citizens the following statement of the tenets of their political faith, and ask from the voters of Arizona a careful consideration of the same:

We endorse the platform adopted by the Republican National convention of 1892, at Minneapolis, as the highest expression of those principles of government, that through the rule of the Republican party have made the United States the greatest and most prosperous Nation on earth.

We endorse the present National administration and urge its continuance in power, for the reason that in its success is the only assurance of the maintenance of that policy that has made the United States the leading Nation of the earth.

We endorse the present territorial administration as pure, economical and progressive, and call the attention of the citizens of Arizona to the benefits which will accrue to the territory by the success attending the refunding of our territorial indebtedness under the wise provisions of the Wolfley Funding act.

We favor the free and unlimited coinage of silver as being demanded by the best interests of our Nation.

We point with pride to the general close observance of all laws, both federal and territorial, and challenge a comparison with any state in the union, and we earnestly urge the admission of Arizona into full statehood.

We charge the leaders of the Democratic party of Arizona with debasing the honest labor of the territory by arraying against it the competition of convicted criminals—a competition that placed the cell of the felon against the home of wife and children, the whip of the taskmaster against the dignity of men laboring for love of home and hearthstone—by passing during the last legislature—in which body out of a total of thirty-six members the Democratic party had twenty seven a law authorizing the leasing of the convict labor of the Territorial prison, and we ask from every laboring man a comparision between this action of the Democratic legislature and the action of the Republican governor in vetoing the measure.

Recognizing that no factor in the future development of the west can be so potent as better and cheaper railroad transportation, and realizing from the history of the past the growing danger to the public welfare of the enormous power of railroad and telegraph lines, we believe and urge as a public necessity that the ownership of all railroad and telegraph lines, be vested in the general government and pledge ourselves as Republicans to labor to the accomplishment of that end.

Large bodies of land in this territory are held by various corporations, under congressional land grants on which no taxes are paid owing to their not being surveyed and patented. We pledge our representative to urge upon congress immediate action to have their grants and their unsurveyed land surveyed, and thus increase the taxable property by many thousands of dollars. We urge upon congress the ceding to differthent states and territories of all arid lands now held by the federal government.

A Cure for Cholera.

There is no use of any one suffering with the cholera when Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy can be procured. It will give relief in a few minutes and cure in a short time. I have tried it and know.—W. H. Clinton, Helmetta, N. J. The epidemic at Helmetta was at first believed to be cholera, but subsequent investigation proved it to be a violent form of dysentery, almost as dangerous as cholera. This Remedy was used there with great success. For sale by F. Fleishman, Druggist.

A BALTIMORE man had earache continually for eleven years. Finally he recovered and delight drove him insane.

A LITTLE child in Waynesboro, Ga., swallowed a galvanized iron staple and experienced no bad results from it.

DR. KELLAR, of Pottstown, cut a threaded needle out of the foot of William Ellis the other day. Ellis did not know how it got there, but has suffered from it for several years.

A MISSISSIPPI boy sent to Louisville for medical treatment is abnormally fond of water, although previous to an accidental shooting some months ago he had as strong an aversion to it. For the past two months he has been sitting in a tub of water, and screams as if in the greatest agony when out of his huge tub.

Pure Blood

is absolutely necessary in order to have perfect health. Hood's Sarsaparilla is the great blood purifier, quickly conquering scrofula, salt rheum, and all other insidious enemies which attack the blood and undermine the health. It also builds up the whole system, cures dyspepsia and sick headache, and overcomes that tired feeling.

Scrofula Sores.

"My adopted boy, aged 14 years, suffered terribly from scrofula sores on his leg, which spread till they at one time formed one great sore from the calf of his leg up to his thigh, partially covered with scab, and discharging matter continually. The muscles became contracted so that his leg was drawn up and he could hardly walk. We tried everything we could hear of, without success, until we began giving him Hood's Sarsaparilla. In just a month, after he had taken two-thirds of a bottle, the sores entirely healed, his leg is perfectly straight, and he

Can Walk as Well as Ever.

Hood's Sarsaparilla is the best medicine I ever saw for scrofulous humor. It has done its work more than satisfactorily." WILLIAM SANDERS, Rochdale, Milam County, Texas.

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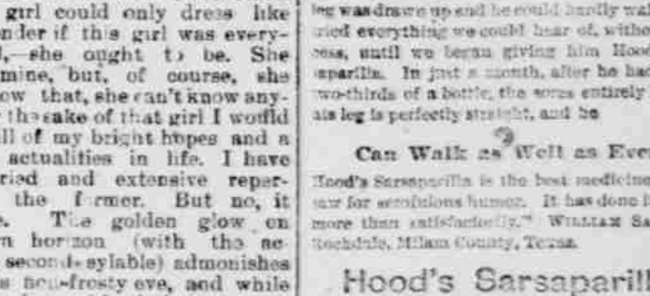

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