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GENERAL TERRAZAS TO APPEAL TO BRYAN TO SAVE SON LUIS

General Villa Makes Another Demand for Half Million and Says Hostage Will Be Killed in Five Days

HAS ALREADY PAID \$650,000

Aged Father is Willing to Go to Chihuahua and Submit to Hanging in Order to Save His Son from Death

[ASSOCIATED PRESS DISPATCH] EL PASO, March 5.—General Luis Terrazas appealed today to Marion Letcher, the American consul at Chihuahua, now here, for instructions how to save his son Luis, whose life has been declared forfeit if \$500,000 ransom money is not paid over to General Villa. Consul Letcher declined that he is helpless in the matter. An appeal to Secretary Bryan may be made. The Terrazas family is unable to raise the money.

"I am eighty years old, and neither life nor money means much to me," said Terrazas, with a tremor in his voice. "My son, Luis, has thirteen children, and they need him. I would gladly return to Chihuahua, and Villa could kill me, instead of my son."

It is said tonight the most serious obstacle in the way of a settlement of the matter is Villa's refusal to allow Don Luis to leave Mexico until after the money is paid. General Terrazas, replying to Villa's made the payment of the money contingent on his son being brought to the center of the international bridge, while the sum is changing hands. This Villa flatly declined to do.

General Terrazas regards any other arrangements as folly, as his son, doubtless, he thinks, would be used merely as a means of further extortion. Villa's messenger to General Terrazas said the money must be paid in five days or Don Luis will be killed.

At the time of Luis Terrazas' arrest, the rebels demanded \$500,000 in gold as the price on his life. This sum was slow in being paid and Luis was taken out and the noose adjusted about his neck. Then he was gently hoisted from his feet. The torture was repeated until he signalled that he would pay the sum they demanded—all he had in the Chihuahua bank.

After this incident he was removed from the palace, where he had been confined, and allowed to live under guard with his family in one of his father's houses.

Women relatives some time later appealed to Villa to release him, but Villa was adamant.

"If the Clentificos had Pancho Villa a prisoner in the same circumstances, do you think he would be restrained in a palace and treated with the consideration I have shown Don Luis?" Villa replied. "No; Pancho Villa's head would have been placed on a pike and paraded about the city. The Terrazas family have accumulated their great wealth through oppression of the people, and now the people demand retribution."

Felix Diaz Arrives

WASHINGTON, March 5.—Interest in the Mexican situation warmed up here today, with the arrival of Felix Diaz, who helped Huerta overthrow Madero and later fled from Vera Cruz because of fear of Huerta. It is generally supposed he desires to appear before the senate foreign relations committee, and Chairman Shively, acting chairman of the committee, said that Diaz will be heard if he wishes. Senator Works of California will address the senate tomorrow on the Mexican situation, while Senator Fall of New Mexico will discuss the subject on Saturday.

Secretary Bryan appeared before the house committee on foreign affairs, and answered questions about conditions in Mexico. Some members of the committee said he made a favorable impression, and that resolutions calling for information, will not be necessary. Representative Rainey, republican of Pennsylvania, however, who has a resolution pending, calling for information on the Mexican situation, issued a statement declaring that the house is entitled to receive facts, and that they should be made public. President Wilson told eaters today.

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Washerwomen Walk Miles To Confer With Carranza

[ASSOCIATED PRESS DISPATCH] NACO, March 5.—General Carranza arrived tonight and will leave tomorrow on his horseback ride overland to Chihuahua.

During the day's trip from Nogales the rebel chieftain met no enemy more dangerous than a delegation of washerwomen, who accosted him at the railroad station above Cananea and told him of their troubles with the Chinese laundrymen of the Mexican mining town, where last week there had been an anti-Chinese riot.

TEMPERATE ZONE NEGRO'S SALVATION

HARTFORD, March 5.—"I sentence you to not less than twenty years, nor more than twenty-five in the state prison, and you may thank Heaven you live in a more or less temperate zone," said Judge Case, sentencing Everett Brown, aged 28, colored, who was found guilty of assault upon Mary Staukey, aged 14 years, and white.

Nelson Says He Knows Nothing About Assault

[ASSOCIATED PRESS DISPATCH] SAN FRANCISCO, March 5.—Captain Nelson, who tried to hold up Williamette, off the coast of Los Angeles County, on December 31, was found guilty of assault with a deadly weapon by a jury of the United States District Court. The offense carries a maximum penalty of five years. Nelson, on the witness stand declared he remembered nothing of the alleged assault.

