

**THE FLORENCE TRIBUNE**  
By CHAS. D. BEPPY.

**ONLY PAPER IN PINAL COUNTY.**

FLORENCE, ARIZONA, FEBRUARY 15, 1896.

**TERMS:**  
One Year.....\$2.00  
Six months.....1.50

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**SPECIAL NOTICE.**

**A Remarkable Clubbing Offer.**

It has been the custom of the publishers of this paper, as well as a great many others in Arizona, to carry subscribers without requiring payment of subscriptions in advance. The result has been that about one-half pay and the other half don't. In these days no well-regulated newspaper does business on any such basis, and the **TRIBUNE**, for one, proposes to change the system, and on and after January 1st, 1896, intends to back its effort to do business on business principles. In order to induce subscribers to settle up their old indebtedness, and to pay in advance, the following offer is made:

All new subscribers and all old ones who pay the old account to date and \$3 for one year's subscription in advance to the **Florence Tribune** will be furnished **FREE OF CHARGE**, postage paid, for one year, any one of the following publications:

- McClure's Magazine.
- Munsey's Magazine.
- San Francisco Weekly Bulletin.
- The Cosmopolitan Magazine.
- St. Louis Republic (twice a week).
- St. Louis Globe-Democrat (twice a week).
- New York Weekly Tribune.
- Toledo Weekly Blade.
- Cincinnati Weekly Enquirer.
- Chicago Weekly Inter-Ocean.
- Los Angeles Weekly Express.

Send money by Post Office or Wells-Fargo Money order or registered mail.

Address: CHAS. D. BEPPY, Proprietor Tribune, Florence, Arizona.

**PRIZE-FIGHTING** in Arizona is played out. It doesn't pay to monkey with your Uncle Sammel.

It's a cold day when a Florence man gets caught in Phoenix with less than \$3400 in his pocket. What did you do with the rest of your money, Joe?

Tax editorial in last week's Oasis regarding the fecundity of cats is highly interesting from a scientific point of view, but decidedly nasty from a moral standpoint.

There is no doubt that three-fourths of the American people to-day are in favor of the free and unlimited coinage of silver, and if given a fair opportunity they will vote.

Florence and Casa Grande are destined to become two of the leading cities of Arizona, simply because they have the best natural advantages, which can not long be allowed to lie dormant.

The letter of Ex-Gov. R. C. Powers on the silver question, published in this issue of the **TRIBUNE**, is well worthy of a careful perusal. It is a fair and concise statement of the paramount issue now before the people.

It is amusing to see the Oasis take its competitor, the **Vidette**, to task for "swiping" its news items without credit. There is no paper in the territory more addicted to the unprofessional act than the Oasis.

The Court of Private Land Claims will hold its next session in Tucson on April 6th, when it is confidently believed that the San Rafael and other of the fraudulent land grants which have been the curse of Southern Arizona will be knocked into smithereens.

Judge J. J. Hawkins is mentioned as a candidate for Congress. The Democracy could not choose wiser. [Flagstaff Democrat.] Some of those railroad men whom Judge Hawkins sentenced to the Yavapai county jail for taking part in the big strike ought to be glad of the opportunity to vote for him.

There is no other section of Arizona that is attracting the attention of the home-seeker as is the Casa Grande valley. Those desiring to get in on the ground floor had better get a move on themselves. At present property can be bought for a song that will make one rich in a few years.

Mr. J. H. BRALLEY, President of the Bank of Southern California of Los Angeles, and owner of the magnificent Kenilworth ranch, near Florence, came in Wednesday and went up to the site of the proposed Battle reservoir on Thursday. Mr. Bralley expresses every confidence in the grand future before the Casa Grande valley, which will certainly be realized when the question of a permanent water supply is settled. Visits from such men, who command the confidence of capital, are worth much to our community.

STUART threw up the sponge when he heard the Arizona militia had been ordered out.

FIFTEEN Republican Senators voted for the free coinage substitute for the House bond bill, which passed the Senate by a vote of 42 to 35, and three Republican Senators who would have voted for it—Hansbrough of North Dakota, Dubois of Idaho, and Wolcott of Colorado—were paired.

