

PORTER'S PLATITUDES.

The Republican Congressional Nominee Confronts a Tombstone Audience the Second Time—Sound and Fury Signifying Nothing—Other Candidates to the Front.

The "trooly toil" demonstration last evening was a rather dismal failure. Notwithstanding the herculean efforts of the party bosses, who were busy all day yesterday making preparations for the event, not a spark of enthusiasm could be evolved from the people.

GOING!

Nine Prisoners Unexpectedly Leave the State Unknown—Murphy, Moyer and Gibson Bid Goodby to Tucson.

The city was startled last evening by the report that nine of the most notorious prisoners in the county jail had escaped. It took but a few minutes for the news to spread through every thoroughfare, and soon the court house was surrounded by an excited crowd of anxious questioners.

was observed by the assembled crowd and not a demonstration of applause was made as the orator of the evening advanced to the platform. The committee had appointed a long list of vice-presidents to give tone to the proceedings, but the large majority of those appointed were conspicuous only by their absence.

The speaker referred to the fact of a large percentage of the Irish people belonging to the democratic party, and then proceeded to explain the extreme love and reverence the party of great moral ideas entertained for everything pertaining to the land of the shamrock.

He stated that since he had promulgated his method of dealing with the Apaches, he had been in constant receipt of congratulatory advices from capitalists and leading citizens of the country.

declared that the voters of both parties should stick to their party nominees. He said that when a candidate was elected on a party ticket, the party was held responsible for his official conduct, while in the case of an "independent" no one is responsible for the faithful discharge of his duties.

Lytleton Price, candidate for district attorney, followed in a brief address in which he demonstrated that a gentlemanly campaign is possible even in Arizona, and that he and Mark Smith, his opponent, are conducting such a one at present.

The story of the delivery of a Star representative, by the jailer, furnishes all the salient details. It is stated that about half-past six o'clock, John Murphy, who was locked in a cell on the lower floor with Moyer and Gibson, was apparently taken quite sick, and when discovered by the jailor, was endeavoring to vomit.

was on the officer, and pulled him into the cell. While one of the trio was unhooking the other three cells in the hall, thereby liberating six other prisoners, two were busily engaged in tying and gagging the jailer. They forced a towel into his mouth, tying it back of his neck while his arms were thrust through the iron bars and bound with a towel on the outside.

which led to Church street. Their movements after that are unknown to the officials. The jailer stated that it could not have been over two minutes from the time he was first assailed to the time the fugitives passed out. In a few minutes after that he got alone and succeeded in disengaging his hands and reaching through the bars, easily unlocked the cell door, running through the main hall of the building, he encountered Janitor George Hand and his assistant, A. J. Greenough, who were talking on the front steps.

Murphy, Moyer and Gibson, charged with the murder of Levy, are too well known here, to need description. D. A. Westover, indicted for grand larceny, is about 55 years of age, in height, weighs 180 pounds, of light complexion, has curly hair, and mustache. Is not over 23 years old.

James Casey, indicted for robbery near Calabasas, is nearly 6 feet high; weight 170 pounds; complexion sallow; no beard; aged 25 or 26.

A Section of the Law. From the large number of voters registered in Tombstone, it is probable the crowd around the polling places on election day will greatly impede voters, and in view of this the following section of the election law should be rigidly enforced: "No person shall approach the polling stand nearer than fifty feet for the purpose of electioneering or soliciting votes, or distributing tickets at any election, while the polls are open; and it shall be the duty of the constable of each precinct to see that this law is enforced; and in case no constable be present at the opening of the polls, it shall be the duty of the board of judges of election to appoint a special constable for that purpose, who shall have, during the day of election, all the powers of a peace officer duly elected or appointed, and who shall be entitled to receive five dollars for his services during the day of election, together with the fees allowed by law in cases of arrest, such payment to be made from the county treasury as other similar payments are made."

To THE VOTERS OF COCHISE COUNTY: I find that parties interested in the result of the approaching election are continually circulating a report to the effect that I have or am about to withdraw from the canvass for sheriff. I have this to say: The report is entirely without foundation. I propose to remain in the field until the election is over, although I know it is the earnest wish and desire of certain parties that I withdraw.

BOLAN'S BOOM.

The Democratic Nominee for Joint Councilman Defines His Position.

A Clear, Concise and Forceful Declaration of Sound Democratic Principles.

