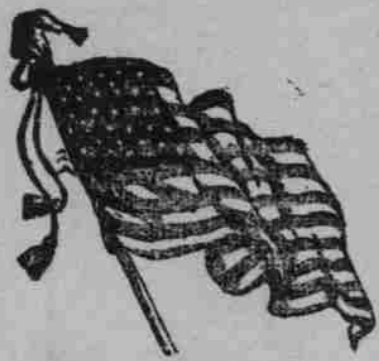


THE FLORENCE TRIBUNE
By CHAS. D. REPPY.

ONLY PAPER IN PINAL COUNTY.
FLORENCE, ARIZONA, JUNE 25, 1898.
TERMS:
One Year.....\$3.00
Six months.....1.50
Entered at the Florence postoffice as second class matter.



The name of Capt. C. B. Kelton, ex-sheriff of Cochise county, is prominently mentioned for sheriff of Pinal county.

"SILVER DICK" BLAND was unanimously re-nominated to represent the Eighth Missouri district in Congress. He ought to be unanimously elected.

It is said John Dunbar and Sam Webb are figuring on starting a democratic paper in Tucson. There is always room on top, but Governor Hughes will keep the flies off them.

This is easy and is worth remembering: In the American navy the battleships are named for states, the cruisers for the cities, the torpedo boats for noted men, and the scouting ships for colleges.

For the first time in its history Florence failed to celebrate San Juan's day, which was yesterday, the 24th. The United States has only one patron saint this year, and she is the Goddess of Liberty.

Tax principal of the Prescott public school has written a poem which occupies more than a column of the Courier. A perusal of the same will tend to reconcile the patrons of the school for the failure of the said principal to receive a re-appointment.

As a starting headline the Tucson Star says "Mark Smith voted nay on the Hawaiian resolution." This is the first intimation we have had that a Territorial Delegate was entitled to a vote in Congress. But it has got down to a proposition of "anything to beat Mark."

The services of Joe Mulhatten ought to be in great demand at the present time in furnishing news for the yellow press. But Joe is busily engaged in mining in Pinal county, where exaggeration is not necessary. The bare truth about our rich mines is hard enough to believe.

Editor Morford wants the Sacaton agency he ought to have it; but for the life of us we can't understand what the editor and proprietor of a metropolitan daily wants with a little eighteen-hundred-dollar job—and a thankless one at that, where, under civil service rules, an assistant farmer or blacksmith has as much authority and is more independent than the agent himself.

The Senate Committee on the Nicaraguan Canal has agreed to report a bill providing for the construction of the Nicaraguan Canal, but on lines very different from those of the bill previously reported. The bill authorized practically provides for the construction by the United States. The Maritime Canal company is to be continued in existence, but all the stock is to be held by the government of the United States, Nicaragua and Costa Rica. The bill provides for the payment of \$5,000,000 to the present stockholders for the work already performed.

SENATOR TELLER expressed the following patriotic sentiments in Congress this week while the Hawaiian resolution was under consideration:

"Mr. President, you cannot make the American people believe that the government of the United States is not capable of exercising the powers of control in the Philippines or in any other part of the world, or that we cannot give to that people a government infinitely better than they have had there for 200 years. You cannot make the American people believe that redon and liberty will be a means of harm to the people who are asked to take their share in it.

"I don't know what the war will bring to us, but I do believe that wherever our flag flies by right of conquest, or by the consent of the people, there it will remain. And the party or the men who propose to take it down will have to reckon with the American people."

THE REGIMENT.

It Will Be Made Up of the Flower of Arizona.

[From the Phoenix Republican.]
No word came yesterday from Washington conferring upon Governor McCord authority to recruit an Arizona regiment, but it is expected that it has been forwarded by mail. So far as is known no authority has been sent out by telegraph to the governor of any state under the second call, though the apportionment among the various states and territories has been officially given out. According to this apportionment Arizona is allowed a regiment. For the reason that the men can be gotten together long before they can possibly be equipped the department would naturally resort to the slower process of the mail in sending out orders.