The Phoenix Republican concedes that the nominee of the Republican party will be "an Eastern man with gold environments," but insists on the West and South securing in the platform some concessions for silver. The experience of the people with both the old parties for the past few years has been such as to make them willing to accept any good man who wants to do right, without any platform. As a rule, platforms mean nothing, and are twisted and warped to suit everybody. As has been truly remarked, they are made to get in on, not to stand on.

EDWIN FIELD, otherwise known as the "Duke of the Gilded Age," died a pauper in Chicago last week. He owned a wild-cat mining claim at Tombstone which never produced a pound of ore, and sold the surface ground for town lots at an exorbitant figure. Another Tombstone magnate, Townsite Clark, through fraud and collusion with one Randall, the first Mayor of Tombstone, obtained title to most of the ground on which the city now stands, and he also died in the poor house. It rarely happens that money obtained illegitimately does any good.

LAST Monday Joseph Sullivan was brought to Florence and lodged in the county hospital, with a bullet in his head. It entered just below the left temple, destroying the sight of one eye. The wound was received at Maricopa the day before, at the hands of Conductor Long, of the Southern Pacific railroad, while Sullivan was attempting to steal a ride. His condition is dangerous, and the wound is likely to result in death. Joseph is evidently of the genus hobo, but that is no reason why the felony, if one has been committed, should not be fully investigated, and the perpetrator punished. Some of these brakemen and conductors are getting to be entirely too handy with their guns.

HON. M. H. McCORD, member of the Board of Control, in his address before the Territorial Agricultural Society in Phoenix, last month, struck the key note when he said: "Every man who believes in the perfect development of our country should support a national system of irrigation; that is the only way the vacant space in our national domain can be rounded out and our country made sympathetic. Should this great government take hold and carry out such a work, which it could do and never feel the cost, even if it required one or two millions of dollars, the mighty southwest (which means Northern Texas, New Mexico, Southern Colorado, Arizona, Southern Utah and Southern California), which contains such vast areas of now useless land, would become a veritable paradise."

Gov. Powers on the Silver Question. The following letter from Gov. R. C. Powers, of Prescott, to a friend in Kansas, was published recently in the **Wichita, Kansas, Eagle**. It has the true silver ring to it:

PRESCOTT, Ariz., Jan. 23, 1896.—[H. F. Lewis, Wichita, Kansas, MY DEAR COLONEL.]—In regard to the attitude of the Republican party of the territory upon the silver question, to which you refer in your last friendly letter, I have this to say: The party is practically unanimous in favoring the free and unlimited coinage of silver. The two prominent reasons that have led to this unanimity of sentiment, I believe, are, first, silver equally with gold was the money recognized by the founders of the republic and contemplated in the constitution of the United States when power was granted to Congress, "to coin money and regulate the value thereof," and, second, it is one of the most important productions of our country, and as such should be upheld.

No money power, domestic or foreign, influenced the men who organized this government in adopting gold and silver as the metals provided by the Almighty as the best adapted when used together to supply the people (then poor in purse, but rich in patriotism) with an inconvertible money currency, capable of supplying all their wants. So long as both metals were left on an equality, they were the basis of a perfectly satisfactory circulation, and the country advanced rapidly in prosperity and wealth. It was an evil hour when silver was clandestinely deposed from the high position it had held as a money metal for more than eighty years in the history of this country, and the result has been destruc-

live of every material interest of the people. If we would have prospered permanently restored we should make haste to return to the traditions of the fathers.

You and I believe in the protective policy of the Republican party. How then can we be consistent and not condemn the discriminations against silver, one of the most valuable productions of the country? The silver mining industry is today inferior to the gold mining industry in the United States only because silver has been robbed of its exchange value, while gold has been enhanced by being required to do double service as a money metal. If the order of discrimination was reversed, and the coinage value of gold should be curtailed or destroyed, as the coinage value of silver has been, is it impossible that gold would regain anything like its present value?

