

## EVERY COUNTY IS CARRIED.

### REPUBLICANS SWEEP MAINE FROM ONE END TO THE OTHER.

All Four of the Congressmen Have Been Returned—Cleaves' Majority is the Largest in the History of the State—Not a Democrat in the Senate and Very Few in the House.

Portland, Me., Sept. 10.—The biennial election in this state for a governor, four representatives in congress, a state legislature and county officers was held to-day. The republicans, democrats and prohibitionists had full tickets in the field, while the populists ran a candidate for governor and candidates for congress in the First, Second and Third districts, and contested some of the county offices.

On governor and members of congress, the only question since the opening of the campaign has been as to the size of the republican plurality. The republicans expect 18,000, the democrats concede 12,000. The weather opened cloudy. Rain began to fall shortly after noon and it continued raining hard throughout the whole western half of the state. Severe thunder storms were reported in New Hampshire and a general storm over this entire state was threatened.

The election resulted in an overwhelming republican victory. The republicans polled the full strength, and probably gained votes among the democrats. The democratic vote showed a remarkable falling off as compared with two years ago, in many towns the vote being only one-third as large.

Governor Cleaves was re-elected by a plurality which at a late hour apparently exceeds 37,000 and may reach 38,000. The four republican congressmen are returned by increased majorities.

In the first district Reed's vote far exceeds any given before, and indications point to a plurality of 8,200. In Biddeford, formerly a democratic stronghold, his plurality is 500, and in this city has 1,600.

The legislature, which will elect a senator, will be nearly solidly republican, there being no democratic senators and few democratic representatives.

Biddeford, Me., Sept. 10.—The majority for Cleaves and Congressman Reed in York county will reach 4,000, as against 1,900 in 1892.

Rockland, Me., Sept. 10.—Returns from ten towns in the county give Cleaves over 600 plurality. His plurality in Knox county will probably reach over 1,100 compared with a plurality of 62 in 1892. The full republican county ticket will be elected by a plurality of 800 to 1,000. Thomaston elects T. E. Singer, rep., to the legislature by 17 majority, the first republican from that town since 1861. The only democrat elected in the county is Edward F. Geyer, representative to the legislature from Friendship. The people's party has drawn almost entirely from the democratic party.

Damariscotta, Me., Sept. 10.—Lincoln county gives Cleaves about 1,200 plurality and the entire republican county ticket is elected, including a senator and five representatives.

Lewiston, Sept. 10.—Returns from the Second district indicate that Congressman Dingley is re-elected by a majority of nearly 8,000 over D. J. McCullough.

Bangor, Sept. 10.—Bangor gives 956 plurality for Cleaves for governor and 808 majority over all. Total vote: Cleaves 1,738; Johnson 782; Hery, pro., 604; Bateman, pop., 83. Two years ago Cleaves' plurality was 3,363.

Farmington, Me., Sept. 10.—Indications are that the republicans carry Franklin county by about 800 plurality, electing every county officer, also senator and four representatives to the legislature, a gain of one.

Dover, Me., Sept. 10.—The vote in Piscataquis county, from all except a few small places, give the republicans 1,725; democrats 535; people's party 150; prohibitionists 50. The entire republican ticket is elected and the plurality will exceed 1,300, as against 500 two years ago. No such vote has been known in this county.

Augusta, Me., Sept. 12.—Kennebec county has elected the entire republican ticket. Out of twenty-nine cities and towns returns received from the four cities and twelve of the principal towns give Cleaves 5,088, Johnson 1,790. Cleaves' plurality 3,298. The same towns in 1892 gave Cleaves 4,675, Johnson 3,718. Cleaves' plurality 956. This indicates a republican plurality for this county of about 5,000.

Augusta, Sept. 10.—Chairman Manley sent the following letter to Governor Cleaves:

Augusta, Me., Sept. 10.  
Hon. Henry B. Cleaves, Portland, Me.:  
The republican party came into power in Maine in 1856 by giving Hannibal Hamlin 25,000 majority. Twice in the history of the party since that day it has given its candidate a majority exceeding 20,000. In 1888 it gave Samuel Cony 23,700 majority over his democratic competitor, and in 1892 it gave General Chamberlain a majority of 37,000 over his democratic opponent. To-day it has given you a majority exceeding 37,000 over Mr. Johnson, your democratic opponent, being the largest majority ever given. We have carried every county in the state and will have at least 175 of the 187 members of the house, which ensures the re-election of Hon. W. F. Frye to the United States senate.

