



LOCAL ELECTION RESULTS

VOTES SCARCE AND DEMOCRATIC MAJORITIES NUMEROUS.

Democrats Elect All Their Candidates for Selectmen and Constables—C. H. Hamilton Elected First Selectman—Vote for Ward Officers in Annexed Districts—Counters Somewhat Mixed.

The town of New Haven elected five selectmen and five constables at the election yesterday. There was little contest for the positions and the vote was unusually light. What voters did get out to the polls seem to have voted the democratic ticket and their three candidates for selectmen and three candidates for constables were elected, receiving nearly 2,000 more votes than the republican nominees. The two republican candidates receiving the highest number of votes were also elected.

Republicans seem to have forgotten that there was an election, and their candidates polled less than 2,700 votes, as against 8,000 votes a year ago. In the First ward the republican ticket polled only 96 votes, against over 400 a year ago. In the Second ward the ticket polled 189, in the Eighth 207, in the Ninth 249 and in the Tenth 302. The Tenth, Thirteenth and Fourteenth wards were the only ones in which the republican candidates got a majority of the votes cast.

In addition to voting for selectmen, the Thirteenth, Fourteenth and Fifteenth wards each elected two aldermen (one for a short and one for a long term) and three councilmen. In these elections the honors were somewhat divided. In the Thirteenth ward the republicans elected the short term alderman and the three councilmen, while the democrats elected the long term alderman. The same division was also made in the Fourteenth ward, the democrats taking the long term alderman only. In the Fifteenth ward the democrats swept the deck and elected both aldermen and the three councilmen.

The vote was so small that it was quickly counted, in some of the wards too quickly counted, for the returns made to Moderator Colonel Frank T. Lee were in several instances erroneous. It was the old story—counters mixed up on the vote for first selectman and the vote for selectmen. The name occupying first place on the ticket is voted for first selectman. In five out of the fifteen wards the votes on first selectman were improperly returned, the counters in the Third and Fourth wards returned no votes cast for first selectman, a condition of affairs which could not possibly exist.

The Fifth ward counters did better yet and returned all the votes cast for the several candidates for selectmen

as also voted for those several candidates for first selectman. The Thirteenth ward counters introduced still another variation and returned all the votes as cast for first selectman, while a beautiful blank was left in the place for the return of the vote for selectmen. The moderator refused to accept this and the return was corrected to correspond with the Fifth ward method, namely, all the votes were improperly returned as votes for first selectman and properly returned as votes for selectmen. The Fourteenth ward was the ward that broke the camel's back and the moderator's patience.

The counters from this ward at first returned the votes as all for selectmen and no votes for first selectman. When attention was called to the error it was corrected according to the original plan of the Thirteenth ward, all the votes being returned for first selectman and none for selectmen. This latter was the way the vote was counted at first and the five candidates receiving the largest number of votes were declared elected by the moderator.

By this count Mr. Root was the second selectman elected by the republicans, while Mr. Rose, who had the least number of votes of the three republican candidates, was defeated, Mr. Root having eleven votes more than Mr. Rose. If the vote in the Fourteenth ward had been returned for selectmen and counted, instead of being left out entirely and counted only for first selectman, Mr. Rose would be elected, as he had twenty more votes than Mr. Root. Realizing the mistake, and before he had adjourned the meeting, Colonel Lee, the moderator, determined to have the error corrected. He at once went in to chase after the counters of the Fourteenth ward and had them make a return more in accordance with the apparent purpose of the voters of the ward. It took some time to find the counters and for them to correct the error, so it was after 12 o'clock before the corrected returns were received. The vote of the ward was returned for selectmen and so counted, making Mr. Rose the republican elected and Mr. Root the one defeated. The vote of the ward was not counted for first selectman according to this last return. Fortunately the improper return of the vote of five of the wards for first selectman could not affect the result, as Mr. Hamilton, the democratic candidate, had a large majority.

The selectmen elected yesterday only hold office until the first week of January next, when new selectmen elected in April will take office. As the duties of the selectmen since the consolidation of the outlying districts with the city are hardly more than nominal, and the term of office so short, the office seems hardly worth such bother as was occasioned by yesterday's election.