But it is argued that we cannot have two standards—that the ratio of values cannot be adjusted between two metals so as to give stability and uniformity. Is it not singular that it has taken this country eighty years to find out so simple a matter? It is still more singular that we did not find it out until it was to the interest of Great Britain and other European nations to have us find it out. Suppose it is not an entirely easy matter to adjust the coinage ratio of values between gold and silver, would that justify the United States, as a gold and silver producing country, in destroying the coinage value of either metal, or in crippling one more than the other?

What would be said of a farmer, who, having a team of oxen unevenly yoked, should cripple or kill one to secure uniformity, or if you please, standard capacity? His folly would probably be told in diminution of his crops and his final bankruptcy.

It is an unjustifiable reflection upon American statesmanship to say that the gold and silver derived from our mines cannot be evenly yoked together in such manner as to uphold the full coinage value of both metals. The protective policy of the Republican party fully applied to the mining industry must necessarily lead to the unlimited coinage of silver. I look forward with confidence to the next Republican national convention for an outspoken declaration in the party platform upon this subject; and if, happily, William McKinley, of Ohio, shall be the standard bearer, the country will have undoubted assurance that the pledge will be honestly and faithfully carried out so far at least as the chief executive is concerned.

The position maintained by the retainers of the money power, that a uniform standard of value can only be secured by exclusive gold coinage is absurd. It is a fact known by all unprejudiced observers, as well as to those whose interest it is to try to conceal it, that, just in the ratio that the coinage value of silver has been destroyed, the coinage value of gold has been enhanced because of the additional duty it is called upon to perform. We have not therefore a uniform currency in the single gold standard, but a currency in the single gold standard, constantly appreciating in value and becoming more and more oppressive to the debt paying class of our people and inadequate to the wants of trade. Now, is it not the part of wisdom to bring the two money metals into closer relationship by lessening the value of gold and restoring silver to its natural position of equality? Nor should we wait for the co-operation of all or any of the European governments in this matter, but just in the ratio that we do in regard to our iron or tin or wool and other important industries that demand protection in order that all the resources of our country may be properly developed.

When the United States takes the initiative in restoring the full coinage value of silver, it will then be in order for our statesmen to bring the full power of this government to bear upon the nations with which we have intercourse to induce them to accept our silver just as we try to make it to their interest to accept our other surplus productions.

Now, my dear colonel, the discussion is on; the interests of seventy millions of people are at stake, our silver lined mountains range lowering heavenward look down upon us ready to yield up their treasures and bless the nation at the command of honest tollers, and the agitation will not cease until the divorce proceedings between gold and silver are set aside, and the wisdom of the fathers that made them one currency is fully recognized. Respectfully yours, R. C. POWERS.

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Mr. Jordan's Mission.

Young Mr. Lewis Jordan, of Phoenix, who visited with his friend, Porter Fleming, last week, was en route home from a trip to Washington. D. C. Mr. Jordan combined business with pleasure at the national capital, and his trip may result in the official decapitation of A. C. Baker, Chief Justice of the Supreme Court of Arizona. While at Washington Jordan, who is an ex-cleik of the Supreme Court, filed charges accusing his honor of various little breaches of judicial integrity and dignity. The most serious charges are collusion and intemperance. An inspector from the department of justice left Washington Thursday, and upon his arrival at Phoenix he will investigate the accusations and thoroughly examine the court records.—[Flagstaff Democrat.]

Jim Bark, whom everybody knows, it is said, has struck a rich mine up the Salt river. Jim has been looking for this for a long time, and we hope his long search has been abundantly rewarded.—[Mesa Free Press.]

One of our subscribers who owes us three years' subscription ordered his paper stopped not long since. That is a businesslike way of doing business, but the court and constable's fees will foot up to more than the account.—[Mesa Free Press.]

