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MINERS IGNORE PRESIDENT'S ORDER; TROOP TRAINS READY-TO MOVE INTO **WEST VIRGINIA MINE FIGHT DISTRICT**

President Awaits Report From Bandholtz

SOLDIERS TO GO AT HIS COMMAND

Signs Proclamation for Martial Law at a Moment.

Expiration at noon today of the time limit fixed by President Harding by proclamation for dispersal of the armed bands of citizens in West Virarmed bands of citizens in West Virginia's mine disorders found White House and War Department officials awaiting a report from Brig. Gen. H. H. Bandholtz, the army's representative on the scene, as to the situation. While officials waited for the report on which a decision as employment of federal troops and a declaration of martial law will rest all was in readiness for federal government to step into West Virginia should that be found necessary. found necessary.

Trains were said by Secretary

Trains were said by Secretary Weeks to be standing ready on the side tracks at Camps Dix. N. J., and Sherman, Ohio, to move troops at a moment's notice. Thirteen airplanes were en route from Langley Field, Va., to make a survey of the whole region and report what they observed. A proclamation declaring martial law in the counties of Fayette, Kanawha, Logan, Boone and Mingo was drawn up and signed, ready for promulgation.

A third regiment of infantry was today ordered by Secretary Weeks to be gotten in readiness at Camp Dix, N. J., for possible service in West Virginia. This will be the second regiment to leave from Camp Dix in case the troops are put in motion, and the third will go from Camp Sherman, Ohio.

I will wait the report of Gen. Bandholtz before making a move," Secretary Weeks announced at noon. "No word has been received from him since he left for West Virginia. He probably will report as soon as he has surveyed the ground after noon."

As the expiration of the time limit fixed by the President approached communications from West Virginia officials and citizens poured into the War Department and White House in an almost steady stream, all of the messages asserting that the armed bands were disposed to disregard the call to disperse and calling in urgent larguage for the employment of federal troops.

Sherman today for an immediate move into West Virginia. Transportation, including eleven passenger coaches, two baggage cars and eleven flat and box cars, was standing on railroad sidings at the camp, and it was said that a movement could be started within a few minutes, should entrainment orders be received. Full field equipment has been issued to the men.

CAMP DIX, N. J., September 1.—
Railroad passenger cars were on sidings here today waiting to take the 26th Infantry to the coal fields of West Virginia in case it should be ordered there. None of the officers and men, numbering more than 1,000,

troops.

Former Gov. Harfield at Logan telegraphed the President an appeal "for relief," declaring that "the wiping out of a peaceful and prospercus community will unquestionably happen within the next twelve hours unless federal troops are dispatched."

West Virginia in case it should be ordered there. None of the officers and men, numbering more than 1,000 was permitted to leave camp.

Proclamation Already Signed. From Charleston former Gov. W. A. MacCorkle wired to Scoretary Weeks, following a tour made by himself through the disturbed territory, that the whole mining country is practically on the march toward the seat of The proclamation already has been signed and requires only to be promulgated. Although officials are hope-

sent into West Virginia they will be urder command of Gen Bandholtz. who at one time commanded the Philippine constabulary and who in France was provost marsha' general of the A. E. F. telegram signed by members of

A telegram signed by members of the West Virginia delegation which conferred with Secretary Weeks reached the War Department from Charleston. "The committee calling on you yesterday just returned to Charles-ton." the message said, "and find miners from practically every camp in the Kanawha-Fayette-Boone section rushing to Logan-Boone line. We personally saw several men on our return with high-powered rifles in automobiles rushing to the troubled zene. The governor is just advised from Logan that firing is taking place at the top of the mountain near the Logan-Boone line. State is rushing reinforcements to that point from every available station. Miners openly state, according to reports to gov-ernor, they will not obey President's clamation. Necessary that federal ops be sent at once if loss of life is be avoided. More than 5,000 men der arms close to Boone-Logan line

and more on their way." Bandholtz Bears Letter.

