

The Florence Tribune.

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FLORENCE, PINAL COUNTY, ARIZONA, SATURDAY, APRIL 23, 1898.

NO. 17.

Articles of Incorporation

Tarantula Gold Mining Company

United States of America.

STATE OF MISSOURI, COUNTY OF ST. LOUIS.

KNOW ALL MEN BY THESE PRESENTS That we, Richard F. Phillips, John A. Hudson and John H. Finnegan, of the county of St. Louis and State of Missouri, the incorporators hereinafter named and whose names are hereunto subscribed, desiring to form a corporation, under and by virtue of the revised statutes of the Territory of Arizona, relating to corporations and all amendments thereof do hereby for that purpose adopt, sign and acknowledge the following Articles of Incorporation:

ARTICLE 1.

The name of this Corporation, and by which it shall be known, is the "Tarantula Gold Mining Company," and the operations and transactions of said Company shall be carried on in the County of Pinal, and in any other county or place in the Territory of Arizona, or in any other State or Territory within the United States. Its principal place of business shall be in said Pinal County, but its principal office shall be in the city of St. Louis, in the County of St. Louis and State of Missouri, at which latter office, meetings of the Directors of this Company may be held, and all business relating to the affairs of this Company may be carried on and transacted at said city of St. Louis, and all such business and transactions to have the same force and effect in law or equity as if held within the Territory of Arizona.

ARTICLE 2.

The general nature of the business of this Corporation shall be the mining of gold, silver, copper, lead and other ores and minerals within the Territory of Arizona, or within any other State or Territory of the United States, and acquiring of water rights, mill sites, and buying and selling, leasing and holding of mines and mineral bearing lands, water rights and mill sites in the Territory of Arizona, or in any other State or Territory of the United States, and holding property therein, and to buy and sell, mine, mill, smelt, reduce and concentrate ores and minerals of whatsoever character and property, and to hold, use and sell water powers or water rights and sites thereof, and the lands necessary or useful therefor, and for the industries and habitations arising or growing out, or to arise or grow up in connection with or about the same, and for the purpose of leasing, erecting, constructing, maintaining, buying, selling, owning, using and operating mining and mill machinery, and all necessary buildings and accessories thereto, including the building and operation of roads, railroads, electric power and light plants, telegraph and telephone lines.

ARTICLE 3.

The capital stock of this Corporation shall be one million dollars (\$1,000,000), and shall consist of one million shares (\$1.00 each), all of which is fully paid up in consideration of the conveyance to this company of certain lands and mines with the improvements thereon, and all appurtenances thereto belonging, by William P. Dunham, conveying to this corporation the following described real estate, mines and mineral claims as follows, to-wit: The Tarantula lode claim, being the northeast extension of the Walter Scott lode claim in the Mineral Creek Mining District, and the Richards lode claim, lying parallel with and joining Tarantula lode claim on its (the Tarantula) east side line, and the Denver lode claim, lying parallel with and joining the Richards lode claim on its (the Richards) east line, in the above named mining district in the County of Pinal and Territory of Arizona.

ARTICLE 4.

This corporation shall begin business from the date of filing these articles in the office of the county records of Pinal County, in the Territory of Arizona, and shall terminate twenty-five years from the date of this Corporation.

ARTICLE 5.

The affairs of this Corporation are to be and they shall be conducted by a board of directors or trustees, consisting of seven persons (7), of whom one shall be President, one Vice-President, one Treasurer and one Secretary, but the offices of Secretary and Treasurer may be held by the same person, properly qualified. The President, Vice-President and Treasurer shall be Trustees. To be eligible to such offices, each of said officers must be the owner, as shown by the books of this Corporation, of at least one share of the capital stock of this Corporation, and said officers shall be elected annually by stockholders of this corporation at the said city of St. Louis, Missouri, or

at such other time and place as may hereafter be prescribed by the By-Laws of this Corporation, and shall hold such offices until their successors are duly elected and qualified. The following named persons who are stockholders of this company, shall constitute the Board of Directors of this Corporation until the third Tuesday in March, 1899, and until their successors are elected and qualified, to-wit: R. F. Phillips, J. A. Hudson, John H. Finnegan, Jas. White, W. P. Dunham, H. P. Nelson and W. E. Nelson. Vacancies in the board of directors shall be filled by the remaining members of the board, and the said Richard F. Phillips shall be President, and said John A. Hudson Vice-President, and the said John H. Finnegan Secretary and Treasurer, for the term ending on the third Tuesday in March, 1899, at 12 o'clock noon of said day, and until their successors are elected and qualified, and any vacancy, caused by resignation, death or removal of either or any of said officers, shall be filled by the board of trustees at their general office at the city of St. Louis, Missouri.

