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## MEXICAN DELEGATES MAKE PROPOSITION WHICH PROVES A SNAG

Want Huerta Allowed to Appoint Man Selected by Conference for President, as Minister of Foreign Affairs

WOULD SUCCEED TO PRESIDENCY

Such An Act, However, It Is Contended Would Be Tantamount to Recognition of the Present Government

[ASSOCIATED PRESS DISPATCH] NIAGARA FALLS, June 9.—The United States is unwilling to extend recognition to the new provisional president if named according to the method prescribed by the Mexican delegates, it was learned tonight. The method is that Huerta would appoint as minister of foreign affairs the man who is agreed upon here to head the new government. The Washington administration contends that if Huerta is permitted to name a foreign minister, who by constitutional succession would be elevated to the presidency, even though the selection is made here, such an act would be construed as a recognition of the Huerta government.

On this issue the mediating plenipotentiaries came to a disagreement at a conference held for consideration of the exact method by which the new provisional government in Mexico is to be created. For more than two hours the mediators and American delegates argued in vain and it was apparent when the conference ended that what hitherto has been considered a subject of detail had suddenly developed into a snag.

Although the mediators argued strongly for the Mexican standpoint, there is good reason to believe the Mexican delegates will not insist upon this arrangement if it is found the United States is determined against it.

One of the Mexican delegates stated that they regarded the form of transition as a technicality which will be dispensed with if the American government found it impossible to agree to the methods suggested by the Mexican delegates. The mediators contended that the form of the Mexican constitution should be preserved in the present instance. The American delegates are understood to have pointed out that the constitutionalists would never agree to a plan of transition which legalized Huerta's status. Also the American government, it is asserted, could not consistently with its previous course, extend what would be tantamount to recognition if Huerta actually appointed his own successor. There is a possibility a compromise will be agreed upon.

Pedro Lascurain, who was minister of foreign affairs when President Madero was assassinated, could be re-appointed to the cabinet, and succeed to the provisional presidency, and then appoint as foreign minister the man agreed upon to all parties for the new provisional executive. Lascurain is persona non grata with the constitutionalists but it is not believed there would be objection from them to his brief tenure of office in order that the transition might be constitutionally effected.

Predictions that an agreement would soon be reached, were abandoned in quarters hitherto optimistic for a quick conclusion.

The counter proposals of the American government to the Mexican plan have not yet been taken up with the Mexican delegates, although they received them from the mediators earlier in the day.

### Will Likely Participate

WASHINGTON, June 9.—Every indication in Washington tonight points to participation by the constitutionalists in the mediation conference at Niagara Falls. While final word was awaited by his agents here from Carranza as to the answer that will be forwarded the mediators to their proposal, the delay was accounted for by telegraphic disturbances between the United States border and Saltillo. It is expected that the definite position of the constitutionalists will be communicated to Niagara Falls before many hours.

Some of those in touch with the first

## MOTHER'S PLEA RETURNS BOY TO FLORENCE

SAN BERNARDINO, June 8.—Appeals of his mother that he go back to the Arizona penitentiary at Florence and serve out his sentence, caused Robert Fowler to give himself up to the police in response to her plea. He said he escaped from prison in order to see his mother.

## Constitutionalists Are Considering Reply To Note

[ASSOCIATED PRESS DISPATCH] SALTILLO, (Sunday via El Paso Tuesday)—The reply to the latest communication to Carranza from the mediators is being thoroughly discussed by the general and his advisers. What the purport of the reply will be, is not indicated at Carranza's headquarters, but there is a strong feeling among the constitutionalist leaders that the plan of Guadalupe will be adhered to rigidly.

At San Pedro de las Colonias, where Carranza stopped on his way here, a ceremony of unusual significance occurred. Flowers and palm branches covered the ground which not two months ago was strewn with shells and dead bodies. When Carranza stepped from the car at the spot where Velasco's federalists made their last desperate stand against Villa, he was given an enthusiastic reception. Thousands gathered at the station and drowned out the music of the bands with cheers. Young women with great armfuls of flowers strewed them in the general's path.