The counters in the Fifteenth ward in their haste or glee failed to return any votes for Michael Doohan, one of the democratic candidates for councilman. Attention was called to the error and the return sent back for correction. Mr. Doohan received 172 votes, electing him a councilman. The vote was counted quickly, in some wards being counted an hour after the polls closed.

CITY ELECTIONS ELSEWHERE

SEVENTEEN MAYORS ARE CHOSEN IN THE BAY STATE.

Seven Won on Other Than Straight Party Nominations Showing That the Idea of Independent or Non-Partisan Control of Municipalities is Growing—No License Vote.

Boston, Dec. 7.—Seventeen of the thirty-two cities of the commonwealth held their municipal elections to-day. In a majority of cases the republicans were successful in electing their mayor and securing control of the city government, although the results show that the idea of independent or non-partisan control of municipalities is steadily growing in favor. Seven of the seventeen mayors were won upon other than straight party nominations, although nearly all had party endorsement. Six mayors were re-elected. On the license question the contest as usual was closely fought, but the advocates of no license lost much ground and strength. Three cities—Brookline, Haverhill and Gloucester—went over into the license column, the former having been dry for a decade and the others for two and one years, respectively.

DEMOCRATIC FOR FIRST TIME.

Very Unusual Result in the Election at Marlboro, Mass.

Marlboro, Mass., Dec. 7.—For the first time in its eight years of municipal life this city has elected a democrat. Today Dr. Eugene G. Hoyt defeated Frederick A. Pope, republican, by a majority of 293. The victory is attributed to the popularity of the democratic candidate and disaffection in the republican ranks. Dr. Hoyt carried every ward in the city except Ward 1, which is the home of his rival.

Fall River Republican.

Fall River, Mass., Dec. 7.—The city election brought out a very large vote due to the contest for the office of mayor and upon the license question. Amos F. Jackson, republican, is elected over James H. Hoar, democrat, by a small majority. The city went for license by 1,934 votes. The democratic board elected is six republicans and three democrats. The council is eighteen republicans and nine democrats. The vote for license is years, 6,379; no, 5,345.

Died at the Polls.

Fitchburg, Mass., Dec. 7.—The city election to-day was devoid of excitement, the chief contest being on the question of license. The city went no license for the fifth time by a vote of 3,226 to 1,893. At the polling place in ward four, Henry S. Hitchcock, a war veteran of the Twenty-first regiment, died of heart failure. The result of today's election is the choice of Henry E. Rockwell, cit. ind., for mayor. The city council is six aldermen and seventeen councilmen, all citizens' independent.

Republicans Sweep Springfield.

Springfield, Mass., Dec. 7.—The republicans swept the city to-day, re-electing Mayor Hanery S. Dickinson over Colonel John L. Rice, democrat, by 1,182, the entire board of aldermen, the entire school committee and all but five of the eighteen members of the council. The city went for license by a vote of 3,875 to 1,946 for Franklin P. Phillips, the republican nominee. The city council is strongly republican. As for several years past the city voted emphatically in favor of no license, the vote being yes, 2,026; no, 3,266.

Vote No License.

Somerville, Mass., Dec. 7.—The municipal election to-day resulted in a sweeping victory for Mayor Albion A. Perry, republican, over the republican league candidate, who was re-elected by a vote of 5,875 to 1,946 for Franklin P. Phillips, the republican nominee. The city council is strongly republican. As for several years past the city voted emphatically in favor of no license, the vote being yes, 2,026; no, 3,266.

Haverhill.

Haverhill, Mass., Dec. 7.—In the election to-day the republican nominee, John A. Gale, was hurriedly elected one of the most exciting campaigns ever known here, and it is thought that this election means the end of a partisan campaign in this city. The vote for mayor was: Daniel F. Chase, non-partisan democrat, 3,109; John A. Gale, republican, 2,338; John C. Chase, socialist, 275. License—Yes 3,468, no 2,775.

License in Brockton.