Governor McCord is gathering information from all parts of the territory and is proceeding in the matter of recruiting much the same as if he were already in possession of the confidentially expected order. All doubt of the possibility of raising a regiment has been removed. The greatest difficulty to be contended with now is in making selections from those who offer themselves. He has determined that only the best shall be chosen and that Arizona's contribution shall be a crack regiment. He has lately had another letter from Wiley E. Jones of Solomonville, saying that Graham county has 150 good men ready to go. George J. Stoneman of Globe, a son of the famous cavalry leader, writes from Globe that Gila county will furnish a company within forty-eight hours. C. E. Perkins of Florence informs the governor that he has a force of forty-eight men. According to the latest word from Yuma a full company is impatiently awaiting the call. Pima county has two companies. C. M. Clark of Jerome, now in the city, says that there are seventy men in the big mining camp ready to go. Maricopa will furnish at least two companies. Captain Crenshaw's list reached eighty last night.

The Yuma volunteers have telegraphed the Governor that they are "not cooling off." How could they, with the thermometer standing 120 degrees in the shade?

French bankers are said to hold over \$80,000,000 worth of Spanish bonds. This war with Spain was successfully held back until the government of the United States had been compelled to authorize the issue of \$400,000,000 bonds. Just imagine for a moment that the Spanish bonds had been held in New York instead of Paris. Now, does it surprise you that France is not so enthusiastic over American victories as she might be?—[Albuquerque Democrat.]

Not including the war of the rebellion nor the Spanish war the United States has waged four separate conflicts with foreign countries; the war with Great Britain, the war with the Algerine and Tripolitan pirates from 1801 to 1804, the war of 1812 and the Mexican war of 1845. There was a fifth war with France in 1800, which, however, lasted but a few weeks, and, although naval operations were active for a short time, an open declaration and conflict was prevented by negotiations between the two countries.

Charles Gross, who is now visiting relatives in Kingman, spent two months in the harbor of Manila many years ago. He says that country is the richest spot on the earth's surface and that our government should never give up possession of it. In the interior of the island of Luzon mines of gold, silver and copper are known to exist. The natives have never allowed the Spanish to explore the interior, but under the friendly influences of the United States the white race may be able to open up the treasures of that country.—[Mohave Miner.]

The fact is, this nation is carrying on this war with uncommon effectiveness and with scrupulous regard to the requirements of international ethics. It is doing it too well to please a few hot-heads here, who wanted to stampede the country into war unprepared, and whose subsequent advice as to its conduct has been rejected; and too well to please the foe, who in getting soundly thrashed, or his few friends, who in futile jealousy of our progress, would like to see us humiliated. But it is doing it entirely to its own satisfaction, and as long as that is the case all other considerations are of little account.—[N. Y. Tribune.]

Bill Nye once said: "Do not attempt to cheat an editor out of a year's subscription to his paper, or any other sum. Cheat the minister, cheat anybody, cheat everybody, but if you have any regard for future consequences don't fool the editor. You may be put up for office some time, or want some public favor for yourself or your friends, and when your luck is a thing of beauty, a joy forever, the editor will open on you and knock your caskey into a cocked hat at the first fire. He'll subdue you, and then you'll curse your stupidity for a driveling idiot, go hire some man to knock you down and kick you for falling."

TELEGRAPHIC REPORT.

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., June 22.—It is now practically decided that Gen. Merritt and his staff and headquarters, including a large force of clerks, will take passage on the Newport with the fleet that is to sail next Monday. The war department has been notified that the third expedition of six transports will sail on Monday, June 27, but the expeditionary authorities here still hold to the privilege of two days more. It is thought that they may not get off until Wednesday, although every effort will be made to follow the date given to the war department.

WASHINGTON, June 22.—To-day, just a week after the United States troops left Tortugas they began to disembark on Cuban soil, landing in formation at two points so as to attack Santiago in the rear and at the sides, with the navy to help the work in the front. Thus the military invasion of Cuba may be said to have fairly begun, for though the United States marines were the first of the regular forces to land upon Cuban soil, their purpose was not, after all, invasion, but the establishment of a naval base and a base for a cable station in the south, in which they were eminently successful. To the regular troops was left the beginning of the formidable task of invading Cuba in force by land. At the close of office hours a brief cablegram came to the war department from Lieutenant Colonel Allen. The cablegram was dated Playa del Este, about twenty miles west of Guantanamo bay and about half that distance between that and Santiago bay. Its exact wording is withheld, but the statement is authorized that it is said the troops were landing and that preparations had been made to attack Santiago at the side and in the rear.

