

# The Tombstone Epitaph.

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TOMBSTONE, COCHISE COUNTY, ARIZONA, JUNE 17, 1882.

FIVE DOLLARS A YEAR.

## WEEKLY EPITAPH.

TOMBSTONE, ARIZONA, JUNE 17, 1882.

### IN THE FRONT RANK.

Although one of the earliest explored portions of the North American continent, Arizona is even yet one of the least known. Before the opening of the Southern Pacific railroad, its capabilities and its resources were but imperfectly understood by the outside world. That it contained the richest mines of any section of the United States, and some of the finest grazing lands, was the popular belief. But, although tradition and story had thrown around this remote region the glamour of golden fancies, it remained to be practically demonstrated whether this reputed wealth really had an existence. The bullion output for the past two years has settled the question of the extent and wonderful richness of Arizona's mines, and more than fulfilled the expectations of her most sanguine friends.

It has been shown that the whole Territory is one vast mineral field, unequaled, perhaps, on the globe. It has been proven that its ore bodies are of a higher grade than any yet discovered. The popular opinion which once obtained among Pacific coast operators, that the mines of Arizona were mere surface deposits, has been proven to be fallacious. Wherever depth has been reached, the mines have shown a steady improvement, both in size of vein and quality of ore.

Arizona is destined, and that within a few years, to become the great bullion producer of the Union. Her climate, natural facilities for ore reduction, and all the adjuncts which make mining a success, are here in abundance. The cost of extraction is nominal, and no expensive outlay of large and costly machinery is necessary. Vast deposits of mineral are found on the surface, and the great expense of deep mining will not interfere with successful prosecution of the business in this Territory for years to come. There is today no portion of the great mining belt of the Union which presents so many advantages to the investor as Arizona. It is almost a virgin field, and those who are fortunate enough to secure an interest in it, will yet glean a golden harvest.

We are receiving almost daily communications from the eastern states, asking information of the grazing resources of this section of the country. It is the intention of the editor of the EPITAPH to shortly make a trip over all portions of Cochise county, when a series of articles will be written showing its existing wonderful facilities for stock growers. That portion of the county lying east of Tombstone is universally conceded to be more prolific in nutritious grasses than any other section of the Territory. Vast plains and immense tracts of rolling country are literally covered, as far as the eye can reach, and there is an abundance of water. In the low valleys along the streams, alfalfa grows so rapidly that several crops can be cut each year. These valleys present unrivaled facilities for the establishment of dairies, and the growth of vegetables. The many mining camps now existing and springing up in all portions of the county furnish certain markets for cattle and the products of farms and dairies. In the present freedom from Indian and other troubles, there can be no better field for stock-raisers and small farmers than Cochise county, and in the close future our grazing resources will breed an era of prosperity that will inure to the benefit of all classes of business.

PROFESSOR CHURCH is exerting himself very actively in behalf of Arizona's exhibit at the Denver Exposition. His exact knowledge of minerals and the science of mining, together with his eminent business qualifications, enables him to establish a perfect system of classification and method of procedure, while his energy will undoubtedly secure full representation from all the counties. The Territory may consider itself fortunate that Professor Church has consented to act in the premises, for his actual worth and reputation as a mineralogist and geologist will secure the mineral products of Arizona an attention and consideration few other gentlemen could obtain for them. It is to be hoped all sections of the Territory will co-operate with and aid the Commissioner earnestly and heartily.

### THE MEETING.

The meeting last night, which resulted in the election of Hon. Patrick Hamilton to represent Cochise county at the Denver Exposition, was an enthusiastic one. The gentleman chosen has too good a record to need much comment, and his abilities as a writer and a miner insure a first-class exhibit and interpretation of the mineral resources of the county. Selected by the last legislative assembly to write up the resources of Arizona, he produced a pamphlet that has been and is being quoted in the leading journals of the country as one of the most exhaustive brief reviews ever written. The leading mining journal of Denver but recently published eight columns of the "Resources of Arizona," and said Mr. Hamilton an exceedingly high compliment upon the production of his pen. He is well known to all the mining men of Colorado, and will be received at Denver with the most considerate attention. He served a long apprenticeship at mining, working for years as a prospector and an underground miner, and using his intelligence in the study of ores and geological indications. There is hardly a miner in the Territory who does not know Pat Hamilton. Always an advocate of a uniform rate of wages, he has ever held the highest place in the esteem of the Miner's Union. Certainly Cochise county cannot be better represented than by Hon. Patrick Hamilton, nor the district of Tombstone by one more fit than Thos. R. Sorin.