We have elected Hon. Thomas B. Reed, Hon. Nelson Dingley, Hon. Seth L. Milliken and Hon. C. A. Boutelle to congress by majorities ranging from 3,000 to 3,500. The total vote will reach

## 110,000. Your vote will exceed 72,000.

The people of Maine have thus, in a most emphatic manner, entered their protest against the deadly industrial system built up in this country by the policy of protection.

(Signed) J. M. McLean, Chairman.

## TO SUCCEED ADMIRAL KIRKLAND.

Admiral Kirkland Will Assume Command on Wednesday.  
London, Sept. 10.—Admiral U. S. N., who succeeds Admiral Erbin, with his staff arrived at Plymouth today on the steamer Drummond Castle. Admiral Kirkland proceeded at once to London, but his staff will remain on board the steamer until the arrival of a special permit for their landing from the Thames customs authorities.

The admiral's personal effects were transferred on board the United States cruiser Chicago without the usual search. The admiral will assume command of the European squadron on board the Chicago at Southampton on Wednesday. He expects to remain in European waters for three years.

Cardinal Taschereau Resigns.  
Quebec, Sept. 10.—Cardinal Taschereau has resigned the archbishopric of Quebec owing to failing health, and Monsignor Begin, coadjutor, will assume the work.

He Made a Mistake.  
Ottawa, Ont., Sept. 10.—The admiral on the Esquimaux station has recognized that the commander of H. M. S. Pheasant made a blunder when he took over from a United States man-of-war the sealing schooner Wanderer in Bohring sea a short time ago. Yesterday the minister of marine received a telegram from the collector of customs at Victoria announcing that the admiral had released the schooner.

Gives Credit to Englishmen.  
London, Sept. 10.—The Duke of York to-day laid the corner stone of the new Liverpool postoffice. He spoke at some length on the recent improvement of England's mercantile marine. The record passage of five days and eight hours and thirty-eight minutes from Sandy Hook, he said, remained to the credit of the English ships, English machinery and manned by Englishmen.

Imperial Family Threatened.  
Berlin, Sept. 10.—The Graudens-Zeitung says that, while the imperial party was at Marienburg last Saturday anarchists distributed "revolutionary" leaflets throughout the neighborhood. Besides stating the principles of anarchism the leaflets threatened personal violence to the imperial party. The police around Marienburg have adopted the most elaborate precautions. Every stranger is obliged as soon as he arrives to sign a document giving details of his business, family and residence.

ON THE BALL FIELD.

At Cleveland—The home club was at the mercy of Rusie to-day. The giants backed up his good work by hitting the ball often and hard. The batting of Tiernan, Davis and Rusie and the fielding of McAleer were features.

Cleveland ... 3 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 4  
New York ... 2 0 0 1 0 5 0 5-13  
Hits—Cleveland 11, New York 19. Errors—Cleveland 2, New York 1. Batteries—Sullivan and O'Connor; Rusie and Farrell.

At Louisville—Louisville battled better to-day than Baltimore, but their fielding was utterly inefficient, while timely hits by Baltimore piled up runs and won for them. The game was called at the end of the seventh inning on account of darkness. Attendance 150. The home team's inferior playing has killed local interest in the game.

Louisville ... 3 0 1 1 0 1 0 6-8  
Baltimore ... 2 0 3 3 3 1 3-15  
Hits—Louisville 11, Baltimore 12. Errors—Louisville 5, Baltimore 2. Batteries—Inks and Lake; Esper and Robinson.

At Chicago—The champions played with the Ansonites colts this afternoon. Lange put up the rockiest sort of a game, fumbling everything that came his way. Terry was hit hard generally after opportunities had been offered.

Chicago ... 1 1 3 0 0 0 0 8-8  
Boston ... 0 5 8 1 5 1 5 0-25  
Hits—Boston 22, Chicago 12. Errors—Stitts, Tenny and Gansel; Terry and Schriver.

At Pittsburg—The Pittsburg-Philadelphia game was postponed on account of rain.

