

The Florence Tribune.

VOL. VIII.

FLORENCE, PINAL COUNTY, ARIZONA, SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 11, 1899.

NO. 46.

A. F. BARKER.
 DEALER IN
GENERAL MERCHANDISE,
 New, Fresh and Clean,
 Corner Main and Eighth
 FLORENCE, ARIZ.
 I have just returned from San Francisco, where I bought a large and well selected stock of
Dry Goods, Groceries,
 Boots and Shoes, Hats and Caps,
 And NOTIONS for spot cash at very low figures, and propose to give my customers the benefit of my purchases.
 Call and be convinced.
A. F. BARKER.

SAN PEDRO LUMBER COMPANY
L. W. BLINN, General Manager,
 Wholesale Dealers and Jobbers in
Oregon Pine or Douglas Fir,
 REDWOOD,
 SPRUCE,
 SHINGLES,
 SHAKES, ETC.
 Yards and Wharves at San Pedro, Cal.
 City Office, 425, 429 and 430 Douglas Block, corner 3rd and Spring streets, Los Angeles, Cal.
 Branch Yards at Long Beach, Compton, and Whittier, California.
MINING AND MILLING LUMBER A SPECIALTY.
 We carry the largest and most varied stock of Mining and Building Lumber on the Coast, and are prepared at all times to execute orders on shortest possible notice.
 Our Milling Department is unsurpassed and we guarantee satisfaction in all our manufactured work, which includes all kinds of Redwood or Pine Tanks.
 We invite correspondence and the obtaining of our prices before you purchase elsewhere.

WHEN YOU WANT
Lumber and Building Material,
 Oregon Mining Timber, Plank, Battery Blocks and Sills, sets framed and girdles worked to detail, Railroad Ties, Bridge Timber and Telegraph Poles, House building material of all kinds, best quality, lowest price.
 WRITE TO OR CALL ON THE
L. W. BLINN LUMBER COMPANY,
 (INCORPORATED)
 Main office and yard, No. 318 East Second St., Los Angeles, California.
TERRITORIAL BRANCH YARDS.
 Casa Grande, F. B. Maldonado, Agent; Florence, Simon Aguilu & Co., Agent; Tempe, Geo. S. Gage, Agent; Lordsburg, N. M., Ben Titus, Agent.
CALIFORNIA BRANCH YARDS.
 Pasadena, Montevia, Banalag, Ontario, North Pomona & Beaumont.
Pioneer Lumber Company of Arizona.
 Delivered quotations and estimates furnished on receipt of specification.
W. A. DRISCOLL, Manager, Los Angeles, Cal.

MRS. NICK WHITE'S
Lodging -:- House.
 One block west of TRIBUNE Office, Florence, Ariz.
 The best furnished rooms in town at reasonable rates by the day, week or month.
 © Meals furnished if desired.

POPE FOR A DAY.
Leo's Successor Will Reign for Twenty-Four Hours, But Will Not Be Called Pope.
 When Pope Leo XIII. dies his immediate successor will be Cardinal Luigi Oreglia, camerlingo of the Roman Catholic church. He will not be called pope, but according to the laws in force he will be acting pope until the new pope is elected.
 The vatican regulations decree that the election of the new pope cannot take place until after the burial of the late pope, which takes place ten days after his decease. In many instances the election is not complete for weeks or months, so that the camerlingo may enjoy his papal power for a long time.
 Leo XIII. held the position of camerlingo when he himself was elected to the pontificate, but it does not seem possible that his camerlingo will succeed to the papal throne. It is the camerlingo who formally declares the pope dead after tapping his forehead three times with the silver hammer. He it is who breaks the seals and "ring of the fisherman," and then assumes the direction of the apostolic see until the new pope is chosen.
 The camerlingo presides over the sacred conclave of the cardinals having the election in hand, and keeps the key of the place of meeting, so that none can enter or go out save with his consent. When the election is concluded he asks the new pontiff what name he intends to take. And after he has received the salutation of the assembled cardinals it is the cardinal-camerlingo who places on his finger the "ring of the fisherman." He is, in fact, the actual successor of the pope, even though temporarily. — Cincinnati Enquirer.