In this issue of the EPITAPH is published the grand jury report. It would have appeared sooner, but, owing to a variety of circumstances, it could not. In the first place it was not read in open court or ordered published, as is done in all other courts. Secondly, owing to losses in collections since the fire, this office has been hardly able to charge itself with much extra expense. As it is we procured the report by a payment of five dollars to the clerk's office over the instructions of the clerk to his deputy that she did not propose to allow any favors to the EPITAPH office. As the papers of the court are public records, we hardly realize what favors this office can need from their custodian.

THE resolutions passed by the Republican convention in Maine, make exceedingly comical reading in the light of recent facts. They pledge the party in that state against the importation of foreign labor, and yet every Maine Senator and Representative in the present Congress, fought and voted against the Chinese bill. There is also a clause advocating a constitutional amendment prohibiting the sale of liquor. Should the latter Republican suggestion prevail, the consequent drought would be more appalling than the seven years famine in Egypt. Evidently the Republicans of Maine are feeling their oats to a remarkable degree.

As the EPITAPH was mentioned on several occasions last night, it is in order to state that this journal had nothing whatever to do with the call for the meeting, and the editor thereof did not know there was to be a meeting until his return from Tucson after the announcement had been made. All the same, we are particularly glad that Mr. Hamilton was declared the choice of the people to represent Cochise county at the Denver Exposition, for the reason that we consider him an eminently fit man for the position. It will be seen also that the miners will cheerfully contribute towards the expenses of his trip.

THE Democrats of Cochise yesterday laid the foundation for a thorough organization of the party in this county. Primary elections were held in every precinct and a full representation is assured in the convention which meets on the 24th of June. Only by discipline and perfect organization can we make assurance of success doubly sure. Let the good work go on in every polling place in the county, and let us present a solid and united front next November.

SO FAR Cochise appears to be the only county in the Territory that has taken any action looking to representation at the Denver Exposition. Arizona can make a grand display at the fair if proper efforts are put forth.

WANTED by the Republican party of Arizona, an issue to present to the voters of the Territory.

## TELEGRAPHIC.

### A Serious Riot.

ALEXANDRIA, June 7.—Serious riots occurred today between natives and Europeans, and several persons were killed and wounded and in addition a number of houses were destroyed. The police at first remained inactive in regard to the riotous demonstrations. The latter took place before the French consulate, to which several of those mortally wounded were carried. The disturbances continued some time before the authorities took any steps to suppress them. The English consul was severely hurt, receiving a gunshot wound, and an engineer of the British man-of-war Superb was killed. The disturbance was continued five hours, when the military appeared and dispersed the rioters.

### LATER.

ALEXANDRIA, June 11.—In the riots the Greek and Italian consuls were severely wounded. The British man-of-war Superb will arrive in port during the night and will protect the British consulate, and boats will be sent to take off all British subjects who desire to leave Alexandria. It is estimated that twenty persons were killed in the riots, but exact particulars are unobtainable. So far as ascertained the rioting commenced on the street. The immediate cause was the stabbing of Maltes. A mob of natives collected on the streets with sticks and made their way into the great square where they demolished music pavilions and the furniture in adjoining cafes. European subjects left the square and took refuge for some time at the French consulate. The soldiers were called out but they looked on without interfering during the work of demolition and bloodshed. The mob sacked the shops of Europeans. Egyptian troops occupy all parts of the city. Katherine des Sours, inhabited chiefly by Europeans, was completely wrecked. Europeans fired from the windows, killing many Arabs. The latter made terrible havoc among Europeans in the streets.

