



ORDERED TO SHOOT ON SIGHT

POLICE OF CHICAGO ARE NOW PREPARED TO DO BATTLE.

Blaze of Burning Cars That Were Set on Fire by the Rioters Lighten the Heavens—Police, Armed to the Teeth, Are Ordered to the Scene.

Chicago, July 6.—The sky is lighted up with the glare of the flames from the 600 or more freight cars that are burning in the Edison yards on the Grand Trunk road.

A mob began work on the Burlington shortly before midnight, burning many cars in the yards at Hawthorne.

For the first time since the A. R. U. declared the strike in actual operation a feeling of fear and alarm permeates the entire community.

A mob entered the Fifty-first street yards of the Pittsburg and Fort Wayne road this afternoon.

The General Managers' association met to-day. Each member talked indignantly about the statements made by the governor to President Cleveland in relation to the inability of the railway companies to obtain sufficient men to operate their trains.

A resolution was adopted stating that a great majority of the railroads entering Chicago at least as many as 90 per cent. of the employees are ready to do their accustomed work if given proper protection against violence or interference.

At a meeting of local labor leaders to-day a resolution was passed asking every trades union in the city to appoint a committee with power to attend a meeting next Sunday and participate in such action as may seem best calculated to insure the success of the American Railway union in the present struggle.

FEARFUL WORK OF RIOTERS.

The Torch is Applied to Loaded Cars by Mobs of Thousands.

Chicago, July 6.—Two hundred and twenty-five cars freight cars on the Pan Handle tracks, between Forty-fifth and Fifty-ninth streets, a distance of about one mile, were totally destroyed by fire between the hours of 6 and 8 o'clock to-night.

Shortly after 5 o'clock immense crowds of men, women and boys were seen going from the stock yards toward the net-work of tracks at the crossings of Forty-seventh street. The mob was augmented every minute by a seemingly never-ending string of strikers and their sympathizers.

The 350 cars in the yards were completely destroyed and when the mob reached the stock yards it divided up into small gangs and separated among the big packing houses.

On their return march the rioters set fire to four cars standing on the Grand Trunk tracks west of Ashland avenue. The cars were loaded with baled twine.

The crowd then surged on. It kept to the Pan Handle tracks and at Forty-ninth street came upon six more cars. These were fired in a twinkling, and on went the crowd.

The crowd suddenly stopped its incendiary and began to tear up switches. After a number had been rendered useless the mob continued on its way southward.

which were filled with cars. The road people say there were fifty there, forty of them loaded.

By this time the fire department has been advised of the fire further north on the tracks and had sent their forces there.

On its way to Forty-seventh street it set fire to all the cars it had missed on its trip southward.

A number of hoodlums were in the gang, and they seemed especially proficient in the use of the torch.

The situation is more promising for the railway union now than at any time since the Pullman strike began.

General Master Workman Sovereign of the Knights of Labor arrived here to-day from Omaha and had a conference with President Debs.

"I am here to render all the assistance in my power to the American Railway union, and I shall do whatever the officers of that body determine will be best to serve the interests of the strike."

"The crest of this great movement is almost reached, and in my opinion it is imperative that every labor organization put its hardest to help win this strike."

"This will practically be a battle for self-protection and for the future life of every workingman in the country."

"A walk-out of all members of all unions in the city might bring about good. Certainly it would force upon the people a stronger realization of the necessity for a settlement of these troubles."

"I know that whatever I do now to aid the strikers will be heartily endorsed by the 150,000 members of the organization I represent."

The ministers of the city have called a meeting of citizens in favor of settling the great strike by arbitration.

Both gangs of the mob again met at Forty-ninth and Halstead streets and continued their march to the yards.

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FOUGHT TWELVE ROUNDS.

O'BRIEN KNOCKED OUT BY WALCOTT IN A FIERCE BATTLE.

It Was One of the Best Fights Ever Seen in Boston—Until the End It Was Fought Between the Men—Walcott Banned Blows on O'Brien.

Boston, July 6.—Joe Walcott added another to his long list of victories to-night at the Casino by knocking out Dick O'Brien of Lewiston, Me., in the twelfth round, in one of the best glove contests ever seen in Boston.

When time was called O'Brien at once took the offensive, and was the first to strike a blow.

O'Brien landed a terrible right-hander on Walcott's nose at the beginning of the second round, drawing blood, and punched Walcott all over the ring.

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IS IN IT TO STAY.

The Federal Government Will Remain in the Fight.

Washington, July 6.—Efforts of the administration in conjunction with General Schofield is being directed to arranging for the speedy concentration of troops at Chicago.

It is further stated that the purpose of the government is not to attempt to control the mobs engaged in rioting in Chicago and elsewhere unless the state authorities fail in this duty.

The cabinet meeting to-day resulted in a general understanding to carry out the policy already indicated.