Nelson was formerly second officer of the Williamette. He entered the captain's cabin masked with a towel, wearing a fuzzy wig, and with two pistols. In the battle between the two men which followed, Nelson was finally overpowered. There were \$2,000 in the safe, and it is the government's theory that Nelson intended to take this and tie it to a life preserver, jump overboard with another life preserver around his body and swim for the shore with the coin.

Nelson took the witness stand in his own defense today, and testified that he was hit on the head with a rock in Alaska eleven years ago. Ever since then, he said, he had suffered from a lapse of memory whenever he touched liquor. He drank some liquor in San Francisco on Christmas Eve, he said, was beaten up by two sailors with whom he had quarreled previously, and remembered no more until he found himself in jail in California a fortnight later.

Murders Wife On Anniversary Of Their Marriage

[ASSOCIATED PRESS DISPATCH] CHICAGO, March 5.—William Cheney Ellis, a wealthy leather merchant of Cincinnati, was found guilty of having murdered his wife, Mrs. Eleanor Hoshea Ellis, in a hotel here, the night they celebrated their ninth wedding anniversary with a dinner and theater party. His punishment was fixed at thirteen years in the state penitentiary.

The husband defended himself by testifying that he suspected his wife came here to meet Fred Caldwell, a young dry goods merchant whom they met on their vacation in Canada.

Mrs. Ellis was a beautiful woman, and mother of two daughters, Eleanor, aged eight, and Violet, aged two.

REWARD OF SUCCESS

[ASSOCIATED PRESS DISPATCH] NEW YORK, March 5.—The reward of a successful playwright was revealed in court by George Broadhurst, whose wife is suing for separation. He said his annual income from plays during the last two years averaged \$100,000, and on the strength of this declaration, the playwright was ordered to pay his wife \$10,000 per year pending the trial of her suit.

BANDITS 'RICH' HAUL

[ASSOCIATED PRESS DISPATCH] LOS ANGELES, March 5.—A mince pie, a rifle, a revolver and \$8.50 constituted the loot obtained by bandits who robbed a bank and store and the railroad station at Puente.

SALAZAR IS GUILTY

[ASSOCIATED PRESS DISPATCH] GLOBE, March 5.—Gudalope Salazar, aged 19 years, was found guilty and sentenced to life imprisonment for the murder of Francisco Ramirez, his room-mate.

in which the women took a leading part. Pathos was blended with humor in the situation when Carranza was informed that the delegation had been walking from Cananea, a matter of fifteen miles, each day for four days, so that they would not miss seeing him. Carranza told the women that the Chinese have already been barred from entering Mexico, and that conditions arising from those already in the country must be borne with patience.

Representative Palmer of Pennsylvania announced that a poll of the house conclusively demonstrated that there were more than enough votes in the house to sustain the president's appeal. Representative Knowland of California, republican, issued a statement declaring that "because of the failure of the foreign policy to please nations that are our commercial rivals, the government's policy must be reversed, congress turn a somersault and this

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WILSON PLEADS FOR REPEAL OF ALL FREE TOLLS

President Goes Before Both Branches of Congress and Asks Amendment of the Measure He Says Violates Treaty

SENATORS SAY WILL HAVE WAY

Some Republicans Criticize Executive and Point to His Pre-election Speech Against Talking One Way and Voting Another

[ASSOCIATED PRESS DISPATCH] WASHINGTON, March 5.—President Wilson pleaded before congress for the repeal of the clause in the canal act exempting American coastwise shipping from Panama canal tolls. He tersely asserted that everywhere except in the United States the proposed exemption is regarded as a violation of the Hay-Pauncefote treaty, and further asked it in support of the administration's general foreign policy. That the president's request will be granted there seemed to be little doubt, despite the fact there will be vigorous opposition in both houses of congress.

An amendment was introduced in the senate today, giving the president the authority to make or suspend tolls by proclamation, and putting it squarely up to the president to eliminate the exemption. The president said later that no particular thing caused him to read his message except that doubt existed in some quarters of congress as to how strongly he was convinced of the necessity of the repeal of the act. The president's language in his speech was commented on widely, particularly as no communication has yet addressed to congress carried "graver or more far-reaching implications to the interest of the country," the interpretation placed on the treaty elsewhere, and the concluding statement as to "other matters of even greater delicacy and nearer consequence."

The president told eaters that a nation which believed the United States will not keep a treaty promise so important a treaty as this is not liable to expect sincerity on other delicate questions. The president also told eaters that the phrases had no significance beyond bearing on the tolls question, and as evidence of unwavering good faith on all other questions, and that nothing critical is pending in foreign relations.