LONDON, June 12.—A telegram published here says the official report of the riot in Alexandria gives the number of Europeans killed as sixty-seven.

### FURTHER DETAILS.

LONDON, June 12.—Advices from Alexandria late last night state that the disturbances commenced simultaneously at three different points. The object of the rioters, in a great measure, appears to have been pillage, in which Levantines as well as Arabs participated. A regiment of cavalry and a regiment of infantry were ordered to reinforce the garrison.

CAIRO, June 12.—The following report of the riot has been received from Alexandria: Cookson, the English Consul, says when he was returning from the great square to the Governor's residence he saw two Europeans respectfully dressed, apparently naval officers in plain clothes, knocked down. A Greek was shot and killed by soldiers five yards from Cookson's carriage, and others even closer were knocked down and mangled. A soldier out at the corner of the kavass with a sword. The carriage of the Greek consul was stopped by a number of soldiers and the occupants dragged out. The consul was severely beaten. Cookson escaped severe maltreatment by his coachman lashing the horses, but he was struck on the head and had one of his arms broken. The Italian consul was wounded by a stone. The wife of Auston, the Consul-General, was attacked and insulted. Accounts of the origin of the riot are conflicting.

### A Fierce Storm.

DENVER, Col., June 11.—One of the heaviest rain storms ever known in this section, accompanied by water spouts, swept over Denver last night, doing thousands of dollars worth of damage in the city and surrounding country. Several houses near the Platte river were swept away. Two men and three children were drowned and it is feared other lives were lost. At Golden several houses were washed away. At Cambrian fire-brick walls were struck by lightning and completely destroyed.

### Hope of Adjournment.

WASHINGTON, June 11.—Representatives of both parties are beginning to talk hopefully of adjournment within the next thirty days. The ways and means and commerce committees will meet Tuesday to consider the subject, and some of its members think it possible to get away by Friday, July 7th.

### Served Him Right.

St. Louis, June 12.—A special from Jackson, Miss., to the Post-Dispatch says: George Beckett, a negro, attempted to outrage the seven year old daughter of a man named Agnew, in Monroe county, yesterday. A party of citizens with shot-guns and bloodhounds started in pursuit of the brute, and he was run down near the Tombigbee river. He refused to surrender and defied his pursuers, who opened fire on him, wounding him seriously. He was then taken to jail and a guard placed over him. At night a crowd overpowered the jailer, broke into Beckett's cell, dragged him out and hung him to a limb of a tree.

### The Irish Bishop.

DUBLIN, June 11.—The Irish bishops have issued an important address promising the support of the clergy to the people in peacefully agitating for their rights, but condemning as the worst enemies of their country men who recommend illegal courses, particularly those belonging to secret societies. The bishops condemn the recent horrible murders but believe they were due to evictions, which it is the duty of the Government to stop at any cost.

### Probably a Wreck.

St. Johns, N. F., June 12.—A dispatch from Cape Race says that portions of a ship's long boat was picked up near there yesterday. Saturday evening, during a thick fog, three shrill blasts of a steamer's whistle was heard in the vicinity of Shingle's Head, near where the wreck of the boat was discovered. A search party is out since daylight.

### Lynch Law.

LAWRENCE, Kas., June 11.—Peter Vinegar, George Robinson and Ike King were taken from jail this morning at one o'clock by vigilantes and hanged from the bridge for the murder of Bondaman. There is talk of revenge on the part of colored people, though most of them say the punishment was deserved.

### A Coal Merchant.

CHICAGO, June 12.—The Inter-Ocean's Washington special says the report which again comes from Maine that Blaine will run for Governor is discredited here. Last week Blaine told your correspondent that he was out of politics and that he was a coal merchant.

### Treasury Department Notes.

WASHINGTON, June 12.—Secretary Folger states he has not quite completed his examination of the bond plate left in his custody by detective Folger, as representative of counterfeiter Doyle, but so far as he himself was concerned he was satisfied it was not a genuine plate. It will, however, be subjected to further tests.

