

# TOMBSTONE WEEKLY EPITAPH.

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TOMBSTONE, COCHISE COUNTY, ARIZONA, AUGUST 12, 1882.

FIVE DOLLARS A YEAR.

## TELEGRAPHIC.

### GENERAL NEWS.

#### A Monument for a Hero.

CHICAGO, August 5.—It is proposed, on the 23d of August, to have a celebration at Ogden's Grove, to raise funds for a monument to John Brown. The following, just received, is a proposal:

SARATOGA, Cal., July 27th.—To Mr. W. J. W. Washington—Dear Sir: Your letter to my mother extending an invitation to attend the monumental celebration on the 23d of August was received yesterday. I hasten to reply. She is happy to accept an invitation to visit the East once more. It has long been her great desire, so please accept her heartfelt gratitude and that of her children. (Signed) SARAH BROWN.

Gen. Logan, Congressman Aldrich of this city, Cox of New York, and Doolittle of Wisconsin, and Fred Douglass will also be present. The intention is to hold a similar celebration in all the great cities in the United States, for which purpose an association is to be formed in every State, the general headquarters of which will be in this city, the chairman of the committee on organization in Illinois being Dr. W. J. W. Washington of this city.

**Yellow Jack.**  
LAREDO, Tex., August 5.—The prevailing fever at Matamoros is reported increasing. Seven deaths occurred to-day. Total number of cases reported, between 300 and 400. The disease prevails among the higher classes as well as among the lower. Many of the stores are open only part of the day now. It is reported in all, twenty cases of yellow fever in Brownsville, are doing well. The Mayor of Laredo is to take active measures to-morrow toward a strict quarantine against fever places, and an attempt will be made to induce Nuevo Laredo to do the same, that connection between the two places may not be interrupted. The Texas and Mexican railway officials say if the fever gets to Corpus Christie, they will stop running all trains. Citizens have held meetings and telegraphed the Governor, protesting against the contemplated removal of the troops from Brownsville to their old post at that place.

**The Great Exposition.**  
DENVER, August 5.—There was a good attendance at the National Mining Exposition to-day, visitors being for the most part from different points in Colorado. Some Eastern people are arriving, but the great crowd from that direction is not expected for a week or two. Disorder incident to the first week of all exhibitions is being rapidly removed, and all exhibits will be in place in a few days.

**A Fierce Rain Storm.**  
COLUMBUS, O., August 5.—Coring, Perry county, was overwhelmed by a waterspout yesterday. Business and dwelling houses were swept away. People were rescued with great difficulty. Miles of railroad track were washed away, and loaded coal cars were carried off in the flood. The wires are prostrated. The loss to citizens is a hundred thousand dollars. Much damage reported from other places.

**A Horrible Deed.**  
GRANADA, Miss., August 5.—Capt. Thomas Kirkman, a wealthy planter, went last night into the quarters of a colored woman with whom he had been intimate some years, and brained her and her four children with an axe. He then took a dose of morphine. He is still alive, but there is no hope of his recovery. It is said he is the father of three of the children.

**Railroad Accident.**  
OIL CITY, Pa., August 5.—A large train of freight cars of the Cranberry Coal Railway, coming from the mines, in descending a decline, the brakemen lost control of the train and it dashed along at a terrific rate and jumped the track, killing six miners and wounding fifteen others. The track was torn up and ties scattered for about two miles.

**Murdered.**  
OTTAWA, Ill., August 5.—A private dispatch from Peoria announces that W. D. Neff and wife, who had started an orange grove, 140 miles from Jacksonville, Florida, were murdered, and the robbers burned the bodies.

**The Elements.**  
DENVER, Col., August 5.—Destructive storms have been raging for the past two days in several sections of the State, causing floods, landslides, and consequently loss of life and great damage to property.

**Firemen Injured.**  
LOWELL, Mass., August 5.—The central bridge across the Merrimack was burned this morning. Loss, \$34,000. While working on the fire four firemen were precipitated into the river and seriously injured.

**End of a War.**  
LITTLE ROCK, Ark., August 5.—The war between the Creek Indians is ended for the present, and both parties have been disarmed and disbanded.

**More Yellow Jack.**  
BROWNVILLE, Tex., August 5.—A Mexican druggist died last night of yellow fever. There are several new cases.