Brockton, Mass., Dec. 7.—The municipal election here to-day was the hottest that has been in the city's history and over 600 voters carried one of the candidates in any previous election. The contest for mayor was won by Henry E. Garfield, ind. dem., by 35 votes, defeating Mayor Charles Williamson, the republican candidate. After ten years of no license, the city went into the license column.

Northampton.

Northampton, Mass., Dec. 7.—The republicans carried Northampton to-day, electing Henry P. Field mayor by 218 votes and securing four of the seven aldermen and thirteen of the twenty-one councilmen. The city voted license by 1,321 to 1,017.

Waltham.

Waltham, Mass., Dec. 7.—In the municipal election to-day George L. Maybury, the non-partisan candidate, carried the city overwhelmingly, his plurality over Charles P. Bond, rep., being 572.

Pittsfield.

Pittsfield, Mass., Dec. 7.—William W. Whitting, dem., was elected mayor over Edgar T. Lawrence to-day by 114 plurality. The city went for license by 164, the vote standing 1,955 to 1,831.

Quincy.

Quincy, Mass., Dec. 7.—The republicans had a complete walk-over to-day, electing their candidate for mayor, Russell A. Sears, by 909 majority. No license was voted.

MISS NICHOLS ON THE STAND.

Tells Story of Alleged Murder of Her Brother by Bonal.

Bridgeport, Dec. 7.—What is generally thought will prove to be one of the most notable trials in the criminal annals of Fairfield county opened here today before Judge Wm. T. Elmer, of the superior court, when Charles A. Bonal was placed on trial charged with murdering George Marcus Nichols on Dan-Jell's farm on the night of July 23. The court granted the motion of Attorney Lynch for the defense that all witnesses be excluded from the court room while they were not testifying, allowing the detectives, however, to remain in the room.

The first witness was David Brinsmade of Shelton, a civil engineer, who had prepared a chart of the scene of the crime and vicinity. He was followed by Photographer Montagnani of this city, who takes all the photographs for the police, who testified to taking the thirteen pictures that were shown of the room where the murder was committed and other views of the locality. Miss Mary Nichols was the next witness. She in these dispatches heretofore. She told the men ate in the house after shooting her brother and described in detail the sufferings of her brother.

Throughout her testimony Miss Nichols spoke of "he" as if it was always one person that took an active part in the matter. It was he that fired the shots, demanded the money and went to the cellar for the brandy, and his companion was only a passive accomplice. Miss Nichols was on the stand thirty-five minutes this afternoon and except for a brief while, when she was somewhat overcome when referring to her brother, she bore the strain very well.

THE SIX DAYS' BICYCLE RACE.

Miller Ninety Miles Ahead of Record for Forty-nine Hours.

New York, Dec. 7.—Miller was far advanced into his ninth hundred mile at midnight to-night in the six days' bicycle race. Waller's star had faded before the dawn and his record breaking performance of yesterday had been forgotten in the astonishing achievements of Miller, Stephen and Rice. Miller, the Chicago boy, after forty-seven hours almost constant riding, was nearly 80 miles ahead of the record for a six day's contest. Six others had attempted to beat the record and they will continue to do so until the strength endures for those who get beyond Hale's record of last year will be compensated \$200 in addition to the prize at stake.

Along about 8 o'clock Johnson, one of the tall enders, surprised everybody by letting himself out and he showed faster time than he had heretofore made. Elkes dropped in behind him and was followed by Riviere. Then Stephane went out after his fellow countrymen to tire out whom has been his one ambition from the start.

The score at 1:15 a. m. stood: Miller, 872; Stephane, 822; Rice, 822; Solberg, 802; Riviere, 815; Moore, 778; Waller, 763; Pierce, 773; Golden, 734; Hale, 729; Elkes, 724; E. Enterman, 665; Kine, 639; Gannon, 603; Julius, 567; Johnson, 534; T. Beaumont, 510; Gray, 491. Miller was 90 miles 2 laps ahead of the record for forty-nine hours.

IMPORTANT RESOLUTION PASSED.

Consolidated Meeting of Well Known Insurance Men and Electricians.