Gen. Bandholtz on leaving Washington carried a letter from Secretary Weeks to Gov. Morgan. It said:
"You have received the President's proclamation ordering the insurrectionary element in West Virginia to retire peaceably to their homes by noon on September 1, 1921. I am sending Gen. H. H. Bandholtz, the bearer of this letter, with instructions to report to me the extent to which the order of the President is obeyed. In case it becomes the extent to which the order of the President is obeyed. In case it becomes necessary to send federal troops this officer is designated to command them. May I ask that you will afford him every possible assistance and co-operation in the way of offices, stenographers and clerks, quarters, transportation, etc.

"I very earnestly hope that it may not become necessary to employ federal troops. If they're used it will be to restore peace and order in the most effective and prompt way. The problem will be regarded by the military authorities purely as a tactical one."

Message to President. The White House has made public the following telegram received late yesterday afternoon by President Harding from A. C. Pinson, sheriff, and S. D. Stokes, prosecuting attorney of Mingo county, of Williamston, W. Va.:

"The press of the country is quoting John L. Lewis and other officials connected with the United Mine Workers of America as making repeated TAKES FIRST PLUNGE
John L Levis and other principle composition of the control and the principle composition of the control and the principle composition of the control and the principle control and t

13 Army Planes Leave Langley Field, Ready To Act in Mine Fight

y the Associated Press.

NORFOLK, Va., September 1. -Thirteen De Haviland airplanes hopped off from Langley Field at 11 o'clock this morning, ready for service with the federal troops in the coal fields of southern West Virginia. The planes carry bombs, machine guns and ammunition and are ready for instant action. The squadron is in command of Maj. Davenport Johnson, an officer who saw service with the flying forces in France. Each plane has a pilot and an observer aboard, and all are experienced officers, cadeta or non-commis-

aboard, and all are experienced officers, eadets or non-commissioned officers.

Telephone orders were received from Washington this morning to dispatch the squadron at the earliest possible moment, and the squadron was equipped, loaded with ammunition and guns by 10:30 o'clock. Col. Danforth, commanding Langley Field, inspected the squadron at 10:30 and the hopoff signal was given at 11 o'clock.

O'clock.
Several of the planes are equipped with radio, and Maj. Davenport will report to the commander of United States troops at Charleston by wireless when he approaches the West Virginia capital.

CHILLICOTHE, Ohio, September 1 -The 19th United States Infantry. composed of about 600 officers and enlisted men, was in readiness at Camp Sherman today for an immediate move

The "District of Washington," an entirely new department of the United ful that the extreme step will not be necessary their optimism has been lowered by recent dispatches from the disturbed area.

States Army, began its official existence today. It is commanded by Brig Gen. H. H. Bandholtz, now in charge lowered by recent dispatches iron.
If martial law is declared it will be the first time this course has been taken by the federal government since the days immediately following the civil war. In case federal troops are sent into West Virginia they will be sent into West Virginia, and who will command federal troops there in case of emerative command of the "District of Washington" and the membership of his staff, as follows:

lows:

Col. Conrad S. Babcock, cavalry, chief of ran; Mai. Harry Coope. nefantry, adjutant; Maj. John A. Parker, J. A. G. D., judge advocate; Maj. Walter M. Robertson; I. G. D., inspector; Lieut. Col. Matthew A. de Laney, M. C., surgeon; Maj. Alfred E. Larabee, Signal Corps, engineer, ordnance, and signal officer, and Capt. John T. Zelkers, infantry, assistant adjutant, and First Lieut. Howard R. Ferry, ir., aide-de-camp.

Are Known Locally.

Lieut. Col. De Laney and Maj. Coope are well known in this city, the for-ner having been stationed here as at-

ment with headquarters at Governors Logical Island, New York, and more recently of it was part of the 3d Corps area, with headquarters at Fort Howard, Baltiset

IMMENSE BATTLESHIP TAKES FIRST PLUNGE

Thousands Refuse To Return Home From March

TRAINS STOPPED IN DANGER ZONE

Quiet in Troubled Area, Runners to Logan Report.