An Overworked Judiciary.
 (From the Range News.)
 Few of our citizens have any adequate idea of the amount of labor performed by the able gentleman composing the judiciary of Arizona. At present the several judges have about twice as much work as they can conveniently dispose of, and the volume of business in the various districts is constantly increasing. Take, for example, the Third district, comprising the counties of Graham, Gila and Pinal. Two terms of court averaging about a month each make approximately six months of arduous service. Then there are two terms of federal court in each district and also sessions of the supreme court which all of the judges must attend. Some of the cases tried in the district courts are so complicated as to require several weeks of research into authorities.

With a view to affording the bar of the territory the benefit of their decisions and the grounds therefor, the judges have agreed to hand down written opinions in all cases passed upon by the supreme court, whether the decisions of the lower courts are affirmed or reversed. This is more than the statutes require, and the action of the judges is the more commendable for that reason. These decisions, it is to be remembered, have the force of law until reversed, and the importance of having carefully written opinions on doubtful points of law can hardly be overestimated. If the court business in the several districts continues to grow in volume at the present rate, it can not be long until the number of districts is increased or a separate set of judges appointed to constitute the supreme court of the territory.

Did you ever hear of the man who was too economical to take his home paper, but sent his little boy to borrow the copy taken by a neighbor? In his haste the boy ran over a two dollar stand of bees and in ten seconds looked like a warty summer squash. His cries reached his father who ran to his rescue and falling to notice the barbed wire fence down, cutting a handful of fish bait out of his anatomy and returning a four dollar pair of boots. The old cow took advantage of the gap in the fence, got out and ate forty cents worth of alfalfa and died of bloat. Hearing the racket the wife ran out, upset a four gallon churn of cream in a basket of kittens and drowned the whole mess. In the hurry she dropped and broke a seven dollar set of false teeth. The baby left alone, crawled through the flood of cream and into the parlor, ruining a new carpet. During the excitement the oldest daughter ran away with a book agent, the dog broke up eleven setting hens and the calves got out and chewed the sleeves from four fine shirts which hang on the line. — [Exchange.]

Our Congressmen.
 (From the Escondido Times.)
 California will be represented in the next Congress by the strongest body of congressmen we have ever had in any session of Congress, and they will wield an influence in that body which will insure for California the consideration to which her pre-eminence among the states entitles her. It is

A Government Inquiry
 is being made by the United States Senate Food Commission into the matter of food adulteration, now so prevalent.
 Twice before the United States Government has made inquiries as to the ingredients and quality of the baking powders of the market.
 Each time the government report has shown Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder of highest leavening strength, a grape cream of tartar powder of sterling worth, and absolutely pure and wholesome.
 This is very gratifying, for Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder is depended upon by millions of people to raise their daily bread.
 All tests, official and practical, prove Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder to be an economical, healthful and dependable article.
 PRICE BAKING POWDER CO., CHICAGO.
 NOTE.—These Government inquiries also developed the fact that there are many mixtures upon the market made in imitation of baking powder, but containing alum or other caustic acid whose use in food is dangerous.

peculiarly fortunate that this should be so at a time when a question of such far-reaching importance to the State will come before Congress as the inauguration of the federal storage reservoir policy. For our congressmen are strongly in favor of this policy, to a man. In his recent address before the California Miners' Association at San Francisco, Congressman Kahn said:

"A question in which you are all interested, a question that is of the most vital importance to every one in California and one that is receiving at the present time the attention it deserves is the conservation of the flood waters of the State. It is not only of vital importance to California, but to all the Pacific Coast States. In all likelihood it will come up in its strength and demand action at the hands of the nation in the next Congress, and I pledge you now, gentlemen, my hand, my heart and my vote in its interest. I know that the construction of reservoirs to hold back the flood waters of the State of California means the building up of San Francisco; it means the building up of agriculture; it means the building up of the mining industry."

Such a pledge as this from Julius Kahn means much, for his ability and geniality will make him a strong factor in the next Congress. Let the people of California hold up his hands and give him their united support.