He said, while he had never received formal communications on the subject, he understood other European nations generally took the same view as Great Britain. Word had come to the president of the general impression in Europe that the United States was "falling as close to the wind as possible" in interpreting the promises made in the treaties. No pressure had been brought to bear by any nation to emphasize this view.

Senator Shively, chairman of the foreign relations committee, said the administration inherited many foreign problems, and it was necessary that foreign relations be readjusted. "This is what I think he had in mind in reference to 'other matters.' Some senators are inclined to believe that the Chilton amendment would leave congress open to the charge that it attempted to dodge the issue flatly placed before it by the president."

Some of the leaders in congress, including Majority Leader Underwood of the house, who oppose the repeal, had no comment to make. Many senators and congressmen praised the message. Others indicated that they would support the repeal, although they did not agree with the president's position.

"I voted for toll exemption," said Senator Kern, democratic leader in the senate. "If I vote for repeal, it would not be because I have changed my views. I don't believe that toll exemption violates the Hay-Pauncefote treaty. If I support the president's request, I would do so because of his desire for congress to support his foreign policy, and for the further reason that in questions of this kind, where there are any doubts as to the interpretation of treaties, the foreigner should be given the benefit of the doubt."

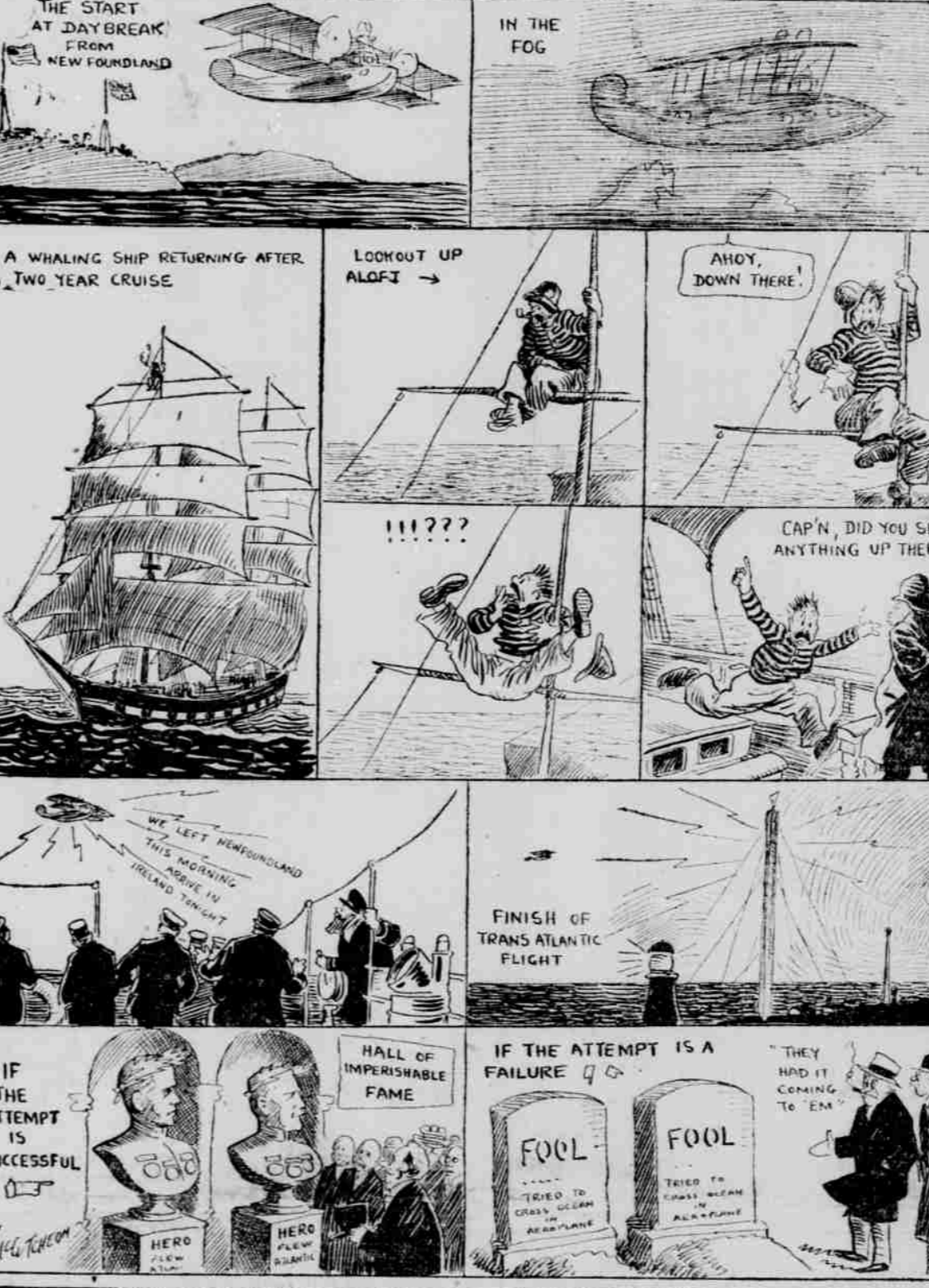
Representative Evans of Montana, republican member of the committee, telegraphed yesterday he would be on record in favor of the repeal of the bill at the committee meeting tomorrow.