According to an announcement, Hon. Peter J. Bolan, candidate for joint councilman for Cochise and Graham counties, last night addressed the people of Tombstone at Schiefelin hall. At the appointed hour the hall was filled with a large crowd of citizens, among whom were a number of ladies. The speaker of the evening was escorted to the hall, preceded by the Tombstone band, and ascended the platform accompanied by the following gentlemen:

Judge Berry, chairman of the county central committee; D. A. Moriarty, candidate for the assembly; Mark Smith, candidate for district attorney; Ben Goodrich, candidate for county treasurer; M. E. Joyce, chairman of the board of supervisors; Judge J. S. Brittain, of Bisbee; Judge B. L. Peel, candidate for probate judge; Geo. H. Stevens, of Graham county; Hon. Harry Woods, E. H. Smith and others. The speaker was introduced by Judge Berry, and after a round of hearty applause he commenced by stating that it was proper for the people to require of their candidates an exposition of their views which would govern them should they be elected. But notwithstanding this, the speaker was somewhat surprised to find that not one of his opponents had thus far ventured to put himself on record on any of the many questions of vital interest to the people.

At present, owing to the great number of cases coming before our district courts, tedious and vexatious delay was almost invariably experienced in bringing criminal and civil cases to trial. This could be remedied, and a greater measure of justice be rendered to the unfortunate, by the establishment of county courts with jurisdiction in all criminal cases except murder, and in civil cases for all amounts below a certain fixed sum. If it was considered too great a burden for a single county to support a court of this kind, the counties could be grouped into districts, and the expense thus divided. The judges of these courts should also be elected by the people, and thus they would feel their responsibility, and be directly amenable to the power which created them.

There are 800 names on the great register of Pinal county. Phenix is said to be full of mining men, and mining negotiations are pending and being consummated in all directions. The total registration of Maricopa county is 1,132, of which 739 is credited to Phenix. Of foreign born there are 256, leaving 896 natives. Work is being pushed on the Wade Hampton mine in the Black Hills district. The Hampton is one of the best copper properties in Arizona.

The Orizaba mine, Casa Grande district, owned by John Krom, averages about \$500 to the ton, and is being shipped to San Francisco for reduction. A larger acreage will be planted next year in the Salt river valley than ever before. The farmers are now busy preparing their lands for next year's crop. An Arkansas man has taken the mail contract from Phenix to McDowell, for a trifle over a thousand dollars. The service can never be performed for that money.

Sans Morrison, a miner, at work on the Red Rover mine in Maricopa county, drank a large quantity of ammonia which resulted in death two or three days afterwards. Geo. E. Ralph, who wagered a few days ago that he could walk the distance between Prescott and the Dosoris camp in three hours, accomplished the feat in two hours and fifty-seven minutes. The best known mine, and the one which first brought the Casa Grande district into prominence, is the Vekol, situated about 31 miles south of the railroad. Owners, Brady and Walker. This mine has shipped about \$10,000 up to date.

Samuel Oates, a miner on the Silver King mine, met with a fearful accident last week; a stone fell from above, crushing one of his feet; it had to be amputated; then as gangrene set in, it was found necessary to amputate the leg. He is doing as well as can be expected under such circumstances. An exchange says General Carr has not only been vindicated by the court of inquiry, but highly commended for his prompt arrest of the medicine man. The court adds: "Considering all the facts in the case, and the gallant conduct of Colonel Carr when the moment for prompt arrest arrived, the charges and specifications embraced in this inquiry should not, in the opinion of the court, have been made the subject of a trial by court-martial."

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was claimed that he would endeavor to dismember Cochise county by giving a strip of her territory to Graham. This was untrue. The people of Graham do not wish their boundaries extended. They only desire to be left alone, to dwell in peace and harmony with their neighbors. The speaker observed that several members of the press were present. They would undoubtedly hunt up and criticize his past record, which was perfectly proper for them to do. But he would forestall them in at least one particular by confessing the lead and front of his offending. In the last legislature he voted for the repeal of the bullion tax. He was not ashamed to acknowledge it, and under the same circumstances would again vote the same way. He believed

THE BULLION TAX WAS UNJUST and discriminating as it formerly stood on the statute. It provided that the net proceeds of mines, where the ore averaged over a certain figure, should be taxed. Now some of the most profitable mines in the territory produced ore of so low an average that their net proceeds escaped taxation entirely. This was the case with the Venture, of Maricopa county, and the Silver King, of Pinal. He was in favor of the mining interest bearing its just burden of taxation, but did not think the old bullion tax law accomplished that result. The speaker was aware that what he said would be severely criticized by his opponents, but the people should bear in mind that he had at least dealt candidly with them. He was the first to define his position publicly, and whatever was the result of his candidacy the people of Graham county would always kindly remember the generosity of the democrats of Cochise in yielding to them the nomination for the important position of joint councilman. The speaker referred to a scurrilous article in an evening paper, and said that his record and character were

LEGITIMATE SUBJECTS OF CRITICISM, but the gentleman who had accompanied him to Tombstone and was included in the attack, was here in the capacity of a private citizen, and certainly deserved to be treated with at least common courtesy, as he was known and respected throughout the territory for his many sterling qualities. He thanked the audience for the attention shown him, but attributed it more to their respect for the people of Graham county than to any personal regard for the speaker.