New York, Dec. 7.—Well known insurance men and electricians from all parts of the country attended to-day the annual meeting of the electrical committee of the Underwriters' National Electrical association in the rooms of the New York Board of Fire Underwriters. The following resolution was adopted and transmitted at once to Henry K. Miller, secretary of the national board of fire underwriters, for consideration by the executive committee of that body: "That the electrical committee of this association ask the executive committee of the National Board of Fire Underwriters to consider the advisability of encouraging the establishment of municipal electrical departments in the various cities and towns throughout the country for the regulation and control of the electrical hazard."

THE PRESIDENT IN CANTON.

Recognized by His Mother When He Entered the Sick Room.

Canton, O., Dec. 7.—Once more the children of Mrs. Nancy Allison McKinley have assembled at her couch. The president and Mrs. McKinley, with other relatives from the east came early in the morning, the latter part of the journey being made on a special train. As they entered the sick room the dying woman rallied and for a moment plainly evinced her recognition of her son and others about her. The president has remained almost constantly at the bedside since his arrival and kept the night's vigil, relieving those of the children who have been so constantly at the bedside.

FRED G. HOTCHKISS RESIGNS.

As President of the Young Men's Republican Club.

President Fred G. Hotchkiss of the Young Men's Republican club tendered his resignation as president of the club last night. J. P. Lawrence, senior vice president of the club, will fill out the remainder of Mr. Hotchkiss' term.

Georgia Football Bill Vetoes.

Atlanta, Ga., Dec. 7.—Governor Atkinson to-day vetoed the anti-football bill. His veto message stated that he thought the question as to whether the college boys should play football should be left to the faculties of the various institutions. It is possible an effort will be made to pass the bill over the governor's veto, but it is not at all likely such an effort would succeed.

GREAT PARIS EXPOSITION

PRESIDENT SUBMITS MAJ. HANDY'S REPORT TO CONGRESS.

An Appropriation of \$919,600 Recommended so That a Creditable Display May be Made on Behalf of the United States—The Commissioner Has Already Had Application for 132,969 Feet.

Washington, Dec. 7.—The president to-day submitted to congress the report of Major Handy, special commissioner to the great Paris International exposition, giving the details of his mission. The commissioner recommends that an appropriation of \$919,600 be granted so that a creditable display on behalf of the United States may be made. The president, in transmitting the report, says: "Besides securing a much larger amount of space than had been reserved, Major Handy obtained the gratifying assurance that the United States will be placed on a footing with the most favored nations and that in the installation of every important department the United States will have a location commensurate with the dignity and importance of the country and adjoining in every case countries of the first rank. In view of the magnitude and importance of the approaching exposition, and of our standing among the nations that will there be represented, and in view also of our increased population and acknowledged progress in science, arts and manufactures, I earnestly commend the report of Major Handy to your consideration and trust that a liberal appropriation may be made."

WASHINGTON LEGISLATION.

Sessions of Senate and House—First Meeting of Currency Committee.

Washington, Dec. 7.—A new member in Mr. H. DeS. Money of Mississippi, was introduced in the senate to-day, and after some brief criticism of the form of his credentials, the oath of office was administered to him. Money was assigned to the seat formerly occupied by Mr. Daniel of West Virginia, the latter securing the seat in the center of the democratic side, which was occupied by the late Senator George. During the session 108 bills, many of which were private pension measures, were introduced, in addition to several joint resolutions and some senate precedents. An interesting contest for precedence in consideration between Mr. Lodge's immigration bill and the proposed legislation to confer authority upon the president to act for the protection of the government's interest in the salt of the Kansas Pacific was introduced.

The House.

Washington, Dec. 7.—The session of the house to-day, though it lasted but two hours, witnessed a lively skirmish over the question of distributing the president's message to the various committees clothed with jurisdiction over the subjects dealt with. The conflict of authority came between the ways and means and the banking and currency committees. Eventually Mr. Dingley agreed to a modification of the order of distribution so as to send to the ways and means committee all matters relating to "revenues, the bonded debt of the country and the treaties affecting the revenues." The resolution was then adopted.

Banking and Currency.