Vermont's Drought Broken.  
Bennington, Vt., Sept. 10.—To-day the drought of nearly two months was broken by copious showers. At Manchester this afternoon a cyclone passed over the town, tearing up more than one hundred trees, demolishing chimneys and taking the roof off the seminary. The losses will be heavy.

Houses Were Unroofed.  
Orange, Mass., Sept. 10.—A terrible shower and whirlwind with thunder, lightning and hail passed over Orange and New Salem to-day. The streets in Orange were damaged \$3,000 to \$5,000. In New Salem the house of B. F. Frye was unroofed, his barn blown down and the schoolhouse, nearby, lifted and turned quarter round. The house of George W. Bigwood, half a mile distant, was unroofed.

Comes to Westville.  
Southington, Sept. 10.—C. S. McLean, who has been principal of the North Center street school district, has resigned his position here, having received the appointment of principal of the public school in Westville, Conn.

## LEXOW WORK IS RESUMED.

### ATTORNEY GOFF MAKES DETECTIVE HANLEY SQUIRE.

He Made Him Acknowledge That He Had Bought a Fine Watch Cheap from a Pawnbroker—He Was Also Intimate with McNally, the Green-Goods King.

New York, Sept. 10.—The senate police investigating committee resumed its sittings in the superior court room this morning. "It is now more than two months since the committee adjourned. The result of the evidence taken before the Lexow committee was evidenced in the recent trials at the police headquarters, when four police captains were dismissed from the force, as well as several wardmen.

The present session of the senate committee will not be a long one, as it will last, it is said, only three days, when an adjournment will be taken until the week after the republican convention at Saratoga, September 18.

Charles A. Hanley, a detective in the central office, was the first witness. "That's a fine watch you have," said Mr. Goff, as he took the witness' watch from the chain.

"Where did you get this watch?" "I bought it for \$50 from a pawnbroker W. A. Glover. Glover told me it was an unredeemed pledge. The pawnbroker said he knew the person who pawned the watch."

"The pawnbroker did not give back the watch to the owner?" asked Mr. Goff. "No, sir."

"Now, is it not a fact that the police stand in with the pawnbrokers in such matters as stolen property that is pawned?" "I don't think so."

"Isn't it a fact that the detectives are in collusion with the pawnbrokers and that the owners of stolen property have to pay the pawnbrokers the amount of money advanced?" "It is not."

"Where did you get the watch you had before the present one?" "I bought it from a dealer on the Bowery."

"What became of it?" "I pawned it at Stearns', Thirty-first street, between Broadway and Sixth avenue, for \$60."

Mr. Goff questioned Detective Hanley as to his acquaintance with one Jimmy McNally.

"McNally," said Hanley, "is a thief and a green-goods man. I arrested him on December 2, 1887. The case did not pass the police court."

Hanley admitted being in McNally's room when two wardmen came in, two years after he had arrested him.

"Then you admit your acquaintance with thieves?" "Yes, sir, they are useful to us in giving information to the detective bureau."

"And all your detective triumphs come from information supplied by thieves and criminals?" "Yes, sir," replied Hanley.

The committee then elicited the fact that the owners seeking stolen property that they could not recover their property unless they signed a card agreeing to pay all advances.

Lawyer Goff then made the witness admit that he only got out one search warrant for valuable property during his ten years' service.

"In other words you compelled the owners to sign the cards?" "Well, the pawnbrokers would not give any help unless the cards were signed," was Hanley's reply.

"Now isn't it a fact the police get half of the money paid the pawnbroker by the owner?" "It is not."

"Did you ever get any of the money?" "I have received a small compensation from the owner."

"The cards are sent out," queried Senator O'Connor, "so that the pawnbrokers may come to the bureau and inform the police?" "Yes, sir."

## PLAYED BY HARRY RUSSELL TO FOLD CIRCULARS.

Some of the circulars were printed by Eugene Marvin, who kept a job office on Eighth avenue, and more of them by Joseph Morris Reinschreiber of Canal street.

The witness stated that the McNally gang met in a saloon at Elizabeth and Broome street, and also in ex-Alderman Pat Farley's present saloon at Grand street and the Bowery. At this point Reinschreiber entered the court room and Mr. Goff placed him on the stand. He testified that he would not print green goods circulars or anything of that character because he knew it would be wrong. He had never seen McNally and had never done any printing for McNally.