### Heavy Storm.

CHICAGO, June 12.—Specials from Southeastern Iowa, Western Missouri and Central Illinois reports widespread and very heavy rain storms, in places assuming the form of water spouts, and doing much damage to property, washing away bridges, railroad tracks, etc. No lives reported lost.

### Railroads Pooling their Issues.

WASHINGTON, June 10.—Senator Jones introduced in the Senate today, a bill now in the judicial committee of the house, in which body it was introduced by Representative Ellis, which he proposes to allow Mexican Pacific railroad companies of New Mexico, Arizona, Los Angeles and San Diego railroad companies of California, and Southern Pacific railroad company of California, to consolidate and under one name and style of Southern Pacific railroad company, and confers upon the three first named companies or consolidated companies, all franchises and rights allowed authority granted to, and privileges conferred upon Texas Pacific railroad company by the act of March, '71, relating to that part of the Texas Pacific railroad situated west of the Rio Grande and conforming to them the grant of public land. The condition attached, is that the whole of the railroad companies shall be operated as one continuous line.

### Trying to Milk an Insurance Company.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 10.—The dismissal of the suit brought by Tully R. Wise, a lawyer of this city, against the Manhattan Insurance company, to recover the policy on the life of Mariano Rubio, to the amount of \$15,000, brings out an interesting plot to swindle the company by a set of sharpers who furnished proofs of Rubio's death. A half interest in the policy had been assigned to Wise by Miguel Noe, a creditor of Rubio's, for whose benefit the policy was originally made. A searching investigation resulted in finding Rubio alive in Mexico and he was brought to this city. Noe and Wise appear to have been imposed upon as to the proofs of death, and on being satisfied of Rubio's existence moved a dismissal.

### The Khedive in Hot Water.

CAIRO, June 12.—At a meeting of military leaders it was decided to petition the Khedive to abdicate. It was declared that if he did not he would be massacred. It is rumored the cavalry and artillery will not join any conspiracy against the Khedive.

### The Army Bill Passed.

WASHINGTON, June 12.—The House has concurred in the Senate amendment to the army appropriation bill fixing compulsory retirement in the army at the age of sixty four years.

### Speedy Justice.

CHARLESTON, S. C., June 12.—The negro, John Johnson, who outraged Miss McDowell at Polk Hill yesterday, was lynched this morning.

### A Furnace Explosion.

BRADDOCK, Pa., June 12.—The furnace of the Edgar Thompson steel works exploded this morning, fatally injuring assistant superintendent Allen and three other men.

### Specie Exports.

NEW YORK, June 10.—Specie exports to-day amount to \$75,000 in silver bars.

### Speculations About the Next House.

WASHINGTON, June 13.—Since the Republican majority in the House of Representatives unseated three southern Democrats who claimed to have been elected, reports have been received that the Democratic managers hear of great discouragement among the Southern Democrats.

The feeling seemed to be that if the Republicans obtained the majority in the next House they would proceed to unseat every Southern Democrat whose seat was contested, and in consequence the would-be candidates in the close districts could see very little encouragement for them to make a Congressional race. These reports excited no little apprehension here, and after conferring together the Southern members determined to make a thorough canvass for the purpose of ascertaining, if possible, what the political complexion of the next House would probably be. Two of the members have made this canvass within a few days, and as the result of their inquiries have figured out a Democratic majority of ten in the next House. They reached this conclusion by counting on sure gains as follows: In Connecticut, South Carolina, Illinois, West Virginia, Mississippi and California, one each. In Texas and Pennsylvania five each; Indiana and Ohio three each; New York two and Missouri four; They expect to make other gains in such States as Massachusetts, Maine and New Hampshire, but these do not enter into the figures on which they base a probable majority. The only state in which they expect less is Nevada, and they think the chances are that they will lose one Representative there. The result as reached by these gentlemen with the figures as given above have been sent to various State Executive Committees in the South in the hope of restoring confidence in that section.