**A Big Blaze.**  
LEMOORE, Cal., August 5.—At 10:15 last night, a fire was discovered in the store of Moeck & Darheim, which spread to the Park House, Masonic Hall and City Hall; thence across Fox street to Ingram's stable, and Heintz's stable and smoke house; thence across D street to Schleckheiser's saloon and hall to dwelling, to Southard's house and Mooney's gunsmith shop. Losses, as far as ascertained, are as follows: Mack & Bernheim lost \$25,000; pork house, \$2,000; Masonic hall, \$4,500; City hotel, \$19,000; Mr. Ingrams, \$5,000; Heinen's, \$1,000; Schlickhuser, \$5,000; Mooney's, \$500; Masonic regalia, \$600; A. O. U. W., \$100; I. O. O., \$600; Eastern Star, \$200; Clifton Friends, \$100; Schwartz & Brownstone, \$100. Other losses from moving goods and furniture not ascertained. Quite a quantity of clothing, etc., were stolen after being removed from stores and dwellings.

**An Enterprising Family.**  
CHICAGO, August 5.—The Reading family, consisting of mother and two daughters and three adopted girls, all of tender years, who were recently arrested for shop-lifting, have turned out to be the nucleus of a very bad crowd, who, through their connexions, have been unearthed, and appear to have stolen extensively from all over the city. Mrs. Reading is a depraved specimen of female fagin, who was rapidly becoming rich from the pilfering of her brood.

**Theatrical Manager Clinched.**  
MILWAUKEE, August 5.—August Blondawski, theatrical manager, recently arrested here for forgery, pleaded guilty in the criminal court this morning and was sentenced to three years imprisonment in the house of correction.

**Yellow Jack.**  
LAREDO, Texas, August 5.—Several new cases of yellow fever were reported yesterday.

**How the Money Goes.**  
CHICAGO, August 7.—A Tribune Washington special, says: Two years ago the total appropriations for the general government were one hundred and ninety millions; last year they ran up to \$216,694,388, and this year they have been swelled up to \$293,555,489. The following is the table of appropriations for 1883: Legislative, executive and judicial, \$20,209,209; sundry civil service, \$24,805,850; army, \$26,258,000; navy, as passed the house, \$15,351,000; Indians, \$1,117,000; river and harbor bill, \$18,743,985; fortifications, \$380,000; military academy, \$335,000; postoffice, \$44,643,900; pensions, \$10,000,000; consular and diplomatic, \$1,356,655; miscellaneous, \$4,660,000; deficiencies, \$29,000,000, including \$19,000,000 for pensions; District of Columbia, \$1,690,000.

**Young Outlaws.**  
NEW YORK, August 7.—A Dallas Tex. special says: A band of young men who are well connected in Henderson county, have for several weeks past, been committing lawless acts, also plundering stores in the town of Athens. On Friday the leader was captured and jailed, but that night his companions overpowered the jailor and released him, when the party fled to the country, where they ravished a daughter of a respectable planter. Yesterday the gang were overhauled on Red river by two possees of citizens. The leader of the band named Alexander Cox, was killed, and Joseph Stephens and Bill Brooks, members of the gang, were captured. Cox was a noted desperado, and it is said has killed half a dozen or more men.

**Stabbed in the Back.**  
SAN FRANCISCO, August 3.—About 3 o'clock this morning a man named Mejer was found lying on the sidewalk at 632 Pacific street in a dying condition. An examination showed that he had been stabbed in the back. He was removed to the receiving hospital, but died when on the way there. The murderer is unknown, but is thought to be a Chinaman. Deceased was 51 years of age. He was an acrobat and trapeze performer and commonly known as Prof. Casper.

**A Railroad Bridge Breaks Down.**  
CHICAGO, August 7.—A bridge across the Embarras river, on the Peoria, Decatur and Evansville railroad, near Greenup yesterday evening gave way under a freight train, and the engine and eighteen loaded cars went down, killing Charles Allen, a cooper, and seriously injuring M. Conlin, engineer; Geo. Farlin, brakeman. The bridge was defective.

**Yellow Fever Spreading.**  
SAN ANTONIO, August 6.—A special, the latest from Brownsville up to 4 p. m., says nothing has been heard from Matamoros regarding the fever. Another death occurred in Brownsville last night, and several new cases are reported, and among them Dr. Happersett, United States post-surgeon of Fort Brown.