ARTICLE 6. The highest amount of indebtedness or liability to which the Corporation is at any time to subject itself is the sum of one hundred thousand dollars (\$100,000).

ARTICLE 7. The stock of this Corporation shall be non-assessable and the private property of the stockholders of this company shall be exempt from liability for any and all debts of this Corporation.

ARTICLE 8. These articles of incorporation may be amended at any time by a majority vote of the board of directors, and whenever amended the amendments shall be signed by the President and Secretary of the Corporation and shall be acknowledged by them and recorded and published as required by law. Witness our hands and seals this fifteenth day of March, 1898.

(Seal) RICHARD F. PHILLIPS,
(Seal) JNO. A. HUDSON,
(Seal) J. H. FINNEGAN.

STATE OF MISSOURI, CITY OF ST. LOUIS.

Before me, Laurence N. VanHook, a Notary Public in and for St. Louis City, Missouri, personally appeared Richard H. Phillips, Jno. A. Hudson and J. H. Finnegan, personally known to me to be the same persons whose names are subscribed to the annexed instrument, and each individual acknowledged that he signed and executed the same for the purpose and consideration therein set forth.

Given under my hand and notarial seal this fifteenth day of March, 1898. My commission expires March 24th, 1901.

(Seal) LAURENCE N. VANHOOK,
Notary Public, City of St. Louis, Mo.

TERRITORY OF ARIZONA, COUNTY OF PINAL.

I, F. A. Chamberlin, Recorder in and for the county and territory aforesaid, do hereby certify that the above and foregoing Articles of Incorporation of the "Tarantula Gold Mining Company" were filed for record in this office on the 22d day of March, A. D. 1898, at 9 o'clock a. m., and recorded in Book No. 1 of Articles of Incorporation at page 141.

In witness whereof I have hereunto set my hand and official seal this 24th day of March, A. D. 1898.

(Seal) F. A. CHAMBERLIN,
Recorder.

Contest Notice.

UNITED STATES LAND OFFICE, TUCSON, ARIZONA, JAN. 22, 1898.

COMPLAINT HAVING BEEN ENTERED at this office by Henry Beaver, of Arizona, Pinal County, Arizona, against heirs and representatives of Wm. McQueen, deceased, for failure to comply with the law as to Homestead entry No. 1974, dated March 21st, 1893, upon the northeast quarter (NE 1/4) section 23, township 9 south, range 6 east, in Pinal County, Arizona, with a view to the cancellation of said entry; contestant alleging that the said heirs and representatives of Wm. McQueen, deceased, have wholly abandoned said tract, and changed their residence therefrom, for more than six months, since making said entry, and next prior to the date herein; that said tract is not settled upon and cultivated by said party as required by law.

The contestant having filed affidavit in this office on the 23rd day of October, 1897, setting forth the fact that after using due diligence he is unable to get personal service upon the contestee and asks that said service may be had by publication in the FLORENCE TRIBUNE, a paper published at Florence, Pinal county, Arizona, the same is hereby granted, and the said parties are hereby summoned to appear at the office of D. C. Stevens, Clerk of District Court at Florence, Pinal County, Arizona, on the 4th day of March 1898, at 10 o'clock a. m., to respond and furnish testimony concerning said alleged failure.

Hearing before Register and Receiver U. S. Land Office, at Tucson, Arizona, on the 11th day of March, 1898, at 2 o'clock p. m.

EDW. R. MONK,
Receiver.

NOTICE.

On and after December 1st, 1896, all meat bought in my shop must be paid for at time of delivery. I am compelled to make this order for self-protection.

G. E. ANGLUO,
d5-tf

BOARD OF SUPERVISORS.

(Official Proceedings.)

OFFICE BOARD OF SUPERVISORS, FLORENCE, ARIZ., APRIL 9, 1898.

Board met pursuant to adjournment. Present—John Miller, chairman; J. H. Brown and G. F. Cook, members, and F. A. Chamberlin, clerk.

Proceedings of yesterday read and approved.

Upon motion the treasurer was instructed to transfer \$120.00, from general to salary fund.

Upon motion the treasurer was directed to transfer \$97.30, from treasurer's commissions to contingent fund.