At frequent intervals during the delivery of Mr. Bolan's eloquent and forcible address, the approval of his hearers was manifested by outbursts of cheers and applause. He evidently made a deep and lasting impression on his audience, and the mainly stand he took on the leading questions before the people undoubtedly will draw many votes from the opposition. When he had concluded, three cheers were given for the democratic ticket, and the assemblage dispersed.

WORKING. The main shaft is down 170 feet, and the second shaft 120 feet. Ten men are employed. This is one of the mines that has paid its way from the grass-roots down. Last month 25 tons of ore was worked, battery assays showing its value to vary from \$196 to \$346 per ton. It has a horse whim and the necessary workshops. Some of the ore is being sacked and reduced at the Boston mill. They are still sinking. A crosscut has been run 45 feet west and 10 feet east from the shaft. The rock is all mineralized. The ledge is well defined, varying in width from 8 to 20 inches. There is a good porphyry foot wall.

LOOKING VERY WELL. The work of timbering the new working shaft is progressing rapidly. New hoisting works will be erected within the next sixty days. The engine has been ordered and will be on the ground in about thirty days. The stopes are looking well, and shipping two loads of ore per day, averaging some 24 tons. The Goodenough and Combination ship an equal amount, making the daily shipments about 50 tons. The furnaces have not yet been started up, owing to an inadequate supply of coke. Arrangements have, however, been made to secure it from both San Francisco and Trinidad.

They are running a drift on a ledge 8 or 9 feet wide, all in ore, on all sides. About 200 tons of ore are on the dump. There is actually no waste rock. This claim, which was formerly the well-known Old Bronkrow mine, and over the title at least sixteen men have lost their lives, is now being worked for the first time for many years, the present owners having been fortunate enough to secure a United States patent. Charleson folks look to big developments in this property, and the prospect of the erection of a mill at an early date is being talked about.

A vertical shaft is being sunk rapidly in ore. The winze from the west drift has been sunk ten feet in solid ore of fine quality during the past week. Until the shaft reaches a depth of thirty feet below the present point there can be no extensive developments made in the ore body, but at present all tends to a bonanza of considerable extent. The ore dump is a sight well worth seeing and for richness is probably unsurpassed by any in the vicinity. The ore is coated with horn silver.

Sinking the winze below the 100-foot level was entirely suspended Monday in consequence of too strong a flow of water, so no work could be carried on with profit. At the Randolph, yesterday was payday; twelve men working; a draft of five men having taken place two days ago. The mine seems to come up to the owners' wishes, and the prospects are flattering. Guelph Consolidated Mining Co.—Shaft down 58 feet; running a drift 27

THE BONAZAS.

A Complete Review of the Various Mines in the Tombstone District.

We have nothing new to chronicle this week, although many of the mines enumerated below are looking better than at the date of our last report. Among the standard dividend-payers nothing of an interesting character can be looked for until operations are inaugurated which will carry the work of exploration below the water line. This we are led to believe will soon be done in both the Contention and the Grand Central, and we are of the opinion that they will be amply repaid for the expense necessarily incurred. Below we present a full and accurate account of the work performed for the week ending last evening.

ABOUT ALL THE WORK IN THE mine is being done in the stopes. Above the 500-foot level, very little prospecting or development work is being carried on. If the company conclude to put in heavy pumps and continue on down, a larger force than heretofore worked will be engaged. The two winzes on the 600 level are down at the water level, 624 feet from the surface. Ship about the same amount of ore to the mill as heretofore. The old ore house is full to overflowing, the yield from the western surface stopes adjoining the Grand Central line being much larger than was expected. The first estimate placed it at about 300 tons, but as the ledge is nearly, if not quite, 40 feet wide, it will far exceed that amount.

THE ONLY POINT OF INTEREST TO note is the striking of a 12 foot ledge of good milling ore, about four feet from the west line in the drift, running to connect with the Naumkeag. This is virgin ground, having never been prospected, and this discovery is full of promise and encouragement. There is nothing new to report on the 600 level, the condition of the drift and crosscut remaining about the same. The stopes are looking better than at our last report. The ore is somewhat softer and the October shipment will equal, if not exceed, the largest amount ever milled. The daily shipment averaging 90 tons.