**Yellow Jack.**  
GALVESTON, Tex., August 7.—Cases of suspicious sickness, on the schooner Henrietta, from Matamoros, in quarantine, developed into yellow fever. One death.

**Death of Admiral McDougal.**  
SAN FRANCISCO, August 7.—Rear Admiral David Stockton McDougal died in this city to-day of Bright's disease of the kidney's.

**Boiler Burst—Fearful Loss of Life.**  
CAIRO, Ill., August 8.—The steamer Geo. Drew blew up and burnt to the water's edge and sunk near Hickmon, Ky. Seventeen were killed that are known of. Forty-seven were wounded.

**LATEST PARTICULARS—THE VICTIMS.**  
HICKMON, Ky., August 8.—The following is a list of those who have died of injuries from the steamer explosion so far: Billy Ingraham, third clerk; Jno. Lyttle, second purser; William Travers, barkeeper; Captain Watch, W. Howard, roostabout; Charley Williams, second barber; Manuel Victor, deck passenger. The names of the missing are not known, as the books were lost. The exact number of killed and wounded is not known, but it is estimated at 24 killed and 48 wounded.

**STILL LATER—THE MISSING.**  
The following is a list of the injured: Capt. John T. McCord, slightly scalded; T. S. Gray, pilot; Sol. Prince, first mate; John Longless, second clerk; William Ingraham, third clerk; William Travis, barkeeper; Pat. Donnell, cabin watchman; John O'Neal, deck hand; Tom Beck, deck sweeper; Dick Phillips, porter; Jim Bater, second porter; two pantrymen; two roostabouts, three firemen, ten deck passengers and Mrs. Thompson, cabin passenger, are severely scalded. D. Dunphy, second mate; P. Detried, freight clerk; James Marohan, sailor; J. Nichols, barber; Mr. Bridges, W. Thornton, Mr. Blank and Mrs. Blank, slightly scalded. One cabin passenger, one fireman, two coal heavers, eight roostabouts, four cabin boys and Joseph Lawson, first cook, are missing. The boat ran to shore and made fast. It took fire and burned to the water's edge, and then sank. The books are safe, but the baggage was lost.

Bill Ingraham, William Travis, Pat. Donnell, P. H. Coleman and John Jay, have since died.

**THE LATEST ACCOUNT.**  
ST. LOUIS, August 8.—There were no additional particulars of the explosion of the steamer Gold Dust, near Hickman, Ky., yesterday, received here. The steamer City of Alton is reported to have arrived at Cairo last night with the details and will come through to St. Louis direct. The most complete list of those who died from scalds and other wounds, received by the accident, is as follows: Wm. A. Ingraham or Ingram, third clerk; John Lytle second purser; Wm. Travers, barkeeper, Peter Winter, second porter, Jim Jerry, captain of the water, Walter Howard, roostabout, Charles Williams, second barber, Morrell Victor, deck passenger. The names of the missing are not known as the books were lost. The number may be swelled to twenty or thirty more.

**A Costly Blaze.**  
GARDNER, Me., August 8.—The most extensive conflagration that ever visited Gardner began a little before 7 o'clock last evening, in Messrs. Wood & Brown's planing mills, on Bridge street. The wind blew the flames into the saw mill and foundries, and in a few minutes the factories along Bridge street were in flames. The fire department from adjoining towns were sent promptly. The fire made a clean sweep of the east side of Bridge street, then on to High, Middle and Springs streets which contained residences. It spread up High street to the Methodist church, which was saved. The fire was under control at 10:30. About twenty acres were burned over. All the manufactories lower down were swept away. Between 300 and 400 men are thrown out of employment. Some sixty dwellings were destroyed. Loss upwards of \$200,000.

**A Democratic Victory.**  
MONTGOMERY, Ala., August 8.—The election for governor, secretary of state, attorney-general, superintendent of instruction, treasurer, auditor, and members of the general assembly was held to-day. So far no disturbance is reported. Election very quiet. Democratic success is conceded, very few Republicans running for the legislature.

**A Murderer Arrested.**  
LARAMIE, Wyo., August 8.—Jos. Paxton, alias Blind Jim, was arrested here to-day, charged with killing Stoney, railroad contractor at Flagstaff, Arizona, on July 5th. He is held awaiting the arrival of Arizona officials.

**A Crooked Official.**  
NEW YORK, August 8.—Captain Brackett, special agent of the Treasury Department, sent in a report on the charges against Appraiser Howard, most of which are sustained.