Upon motion claims Nos. 21 to 33 inclusive, previously allowed out of salary fund, were ordered paid.

Upon motion warrants were ordered to issue against contingent fund in payment of claims numbered 9 to 17 inclusive, previously audited.

Upon motion it was ordered that section 36, township 4 south, range 3 east, containing 640 acres, the same being school land, be leased to Will C. Barnes, for the period of 5 years at an annual rental of 2 per cent of the valuation of said land. The valuation of said land is hereby fixed at \$2.50 per acre; also that section 16, township 4 south, range 3 east, containing 640 acres, the same being school land, be leased for a period of 5 years to Paul A. Brizard, at an annual rental of 2 per cent upon the valuation of said land. It is hereby agreed that the valuation of said land shall be fixed at \$2.50 per acre.

Upon motion the following demands were audited and allowed out of expense fund, no warrants to issue:

- G. E. Angelo, 10, interpreter's fees, \$ 2 00
- F. E. White, 78, repairs at Court House, 5 75

Upon motion the tax collector was directed to accept tax assessed against personal property belonging to F. E. Carpenter for the year 1897 less penalty of 80 per cent.

Upon motion the following demands were taken up and upon motion action deferred to Monday, April 11th:

- W. C. Truman, service in criminal cases, \$ 16 85
- W. C. Truman, salary sheriff, etc., 1st quarter '98, 300 00
- G. E. Truman, salary jailor, 1st quarter '98, 300 00

Upon motion board adjourned to meet Monday, April 11th, '98.

Approved. JOHN MILLER, Chairman.
F. A. CHAMBERLIN, Clerk.

OFFICE BOARD OF SUPERVISORS, FLORENCE, ARIZ., APRIL 11, 1898.

Board met pursuant to adjournment. Present—John Miller, chairman; J. H. Brown and G. F. Cook, members, and F. A. Chamberlin, clerk.

Proceedings of Saturday's meeting read and approved.

Upon motion the following demands were audited, allowed and ordered paid out of salary fund:

- W. C. Truman, 36, salary sheriff, etc., 1st quarter '98, \$ 300 00
- G. E. Truman, 37, salary jailor, 1st quarter '98, presented for \$300; allowed for, 150 00

Report of license tax collected read and ordered on file.

Report of personal property tax collected read and ordered on file.

order be published in the FLORENCE TRIBUNE, a newspaper of general circulation published in said County of Pinal, for at least four months next preceding the next ensuing election. The following reports were read and ordered on file:

County School Superintendent, 1st quarter, 1898.

Chas. F. Bennett, Justice of the Peace, 1st quarter, 1898.

Upon motion demand No. 18, Refugio Villencio, attendance on indigent sick, was audited, allowed and ordered paid out of contingent fund in the sum of \$12.50.

Petition of residents of Arizona and vicinity, relative to opening county road on township line, referred to District Attorney.

Upon motion the board adjourned to meet Saturday, April 30th, 1898.

Approved. JOHN MILLER, Chairman.
F. A. CHAMBERLIN, Clerk.

STORY OF THE DAY.

Miss Jones.

(From the Los Angeles Times.)

The woman with the children had watched the "performance" for some time. When the pretty young woman had come to her and offered to take a cinder out of one of the children's eyes, she had felt like telling her to come and sit with her brood, and thus escape the attentions of the two young men.

The other passengers, all men, save one old woman in black, were too engrossed to notice anything, for it was a commercial train, and there were cards and political talk, and mercantile preparations to engross them.

"Upon my word!" all at once the woman with the children said.

For the two men had gone over to the empty seats directly in front of the pretty woman. The men sat down, and one of them turned politely to the young woman.

"This seat is not occupied?" he said. She lit her lip, then seemed to call herself to order.

"I rather think it is," she replied, "at present."

"Oh, I see," he said: "you mean by us. Then you don't mind?"

"It is not my private car," answered she.

"Perhaps we ought to introduce ourselves," he said. "I am Mr. Rothschild of England. My friend is Lord Berofof."

She nodded.

"You noticed we looked at you as soon as you entered the car?" he said.

"I thought you looked at me," she answered, innocently.

"Going far?" Lord Berofof asked.

"About an hour farther," she said.

"How far do you go?"

"New York."

"I suppose you have been doing the West? All of the English aristocrats do that first of all. Catch anything?"

know a private secretary there who earns—

"What's the matter with London?" she broke in. "You're English, you know. My! won't I have lots to talk about! To think of meeting a real live lord and one of the Rothschilds. How wealthy you both must be!"