### Maine Republican Convention.

PORTLAND, Maine, June 13.—The Republican State Convention met this morning and was called to order by Senator Frye. The resolutions adopted by the convention include the usual platitudes, and declare that American industry should be protected against unjust competition of cheap foreign labor; that American ship building should be encouraged; deprecating the effort to overthrow the present system as damaging to the country; opposing the abolition or reduction of the internal revenue tax on liquors; advocating gold and silver only for legal tender; favoring a constitutional prohibition of the sale of liquor; opposing polygamy; deploring the death of Garfield and tendering assurances of confidence to Arthur. The convention proceeded to vote for Congressional candidates, and Thomas D. Read, Nelson Dingley, Charles A. Boutelle, and Seth D. Miller were nominated. Col. Robie was nominated for Governor on the first ballot, receiving 32 majority.

### The Man who Tried to Steal Tappan's Laurels.

CHICAGO, June 13.—George A. Forsyth is here. In an interview on the band of Apaches, he says Secretary Teller's policy in unarming the Indians, meets with the warm approval of all officers, and will do much toward preventing outbreaks and raids in the future. The rapid development of railroads in Mexico and portions of Arizona, is also doing much to settle the vexed Indian question. The proclamation of the President to the cow-boys while somewhat sneered at, has really been productive of much good, although the best citizens of the two Territories had combined to put them down in a great many instances. With Indians and cow-boys out of the way the mining and grazing interests of these Territories will appreciate rapidly.

### Blackmailing Government Employees.

WASHINGTON, June 13.—The circular issued from the headquarters of the Republican Congressional Committee, appealing for contributions for campaign purposes, is being circulated in every department of the government in this city, among all classes of employees—apprentices, laborers and mechanics at the navy-yard, employees at the capital and messengers in the departments, are all asked to pay an assessment amounting to from \$6 to \$22. The circular sets forth that the committee is organized in the interest of the Republican party, and that funds are needed for preparing, printing and circulating documents in the coming Congressional election.

### The Egyptian Situation.

LONDON, June 13.—A dispatch from Cairo says: At a meeting of the foreign consuls with Dervish Pasha, the Khedive and Arabi Pasha, a solemn engagement was entered into that the Khedive should undertake to maintain order, and that Arabi Pasha should strictly obey the Khedive's commands. Dervish Pasha has agreed to accept joint responsibility with Arabi Pasha for the preservation of order. The project of carrying off the Khedive, Dervish Pasha, and the British and French Consuls to the citadel is freely discussed.

### An Immortalized Jury.

CHICAGO, June 13.—An Atchison, Kansas, special says: James McHahn, a section hand, working thirty miles below Las Vegas, being considered a half-witted fellow, was mercifully tantalized and ridiculed

by his companions. He threatened, unless the abuse ceased, to kill somebody, and eventually did shoot John Groves, the leader, killing him instantly. The section men thereupon seized McHahn, and taking him to the station, hoisted him on a cross-beam with a rope about his neck and let him drop twelve feet. The coroner's jury exonerated all parties.

### The Arabs at Work.

CAIRO, June 13.—Dervish Pasha and Arabi Pasha did not go to Alexandria as announced, but only sent orders, because there has been numerous assaults on Europeans by Arabs in Cairo.

ALEXANDRIA, June 13.—Europeans are leaving as fast as they can. The consuls have issued a proclamation exhorting Europeans to remain tranquil, and expressing confidence that the army will be able to maintain order. One hundred persons were killed in Alexandria Sunday. The position is a terrible one, and any small force the fleet could land would only suffice to excite the Arabs to a general massacre.

### Republican Rescues on Trial.

WASHINGTON, June 13.—In the star route trial, Merrick said he proposed to take up the routes, seriatim and completely dispose of one route before taking up another. Merrick put in evidence, various certificates and other papers from the auditor of the post office department. Senator Saunders of Nebraska was sworn and testified at some length.