**The Elements.**  
LANCASTER, Pa., August 8.—Yesterday's storm was very destructive and caused a heavy loss in the southern end of the county to bridges, cattle, etc.

**Kentucky All Right.**  
LOUISVILLE, August 7.—A state election was held to-day for judges of the superior court and a clerk. It was carried by the Democrats.

**Twenty-five Good Indians.**  
NEW YORK, August 9.—A dispatch from Matamoros, Mexico, to-day, says: News has just reached here of the execution of twenty-five Apaches, who were captured by Mexican troops and publicly shot at Chihuahua Monday. They met their fate with an expression of the greatest contempt in their faces.

**Accident on the Southern Pacific.**  
LOS ANGELES, August 8.—The south bound freight train, due about four this morning, was wrecked eleven miles north of this city. Fourteen cars were smashed and six hundred feet of track torn up. Nobody hurt. The San Francisco passenger train, due at 8 a. m. has not yet arrived. The east bound special freight and the one coming west ran into each other in San Gorgino pass last night. The damage was slight. The regular train was out of time.

**LOS ANGELES, August 8.—**The damage to the freight train was not so much as reported this morning. The track was badly torn, but only part of the cars injured were trucks, a large number of which were entirely wrecked. Freight on the cars was not injured. A side track was built around the wreck and the San Francisco passenger train got in about two p. m.

**Enforcing the Chinese Bill.**  
SAN FRANCISCO, August 8.—On the arrival of the City of Sydney today she was not allowed to dock immediately, as she has a Chinese crew who are not provided with return certificates, in accordance with the new law. Subsequently the crew were removed to a hulk and the steamer was docked. It is understood the mail company will make a test case by procuring a writ of habeas corpus in the United States Circuit Court.

**A Destructive Storm.**  
NEW YORK, August 8.—Heavy thunder storm in New York, Connecticut, New Jersey and Pennsylvania. Many lives were lost, and many buildings destroyed by lightning. Great damage is done by rains and sudden floods.

**An Editor Stabbed.**  
CAIRO, August 8.—Geo. W. Tanner, a prominent colored politician, this morning fatally stabbed A. T. Leonard, editor of the Gazette. Tanner is in jail.

**A Louisville Failure.**  
LOUISVILLE, August 8.—Close & Washington, retail dry goods merchants assigned to-day. Liabilities, \$80,000; assets not known. The firm hope to continue.

**Death of a Jurist.**  
SAN FRANCISCO, August 8.—Judge Delos Lake died this morning of heart disease.

**WASHINGTON NEWS.**  
WASHINGTON, August 4.—A court of inquiry has been ordered in the case of Colonel Carr, of the sixth cavalry, in reference to accusations growing out of charges of insubordination, preferred by General Wilcox. The cabinet to-day considered the question of permitting Chinese laborers of Cuba, to pass through the United States. No conclusion reached.

WASHINGTON, August 5.—The President signed the legislative appropriation bill.

The knut goods bill will delay the adjournment indefinitely.

The nominations of U. S. Grant and W. H. Trescott as commissioners to negotiate a commercial treaty with Mexico, and John Dillon of Missouri, as secretary of legation of the United States in Mexico, were sent to the Senate to-day.

WASHINGTON, August 7.—In the Senate the following passed: House bill pensioning the widow of General Ramsey, House bill repealing that section of the revised statutes which imposes an export tax on tobacco, the Senate joint resolution allowing per diem employees of the Senate an extra month's pay.

In the Star Route trials the court excluded the report of Brady for the fiscal year 1876, which the defense offered with the object of showing that Brady offered Congress measures calculated to protect sub-contractors. Several similar reports were likewise ruled out.

A resolution instructing the Secretary of the Navy to convene a court of inquiry to investigate the loss of the steamer Jeanette and the death of Lieutenant-Commander DeLong was passed.

The House joint resolution for a joint select commission upon American ship building and ship owning interests was passed by a vote of 40 to 13.

The House joint resolution appropriating \$60,000 to supply the deficiency in the appropriation for fees in the United States District Attorney's office for the last fiscal year.

After some unimportant testimony in the Star Route cases, Ingersoll said he was through, and the other counsel for the defense said they were. This created much surprise and a recess was taken.