By the Associated Press.
CHARLESTON, W. Va., September 1.-The office of Gov. Morgan announced soon after noon today that it had a report from Logan of the resumption of firing on Blair mountain, Boone county. There were no details.

Brig. Gen. H. H. Bandholtz, United States Army, representing the War Department, arrived in Charleston from Washington shortly before noon and went immediatey to the office of Gov. Morgan. LOGAN, W. Va., September 1.-Run-

ners reaching Logan from outlying posts in the mountains reported at soon today that quiet prevailed in the sections where the deputy sheriffs and volunteers under Sheriff Chafin of Logan county and Sheriff Hatfield of McDowell county were prepared to meet an advance of armed bands from the east side of Spruce Fork ridge.

As fast as deputy sheriffs and volunteers from other parts of the state As fast as deputy shering and vol-unteers from other parts of the state arrived here they were hurried to the front, but there was no official state-ment as to the number of reinforce-ments or the total number of men now on active duty.

An important addition to the forces was a detachment of state policemen numbering sixty-seven, who, it was stated, were added to the eighty-five troopers under Capt. Brockus, who came here from Mingo last Saturday.

Planes to Do Scout Duty. The bodies of John Gore, Jim Mun sey and John Cavajo, who were killed n the fighting yesterday, were ments made for the funerals.

Commanders of the men in the mountains said it was impossible to

mountains said it was impossible to estimate the number of casualties suffered by the attacking party, and no statement was made as to the men wounded by the defenders.

Col. Jackson Arnold of the state police, who has taken command of the force here, said today the exact situation on the eastern side of the mountains, where the armed bands have been congregating, would be determined by airplanes soon after noon, as it was impossible to reach that section in any other way.

Two planes are already here and another was expected this afternoon.

No word had, been received of the

tion from Langley Field. Thousands Near County Line Approach of noon today found thousands of men still gathered across the Logan county line. At Crooked Creek firing, which started yester-day morning, continued, but reports

quiet prevailed. There was no indi-cation, however, that any of the armed bands had dispersed and bor-der patrols of deputy sheriffs, state police and volunteer peace officers kept close watch.

Prediction freely was made between midnight and daybreak that 12 o'clock today would find armed bands still gathered on the Boone county side of Spruce Fork ridge. That hour was designated by President Harding in Tuesday's proclamation as the time limit for the dispersion of all persons "engaged in unlawful and insurrec-tionary proceedings," the alternative rengaged in unlawful and insurrectionary proceedings," the alternative being the dispatch of federal troops to the affected district and declaration of martial law in the counties of Kanawha, Fayette, Boone, Logan and Mingo. Charleston, the state capital, is in Kanawha county.

Lieut. Col. De Laney and Maj. Coope are well known in this city, the former having been stationed here as attending surgeon for many years and the latter having been prominently dientified with the National Guard of the District for a long time. Maj. Coope recently has been attached to the Army finance department and was on duty in the office of the chief of finance.

The new district includes the District of Columbia, Fort Myer, Va.; Fort Hunt, Va., and Fort Washington, Md., and was established for purposes of command, administration and training of all troops and agencies of the 'Army in that area. One of its main purposes is to provide better military protection for the National Capital.

Gen. Bandholtz has established his headquarters in the munitions building in West Potomac Park. In his absence from the city just at present Col. Conrad S. Babcock, chief of staff, the senior officer present, is temporarily in active command of the district.

By direction of the President, the commanding officer of the district of Washington is empowered to appoint general court-martial whenever necessary.

Not since the civil war has the Scene of Armed Marches.

general court-martial whenever necessary.

Not since the civil war has the District of Columbia constituted an independent military district. Years ago it was part of the eastern department with headquarters at Governors Island, New York, and more recently it was part of the 2d Corps area, with headquarters at Fort Howard, Baltimore, Md.

Hall law declared there several months ago, following industrial disorders in the Williamson coal fields.

March Started August 20.