WORKING. The main shaft is down 170 feet, and the second shaft 120 feet. Ten men are employed. This is one of the mines that has paid its way from the grass-roots down. Last month 25 tons of ore was worked, battery assays showing its value to vary from \$196 to \$346 per ton. It has a horse whim and the necessary workshops. Some of the ore is being sacked and reduced at the Boston mill. They are still sinking. A crosscut has been run 45 feet west and 10 feet east from the shaft. The rock is all mineralized. The ledge is well defined, varying in width from 8 to 20 inches. There is a good porphyry foot wall.

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SAN PEDRO.

Main shaft. Have suspended stoping ore on the 220-foot level in the southeast drift in consequence of bad air. A fine body of ore running up in the backs. Are driving the 100-foot level with all possible speed in a southerly direction to overlook it. Northwest crosscut on the 200-foot level is in 215 feet from shaft. The face of the drift is highly mineralized, in places making cracks containing chloride ore. Shaft No. 2. Down 42 feet. The ledge is getting wider between the walls. Quality of ore unchanged.

EMPIRE. The stope, from the 400 to the 200 level where the principal work is being done, is up 80 feet following the vein of ledge matter. The hanging wall is composed of soft porphyry, while the foot-wall is limestone and porphyry. Some very fine ore is being extracted from the 300 level, between four and five tons of ore being taken out per day. No ore being shipped at present, and only such hoisted as is encountered in the work of development.

INGERSOLL CONSOLIDATED. The force at the mine has been somewhat decreased. Stoping about the usual quantity of ore. A trial shipment has been made to the Benson smelter. As in the near future the management intend to have steam hoisting works, it will be some time before a full complement of men is put on and the resources of the mine brought to light. It is also stated that 1,000 tons of ore will be worked at the Girard mill.

THE SYDNEY COMPANY has been steadily at work for the last two months, and at a depth of 200 feet they have run a level connecting with the Grand Central works, and are also drifting south on a splendid ore body measuring 4 feet 6 inches across at 200 feet, and averaging \$93 per ton. There is no further doubt as to the Sydney being the same lode as the Grand Central.

WAY UP. The work of development progresses as rapidly as the nature of the ground will permit. The main drift is promising in appearance, while the ore from the main incline levels and stopes continues high grade. The Girard mill will clean up to-day on the last run of ore. The result, judging from battery samples, cannot but be satisfactory.

WORKING. The main work is confined to the ground between the third level and the surface. The stopes from the several levels are looking fine and yielding about 15 tons of ore per day. But very little prospecting is being done. The mill runs on ore during the day, and on the tailings at night. The shaft is 235 feet deep. On the 90-foot level are driving southeast drift in search of hanging wall. The prospects of this mine continue to be favorable. A whim will shortly be erected, when hoisting ore will be once more commenced.

WORKING. Progressing. Shipping to the mill about fourteen tons of ore daily. The working shaft is down about 90 feet. On reaching the 200 level will connect with the workings. Hoisting works are soon to be erected. The northwest drift on the 225-foot level is in over 180 feet. Formation as last reported. Still in hard blue quartzite highly mineralized with iron pyrites. Progress is necessarily slow.

WORKING. The shaft is being timbered with all possible speed. Expect to resume sinking about the 1st proximo. From this outlying camp yesterday favorable reports came to us through Mr. J. D. Power, superintendent of the Last Chance, which is still being worked successfully. He reports that property in an excellent condition and worked steadily, but by a much smaller force than heretofore. As the end of the year approaches, considerable assessment work has been and is being executed on surrounding locations. Among those which open out well, under such work, he particularly noticed the Whooop-Up, owned by John M. Collins, the original locator and owner of the Last Chance, adjoining, and who is now, with commendable energy, pushing ahead this year's assessment work upon it, and the General Hancock and the Queen. Such men as Mr. Collins merit success, for the fact that he is an industrious prospector, and goes ahead with a will developing the properties he has honestly located and spent money upon.

WORKING. State of Main is sinking on the ledge. Six men employed. C. O. D. is still working. Instead increasing the force of men in a few days. Roadside is putting up a boarding house, and expect to work a full force of men shortly. At the Eagle eight men are working. The new whim is nearly completed. Progress satisfactory. The Franklin, belonging to the Randolph company, is working twelve men, hoisting, sorting and sacking ore. Three Brothers has been leased for a period, and has commenced work, and are getting out some good ore with good prospects ahead. Sultana is showing up well. Four well defined ledges run through the entire length of the claim, and judging from the quality of ore in the dumps points to this being a good property. At the Randolph, yesterday was payday; twelve men working; a draft of five men having taken place two days ago. The mine seems to come up to the owners' wishes, and the prospects are flattering. Guelph Consolidated Mining Co.—Shaft down 58 feet; running a drift 27

feet west, cross-cutting ledge; have cut through hanging wall, and are 90 feet in ledge matter; have struck a stratum of fair manganese ore; two men working.