WASHINGTON, August 8.—In the House Robeson tried to get his tax bill through, but only sixty voted on the question, and Ellis and Cox raised the point of no quorum, and Robeson withdrew the bill saying he had made an honest endeavor to reduce taxation. A recess was then taken for two hours.

In the Senate the House bill was passed for a railway bridge across the Mississippi at or near the mouth of the Upper Iowa river.

Plumb offered a concurrent resolution for adjournment at 5 p. m. Morrill objected to the present consideration of the resolution in order to leave it lie for a day under the rules.

When the doors of the Senate were opened this afternoon, Morrill's request to pass the tax bill was jeered at by the Democrats. At three the presiding officer made a brief speech of thanks and the Senate adjourned sine die.

Cameron, of Pennsylvania, then

moved for an executive session, but yielded temporarily to Morrill, who applied to the other side to allow the tax bill to come up and either be voted open without further debate or a time fixed.

The Senate confirmed the following: Gen. Grant and W. H. Trescott as Commissioners to negotiate a commercial treaty with Mexico; Colonel Chas. H. Crane, Surgeon General United States Army; W. H. Hoover, of California, Associate Justice Supreme Court of Arizona. United States Consuls: Thomas J. Barney, at San Luis Potosi, Mexico; F. M. Rice, of Maine, at Aspinwall; Wm. L. Welsh, of Pennsylvania, at Florence.

In the Senate, Blair, Chairman of the Committee on Education and Labor, called up his resolution directing an investigation, during recess, into labor strikes. The resolution was adopted, with an amendment offered by George directing an inquiry into the division between labor and capital in their joint production in the United States.

The Nicaragua ship canal was made a special order for the second Monday in December. Shortly after a vote was taken on the pending motion of Cameron, of Pennsylvania, for an executive session, Morrill meanwhile insisting upon the consideration of the tax bill. The motion prevailed; yeas 31; nays 1.

Saulsbury inquired of Morrill if he intended to call up the tax bill, and received an affirmative answer. Sherman said he would never vote to adjourn until the tax bill was voted upon. Black said the tax bill as proposed only meant an attempt to take the bill from the Senate, when it was well known the House had no quorum. The amendment was lost; yeas 9, nays 19. The Senate then adjourned until to-morrow.

WASHINGTON, August 7.—Secretary Teller emphatically denies the report that he advised the passage of the river and harbor bill over the President's veto. It is generally expected that congress will adjourn to-day. The house will leave behind a callender of some sixty pages. There will remain on the senate callender about 100 senate bills and joint resolutions.

WASHINGTON, August 8.—The Senate voted to adjourn sine die at 3 p. m.

The Senate bill to transfer the property of the soldiers' and sailors' orphans home to the Garfield memorial hospital passed the House. The Senate amendment to the House resolution for adjournment was concurred in. The committee of three authorized to wait upon the President and announce that Congress was ready to adjourn were Hiseock, Carpenter and Atkins.

Secretary Chandler yesterday called the United States minister at St. Petersburg that Congress had made provision for bringing home the remains of Lieutenant Commander DeLong and companions, and asked that he telegraph Lieutenant Harper at Irkutsk to have sledges built to bring the bodies to Orenburg, where metallic cases will be found in waiting.

The House has adjourned sine die. The Senate voted to adjourn sine die at 3 p. m. The vote against adjournment came from Republicans and Democrats, and Cameron (Wis.), Chilcott, Plumb, Sawyer, Davis (Ill.) voted to adjourn. Anthony and Bayard were appointed to notify the President that Congress would adjourn at one o'clock. The Senate then went into executive session.

The hour of final adjournment having arrived, Speaker Keifer addressed the House as follows: "This House is about to terminate its first session. It has been an important one to the country. With thanks for generous and kind treatment on the part of the House and with my best wishes for all its members, regardless of party, I now, as authorized and required by the concurrent resolution of the Senate and House adjourned without day." [Loud applause.]

After spending about half an hour in hand-shaking and taking leave of each other, the members left the hall, many of them going direct to the depot.

In the Senate, Pendleton offered a resolution, which was adopted by a unanimous vote, tendering thanks to David Davis, President of the Senate, for his uniformly able, courteous and impartial manner in which he has presided over the deliberations of the Senate.

President Arthur, accompanied by his son, Secretary Folger and Attorney General Brewster, arrived at the Capitol at half-past two o'clock and proceeded to the President's room where Secretaries Lincoln and Chandler were already in waiting. The President was kept busy for half an hour or more signing the various bills submitted for his signature. All the bills presented the President signed and reported back to Congress before adjournment. As soon as the Senate adjourned many of its members visited the President's room and congratulations were exchanged upon the termination of the long session.