Which Was Crazy.
 (From an Exchange.)
 Two brothers from a north Missouri county appeared one morning at the St. Joseph insane asylum, one of them to be incarcerated there as a patient and the other having him in charge as far as the asylum. They were dressed very much alike and the observer on the train would not have detected insanity in either. The asylum manager was in a quandary. He chatted with his visitors until a late hour and then locked them up in a room together. Then he telegraphed authorities at the town where the brothers lived:
 "Two men arrived from your town to-day; both dressed alike; one calls himself Bill and talks of constructing an air line to the moon; the other goes by the name of Dave and advocates the gold standard; which shall I keep?"

THREE OF A KIND.
They Met in a Bank and Each Had a Carpet Bag That He Had Found.

"I was cashier of a bank in Pennsylvania a good many years ago," said the man who was traveling on a deadhead pass, "and after a couple of years I made up my mind that things were too slow for me. In other words I decided to gobble up what money I could and skip for Europe, and go into business on my own hook. I bided my time, and one night when I knew I could lay my hands on about \$50,000 I prepared to bid the town good-by. I had a key to the bank and another to the vault, and as we had no watchman inside I had no trouble in getting in. It was about midnight when I made my raid, and I hadn't opened the vault yet when the president entered. He had an empty carpet bag under his arm, and got weak in the knees as he saw me. We hadn't passed a question when another key clicked and the manager entered. He also had an empty carpet bag, and he also got weak in the knees. The three of us sat down, each with an empty bag at his feet, and looked at each other for a long time. It was the president who spoke first, and he said:
 "I was worried about the funds in the vault."
 "So was I," said the manager.
 "So was I," I added.
 "And hadn't we better see if they are safe?"
 "I think we had."
 "So do I."
 "Then the president unlocked the vault and the three of us stepped inside and assured ourselves that the funds were all right. As we came out and the doors were locked behind us, he said:
 "I found this carpet bag on the street as I came along."
 "And I found this," said the manager.
 "And I found this," I added.
 "There was an interval of painful silence and then we all walked out together. The outside watchman came up as we did so, and the president observed:
 "Special meeting, you see, James. You'd better go inside for the rest of the night."
 "Yes, inside," said the manager.
 "Yes, inside, James," I added.
 "James was locked into the bank," continued the ex-cashier, "and we bade each other good-night and separated. It was an even-up thing as far as it had gone, and it ought to have been so to the end, but the honest man is always the one to suffer. Next day I got the

bounce. The president said that he and the manager had been thinking things over, and had come to the conclusion that I had been tempted to rob the bank, and would doubtless have got away with every dollar if they hadn't happened to show up. I was honest in acknowledging it and had to go, and I believe they had their salaries raised for their zeal and solicitude!" — Boston Herald.

Artificial Daylight.
 Tesla has succeeded in making artificial daylight. In his laboratory he shows numerous balls of glass of different sizes which look like miniature suns. The balls are empty; there are no wires in them nor outside of them. They do not burn the fingers. The light does not hurt the eyes as sunlight and ordinary electric light do. A number of leading New York and Chicago photographers will have this artificial daylight supplied to their studios. Tesla says: "The reason I have chosen to introduce the new daylight to the photographers first is that I believe them to be the severest critics in the matter of light. If it succeeds with them a new light will succeed everywhere." — N. Y. World.

Shooting Clay Slugs Through Iron.
 The fallow candle which is shot through a door must hide its head before a seven and a half ounce plug of clay which has been so fired as to perforate an iron plate an inch thick. The velocity of the clay plug was tremendous. It has been estimated that the speed necessary must be over 1,500 feet a second. Experiments of this kind were conducted by Capt. Cooper Key, of the British army, at the Royal Arsenal. A special gun was employed and pressed cylinders of raw dry clay three inches long and two inches in diameter were used. Eventually one of these plugs went through a cast-iron plate one inch thick from a distance of not more than 25 feet. — N. Y. World.

Preserves
 —fruits, jellies, pickles or casses are more easily, more quickly, more healthfully, made with Refined Paraffine Wax than by any other method. Dozens of other uses will be found for
Refined Paraffine Wax
 in every household. It is clean, sanitary and odorless—water and acid proof. Get a good case of it with a list of its many uses from your druggist or grocer. Sold everywhere. Made by STANDARD OIL CO.