The first indication of a march from Kanawha county through Boone and Logan into Mingo was the assembling of groups of men from Paint and Cabin creeks at Marmet, a town just south of Charleston, August 20. For several days thereafter other bodies joined these groups swelling their joined these groups swelling their number to several thousand. The march southwestward started shortly after midnight, August 25. Racine, Boone county, was reached the first day and the night was spent slove. Indian started



Parachute Flares to Aid Flyers In Night Attack on Battleship

WASHINGTON, D, C., THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 1, 1921-THIRTY-SIX PAGES.

be given an initial test when the Army air service conducts its next bombing operation—a night attack on the old battleship Alabama. The pres-ent plan is to stage the attack about equipped with 18-foot parachutes,

of the attack. Army engineers have submitted such enthusiastic reports on this weapon that larger flares, estimated to be equal to 1,000,000 candles, have been placed under construction. Giving a greenish-white light, literally "brighter than day," the flares to be used in the Alabama test will illuminate an area of five square miles, and, expert flyers say, should enable the aviators to obtain greater accuracy than in daytime. The flares are attached to a parachute of white silk,

alize any plan for defense, while keep-New weapons of aerial warfare will ing the upper air reaches shrouded i

Just before the armistice was signthe old battleship Alabama. The present plan is to stage the attack about September 15, probably at the scene of the recent tests upon the former German craft. off the Virginia capes.

A "light barrage," composed of giant aerial flares, each of more than 200,000 candlepower, will be one feature of the attack. Army engineers have submitted such enthusiastic reports on

which reflects the lights downward with sufficient intensity, it is believed, to blind the officers and gunners on the ship under attack so as to demor-

Turned Over Dispensary to Veterans' Bureau.

Delay of the public health service in turning over to the control of the Veterans' Bureau the dispensary and dental clinic in this city, under the terms of the Sweet law, still leaves a dual control of the veteran activities which the Sweet bill intended to correct, it was learned today. While the work of giving treatment to the veterens is progressing, it was admitted by officials that the lack of absolute control of the medical work had a

tendency to hamper. The headquarters of the "flying squad" of the Veterans' Bureau in this district is to move into the Arlington building next week, in order to have room for the rapidly increasing number of claims. It is now located in the temporary structure at 7th and B streets southwest. While quarters are being fitted up in the Arlington building for both the dispensary and dental clinic it cannot be moved without auclinic it cannot be moved without auclinic it cannot be moved without auclinic it cannot be surgeon general of thority from the surgeon general of the public health service.

the same roof with them, it was said

the same roof with them, it was said today, is going to hamper materially the efforts of the "fiying squad" to give prompt attention to the claims. An applicant at the Arlington building will have to make one or more trips from that building to the dispensary at 7th and B streets southwest.

The local dispensary of the public health service does not confine its work exclusively to the veteran examination and treatment, but is required to handle the cases of the hundreds of government employes entitled to treatment under the compensation laws. It also must handle the examinations of the civil service comment of the veterans' medical work efficient handling of the veterans' claims here necessitates a divorcement of the veterans' medical work from the civil treatments, as was the from the civil treatment, but is recomment of the veterans' medical work from the civil treatment, but is recomment of the veterans' medical work from the civil treatment, but is recomment of the veterans' medical work from the civil treatment, but is recomment of the veterans' medical work from the civil treatment, so was the authoritives today declaring they would withdraw entirely from the streets unless afforded protection. The tramcar drivers also are affected by the decision. Two members of the drivers' union were killed in the

Public Health Bureau Has Not Soldiers Rushed to Check More Shooting in Grove Street Section.

King Prays for New Peace Era in Ireland By the Associated Press.

LONDON, September 1.-King George, in reply to an address from the convocation of Canterbury, says: "Let us thank God that some

measure of response has been vouchsafed to my appeal to my lrish people. With full heart I pray that their reconciliation may be consummated by the deliberations now proceeding and that they may be united in making a new era for their na-tive land."

By the Associated Press,
BELFAST, September 1.—Soldiers were rushed to the Grove street section of Belfast this morning, when several shots were fired in that district. When the troops arrived, howthority from the surgeon general of the public health service.

#Flying Squadron" Hampered.