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The joint select committee to inquire into the condition and wants of the American merchant marine was made up to-day. It consists, on the part of the Senate, of Messrs. Miller, of New York, Conger and Vest, and on the part of the House, Messrs. Page, Chandler, Robeson, Dingley, McLane and Cox. The committee will hold its first session in New York about November 15th.

### FOREIGN.

**A BATTLE FOUGHT—PROBABLE DEFEAT OF THE ENGLISH.**  
ALEXANDRIA, August 5.—11:30 a. m.—The object of operations to-day was a reconnaissance in force, commencing at 4 o'clock p. m. A steady advance was made by the marines upon the railway line; the rifles upon the west bank of the Mahmondich canal and the South Staffordshire regiment and mounted infantry upon the east bank. The enemy were driven in from all their advanced positions and compelled to bring into action all their troops available in the front. Their principal line of entrenchment at Kafrel Dwor, namely: about four battalions of infantry, a force of artillery, and several of the guns of the latter were completely silenced by the accurate firing of our forty-pounder. The Egyptian infantry held their ground with considerable steadiness. The marines on the railway, who were under the immediate command of General Allison, pushed the enemy back on their second line of entrenchments, towards Kafrel Dwor. The marines were supported by the South Staffordshire regiment and the Rifles. They suffered somewhat, but behaved with great calmness and steadiness under heavy fire. The object of the British operations, which was to compel the enemy to display what force and what guns they had in front of the main position, was completely attained.

**A BATTLE PROGRESSING.**  
ALEXANDRIA, 6:35 p. m., Aug. 5.—At five o'clock in the afternoon, the British troops, with a number of field guns served by sailors, attacked the advance guard of Arabi Pasha near Ramleh, between the canal and railroad. The engagement, which is of a serious nature, still continues. This was ascertained by nightfall when the British were slowly and steadily withdrawn. No accurate return of the killed and wounded as yet ascertainable. The enemy's loss unknown. A large number were wounded and fell into the hands of the British. Many dead were seen. A considerable number of the enemy were made prisoners.

**BULLDOZING THE SULTAN.**  
LONDON, August 7.—The government has instructed Lord Dufferin, British ambassador at Constantinople, to present the ultimatum to the Porte, demanding that the sultan at once declare Arabi Pasha a rebel, and accept the English proposals for joint action in Egypt. In the event of the Porte failing to comply Lord Dufferin will be recalled and the landing of Turkish troops in Egypt be opposed by the English. The Porte has requested a delay for the consideration of the demand. A dispatch from Constantinople reports great excitement there on account of the announcement of the ultimatum.

**AN UNEASY FEELING.**  
CONSTANTINOPLE, August 7.—An unpleasant feeling has been caused at the Porte on account of the position of English flags on public buildings, when the British occupied Suez. The Porte has been assured that the raising of the flags has no significance. The flag displayed was that of the consulate and was hoisted in conjunction with the Egyptian flag. This explanation is not considered satisfactory.

**THE ENGLISH ACCOUNT.**  
ALEXANDRIA, August 8.—Gen. Allison states that the enemy's loss is between 200 and 300. One officer and fourteen soldiers were taken prisoners. On being offered the option of returning to the enemy's camp, they all refused, saying there was great discontent there. The prisoners reckon the rebel force at Kafar-El-Dwar at sixteen thousand.

**DESTRUCTIVE FIRE.**  
BERLIN, August 7.—A destructive fire occurred in Stovepol and along the Kuma river, in the Caucasus. Crops covering an area of 80 square kilometres were burned.

**THE IRISH POLICE.**  
DUBLIN, August 7.—According to telegrams to-night from every part of Ireland the constabulary are determined to have their grievances remedied or else they will resign.

**CROWDING TURKEY.**  
LONDON, August 7.—With reference to the expected acceptance by the Porte of the military convention demanded by England, the Post prints an unconfirmed rumor that Lord Dufferin, the British Ambassador at Constantinople, has been ordered, in the event of the Porte's non-compliance, to quit Constantinople.

**RUSSIA PREPARING.**  
LONDON, August 7.—It is rumored at St. Petersburg that Russia is making warlike preparations at Odessa, in view of possible complications between Turkey and England.