Villa at Torreón  
TORREÓN, June 9.—General Villa arrived here and has begun preparations for an aggressive campaign against Zacatecas. He will proceed south soon. According to an official dispatch, Fresalillo, 36 miles north of Zacatecas, was taken yesterday by the forces of General Benavides after considerable fighting.

The federalists retreated, totally destroying the railroad between Fresalillo and Zacatecas. It is thought, however, that the line can be repaired within six days. Details of the action have not reached here, but it is understood the constitutional success was complete.

## Two Thousand Strikers Storm Pittsburg Jail

[ASSOCIATED PRESS DISPATCH] PITTSBURG, June 9.—A crowd estimated at 2000 surrounded the East Pittsburg jail, threatening to enter the building by force, in what promised to be the first serious outbreak of 1914 employees of the Westinghouse Electric and Manufacturing Company. The strike leaders hastily organized a band, and led the strikers from the jail.

The trouble arose when a crowd of pickets and citizens closed in on a wagon being taken into the plant of the Westinghouse Electric and Manufacturing Company. The special policeman arrested one man and in trying to get him through the crowd were forced to club another man. The crowd became inflamed and threatening the officer followed him to jail.

chief of the constitutionalists insisted tonight the revolutionary leader will not consent to an armistice in the campaign against the Huerta government at Mexico City, but that he would express a willingness to acquiesce in the peace proposals as they relate to the establishment of a provisional government pending a general election, provided ample representation is given in the provisional government to the belligerents against Huerta.

Should Carranza refuse a cessation of hostilities it seemed improbable that

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## REPEAL MOVE FAILS BEFORE COMMISSION

Commissioner Woods Says Majority of Citizens Want Measure Killed But Mayor and Associates Do Not Concur

EXECUTIVE HAS BIG BOND PLAN

Proposes to Borrow Enough Money to Refund City's Indebtedness at Lower Rate of Interest Than Now In Effect

City Commissioner Frank Woods failed to receive a second to his motion, introduced at the meeting of the commission last evening, that an ordinance be prepared repealing the famous license tax ordinance No. 6. The other commissioners spoke against it and Mayor Young advanced a plan which if adopted, he says, will at once place the city of Phoenix on a business basis, place ready money in the treasury and reduce the city tax rate to sixty cents on each \$100 valuation. His plan, he says, will take the money out of safety deposit vaults and the stocking in the chimney and place it in circulation. It will keep it at home, create payrolls and send pay checks on the pounds on Saturday nights, said the mayor. While this is being accomplished, according to the mayor, the city will need the benefit of some such ordinance as No. 6, six percent, amended, and thereafter it will be available as an emergency measure.

It was a most interesting session, Commissioner Woods took exception to Mayor Young's defense of the new license tax ordinance, evidently construing the executive's remarks to be in the nature of a personal reflection upon the commissioner's judgment. Mayor Young hastened to assure Commissioner Woods that every man had a right to his own opinion, but that he felt that to take action looking to the repeal of the ordinance at a time when the business men generally are coming to realize the good points of the measure and the ease with which the faulty points may be corrected or eliminated, would prove fatal to the usefulness of the commission in the future and a positive blow to the community generally.

It all came about under the head of new business when Commissioner Woods arose and said he had been making a canvass of the public generally and that as far as he had been able to ascertain the general sentiment was opposed to the ordinance. He charged that a majority of the people of Phoenix would be against the ordinance if given an opportunity, basing his claim upon the canvass he had made. He followed his remarks with the introduction of a resolution providing for the preparation by the city attorney of an ordinance repealing ordinance No. 6. There was no second.

When Mayor Young in addressing the commissioners from the chair, stated he believed that the business men are now in favor of the ordinance since they have learned of the willingness of the commissioners to amend it, laid stress upon the suicidal nature of any movement of the commission to repeal the measure at this time. Commissioner Woods interjected a remark that "every tub stands upon its own bottom and I don't ask anybody else to stand for what I do."

The mayor assured Mr. Woods there was no intention of engaging in personalities and then likened Phoenix to a great corporation.