### A Premature Blast.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 13.—A Virginia City, Nev. Dispatch says a premature explosion blast at the Union Consolidated mine this evening, instantly killed John Black and James F. Brown. John Beargo was fatally injured and R. Hicks, seriously. No other men in the drift at the time of the explosion. The cause of the explosion is not known. Brown was blown all to pieces.

### The Half-Breeds Kick.

NEW YORK, June 13.—The anti-machine Republican General Committee organized to-night, 147 delegates present, representing sixteen districts. Resolutions were adopted denouncing the party in this city as being under the control of ten men, whose candidates they will not vote for.

### A Steamship Cacked.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 12.—The steamer "Strathairly" was libelled in the U. S. District Court to-day, for \$23,800, this being the aggregate penalty for excess of passengers over the lawful number carried by the vessel during the recent voyage from China and for other violations of law.

### A Strike Ended.

TERRE HAUTE, Ind., June 13.—The strike at the Wabash Iron Company's rolling mill in this city has ended and the men went to work this morning, the word "forever" being stricken from the contract. Pittsburgh prices will govern.

### Republican Allies.

NASHVILLE, June 13.—The convention of Greenbackers, in session here to-day, nominated J. R. Bensley for Governor. The platform of 1880, adopted at Chicago, was reaffirmed.

### The Khedive's Beam.

LONDON, June 13.—The Times' Cairo special says: Unless there is an overwhelming Turkish force at Alexandria before Sunday, there will be a worse outbreak than last Sunday.

### Happy Stalwarts.

WASHINGTON, June 13.—The President nominated Samuel B. Axtell, of Ohio, Chief Justice of the Supreme court of New Mexico, and Rollin M. Daggett, of Nevada, U. S. Minister to the Hawaii Islands.

### The Plumed Knight on the Stand.

WASHINGTON, June 13.—The examination of ex-Secretary Blaine was resumed this morning before the Committee on Foreign Affairs, in relation to Shipperd and Peruvian matters.

### Ominous Reports.

St. Johns, N. F., June 13.—The schooner "Alhambra" arrived last night, and reports passing a quantity of wreckage near Cape Bullard.

### Poor Comfort.

DOWAGIAC, Mich., June 13.—An entire block of wooden buildings was burned this morning. Loss heavy and insurance small.

### A Card from Mr. Dole.

Editor EPITAPH. Dear Sir: In regard to L. W. Blinn's team being stopped on the road between here and Contention, I being the driver of said team, have been in the habit of leaving here before daylight, in the morning and have seen Jackass rabbits in all their glory at sunrise, but never have I anticipated any trouble on the road. I know full well from where this Jackass business came from. They are of the stripe that cover up their head with a blanket when in bed, afraid of the dark. If any of them think I am a rag baby, under the bed, and won't dance at any racket they can make, give me an equal show, and see. I was shot at, wholly unarmed. Hoping you will give this a place in your paper, I am  
Yours truly,  
E. L. DOLE.

### THE MEETING LAST NIGHT.

#### Hon. Patrick Hamilton Elected Commissioner.

An immense concourse of people assembled at the Court House last evening to nominate and appoint a Commissioner to the Denver Exposition from Cochise county. The building was crowded to its utmost limits, some of the leading mining and business men of the city being present. Hon. W. K. Meade was called to the chair and Wm. Coe was elected secretary. The chairman said the object of the meeting was to appoint a Commissioner from Cochise county to the Denver Exposition. Judge Southard said that in order that the sense of the meeting might be tested, he would propose that the meeting proceed to elect a suitable person to represent the county at the Denver Exposition. Prof. Church opposed the motion, and thought that it would not be advisable to appoint a county commissioner, the best plan being for each district to appoint its own commissioner. Judge Murphy supported the motion, and thought that a commissioner to look after the mineral interests of the county at large should be appointed, as some of the districts would doubtless be unrepresented otherwise. Judge Peck spoke in opposition to the motion, and Judge Southard warmly rebuked him, saying that there would be some difficulty experienced in collecting money, and that the more commissioners appointed the greater would be the expense. In the course of his remarks the Professor announced that he was paying Mr. Sorin's expenses out of his own pocket; also, that he would have to pay the expenses attendant on the chief commissioner's salary and trust to the Legislature to repay it when that body assembled. The motion was then put by the chair and carried by a large majority. Judge Southard then nominated Hon. Patrick Hamilton as Commissioner from Cochise county, and Judge Peck nominated Thomas R. Sorin. At this point the greatest excitement prevailed and the chair experienced much difficulty in maintaining order. Gentlemen whose age and position in society would lead one to believe that they were capable of properly conducting themselves, made the place hideous with yells, cheers and groans. Both gentlemen had many warm partisans, but the great heart of the meeting was early demonstrated to be with Hamilton. On a vive voce vote being taken Hamilton was elected by an overwhelming majority. Being loudly called for, Mr. Hamilton ascended the platform and returned thanks for the honor conferred and promised to attend to the business for which he was appointed with all the ability he was possessed of. The meeting then adjourned.