**THE EGYPTIAN DEAD.**  
ALEXANDRIA, August 8.—The enemy is busy burying their dead. Late on Sunday scouts numbered the Egyptian killed at 350.

**FEELING IN ITALY.**  
ROME, August 8.—The newspapers continue to display a very hostile feeling against England. They declare the reconnaissance of Saturday was really a heavy defeat for the British, though denied by an official dispatch.

**Sweet Mercenary.**  
BERLIN, August 8.—It is believed the conference will be adjourned if military operations in Egypt assume a more serious character, and will resemble to discuss the Egyptian question after the campaign has terminated.

**The New French Premier.**  
PARIS, August 7.—Senator Duclercq has accepted the task of forming a new ministry.

**Promising Good Positions.**  
DUBLIN, August 9.—Intelligence from various points show that the constabulary are determined to stick to their demands. In many places meetings of members of the force are prohibited. It is reported that American Fenian agents are encouraging the agitation, and promising the men equally good positions in America if they leave the force.

**The Steamer Masel Aground.**  
LONDON, August 9.—The steamer Masel, from Bremen for New York, ran aground at Lizard Point. Her position is precarious, as she has a hole through her bow. She struck at 8:30 this morning. Tugs were sent to her assistance. The weather is calm and hazy. All the passengers have been landed.

**NEWS IN BRIEF.**  
Spencer, the ex-carpet-bag Senator from Alabama, and at present a Government Director of the Union Pacific, is dodging the subpoena of the Government to appear as a witness against the star-route thieves.

The Indiana Republicans met in State Convention. R. W. Thompson was chosen President. The usual platform was adopted and convention adjourned until to-day.

A severe storm extended along the Pacific seaboard yesterday, doing much damage.

The Massachusetts Prohibitionists nominated Chas. Almy for Governor.

**TERRITORIAL NEWS.**  
The Atlantic and Pacific railroad has reached Flagstaff.

The company of Pima police at the Sacaton agency has been disbanded by order of the Government.

Competent geologists have estimated the coal fields of Arizona at over 40,000 square miles, or more than half the coal measures of the United States.

Grading has begun from Williams, A. T., towards Prescott, for the branch of the Atlantic and Pacific, which is to be built to that town. Prescott votes \$50,000 county bonds to secure the road.

The Clifton Hydraulic Company has made its first clean-up, with the encouraging result of \$1,300 in gold dust from dirt that had been twice worked. Dr. Welsh, the Superintendent of the company, has gone East in high spirits.

One of the hardest woods known is the desert ironwood tree, which grows in the dry washes. Its specific gravity is nearly the same as that of hignum vitice, and its black heart is so hard, when seasoned, that it will turn the edge of an axe, and can scarcely be cut with a well-tempered saw. In burning it gives out an intense heat, and charcoal made from it is of unequalled quality.

Capt. J. L. Smith arrived in town from Lerdo this week, and reports great activity and a prosperous outlook at Blythe's sugar plantation. Stores and cane houses are being erected, and all the necessary work requisite to the establishment of a first-class sugar place under way. A couple of years hence Yuma will be a great sugar market, and along with the increasing trade of the mining camps in our immediate vicinity, our old village will create a stir in commercial circles.—Sentinel

The California division of the Atlantic and Pacific road is graded for forty-eight miles east of Mojave, and in running order for thirty-eight miles of that distance. Three hundred Chinamen are grading. Fifteen miles from the point where the grading force is at work, and seventeen miles from Waterman's, the company is sinking a well for the use of construction. Material is on hand at the end of the track to complete it to the Mojave river, and we are assured that the road will be completed to the river in six weeks from the present time. We are also informed that it is the intention of the company to put a force on at the Needles, on the Colorado river, and build westward as rapidly as possible.—Commercial.

**Murder Will Out.**  
A few years ago "August Flower" was discovered to be a certain cure for dyspepsia and liver complaint. A few thin dyspeptics made known to their friends how easily and quickly they had been cured by its use. The great merits of Green's August Flower became heralded through the country by one sufferer to another, until, without advertising, its sale has become immense. Druggists in every town in the United States are selling it. No person suffering with sour stomach, sick headache, costiveness, palpitation of the heart, indigestion, low spirits, etc., can take three doses without relief. Go to your druggist and get a bottle for 75 cents and try it. Sample bottles 10 cents.