A little later Mr. Goff showed the witness a letter and memorandum which showed that McNally had paid him \$50 on account for work done. This occurred December 1, 1893. In a scared sort of way Reinschreiber tried to explain that he had received the money from a man named Walter. He did not know if it was his first name or his last name, or whether he had any other name at all. The man just told him to make out a receipt to Walter, and was an entire stranger to the witness. Mr. Goff showed a receipt for \$200, but Reinschreiber did not know anything about it.

By this time the witness had grown pale and writhed in his chair. It really got to be pitiful when Mr. Goff handed the witness a bill made out in the writing of the witness containing a reference to "sets" and all the rest of what is used in green goods circulars.

Mr. Goff added the last straw when he first got the witness to identify his signature to a letter without showing him the contents, and then, having driven him into the last corner, read the letter. It was dated as late as March 1 last. In the letter the witness told how he had seen McNally. The witness came down with a crash, and Mr. Goff rounded off by saying: "Now what do you think of yourself, Mr. Reinschreiber?"

Reinschreiber hung his head. He then admitted that he had been printing green-goods circulars for eight months—up to March 1 last, in fact.

Then the committee put the threat it has made for perjury into execution. Mr. Jerome was directed to procure an indictment against Reinschreiber, and he will probably be indicted to-morrow.

William Applegate then resumed. He testified that McNally paid the police for protection. "We were informed by Jim McNally," said the witness, "that we had to move uptown from Elizabeth street, as the police were getting hot and the captain was changed. The captain was Meakin."

Witness then described how he and McNally drove up to the police station in a carriage, when McNally went inside to see Meakin.

"McNally told me when he came out that he saw the captain and squared matters. He told me to go down to Hawkins' saloon and tell the boys to go right ahead."

Witness then testified that he saw Captain Meakin, his wardman, Charlton, McNally and Hawkins in a drug store on Eighth avenue the same evening.

"Where did you go then?" "I went down to square matters with the telegrapher to receive messages and allow them to be sent to fictitious addresses. She was to receive \$50 a month for this service."

Witness did not know her name, but said she lived over the office near One Hundred and Sixteenth street and Eighth avenue.

Herbert Schroeder, who had charge of the telegraph office at Grand street and the Bowery, testified that in cases of fictitious addresses green-goods telegrams were sent in care of Alderman Farley and also to a Mr. Reid, an employee of McNally's. Frederick Foster, a lawyer, testified that he had explained about the character of Hawkins' saloon to Police Commissioner McLaughlin on June 21, 1892. He noticed an improvement in the place after that.

Applegate again took the stand. He said the green-goods men left Hawkins' saloon after being warned by Detective Charlton to keep away from the place, as there was too much noise.

Charlton stood up in court and was identified by Applegate.

"Did you ever pay money to police officers, police captains and wardmen while you were with McNally?" "Yes, sir, I did."

Mr. Goff produced four small tin boxes which McNally used in the green-goods business. Applegate described how the dummy money was substituted for the genuine bills, after which an adjournment was taken until to-morrow.

## CUT DOWN IN A FOG.

The Steamer Portia Struck a Schooner Which Sank Almost Instantly.  
Vineyard Haven, Mass., Sept. 10.—Incoming vessels report the sinking of the three-masted schooner Dora M. French of Bangor, Me., from Hoboken for Boston with coal by the steamer Portia of Liverpool, N. S., bound to New York at noon about one and one-half miles east, one-half south from Vineyard Sound Lightship, during a thick fog and fresh southwest wind.

Captain Look of schooner F. G. French, who is in company with the unfortunate vessel, states that although he could not see the vessels when they collided on account of the fog, the noise of falling spars and the cries of the crew as the steamer crashed into her were something terrible.

Captain Kelley of schooner William H. Card states that the French must have sunk instantly, as he passed so near as to see her crew struggling in the water and boats from the Portia were lowered in an endeavor to rescue them.

## SALISBURY IS EXPELLED.

### IT CAUSES A GREAT SENSATION IN TROTTING CIRCLES.

He Is One of the Most Prominent Turfmen in the Country—Owner of Famous Flyers.—Men Greatly Surprised When Informed of What Had Been Done.