Washington, Dec. 7.—The committee on banking and currency will hold its first meeting to-morrow to outline the general programme on such branches of financial legislation as come under it. It is expected that arrangements will be made to hear Secretary Gage on his plan of currency reform.

Pensions.

Washington, Dec. 7.—The sub-committee on pensions of the committee on appropriations agreed on the pension appropriation bill to-day and will recommend it to the full committee to-morrow. The bill carries a total of \$141,235,839. It gives \$140,000,000 for the payment of pensions proper.

CHARGES CRUEL TREATMENT.

Complaint of Discharged Prisoner Against Litchfield's Assistant Jailor.

Winsted, Conn., Dec. 7.—Thomas Smith of Colebrook, who was recently released from the county jail at Litchfield, after having served a term for assault has complained to John F. Simmons, local agent of the State Humane society, that during his confinement in the jail he was subjected to unwarranted cruel treatment by Assistant Jailor William Smith. The latter, he alleges, caused a stream of water from a hose to be poured upon his face steadily for twenty minutes, the only provocation being a threat to notify the authorities that the jailer had locked the tail of his horse. Agent Simmons has apprised the state officers of the humane society of the case and a thorough investigation will probably be made.

STAMFORD MERCHANTS OPPOSED.

Protest Against the Trading Stamp System—A Counter Plan.

Stamford, Dec. 7.—A largely attended meeting of the merchants opposed to the trading stamp scheme was held to-night to discuss some means to counteract the alleged loss of trade for not giving premiums to cash customers. After much discussion it was deemed the most feasible for the anti-trading merchants to give 5 per cent. rebate to cash customers and the amount be given in stamps to be cashed at a local savings bank. There will be another meeting next week when the matter, it is believed, will be perfected.

AN EXTENSION OF TWO YEARS.

Given to Railroads in Which to Make Safety Equipments.

Washington, Dec. 7.—The interstate commerce commission has decided to extend for two years the period within which railroads must comply with the act of congress requiring all railroads to be equipped with safety appliances for the protection of the employes and passengers. The commission this afternoon authorized the following statement: "In the matter of the application of the Chicago and Alton railroad and other carriers to the interstate commerce committee to extend the period within which they shall comply with the provisions of the act of congress of May 2, 1893, and upon which hearing has just been had, the commission has decided, upon causes shown, to extend said period two years for the petitioning carriers. While the formal order and statement of facts and reasons constituting causes for such extension will not be conditional, the commission has under consideration the question of requiring quarterly or other periodical reports of progress by each carrier during the two year period."

WOMAN EXAMINES BANK BOOKS.

Mrs. Marilla M. Ricker a Stockholder in Defunct Dover National.

Dover, N. H., Dec. 7.—An examination of part of the books of the defunct Dover National bank by Mrs. Marilla M. Ricker, a stockholder of the bank, and her counsel, Alfred S. Hayes of Boston, is in progress. Mrs. Ricker is making an effort to determine how the funds of the bank were used up by the late cashier, Isaac Abbott. The bank failed in 1895, together with the Dover Five Cents Savings bank, which was controlled by the national bank. Cashier Abbott, after destroying a number of the books, committed suicide. Mrs. Ricker claimed that the receiver and the directors refused to allow her to look at the books Abbott left and she appealed to the courts. The supreme court recently granted an order directing the receiver to allow her and her attorneys to examine the accounts of the bank.

A FRAUDULENT TRAFFIC.

American Ambassador at Rome Sends Warning Against Alien Italians.

New York, Dec. 7.—Commissioner of Immigration Fitchie was notified to-day by Commissioner General Washley that the state department at Washington had been informed by the United States ambassador at Rome that a wholesale traffic in fraudulent naturalization papers was being carried on in Italy. The object of these fraudulent methods was to effect the entry into the United States under cloak of American citizenship of aliens who otherwise would be subject to exclusion. The commissioner was ordered to investigate all naturalization papers of immigrants from Italy. Commissioner Fitchie said that the task was an extremely difficult one. From the large number of immigrants recently landed he believed there were agents in Europe who in furtherance of fraudulent schemes were in partnership with customs agents.