**SHERIFF'S SALE.**

UNDER AND BY VIRTUE OF AN EXECUTION issued out of the District Court of the Second Judicial District of the Territory of Arizona, in and for the County of Pinal, on the 20th day of January, 1896, in a certain action wherein, on the 18th day of January, 1896, George M. Brockway, as plaintiff, obtained judgment against James Kremer, as defendant, in the Justice's Court of Precinct No. 1, for the sum of forty dollars and costs of six and five-one-hundredths dollars, together with accruing costs, I have levied upon the following described property belonging to the above named defendant, to wit: Fractional part of the northeast quarter of section 20, township 6 south, range 6 east, as follows: Commencing at the junction of Top-and-Bottom street and the section line between section twenty-nine and section thirty, the same being the north corner of a lot owned by Chas. Fay; thence north two hundred and twenty feet on the section line between sections twenty-nine and thirty to James McGowan's fence; thence northwest two hundred and twenty feet to the corner of Dr. A. Heavens' lot; thence southeasterly four hundred feet to the center of Top-and-Bottom street, and where the line adjoins lots of Chas. Fay; thence northwesterly thirty feet along the center of Top-and-Bottom street to the place of beginning. Also the southeast quarter of section 5, township 5 south, range 9 east—all of the above described property being situated in the County of Pinal, Territory of Arizona.

Notice is hereby given that on Monday February 24th, 1896, at 10 o'clock p. m., in front of the Court House door, at Florence, Pinal County, Arizona Territory, I will sell all the right, title and interest of said defendant or so much thereof as may be necessary, in and to the above described property, at public auction, for cash, to the highest and best bidder, to satisfy said execution and all costs.

W. C. TRUMAN, Sheriff.  
Dated, Florence, Pinal County, Arizona Territory, February 1st, 1896.

**A. F. BARKER,**  
**General Merchandise**  
FLORENCE, ARIZ

**Notice of Forfeiture.**  
TO S. L. YOUNG, HIS HEIRS, EXECUTORS, ASSIGNS AND LEGAL REPRESENTATIVES:

You are hereby notified that the undersigned, who is a co-owner with you in the Copper Glance mining claim, has expended the sum of one hundred dollars (\$100) in labor and improvements upon the said mining claim, the said expenditure and improvements being made in the year 1895, in compliance with the United States mining laws requiring annual expenditures to be made on mining claims. The said Copper Glance mining claim consists of 1500 feet in length by 600 feet in width, situate in Riverside mining district, Pinal county, Arizona territory, a record of which is made in Book 12, page 264, Mining Records of Pinal county.

And you are hereby further notified that if, at the expiration of ninety days from the last publication of this notice, you fail or refuse to pay to me your proportion of the expenditure, together with the cost of the publication of this notice, your interest in the said Copper Glance mining claim will be forfeited and become the property of the undersigned.

J. H. WELLINGTON.  
Riverside, Ariz., Jan. 30, 1896. feb5-3mo

**Notice of Assessment.**  
(Civil Code of California.)  
SILVER KING MINING COMPANY.

Location of principal place of business, San Francisco, California; location of works, Pioneer Mining District, Pinal county, A. T. Notice is hereby given that at a meeting of the Board of Directors, held on the 28th day of January, 1896, an assessment (No. 10) of (25) twenty-five cents per share was levied upon the capital stock of the corporation, payable immediately in United States gold coin, to the Secretary, at the office of the company, No. 310 Pine street, Rooms 15 and 17, San Francisco, California.

Any stock upon which this assessment shall remain unpaid on the 9th day of March, 1896, will be delinquent, and advertised for sale at public auction; and unless payment is made before, will be sold on Monday, the 6th day of April, 1896, to pay the delinquent assessment, together with the costs of advertising and expenses of sale.

By order of the Board of Directors,  
J. W. PEW, Secretary.  
Office: No. 310 Pine street, Rooms 15 and 17, San Francisco, California. feb14

**Notice for Publication.**  
Desert Land, Final Proof.

UNITED STATES LAND OFFICE,  
TUCSON, ARIZONA, January 24, 1896.  
Notice is hereby given that Allen C. Welsley, father and heir of Alvah C. Welsley, of Casa Grande, Pinal County, Arizona, has filed notice of intention to make proof on his desert-land claim No. 173, for the E½ of SW¼ and W¼ of SE¼, Section 4, Township 7 S, Range 6 E, G & S R M, before the Register and Receiver, U. S. Land Office at Tucson, Arizona, on Monday, the 9th day of March, 1896.