Columbia, Clipper No. 2 Consolidation—The prospects of the trouble as to ownership having been satisfactorily settled by a mutual compromise, these properties being the first extension of the Randolph mine, will ere long rank in value with the aforementioned mine.

The Little Devil Silver Mining Company was organized under the laws of New York on September 20, 1882, with a capital stock of 200,000 shares, of a par value of \$10 each, and the Little Devil mine has been conveyed to the company. Its incorporators are New York are R. A. Tweed, Charles A. Stover and U. T. Hungerford, all gentlemen prominent in business circles there. The officers of the company are Charles A. Stover, president; Francis G. Burke, of this city, vice-president; U. T. Hungerford, secretary and treasurer; H. A. Tweed, auditor, and F. L. Austin, of Fort Lowell, manager. One quarter of the capital stock has been set aside for working purposes and the whole of it is unassessable. From the present developments of the mine it bids fair to prove a large bullion producer. The personnel of the directorship ensures vigorous and economical management.

EDITOR EPITAPH: It has been stealthily whispered around that if I am elected I would displace all the teachers in the county, and import teachers from California. I first heard of this slander in Bisbee, and while there I visited the school and learned from the teacher who started the damaging slander. I would give the name of the vile slanderer but he is a candidate, and it might be said that I did it to injure him. He lives in Bisbee. Since my return from Bisbee I have heard that the same thing has been whispered in Tombstone. I cannot trace this falsehood to its origin here, but pronounce it a base lie, emanating from a low, contemptible source. I am not acquainted with a dozen teachers in California, and they are all occupied, and I doubt if any of them could be induced to leave their present position.

I consider the teachers in Arizona (so far as I am acquainted with them) equal to the teachers of any State, and they deserve especial credit and consideration for bravely coming into this new and dangerous country to follow their useful and honorable calling. Having lived on the frontier much of my life, no one is better prepared to appreciate the noble man and woman, who will forego the ease and comfort of old countries, and brave the trials and hardships of a new territory. I am satisfied my competitor will not contemnace any dirty slander of this kind, hence I exonerate him from all connection with it. B. L. PEEL. Tombstone, October 25.

Last evening, at the residence of Thomas Dunbar, on Fifth street, John McKenzie, an old and well known resident of Arizona, breathed his last. For the past two weeks he had been a patient sufferer from an acute form of typho-malarial fever, but, at last, his strong constitution and superior physical frame was compelled to succumb to the inexorable laws of nature. Few men in Cochise county possessed more staunch friends than the deceased, won to him by the generous impulses of his nature, and his rigid adherence to integrity in all of his business dealings. He was thirty-eight years of age, was born in Nova Scotia, and leaves a modest competency by his sorrow-stricken widow, which he accumulated by years of hardy toil. The funeral will take place from the residence of Mr. Dunbar, to-day, at four o'clock p. m. In his death the county has lost a worthy citizen.

Mr. A. M. Lawver, representing the mint bureau of the treasury department at Washington, is now in the city and will remain for some weeks. Mr. Lawver is here for the purpose of reporting upon the facts connected with the production of the precious metals, and the mineral resources of Arizona. It is hoped that mine owners, superintendents of mines, or those having reliable information to impart upon the subject will not fail to place such information before him so that we may be fully accurately represented in the report of the director of the mint which is circulated all over this continent and in Europe. These reports are of great interest to the mining industry and to those looking for investment in mines. Mr. Lawver can be found at the San Jose House or at the office of Fitzhenry & Mansfield. C. J. Duval, Esq., the well known assayer and manager of the Bluestone and Reduction Works, of this city, deserves special mention for the skillful manner in which he has reduced about four tons of ore from the Little Devil mine. This ore consisted of three tons first-class and about one ton second-class, reduced solely to test its working qualities. The average assay value of the whole was \$262.71 per ton, and the bar of bullion produced from it is 980 fine and of the value of \$1,004.55, being an extraction of 96 per cent of the assay value. A most creditable yield. Skill and experience deserve success, and this we bespeak for the manager of the above reduction works. It is currently reported that Ike Isaacs is going to start a keno game at the republican headquarters on Fifth street. You can find five sleepers in a row almost at any time. Byron B. will attend to the registration of the cards. If you think there is alum or ammonite in the water you are mistaken. It is only a whitish film over your eyes.