STRIKE OF 500 MINERS.

Demand That Coal be Weighed Before It is Screened.

Pittsburg, Dec. 7.—The five hundred miners employed in the Nottingham and Germania coal mines of Henry Flocksheim, on the Wheeling division of the Baltimore and Ohio, struck to-day because of the refusal of Flocksheim to weigh coal before it is screened, in accordance with the act passed by the state legislature last winter. Last week Judge Frazier of the county courts decided the act unconstitutional and Flocksheim at once removed the scales from the mines. A mass meeting of all the miners employed on the Wheeling division has been called for to-morrow to consider the question of refusing to work if the other operators follow Flocksheim's example.

EX-POLICE OFFICER SENTENCED.

Found Guilty of Highway Robbery and Receives Heavy Penalty.

Boston, Dec. 7.—Charles L. Walker and John E. Higgins of Hopkinton were to-day found guilty of highway robbery in the superior court at East Cambridge. Walker was an ex-police officer in Hopkinton. Judge Wardwell sentenced Walker to not more than seven or less than six years in the state prison and Higgins to not more than five or less than four years in the same institution.

A Bill Raiser Sentenced.

Boston, Dec. 7.—Albert A. Thomas, alias Litner, a professional bill raiser, was to-day sentenced to the state prison for ten years at hard labor and to pay a fine of \$5,000 by Judge Aldrich in the United States circuit court. Thomas pleaded guilty in New Bedford. He passed sixteen \$2 bills, each of which had been raised to \$10. He is a native of Indiana and has served a term in an Indiana prison.

A Century and Two Years Old.

Concord, N. H., Dec. 7.—Mrs. Lydia C. Tenney of West Concord will celebrate her 102d birthday to-morrow. She was born at Bradford, Vt., December 8, 1795; joined the Congregational church in 1813, and was married in 1816. Of nine children, she has one living, Daniel C., seventy-five years of age, with whom she makes her home. Mrs. Tenney is in good health.

Representative Bolden Better.

Washington, Dec. 7.—The condition of Representative Bolden of New York, who was badly hurt by falling down a flight of marble steps at the capitol yesterday, was much improved to-day. His face is badly cut, but it is expected that he will be able to get about in a short time.

GERMAN ADVANCE IN CHINA

WATCHED WITH KEEN INTEREST IN WASHINGTON OFFICIAL CIRCLES.

Every Development is Observed as Part of the Process by Which European Nations are Seeking to Dismember Chinese Empire—Absorption of the Orient by the Occident.

Washington, Dec. 7.—The German advance in China is being watched with keen interest in official and diplomatic circles here owing to the latest cable reports that Germany has sent an armed force inland and occupies the town of Kiao Chou. While it is said that the United States has no direct concern in the trouble, every development is being observed as a part of the process by which the larger nations of Europe are seeking the dismemberment of the Chinese empire. As one diplomatic official stated: "It is the absorption of the Orient by the Occident."

In such a movement it is understood that the position of this government would be that of a disinterested observer always active, however, to protect those American interests which have been built up at the large treaty ports. At present there is no suggestion that these may be affected but the controversy is assuming such a phase that it may extend at any time beyond the question of occupying Kiao Chou bay and involve the treaty ports as well as all China.

This is the view taken by some of the best posted diplomatists officials. It is said, also, that if the process goes on, Europe must not leave out of account Japan, because Japan will insist on recognition if there is to be any occupation of Chinese territory. From an authoritative source the following statement was made as to the general status of the German-Chinese case: "Kiao Chou bay is midway between the northern and southern portions of the Chinese coast and has a commanding strategic importance. The harbor is broad and deep and is adapted for the uses of a large fleet. The Chinese government had determined to improve the fortifications and bring the place up to modern standards, China has not made any preparations for war by assembling troops or ships to resist Germany's landing. It is still believed that a settlement will be reached through political means and that it will be honorable to China as well as satisfactory to Germany."

China hopes that Germany will confine her efforts to securing redress for her missionary citizens and will not extend them to territorial questions. It is said that China will not allow her honor to be impugned by the dismemberment of her territory. There was a suggestion at one time that the United States occupied such a disinterested position that it could with propriety tender its good offices as between Germany and China. This has not taken official favor.