"A successful business institution never borrows money in small amounts," said the mayor. "What we need is ready money to take care of the needs of the city. I will say that funds have been promised up to any amount you care to require on a basis not to exceed four per cent interest. I have been asked to come out open and above board with what I have in mind. Now I propose that the city vote upon a bond issue. If the commission and the citizens will stand back of me we will ask for a \$3,000,000 bond issue to refund the city's present indebtedness. The city will control its own bonds and keep its own interest at home. My aim is to get payrolls here and have pay checks going the rounds on Saturday nights. The banks will have the benefit of this ready money too. We have enough banks but they need more ready money. The city must be conducted on a business basis if it is ever to be a success.

"Ordinance No. 6 should and will be dressed up and continued only as an emergency measure. If I were managing this city I would have the city treasury filled and the tax rate reduced to sixty cents in less than three years' time. Everything possible has been resorted to to destroy the reputation of this city from a financial standpoint. It has been damaged thousands of dollars the past few days. It is regrettable. A little more reason, a little more common sense, and this could have been adjusted in thirty minutes. My only

## EVERYTHING NOW IN READINESS FOR ROOSEVELT-WILLARD WEDDING TOMORROW



Top, left to right: Miss Belle Willard, Kermit Roosevelt and Mrs. Theodore Roosevelt. Bottom, Theodore Roosevelt and Joseph Willard.

## ROOSEVELT IS GUEST OF THE SPANISH KING

Colonel Takes Lunch With Their Majesties; and Discusses History; Party Sees Famous Places and Prepares for Wedding

[ASSOCIATED PRESS DISPATCH] MADRID, June 9.—King Alfonso and Queen Victoria were hosts to Theodore Roosevelt at a luncheon at their summer palace in La Granja, forty miles from Madrid. Mr. Roosevelt will continue his sight-seeing tomorrow and is planning a trip to Toledo.

Roosevelt and party which included Ambassador Willard, Mrs. Nicholas Longworth, Kermit Roosevelt, his fiancée, Miss Belle Willard and Captain Norton E. Wood, a military attaché, proceeded to the palace in automobiles. There were many titled persons at luncheon. In his return the colonel declared in his characteristic manner that he had had a bully time.

The Spanish king, and the former president are old acquaintances, having met for the first time at the funeral of King Edward VII, in London, and the colonel is an admirer of King Alfonso's democratic ways. During the three hours they were together they found much time for a discussion of Spanish history, of which the colonel was a close student.

The famous fountains in the gardens of La Granja were a source of delight no less than a drive around the historic environs, and time was found for a visit to the Escorial Monastery, which dates back to the sixteenth century.

To the question of a Spanish newspaper man: "How do you like our king?" the colonel made a tactful but incommunicative reply. He referred to Spain in flatteringly terms, and asserted that the Spanish language would eventually supplant French in common usage on account of the development of South America.

Eduardo Dato, the premier Marquid De Lema, the minister of foreign affairs, and the governor of Madrid left cards for Colonel Roosevelt at the American embassy.

Preparations for the wedding of Kermit Roosevelt and Miss Willard have been completed and formal witness of the civil ceremony will be the Duke of Alba, and Senor Osmay Scull. The witnesses at the religious ceremony will be Colonel Roosevelt and Ambassador Willard.

There was a family dinner tonight at the embassy, which is still guarded. Efforts have been to get the city on a cash basis.

Commissioner Cope said that he thought the plan afoot just now looking to the amendment of the ordinance would work out so that all would be satisfied. He said that with the exception of the dentists, druggists and physicians, he believed everything was working along all right. He said that the commission was working with the men of medicine and teeth and expected to be able to convince them of the merits of the ordinance and the willingness to give those professions the same consideration as are being given the merchants and thereby ward off the proposed referendum.

Commissioner Foley said that he did not believe in being hasty and that he understood the business men were working out a plan that would result in satisfaction all around.

There was a host of smaller business matters, the principal being

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## CONSIDER NATION WIDE PROHIBITION

WASHINGTON, June 9.—National-wide prohibition through an amendment of the federal constitution will be considered tomorrow at a special meeting of the house rules committee. Members of the committee were recessed tonight, but it is understood they will pass upon a revised resolution proposed by Representative Holman of Alabama, to meet opposition to the amendment he submitted some time ago on the ground that it violates states rights.