One important matter developed at the meeting was that the militia organizations of one state could be called on to suppress disorder in another state where the local authorities had failed to enforce obedience to law.

The proper distribution of government troops is causing serious concern at the war department.

Mr. Louis A. Babcock, the first witness for the remonstrants, then took the stand and testified that the place had had an unsavory reputation for several years.

Mr. Babcock was briefly cross-examined by Mr. Niles, but nothing affecting his direct testimony was brought out.

John Adl, who owns a factory on the next block, was the next witness.

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CLAIMED TO BE UNSUITABLE

OPPOSITION TO MRS. MAHER'S APPLICATION FOR LICENSE.

An Interesting Hearing Before the County Commissioners—Canoness Used One Sunday on the Building When a Big Trade Was Apparently Done.

One of the most breezy hearings yet held before the county commissioners was that yesterday on the application of Rose S. Maher to sell intoxicating liquors at the corner of East and State streets.

In presenting his case Mr. Thrasher claimed that his objections were based upon statutory grounds, namely, the unsuitability of the applicant and the unsuitability of the place.

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MEETS WITH GREAT FAVOR.

The Idea of Having a Sub-Station at the Old City Market Site.

The matter of building a sub-station on the site of the old City market, which was broached in the Courier of yesterday at the desire of many prominent business men, has met with a great deal of favorable comment about town.

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THE BOARD OF EDUCATION.

MANY MATTERS OF IMPORTANCE TRANSACTED LAST EVENING.

Several Salaries Raised—Humphrey Street School Will Remain in Lovell District—All Positions in the Boardman Manual Training School Filled Except Two.

A special meeting of the board of education was held last evening. The salary of Miss Georgiana Barber, 60, of Washington school was made \$650 instead of \$640; that of Miss Ella A. Strong, 2a, of West street school, \$460 instead of \$450; Miss Nellie Story of the Ferry street school, \$715 instead of \$700; Miss Sarah A. Lewis of the Cedar street school, \$715 instead of \$700; Miss Georgia Hardy of the Lloyd street school, \$630 instead of \$620; Miss E. W. Andrews of Winchester school, \$575 instead of \$490.

It was voted to give Miss Blackman, the typewriter of the board of education, a three weeks' vacation at a time in August to be designated by the superintendent. It was voted that the Humphrey street school remain in Lovell district and that Superintendent Curtis be given discretionary power to send scholars to the Fair, Hamilton or other districts.

This is only a temporary arrangement; for when the State Normal school leaves the Skinner school and the rooms can again be occupied it will be unnecessary.

Charles Sargent, A. M., was appointed to the position at a salary of \$1,400 in the high school recently made vacant by the appointment of Mr. Malcomb Booth to the Boardman Manual Training school.

A. H. Moss, A. B., was appointed teacher of science in the Boardman Manual Training school at a salary of \$1,100. He is also qualified to teach blacksmithing. F. J. Lloyd, A. B., was appointed teacher of English in the Boardman Training school at a salary of \$850.

Charles L. Kreschner, '99 S., will be appointed teacher of mechanical drawing in the Boardman Training school at a salary of \$1,200 per annum. If he will accept, Miss Ella A. Pierce of the Boston cooking school, was appointed teacher of cooking at a salary of \$750.

Miss Dayton's salary was made \$800. The library and apparatus list was approved and it was voted that an appropriation equal to the state appropriation for library and apparatus be made. This will amount to about \$700. The matter of purchase was referred to the committee on supplies.

Prof. Japson was authorized to select music for the coming year, and select a chorus of 350 voices, and that the same number of musical selections be given at the graduating exercises as this year.

Mr. Marble of the high school asked for an appropriation of \$1,100 for scientific purposes. The list was tabled for a time, and Mr. Marble will be invited to appear before the board and explain its nature.

The matter of the tablet with the name of the architect and the board of education, which it was voted at the last meeting should be voted in the Boardman Manual Training school, was reconsidered and the matter was referred to the committee on construction with power to act.

All the positions at the Boardman Manual Training school are now filled, with the exception of the teacher of woodwork and his assistant.

The committee on supplies announced that the contract for stationery will be awarded to the New Haven Paper company; the printing contract to the State Printing company; for pens, ink, etc., to E. F. Judt; for janitors' supplies, to Lindsey, Root & Co. The committee was also given power to rebid all books which are necessary to be rebound.

The committees on special construction and special instruction were directed to prepare proper dedicatory exercises for the opening of the Boardman Manual Training school.

THE NEELY-MALLEY REGATTA.

It Was Held at Lake Whitney Yesterday Afternoon Under Rather Unfavorable Circumstances.

The annual festival and merry-making of the Malley, Neely & Co. Athletic association was held at Lake Whitney yesterday under rather unfavorable circumstances.

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Table with sports results including Tennis at Tuxedo, Football at Yale and Howland, and various other sports.