"Wealthy enough to do the polite thing now and then," said Mr. Rothschild.

"Yes, indeed," chimed in Lord Berofof, "if there is any refreshment you—I beg your pardon?"

"Oh, I don't mind a little thing like that," she said. "The next station is only ten minutes off. You can get lovely fruit there. And such roses."

"Now," said Mr. Rothschild, "you are the sort of young lady I like. No stand-off nonsense about you. I should think you'd have hundreds of admirers."

"Not so many," she replied demurely. "You mean you're engaged to be married?" he asked.

She burst out laughing.

"I should think not," she said.

"By the way," broke in Lord Berofof, who did not like her to be monopolized like this, "you haven't told us your name."

"Try Jones," she said.

"Miss Jones," he went on. "I—"

"My Lord," she interrupted, "How quickly you catch at a name. How nice it sounds to say 'My Lord.' Of course neither of you are married?"

"No," they said, together.

She laughed.

"You're like a chorus on the stage," she said. "See, we are slowing up. This is the station I spoke of. We stop here seven minutes."

She went out of the car, followed by the two men.

The woman with the children turned to the old woman in black.

"Ain't it shameful?" she said. "And she's dressed real expensive," and looked at her own shabby garb.

"If I had a daughter like that—"

At the expiration of five minutes the train returned. Miss Jones carried two baskets of the rarest fruit, while Lord Berofof held a bouquet of magnificent roses of fully a hundred blossoms. She stopped beside the woman with the children and put down the baskets.

"For the little ones," said she.

The woman with the children looked confused; she had said so much to the passenger in front of her. Miss Jones had gone to the old woman in black and handed her the roses.

"I know you have had sorrow," she said, gently. "Please take these."

The old woman's eyes filled.

"My only son," she said. "I've been out to his funeral."

"Yes, dear," Miss Jones said and pressed her hand.

"Then she went back to take her seat. The two men were furious.

Royal makes the food pure, wholesome and delicious.



taken in a good deal when the portly gentleman entered.

"Conductor, demanded Lord Berofof, frowning heavily, "who was that gentleman?"

"The Governor."

"And," Mr. Rothschild lowered his voice to ask, "do you know who the lady is?"

"You commercial boys want the earth," said the conductor, sending a window up with a bang. "That is the governor's wife."

He criticized her pudding and he didn't like her cake, he wished she'd make the biscuits his mother used to make; she didn't wash the dishes and she didn't make the stew; and she didn't mend his stockings as his mother used to do. Oh, well, she wasn't perfect but she tried to do her best, until at length she thought the time had come to have a little rest; so when one day he growled and whined the whole day through, she turned him up and fanned his pants as his mother used to do.

Wood Ashes to Prevent Abortion.

(From the American Cultivator.)

It is the opinion of many old farmers that the increase of abortion in cows is in part due to the lack of wood ashes, which so long as the country was new were always plentiful when brush and stumps had been burned on newly-cleared land. Cows with calf were always fond of licking the soil around these old ash beds and eating the charcoal which they found there. All wood ashes contain some phosphate, and this may have been needed to furnish bone material for the growing foetus. Or it may be that the ashes prevented the bad effects of the fermentation of food in the stomach, by correcting the acidity which it generally causes.

The earth is the result of an explosion that occurred upon the sun, some scientists estimate thirty millions of years ago. When this explosion occurred the sun was most likely in a gaseous state and the violence was sufficient to throw the earth far enough away to come within the range of gravital attraction of others planets, consequently what is now the earth did not fall back into the sun from which it had been thrown. Other planets have been caused by the same source; for instance, the moon and Mars. If a ball should be shot out of a cannon with sufficient force to land it upon Mars, if the inhabitants of that planet should use the same word in naming it as we do they would call it "Mars."

If, however, the ball should only have sufficient velocity to carry it say half way to Mars it would then come to a stop at a point where it would be acted upon by the attraction of all surrounding planets, consequently it would fall upon neither, but would immediately take on a motion or orbit of its own, when it would become a true planet, just as our earth is.

Negroes Are Born White.

A French physician who has attended at the birth of many negro babies says that, as a rule, they are white or nearly so when born. The air turns them darker soon. He suggests that by rearing negroes in the dark the race could be made white in a few generations.—N. Y. World.

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doesn't sell Schilling's Best tea, tell us his name, what kind you want (Japan, English Breakfast, Oolong, Ceylon, or Blend), and what size package you want. We'll see that you get it.

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