## Navajo Base And Moqui Lien Land Scrip Attacked

[Special to The Republican] WASHINGTON, June 9.—An attack upon the Navajo Base and Moqui Lien Land scrip was begun today before the secretary of the interior department. The attack was instituted by the Arizona Land Commission which was represented at the hearing by its chairman, Marford Winsor. Several land attorneys including John H. Page and Fen S. Hildreth of Phoenix are defending the scrip.

The hearing followed protests by the Arizona Land Commission protesting against the issuance of patents to lien land selections where it appeared that the selected land was of greater value than that on which the scrip had been issued.

Chairman Winsor laid before the secretary a voluminous report by the commission describing the character of the lands originally granted to the Atlantic and Pacific railroad company and the character of the lands on which scrip has been filed.

## SUFFRAGETTES KEPT OUT

King George and Queen Mary Enjoy Ball Unmolested

[ASSOCIATED PRESS DISPATCH] LONDON, June 9.—King George and Queen Mary were able to enjoy the current state ball at Buckingham Palace tonight as there was no interruption by suffragettes, due to rigorous police precautions. At Westminster tomorrow Sylvia Pankhurst and other militant leaders with a bodyguard of their supporters will demand an interview with Premier Asquith which will be refused.

A great force of police has been detailed to keep order. The general public no longer views the suffragette activities with its former tolerance and the presence of the police is needed to protect the suffragettes themselves from the anger of the crowd.

## WAITING ON TOLLS BILL

[ASSOCIATED PRESS DISPATCH] WASHINGTON, June 9.—The treaty between Colombia and the United States has been in the hands of the state department for some time, but Bryan announced recently that it will not be sent to the senate for ratification until after the Panama canal tolls exemption repeal bill has been disposed of.

## JEANNETTE WORSTED

[ASSOCIATED PRESS DISPATCH] NEW ORLEANS, June 9.—Joe Jeannette of Boston was outpointed by Harry Whills of New Orleans, in a ten round no decision bout.

## RECORD FLOOD THREATENED BY RIO COLORADO

Engineers Working On Levees Report There May Be No Danger; Needles and Imperial Valley May Be Inundated

[ASSOCIATED PRESS DISPATCH] EL CENTRO, June 9.—The possibility of a record June flood in the Colorado River is keeping engineers of the Imperial valley canal system and the United States reclamation service busy on the levee below Yuma. Army engineers predict a three foot rise at Yuma by Friday, the volume exceeding previous floods by June 1. The most vulnerable point is the levee in Mexico keeping the overflow of the Colorado from pouring northward from the volcano lake into the new river gorge.

The water is within eight inches of the top of the levee, but the worst that could happen would be a temporary cutting off of water from the lands west of the new river. There is no danger of inundating the Imperial valley.

## IMPERFECT COMMUNICATION

Senor Zubaran Insists Delay in Reply Is Because Word Hard to Receive

[ASSOCIATED PRESS DISPATCH] WASHINGTON, June 9.—Senor Zubaran, constitutionalist representative in Washington, announced tonight that he has been unsuccessful again in his efforts to get into direct telegraphic communication with Carranza at Saltillo and as a result it is probable that no word from the first chief with regard to mediation negotiations will be received before tomorrow. Zubaran denied the "intimations" that the delay of the constitutionalist government in making known its attitude toward mediation was a "ruse" effort to gain time and declared the delay was entirely due to imperfect communication.

## GIBBONS BEATS BROWN

[ASSOCIATED PRESS DISPATCH] BOSTON, June 9.—Mike Gibbons of St. Paul was awarded a decision over George "Knockout" Brown of Chicago in twelve rounds.

## Heat Brings Death In The Middle West

[ASSOCIATED PRESS DISPATCH] WASHINGTON, June 9.—Intense heat that caused suffering in densely populated districts continued throughout that part of the country between the Missouri valley and the Allegheny mountains. The weather bureau has predicted warm weather in the middle west with rising temperatures along the Atlantic coast tomorrow.