New York, Sept. 10.—The grand circuit meeting at Fleetwood park closed to-day with a turf sensation, the famous horseman, Monroe Salisbury, having been expelled from all trotting tracks in membership with the National Trotting association. Salisbury's expulsion came about in this way:

He started Expressive in the 2:16 class Friday, and the race being unfinished when darkness came on it was postponed until Saturday. Rain prevented the conclusion of the contest that day and the interested owners falling to come to an agreement respecting the division of the purse by which the race might have been declared off it was again postponed until to-day.

Mr. Salisbury had engagements for this week in Terre Haute, Ind., and he shipped Expressive west with his other horses on Saturday night. This was a gross violation of the rules of racing as well as an act of insubordination, which amounted to an open defiance of all authority, provided Expressive was removed from the track without the consent of the judges of the race. It is certain he did not have such permission up to the hour when the race was postponed, and Henry Hughes and John D. Barry, officials, both assert that Salisbury never had their permission to withdraw from the race.

On the other hand two reputable and well known horsemen here say that Hughes yesterday told them he and Barry had given their consent to Expressive's withdrawal. This alleged conversation is denied by Hughes. The removal was an expensive piece of business for the betting fraternity for she had been well backed as one of the favorites and stood a fine chance to win. When she failed to put in an appearance to-day the judges, upon being prompted as to their duties under the rules, declared her ruled out for non-appearance at the post, and at the conclusion of the race, which was won without difficulty by Judge Austin, the announcement was made that Monroe Salisbury had been expelled.

Turfmen consider the punishment just, provided the officials were right as to the facts on which their action was based. But it is the prevailing belief among turfmen here that Salisbury did not act without permission from some person in authority. The effect of the action will be to bar Mr. Salisbury from all tracks, but the horses which he owns or controls are not further affected than that they cannot start again in his name or ownership. Every body expects to see him temporarily reinstated by order of President Johnson, of the national association, within forty-eight hours.

Monroe Salisbury is the most prominent turfman connected with trotting. He has owned fast horses for twenty-five years and within three years has brought out such famous flyers as Flying Jib 2:04, Directum 2:05 1/2, Direct 2:05 1/2, Alk 2:05 1/2, Directly 2:10 1/2, Vinnette 2:09 1/2, Doc Sperry 2:09, and dozens of other winners in the grand circuit. He is now in Terre Haute.

Terre Haute, Ind., Sept. 10.—Monroe Salisbury, when informed of the action of the judges at Fleetwood to-day in expelling him, was greatly surprised and said he did not see how any fair-minded man could have taken such an action.

"The mare Expressive," said he, "had gone two heats in the race on Friday. Saturday it rained and there was no racing. I had my horses entered to start here and had to ship Saturday night. If I had left Expressive there she would have had no driver. I talked with Secretary Mason of the Fleetwood park, and there was a member of the association—Murray, I think his name is—and they said they did not think there would be any objection to my withdrawing the mare. Someone said there was a rule that prohibited the withdrawal, and I laughingly remarked that if that was so we would get the rule changed, because it was a foolish rule that would permit such an injustice. If under it they could hold the mare over for another week they could hold her a month. However, Mr. Mason said he would see the judges. Mr. McHenry, who was stopping at the same hotel, afterwards told me that Mr. Mason had said that he had consulted two of the judges and they said it would go all right to ship the mare."

Mr. Salisbury called up Mr. McHenry, who corroborated what had been said. Mr. McHenry said Mr. Mason had told him that he had talked over the telephone with the two judges.

Two Records Broken.  
Springfield, Mass., Sept. 10.—R. S. Williamson of Holyoke lowered the class A flying start half-mile record this afternoon to 58 2-5 seconds, and George C. Smith of New York the class A unpaired quarter with standing start to 39 seconds.

Will Bankrupt Roads.  
St. Paul, Sept. 10.—The railways of Minnesota were given a disagreeable surprise to-day by the state railway and warehouse commission, which issued an order cutting rates on all grain 15 per cent. The decision was in the case of Elias Steenerson, who asked that the Great Northern Railway company be compelled to lower rates from Folk county to Duluth and Minneapolis. The commission split it: The railways say the cut will bankrupt three of the largest grain roads.