He names the following witnesses to prove the complete irrigation and reclamation of said land: David S. Thomas and Elwood Hndley, of Arizona, Arizona, and Charles H. Pogue and William R. Reid, of Casa Grande, Arizona.

**Notice of Treasurer's Sale.**

Notice is hereby given that I will sell, at 2 o'clock p. m., in front of the Court House, on Wednesday, February 12th, the effects of Peter Johnson, deceased, turned over to me by the Coroner, as follows: 1 lumber wagon, 1 set double harness, 1 bay horse, for cash, to the highest bidder.

E. O. STRATTON, Treasurer.  
Florence, February 1, 1896. fe2

**ANNOUNCEMENT.**

We are just receiving and opening up our Fall Stock, which we claim will be more attractive than ever. We have enlarged our purchases on rich Cut Glass, having secured some of the rarest Novelties produced in Europe in Porcelain, China and Decorated Glass, as well as a full line of English Decorated Semi-Porcelain Tableware, have added a full line of rich Axminster Carpets to our large variety of other grades, also an elegant stock of Rugs of every description. Our Furniture will be finer and more extensive than heretofore. While we have improved all our different lines, we have not neglected to make prices that will prove very tempting. We have eclipsed all former efforts in Style, Variety and Quality. You will find us loaded down with the very latest up to date goods. No jobs. No back numbers.

**B. Heyman Furniture Co.**  
Wholesale and Retail, Phoenix, Arizona.

**J. M. LILE**

Is now prepared to sell for Cash,  
**DRY GOODS**  
**AND GROCERIES**

At prices never before heard of in Florence.

Ask Your Grocer For  
**Arizona Best Patent Flour,**  
Also Celebrated Germ Meal for Breakfast.  
—MADE BY—  
**Farmers & Merchants Manufacturing & Trading Co.**  
PROPRIETORS OF  
**CAPITOL MILLS, Phoenix, Ariz.**  
Also wholesale dealers in HAY, GRAIN, HIGH GRADE FLOUR, BRAND SHORTS, and General Mill Products.

**COPPER AND GOLD MINES**  
Bought and Sold.

Parties or owners of free milling gold or high grade copper properties, that will stand expert investigation, that are fully developed, have all the machinery, &c., to work the plant, with mill and smelter records, undisputed title, &c., can apply to

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**Staple and Fancy Groceries,**  
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OFFICE.

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**Real Estate**  
**Mines**  
**& Cattle.**  
Bought and Sold.

Life and Fire Insurance agents.  
Mines examined and reported on.

**BARGAINS IN REAL ESTATE.**

80 acres patented land with water right	\$1500
60 acres patented land, 40 acres in fruit, vineyard and alfalfa, house, out-building and good well	\$3000
180 acres patented land, 20 acres under cultivation	\$2500
60 acres with water right, in cultivation	\$1200
210 acres patented land (no water right)	\$1800
21 acres in alfalfa, 1/2 mile from Florence, with water right	\$1100
320 acres patented land, with water right, \$20 an acre or	\$6000
1 1/2 acres, quarter mile from Florence, all in orchard in full bearing, good 4-room house and well	\$ 800
1 block of land in South Florence, unimproved (20 feet square)	\$ 200
Many other choice bargains.	
60 acres patented land, 20 acres water-right, all in cultivation	\$ 150
100 acres patented land in 5-acre tracts one mile from Florence	\$ 900
23 acres patented land, 1/2 mile from Florence	\$ 600
60 acres patented land, with water-right, cultivated	\$ 900
10 acre tract in South Florence, a choice bargain	\$ 600
1/4 block adjoining Court House grounds with buildings thereon	\$ 250
1 lot in West Florence, 50x150 feet	\$ 75
80 acres patented land, with water right 10 lots in Douglas Addition, price on application.	
Six room house, with 1/4 block, in Florence; price on application.	
For rent, a five room house with half block of land, good condition, well and outbuildings, price \$10 monthly.	
10 lots in Douglas Addition, price on application.	
Final county farm lands,	