GERMAN NAVAL BILL.

Herr Richter Draws Conclusion from Display of Power in China.

Berlin, Dec. 7.—In the reichstag, Herr Richter, the radical leader, during the debate upon the first reading of the naval bill opposed that measure and dwelt upon the serious increase of expenditures. He contended that the great display of power made in China, proved that the government considered the navy equal to the task imposed upon it. Admiral von Tirnitz declared the fleet was inadequate and that the government was obliged to send away all its efficient cruisers and even employ training ships as men-of-war. He said the influence of cruisers abroad depended chiefly upon the power known to stand behind them, namely, the fleet of battleships. Herr Lieber, the centre party leader, said his party had not yet got their voices ready. He thought the time had come for the legislature to deal with the navy, and, if the government would promise that the burdens would be shared by those parts of the world which profited thereby, nine-tenths of the opposition to the bill would be removed.

CONGRESSMAN SPERRY'S BILLS.

National System of Postroads—Appropriation Asked for New Haven Harbor.

Washington, Dec. 7.—The establishment of a national system of postroads and the extension of the postoffice system so as to cover the entire business of public transportation is contemplated in a bill presented in the house to-day by Mr. Sperry of Connecticut and referred to the committee on postoffices. The measure provides for the consolidation of the interstate commerce commission, to be under a postmaster general and ten associates, including the present members of the interstate commerce commission, each to receive \$10,000 a year. The bill empowers the extension of the postal business to cover transportation of persons, baggage, parcels and general freight, and authorizes the department to secure control and management of such roads now carrying the mails and other roads and transportation agencies as may be needed for the public use. Another bill introduced by Mr. Sperry provides for an appropriation of \$25,000 for the improvement of the New Haven harbor.

Wants Postponement of Sale.

Washington, Dec. 7.—Senator Morgan to-day introduced a resolution in the senate directing the attorney general to send to the senate a full statement of the authority for and the proceedings under which the sale of the Kansas Pacific railroad is to be made and requesting the president to obtain a postponement of the sale "to such a time as will give to congress a reasonable time to consider and act upon his recommendations."

VOTE OF THE TOWN OF NEW HAVEN.

Table with 15 columns for wards and rows for First Selectman and Constables. Columns are numbered 1-15. Rows list candidates and their respective vote counts.

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VOTE FOR WARD OFFICERS.

Table with columns for Aldermen and Councilmen. Rows list candidates for each ward and their respective vote counts.

ELECTION IN WEST HAVEN.

Democrats Win Out All Offices but One—G. E. Bailey Elected Clerk. The annual election of the borough of West Haven was held yesterday afternoon, the polls being open from 12 noon until 8 p. m. The entire democratic ticket was elected with one exception—G. E. Bailey, republican, was elected clerk. About 825 votes were cast. The principal contest was between the candidates for warden, James H. Peck, the democratic candidate, winning by the majority of 62 over John R. Lomas, the republican candidate. The following is the vote: Democratic—Warden, James H. Peck 412; burgess, John H. Hayes 375; Elbert H. Sperry 289; Augustus H. Lausen 385; clerk, Charles E. Stormont 279; treasurer, John F. Barnett 407; collector, Frank Wilcox 445; assessors, Henry C. Thomas 426, Alfred Powell 391; auditor, C. Geoffrey Olsen 351; bailiff, William W. Clinton 424. Republican—Warden, John R. Lomas 350; burgess, John Mackrille 387; William H. French 376; Charles K. Bush 274; clerk, George E. Bailey 357; treasurer, James Tolles 359; collector, Edwin J. Crawford 314; assessors, Egbert E. Pardee 377, Edward G. Mansfield 327; auditor, James H. Reynolds 384; bailiff, David Crane 337. Republicans Win in Lawrence. Lawrence, Mass., Dec. 7.—At the municipal election to-day James H. Eaton, republican and good government association candidate, defeated James E. Donoghue, democrat, by 883, for mayor.