Representative Palmer of Pennsylvania announced that a poll of the house conclusively demonstrated that there were more than enough votes in the house to sustain the president's appeal. Representative Knowland of California, republican, issued a statement declaring that "because of the failure of the foreign policy to please nations that are our commercial rivals, the government's policy must be reversed, congress turn a somersault and this

After the accident, Davis said, "I cannot see how the accident came to happen. Neither of us were driving fast. He evidently saw me trying to turn into Roosevelt, and thinking we might collide, swung his car to get out of the way. There was plenty of room, but when I saw his action, I too, turned back into Central avenue. But he had lost control of the car and the next thing I knew it had gone into the curb and turned over. I stopped, and we rushed out to hit the car and carry its occupants into Dr. Bell's house." The number of Himebaugh's machine was 1323. It was badly wrecked.

THIS SUMMER ATTEMPT TO FLY ACROSS THE ATLANTIC.

By John T. McCutcheon.



FIVE HURT AS MOTOR BOUNDS OVER CURB

To Avert What He Thought Would Be Collision With Another Auto, W. D. Himebaugh Swerves and Turns Too Short

Five persons were more or less badly bruised and scratched, when the automobile in which they were riding on North Central avenue, last night, swerved, struck an irrigating ditch headgate, overturned, and brought up against a telephone pole on the inside of the sidewalk at Central and Roosevelt. Mrs. Clara Wing, of Third and Virginia avenue, president of the Phoenix W. C. T. U., was the most seriously hurt, sustaining bruises about the head, a probable internal injury. W. E. Himebaugh, driver of the car, and Mrs. Himebaugh were shaken and scratched, and Mr. Himebaugh's left arm was wrenched. Clarence Wing and Mrs. Laid, the other two occupants of the car, were less badly injured.

The accident occurred shortly after nine. The party was proceeding north on Central avenue, returning from the Brown-Curry revival service. Himebaugh, who, it is believed, was an inexperienced driver, saw a car driven by W. E. Davis, following an attempt to turn westward into Roosevelt street. He feared a collision, and although both cars were going slowly, he did not try to stop, but turned. Too late, he saw he had made the turn fatally short. The car struck the curb, lifted over it and struck the square concrete structure in the canal. It bonked up and fell, top down, on the sidewalk, against a telephone post.

Bystanders rushed to the scene and carried the injured ones into the home of Dr. Bell, which is right on the corner. Here, he, with other physicians summoned rapidly by phone, bound up the hurts and prepared the patients to return to their own homes.

Himebaugh is state superintendent of Presbyterian Sunday schools. Mrs. Wing is president of the Woman's Christian Temperance Union in this city. The five had just left the revival meeting at the "tabernacle" and were on their way home. After the accident, Davis said, "I cannot see how the accident came to happen. Neither of us were driving

INSULTS CROWN PRINCE; TO JAIL SIX MONTHS

BERLIN, March 5.—For insulting the crown prince in a newspaper article, saying "it would be a public misfortune" if the crown prince ascended the throne, Hans Leuss, the writer, was sentenced to six months' imprisonment. The article was entitled, "William the Last."

WEALTH COMES TO DAY LABORER BY DEATH OF MOTHER

BERKELEY, March 5.—Winthrop O. Vinton, a laborer, received news today that he had inherited \$250,000 from his mother, at Somerville, Mass. He will leave at once for the east. A college graduate, Vinton served through the Philippine campaign in the Spanish-American war and then engaged in business in San Francisco. He failed in business and went to work as a common laborer.

STARTS POOR; DIES RICH

HANNIBAL, March 5.—William I. Delaney, 96 years old, who started life as a farm hand at twenty-five cents per day, died today, leaving an estate valued at \$1,000,000. He was a noted philanthropist, having given several poor girls college educations.