## DEBS IS ENDORSED.

### The Knights of Labor Offer Him Moral and Financial Support.

Buffalo, Sept. 10.—The general executive board of the K. of L., now in session here, to-day passed a resolution endorsing President Debs of the A. R. U., offering him moral and financial support, also a resolution urging that the K. of L. assemble to prepare charges against Attorney General Olney forthwith, so that they may be placed before congress at its next session; and asking the assemblies to approach all congressional nominees to learn how they intend to act on the impeachment question. T. B. McGuire, a member of the board, said:

"The Knights will attempt to impeach Mr. Olney for violation of article four section four, of the constitution, which prescribes how and when United States troops shall be sent into a state. Troops can be ordered into a state only in case of insurrection or rebellion and there was neither in Chicago when soldiers were ordered there to crush the American Railway union and aid the railroads. The anti-trust law under which Mr. Olney is empowered to instruct district attorneys to prosecute all trusts has not been enforced and is another point against him. We expect to get the votes of enough members of the house with the populists, who are our friends to make a strong move against Olney."

ALL ROYALTY WILL BE THERE.  
A Distinguished Gathering to be at Count of Paris' Funeral.  
London, Sept. 10.—The attendance of members of the nobility of France at the funeral of the Count of Paris on Wednesday promises to be very large. In addition to the presence of this assembly every royal family in Europe will be represented, and it is safe to predict that the occasion will draw together a larger gathering of distinguished persons than England or France has witnessed in very many years.

The body of the dead count was placed in its coffin to-night. The casket is of plain elm, lined with lead and covered with black velvet, and bears a silver plate upon which is inscribed a fleur de lis and the arms of the house of Orleans.

Three Are Now Dead.  
North Adams, Mass., Sept. 10.—Charles Fraser, the fireman injured in the Hoosac tunnel wreck, died to-night at the hospital here. This makes the total number of dead three. Fraser was thirty-three years old and had a family in Whitehall, N. Y., where his body will be taken.

ELECTED LAST NIGHT.  
Republican Delegates from Woodbridge.  
The following delegates to the republican state and other conventions were elected in the town of Woodbridge last evening:

State—M. H. Baldwin, M. P. Peck, Congressional—C. T. Walker, W. M. Beecher.

County—L. C. Beecher, A. B. Miller, Senatorial—W. W. Peck, John Featherstone, H. E. Baldwin, B. P. Sperry. Probate—A. L. Sperry, E. T. Ladd, Charles Hopson, E. W. Beecher.

The following town committee was elected: H. E. Baldwin, L. C. Beecher, C. T. Walker.

W. E. Beecher was chairman of the meeting and L. C. Beecher was secretary.

Stone Crusher Will Stop Crushing.  
The committee on streets of the board of public works met last evening and discussed the finances of the department. Commissioners McGinn, States and Mayor were present. It was stated that the appropriations were running exceedingly low and would not last at the present rate of expenditure but a few weeks longer. It was therefore after considerable discussion voted to stop the operation of the stone crusher in order to curtail expenses.

City Hall Dusters Cost \$60.  
The joint special auditing committee of the city and town met yesterday afternoon and considered the bills of both governments for the year 1893. The members of the committee present were Aldermen Gallagher and Hiller, Councilman Klenke and Selectman Stahl. No errors were found in the accounts for 1893, although a long discussion followed the unearthing of a bill of \$60 for dusters for three months for use in the city hall. The committee will hold seven more meetings, reviewing one year's bills at each meeting.

Herrmann's New Hotel.  
Julius Herrmann, the well known proprietor of Herrmann's cafe at Savin Rock, and formerly of Turn hall, this city, is about to erect a first-class hotel on Beach street, Savin Rock. The plans of the hotel have all been prepared and accepted, and it is expected that work on its construction will be commenced about October 1. The building will be pushed rapidly forward and it is expected will be opened to the public about April 1, 1895. It will be located on Grove street near Hill's homestead.

Local Jottings.  
Conductor Bradley resumed his train on the Berkshire division yesterday morning after a four weeks' vacation. Work on the new German Lutheran chapel in Seymour will be begun to-day.