NEW YORK, June 23.—A special dated at Palaya del Este, Cuba, to-day said at 1 o'clock this morning General Shafter's army of invasion landed at Baiquiri. Only one landing in the military sense had been made, but naturally with so large a number of transports to be discharged the troops have been scattered up and down the beach for several miles.

The navy co-operated splendidly, and as the big warships closed in on the shore to pave the way for the approach of the transports and then went back again, three cheers for the navy went up from ten thousand throats on the transports and three cheers rose for the army from ship to ship as the troopships moved in to take their share in the hazardous game.

It was war and it was magnificent. The Cuban insurgents, too, bore their share in the enterprise honorably and well. Five thousand of them in mountain fastnesses and dark thickets of ravines lay all last night on their guns watching every road and mountain path leading from Santiago to Guantanamo. A thousand were within sight of Baiquiri making the approach of the Spaniards under cover of darkness an impossibility.

As the despatch boat of the Associated Press ran closer in where the New Orleans was lying with her great Armstrong guns trained on Baiquiri, tongues of lurid flame and black smoke were seen rising in town, the inevitable consequence of war and a sure sign that the Spaniards had gone, leaving ruin behind. The Spanish flag was defiantly floating at sunset last night, but it was gone to-day and with it a small Spanish guard which had maintained the signal station. Between nightfall and dawn the Spaniards had taken alarm and fled from the place, firing the town before they left. General Shafter, on board the Segueranon, closely watched the landing of the troops.

The landing was accomplished without loss of life, the only casualty being the wounding of an insurgent on the hills by a shell from one of our ships. He will lose his arm. The insurgent troops at Baiquiri are commanded by General Castillo, and are estimated to number of thousand men.

PALERMO, June 23.—A dispatch from the island of Pantelleria announces that Admiral Camara's squadron passed there on June 21 in the direction of Suez.

LONDON, June 23.—A dispatch from Madrid says Sagasta informed the chamber yesterday (Thursday) that Camara's squadron is on the way to the Philippines.

MADRID, June 23.—(4 p. m.)—News of serious fighting near Santiago de Cuba has been received here. Admiral Cervera cables that the situation is critical and the Governor of Santiago advises that the Spaniards have been obliged to retreat, but a Spanish victory is claimed.

MADRID, June 23.—The Minister of War received an official despatch from Santiago de Cuba announcing that the American attack on Punta Berreao had been repulsed after hard fighting and a bloody engagement. Punta Berreao is situated a short distance from Baiquiri.

Nott F. Guild who had been visiting friends at this place, returned to Tucson on last night's train. He has secured a position with one of the business houses of that city.—[Tempe News.]

Wanted, to purchase copper mining claim of merit; must submit to expert investigation. No notice taken unless accompanied with full particulars and lowest price on cash basis.
Address THOS. WHITMAN.
Care CHAS. KILAR,
253 Broadway,
Manhattan Borough,
New York City,
N. Y.
m21-4t

SAIL, HO!
IF THE COOL WAVE
Don't Seek You, Hadn't You Better Seek the Cool Wave!

You're not getting your share of the good things of life if you don't enjoy an outing by the breezy beaches of the Pacific.
SANTA MONICA.
CATALINA ISLANDS.
SANTA BARBARA.
VENTURA.
LONG BEACH.
SAN PEDRO.
Train leaves Casa Grande every Friday morning at 5 p. m. Round trip fare to any of the above named places \$24.00 from Casa Grande.

Excursion -- Every -- Week.
This summer the Southern Pacific will sell excursion tickets to the above resorts from all points between El Paso and Yuma, including Phoenix, Tempe and Mesa City, good for ninety days and allowing stopover at pleasure in either direction west of Colton.
Rates are low. Sleeping cars run through to Los Angeles. Elegant hotels, inexpensive boarding houses and the "tent on the beach" makes it possible for every one to enjoy the sea bathing, boating, fishing, bicycling, driving, public concerts, and a host of outdoor sports.
Get rates and full particulars from any agent of the Southern Pacific Company, every Thursday from El Paso and Phoenix every Friday from Maricopa.

NEIGHBORS.
IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE Second Judicial District, Territory of Arizona, in and for the County of Pinal.
William Bell, plaintiff, vs. Febronis Bell, defendant.

Action brought in the District Court of the Second Judicial District in and for the County of Pinal, in the Territory of Arizona.

The Territory of Arizona sends greeting to Febronis Bell.