EX-SENATOR MASSY DIES

[ASSOCIATED PRESS DISPATCH] RENO, March 5.—Former United States Senator W. A. Massy died enroute from Reno to Susanville, Cal., on legal business. Death is attributed to heart trouble.

DON'T WANT TO LEAVE CALUMET MINE DISTRICT

Men Imported to Take the Place of Strikers Tell Investigating Committee They Liked the Work and Praise Militia

[ASSOCIATED PRESS DISPATCH] HOUGHTON, March 5.—A witness before the congressional committee investigating the Michigan copper strike told the committee the conduct of the Michigan national guardsmen in general had been excellent. Specific charges against the militiamen will be taken up at the Chicago hearing. Workmen who were imported by the mining companies to take the place of the strikers told the committee that they came here of their own volition, and remained because they liked the work.

Imported men, a score of whom testified, said they signed contracts to come here to work as trimmers at \$2.60 per day, the prevailing wage in this district. Manager MacNaughton of the Calumet and Hecla Company was erroneously quoted as saying "trimmers are paid only \$1.60 per day." Many witnesses said they had been given work as miners in a short time, for which they were paid \$3.00 and \$3.25 per day. It appeared as the new men were inexperienced, none of them had been placed on contract work. They said under the agreement with the company they would have their fare refunded if they remained six months and were to be

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Wilson Is Casting About For Two Efficient Men

[ASSOCIATED PRESS DISPATCH] WASHINGTON, March 5.—"Wanted: The best authority in international law, best lawyer obtainable for the position of counselor and solicitor, respectively, in the state department." This word came from the White House today, with information that the president sought the most efficient men for these places, regardless

PUT PROJECT ADDITIONS UP TO FARMERS

Governors Approve Survey Board's Recommendations for Horseshoe Dam and New Wells to Add to Resources

SHAREHOLDERS TO HAVE VOTE ON IT

Smith Time Extension Bill Approved—Twenty Day Limit for Signing Applications Stands Test of Board's Approval

BRIEF LIST OF ACTS BY WATER USERS' BOARD

The submission of the proposition of building the Horseshoe dam to the shareholders in the Water Users' Association, and the consulting of these landowners also on the matter of twenty-one additional wells and The approval of these two propositions by the board of governors, and

The approval of the new Smith bill extending the time of the payment for the present irrigation project, and

The rejection of a movement to rescind the action of last week giving cultivated land owners twenty days in which to sign up before their chance to get in on the water apportionment for the coming season, and

The passage of a vote of thanks for the survey board, and The designation of The Arizona Republican as the paper in which to print the election notices for the annual election in April.

Having approved the recommendation of the survey board that the reclamation service add to the present water sources of the Salt River Valley, the storage at the Horseshoe dam site and twenty-one additional pumps, the board of governors of the association in special session yesterday decided to put these measures up to the shareholders, and ordered that they be included on the ballot at the annual election of officers which occurs April 7. A resolution was passed to supplement that one which was sent to Washington Monday after the regular monthly meeting. It is this:

Whereas, the board of survey, appointed by the government to determine the number of acres capable of irrigation from the present combined sources of water supply available for shareholders of the Salt River Valley Water Users' Association, has fixed and determined such acreage to be 175,000 acres including townsites and including Indian lands signed up to the Salt River Valley Water Users' Association, but not including lands under the Temple Canal and the Utah Canal, or other lands scattered throughout the Salt River project, and not signed to the Salt River Valley Water Users' Association, and has further estimated that by the installation of twenty-one additional pumping plants the said irrigable acreage can be increased from 175,000 acres to 195,000 acres, and has further estimated and determined that by the construction of a storage reservoir at the Horseshoe dam site on the Verde River additional waters can be impounded sufficient to increase the said acreage to 211,000 acres approximately. Now, be it

Resolved, That the board of governors of the Salt River Valley Water Users' Association does hereby approve the findings and determination of the said board of survey, so appointed by the government, in so far as they relate to the building of pumping plants and the Horseshoe dam and the said reservoir, and does recommend that the said twenty-one additional pumping plants be installed, and the said Horseshoe reservoir on the Verde River be constructed so that the acreage under the Salt River project can be increased to 211,000 acres, which will irrigate and care for practically the total signed acreage under the project. Be it further

Resolved, That the question of the advisability of the installation of

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(of their political affiliations. The name of W. W. Rockhill, former ambassador to Turkey, who was recently mentioned for the position of diplomatic advisor to the president of China, was prominent in today's discussions. Henry White, former ambassador to France; William B. Hale and John Lind were also mentioned.