Chicago's temperature rose from 82 Monday to 96 today, while in Springfield, Ill., the mercury soared to a hundred. Other points throughout the middle west have sweltered under

## YEAR'S CROPS AHEAD OF TEN YEAR AVERAGE

Composite Condition of Many Important Agricultural Products of United States Shows Heavier Production Than in 1913

WINTER WHEAT MOST PROMISING

This Year It Stands at Head of List at 14.7 Per Cent Above As Compared With 7.6 Below Last Year

[ASSOCIATED PRESS DISPATCH] WASHINGTON, June 9.—The composite condition of many important crops in the United States on June 1, was about 2.2% above the ten year average for that date, the department of agriculture has announced. Last year on June 1 the condition was 1.2% below.

The most promising crop this year was winter wheat with a condition of 14.7% above its ten year average, while cotton stood at the bottom of the list, with 7.6% below. The condition of other crops as expressed in the percentage of their ten year average, was: apples, 116.8; alfalfa, 108.6; sugar beets, 106.5; barley, 106; hemp, 104.8; peas, 104.7; rye, 104.3; potatoes, 104.2; raspberries, 103.7; cantaloupes, 102.6; spring wheat, -0.2; lima beans, 101.7; hay (all), 101.5; oats, 101; blackberries, 100.5; pasture, 99.8; onions, 98.3; cabbages, 97.5; watermelons, 96.6; sugar cane, 95.5; clover, 95.

Corn, potatoes, tobacco, flax and rice were not included in the report. The following figures indicate the general crop conditions on June 1, in each state, 100 representing the ten year average of all crops reported on:

Maine, 102.9; New Hampshire, 102.7; Vermont, 100.3; Massachusetts, 102; Rhode Island, 101.1; Connecticut, 98.7; New York, 106.4; New Jersey, 102.7; Pennsylvania, 105; Delaware, 102.9; Maryland, 106.4; Virginia, 96.7; West Virginia, 106.1; North Carolina, 92.3; South Carolina, 98.8; Florida, 95.9; Ohio, 103.5; Indiana, 103; Illinois, 92.9; Michigan, 106.5; Wisconsin, 104.8; Minnesota, 102.6; Iowa, 100.8; Missouri, 92.2; North Dakota, 100; South Dakota, 105.4; Nebraska, 111.3; Kansas, 122.9; Kentucky, 104.8; Tennessee, 97.1; Alabama, 104.8; Mississippi, 103.2; Louisiana, 102.2; Texas, 86.5; Oklahoma, 101.6; Arkansas, 99.7; Montana, 98.9; Wyoming, 102.3; Colorado, 108.2; New Mexico, 107; Arizona, 102.6; Utah, 105.9; Nevada, 104.5; Idaho, 102.2; Washington, 100.4; Oregon, 102.8; California, 114.1.

Average prices to producers June 1 were lower on a number of articles than the average of the last five years on that date. Wheat averaged \$144 a bushel compared with the five-year average, 98¢. Oats, barley, rye, flax, hay, potatoes and butter showed varying decreases. Corn, buckwheat, cotton, chickens and eggs brought slightly higher average prices.

## Tolls Question Is Demo's Bane---Tillman

[ASSOCIATED PRESS DISPATCH] WASHINGTON, June 9.—The senate marched steadily forward toward final action on the Panama tolls exemption repeal bill, but the leaders are unwilling to predict on which day the vote can be taken. Senator Tillman of South Carolina, made an unusual speech criticizing the president for bringing the tolls issue before the country at this time and endangering the chances of the democratic party in congressional elections next fall. Tillman announced he would vote for the repeal only because he felt his state party convention had freed him from

the tolls joker in the Baltimore platform.

"It staggers my common sense," declared Tillman. "I am unable to understand why he projected the fight on his party at this time. Until this issue was pressed to the front the course of democracy has been onward, and upward. Opposition is hopeless and helpless. There is wisdom in silence, and it would have been golden. There are so many things of more importance the democrats ought to do that I must say my opinion is it is a great blunder on the part of the president. The democratic party, instead of presenting a solid united front, is split into contending factions."

similar conditions. The Atlantic coast cities escaped the heat wave because of cooling winds. In Washington the temperature dropped 1 from 96 Monday to 74.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS DISPATCH] CHICAGO, June 9.—Three deaths, and a score of prostrations were reported to the police on the first day of the first hot wave of the year. The official temperature on the street is 98 degrees, one degree less than the June record while a humidity record of .60 added to the general discomfort.