You are hereby summoned and required to appear in an action brought against you by the above named plaintiffs in the District Court of the Second Judicial District in and for the County of Pinal, in the Territory of Arizona, and answer the complaint filed with the Clerk of this Court, at Florence, in said County, within ten days (exclusive of the day of service), after the service upon you of this summons, if served in this county, but if served out of the County and within this District, then within twenty days, in other cases thirty days.

And you are hereby notified that if you fail to appear and answer the complaint as above required, judgment by default will be taken against you.
Given under my hand and the Seal of said District Court at Florence this 15th day of June A. D. 1898.
[SEAL] DANIEL C. STEVENS, Clerk.
By ALBERT T. COLTON, Deputy Clerk.
A. Orfila, Tucson, Attorney for Plaintiff.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION
—OF THE—
Arizona National Bank
OF TUCSON,
At Tucson, in the Territory of Arizona, at the close of business, May 31, 1898.

RESOURCES.	
Loans and discounts	\$60,324 95
Overdrafts, secured and unsecured	4,747 13
U. S. Bonds to secure circulation	12,500 00
Premium on U. S. Bonds	1,250 00
Stocks, securities, etc.	44,494 51
Banking house, furniture and fixtures	606 70
Due from National Banks (not Reserve Agents)	\$9,126 80
Due from State Banks and bankers	4,356 78
Due from approved reserve agents	12,025 44
Checks and other cash items	4,247 14
Notes of other National Banks
Fractional paper currency, nickels and cents	30 30
Lawful money reserve in bank, viz:
Specie	50,932 20
Legal tender notes	5,965 00
Redemption fund with U. S. Treasurer (5 per cent of circulation)	542 50
Due from U. S. treasury, other than 5 per cent redemption fund	800 00
Total	\$219,956 05

LIABILITIES.
Capital stock paid in.....\$ 50,000 00
Surplus fund.....5,000 00
Undivided profits, less expenses and taxes paid.....2,526 58
National Bank notes outstanding.....4,500 00
Due to other National Banks.....25 25
Due to State Banks and Bankers.....155 15
Individual deposits subject to check.....\$144,974 22
Demand certificates of deposit.....12,750 47
Total.....\$219,956 05
Territory of Arizona, Co. of Pinal.
I, L. M. Jacobs, Cashier of the above-named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.
L. M. JACOBS, Cashier.
Subscribed and sworn to before me this 15th day of May, 1898.
H. D. UNDERWOOD, Notary Public.
Correct-Attest:
GEORGE PUSCH,
JAMES FLANNERY,
H. M. JACOBS, Directors.
m21-3t

A. F. BARKER.
—DEALER IN—
GENERAL -- MERCHANDISE,
New, Fresh and Clean,
Corner Main and Ninth Streets. FLORENCE, ARIZ.
I have just returned from San Francisco, where I bought a large and well selected stock of
Dry Goods, Groceries,
Boots and Shoes, Hats and Caps,
And NOTIONS for spot cash at very low figures, and propose to give my customers the benefit of my purchases.
Call and be convinced.
A. F. BARKER.

J. M. LILE
—DEALER IN—
GENERAL -- MERCHANDISE.
Having determined to close up his business in Florence offers the entire
Stock and Fixtures for Sale
At a Great Bargain.
Intending Purchasers would do well to call at once. The location is most desirable.
An Extension of the Lease can be Secured.
J. M. LILE.

L. ZECKENDORF & CO.,
TUCSON, A. T.,
Manufacturers' Agents and Dealers in
GENERAL MERCHANDISE,
Wholesale and Retail Departments.
Boots and Shoes,
Clothing and Furnishings,
Dry and Fancy Goods,
Furniture and Carpets,
Staple and Fancy Groceries,
Builders' Hardware,
Shelf Hardware,
Hay and Grain,
Large Stocks of the Above Always on Hand.
Agents for Butterick Patterns
THE "DELINEATOR" \$1.00 PER YEAR.
Mail Orders Promptly Attended to.

The highest claim for other tobaccos is "Just as good as Durham." Every old smoker knows there is none just as good as
Blackwell's BULL DURHAM Smoking Tobacco
You will find one coupon inside each two ounce bag, and two coupons inside each four ounce bag of Blackwell's Durham. Buy a bag of this celebrated tobacco and read the coupon—which gives a list of valuable presents and how to get them.