#### Railroad Gossip.

A well-known and prominent railroad official arrived in town yesterday, and being taken in hand by an EPITAPH man yielded up a little information concerning the progress and purpose of the rail. The gentleman is of the opinion that Tombstone will be on the main line of the Atchison, Topeka and Santa Fe before very long. A survey has been completed from San Diego to Calabasas, by the California Southern Company, and our informant is of the opinion that our long-looked-for grading will commence. This line will pass through the Tia-Juanas Pass in Lower California, skirt the borders of the Gulf, cross into Sonora, driving southeasterly to San Domingo and Sonora, and thence easterly to Calabasas. In consequence of a row between the owners of the Calabasas own-site and the railroad company, the city on the raging Santa Cruz will doubtless be left out in the cold. The town-site company refused to give depot grounds to the railroad without two or three acres being paid. In consequence of the erection of nothing but solid brick buildings. Under these restrictions, the railroad folks became sour, and have decided to give Calabasas the go by, not going within twelve or fourteen miles of it. The gentleman from whom this information is gleaned further informs us that the California Southern and Atchison Topeka and Santa Fe roads are almost the same thing. Mr. Rodgers, the foreman man of the California road, is a son-in-law of Tom Nickerson, the President of the Santa Fe, and both companies are closely allied. It is the intention of the Santa Fe to build a charter route to the Pacific, and under the chapters of Arizona and California, and concessions from the Mexican authorities of Sonora and Lower California, there is no hindrance to the scheme. The proposed route of the road passes some of the best mineral, agricultural and grazing lands in Sonora. Since the row with the Calabasas folks, it is the intention of the managers to connect with the Sonora railroad at a point twenty-five miles southeast of Calabasas, and follow the line of the Arizona & New Mexico to "Y" about three miles from Contention, where the main line will take a straight about to Deming, taking in Tombstone on the route. It is also understood that the Santa Fe folks contemplate building a road from Tombstone along the Sonora valley to Ures, where it will become a branch out from the Sonora railroad. A survey is now being made from Ures to a point on the Mexican Central about fifty miles north of the city of Chihuahua. If the proposed line from this city to Ures takes practical shape, there is hardly a doubt out Tombstone will become the chief supply depot for the important settlements and mining camps along the Sonora valley. The point is of sufficient interest to be taken into the consideration of business men, as the vast mining industries of Sonora and the influx of American will make the business interests of sufficient consequence to be cultivated.

#### THE NEWS IN BRIEF.

Bob Small was declared entitled to a seat in Congress from the Fifth District of South Carolina.  
Trescott will be examined by the Foreign Affairs Committee to-day.  
General Tynner was thrown from a buggy in Washington yesterday and seriously bruised.  
A terrible hail storm swept over Indian Territory yesterday, doing much damage.  
The striking iron workers at Cleveland, Ohio, are returning to work.  
The Empress of Russia was delivered of a daughter yesterday.  
A negro named George Beckett was lynched near Jackson, Miss., yesterday, for an attempted outrage on a seven-year-old girl.