Robert P. Dale of this city, aged nineteen, who is insane, was taken to the Middletown asylum yesterday.

Howard O. Murray, aged eight years, was drowned in Winthrop's cove, New London, last evening. He fell from his boat while rowing.

## COUNCILMEN IN SESSION.

### LITTLE BUT ROUTINE BUSINESS TRANSACTED LAST NIGHT.

Action on Edgewood Avenue Bridge Postponed—Will Review Parade To-Day—West Chapel Street Widening Recommended—Other Business Transacted.

The session of the board of councilmen last evening was unusually brief, and nearly all the business transacted was in concurrence with the action taken by the board of aldermen at its last session. Among the very few items of new business which came up before the board was the report of the committee on railroads and bridges.

The report of this committee recommended that two new bridges be constructed. One of these proposed bridges will cross the West river at Edgewood avenue and the other will be across the tracks of the Consolidated railroad at Olive street. The report of the committee was discussed at considerable length, and action finally postponed until the next meeting on the Edgewood avenue matter, but the question of the Olive street bridge went through without a dissenting voice.

A communication from Mayor Sargent was read calling attention to the fact that for the past year, through the gift of the Register Publishing company and the patriotic kindness of the Elisha Peck Garrison, the stars and stripes had been kept floating to the breeze from the flag staff in the central green at no expense to the city. The mayor favors the payment of a compensation to the members of the garrison and recommends that some action be taken with a view to keeping the flags in repair and compensating the men who daily raise and lower them. After the communication had been read the entire matter was referred to a special committee consisting of two aldermen and three councilmen to be raised. Later President North announced the councilman's portion of the committee as follows: Councilmen Forsythe, Fabrique and O'Brien.

The several members of the city government will review the parade to be given by the Volunteer Firemen's association of West Haven to-day. This action was decided upon when the invitation of the association was unanimously accepted. The parade will pass the city hall at 11:15 o'clock, where it will be reviewed by Mayor Sargent and the other city officials and the members of the court of common council.

Harvey W. Millington, janitor at F. M. Brown & Co.'s store was appointed special constable by unanimous vote.

On motion of Councilman Dewell the report of the committee on streets in reference to the widening of Chapel street, between Howe and York streets, was recommitted to the street committee.

Councilmen Durant, Bishop and Belden were appointed the councilman's portion of the committee on the revision of the city charter. They, with Aldermen Gallagher and Benham, will hold a meeting in the near future and consider the subject matter of the proposed new city charter.

OBITUARY.  
Death of Nathan Fenn Hall.  
The death of Nathan Fenn Hall, one of the oldest and most esteemed residents of this city, occurred at his home, 215 Orange street, at 5:30 o'clock yesterday morning. He had been in failing health for some time, but his death came unexpectedly, as he had been ill only ten days, the immediate cause of his death being bronchitis. He was attended by Dr. Frank A. Whittemore.

The deceased was born in Orange, January 3, 1809, and was upwards of eighty-five years old. When a young man he came to New Haven and for many years was a member of the long noted and prominent Chapel street firm of Bristol & Hall, retailers and manufacturers of boots and shoes. The firm for a long time manufactured shoes largely for the southern trade. As a member of this firm he accumulated a handsome fortune, upon which he had lived for many years in retirement. He was a director of the Merchants' bank from the time of its foundation until his death. He was succeeded by Wallace B. Fenn in the firm. In 1834 he married Miss Emily Grace Isbell, who died five months ago. They had three daughters. One is now the wife of Professor John Phelps Taylor of Andover, another Mrs. Stephen Knevals of New York, and the other Mrs. Nelson Hotchkiss of this city, who lived with her parents up to the time of her death shortly before her mother's five months ago. He also leaves a granddaughter, Miss Emily Knevals of New York.

This makes the third death in this family within the comparatively short space of time of five months. It entirely cuts off the New Haven branch of the family, no one being left to occupy the family homestead on Orange street.

Mr. Hall had been for years a regular attendant at the Church of the Redeemer, where he was a prominent member. He attended divine service with this congregation when it worshipped in the old Chapel street edifice. As an honest and upright citizen of the highest integrity he was esteemed and respected by all who knew him.

Funeral services will be held at his late residence, 215 Orange