The inability of the District office to get the two medical branches under get the two medical branches under liquid the service of the street fighting since yesterday, when six persons were killed and thirty were injured, many seriously.

Troops Patrol Streets.

law provides for the transfer of all veteran activities, including hospitalization, to the newly formed Veterans' Bureau. It also provided for the transfer of the vocational educational work, which has been done.

Unemployment Meeting Called to Force Passage of Needed Legislation.

AGAINST RECESS

Business Hampered by Failure to Enact Tax Bill-Fall Elections a Factor.

BY DAVID LAWRENCE.

bombs. Bombs up to 4,000 pounds each | President Harding is to get Congress employed. The administration realizes that unless the republican majority gets busy and passes the legislation which is needed to stimulate busi-

> when both houses reconvene the drive will begin to clear the calchuar of the vital measures which most everybody believes will mean better industrial and businss conditions. Few officials can be found who think

rew omciais can be found who think the mere calling of an unemployment conference can produce jobs for the idle or food for the hungry. The most that can be accomplished is the collecting of data as to the true con-ditions of unemployment and the laying of that data conspicuously on the deorstep of the Capitol as a sort of mute warning to the republicans that theirs is the responsibility for action on pending bills. It is for the psychological effect that the conference is being called

resident Harding wants Congress to do several things which in his population will speed the return to nor-Wants Treaties Ratified.

"ANTI-JAZZ" CLAUSE **NOW APPEARS IN D. C.** APARTMENT LEASE

The "anti-jazz" clause made its appearance in Washington today in leases submitted by an agent for a small apartment house in the

northwest section. Phonographs are classed with dogs, cats and parrots in the leases submitted to the tenants, who are asked also for increases in rent.

"The leasee hereby covenants and

"The lessee hereby covenants and agrees that he will not keep or allow to be kept any dog, cat, parrots, graphophones or phonographs in said apartment or upon said premises," read one clause in the lease.

The lessee, if he signs the lease as presented, also will covenant not to "hang, or cause to be hung, any clothes or other articles on the outside of the premises."

The leases also call for the tehant to keep closed all doors leading from the kitchen to the main hall.

Recent Property Costs Declared Not to Represent Real Value.

MEDIUM WILL BE STRUCK

based on the present high selling nations."

The President expressed the belief prices of property, Assessor William P. Richards told the Commissioners in his annual report today.

The President expressed the that the time was coming when the burdens of armament" could be diminished.

The assessor explained in the report that the figures at which homes have been selling for the past few years and at which they are now selling do not represent the real value for assessment or tax purposes.

Declaring that through 4,000 years of pagan history and 2,000 years of Returning to Normal.

While real estate prices may not return to the pre-war level for many years, Mr. Richards went on, it altely had come to a civilized state of arms warfare, the President reduced is apparent that they will go down gradually and for this reason the new assessments have been placed at a figure somewhere between prewar prices and the peak of recent prices.

Christian civilization the world only lately had come to a civilized state of arms d warfare, the President reduced that he thought it "perfectly future to think there never may be armed conflict."

"We of America without unprocessory boasting." he continued, "have come nearer to civilized warfare than any nation."

The actual amount of the new assessment, both on real estate and personal property, was included in Mr. Richards' report, but was not made public by the Commissioners for the reason that they are the figures on which the estimates for rext year's appropriation bill were based.

Subject to Many Change.

Explaining his theory of not basing assessments on abnormal peak prices, the assessor said: "Value of real estate, like other

den popularity of certain newly developed places. Taking the land values in their entirety over a period of several years, there is a constant increment proportionate to the increase in population. The most difficult quesing the population of their regular military education.

"This War College is the high school" in population. The most dimcult ques-tion, and one that is open to a variety of opinions, is the handling of assess-ments or valuations bearing solely on improvements. In 1916, and for sev-eral years previous to that, production eral years previous to that, production and trade were regarded as normal and there was unrestricted competition in all lines, which made it a comparatively simple matter to measure the value of any kind of real estate. The advent of the war changed all this and today nearly every city in the country has a population in excess of fair accommodations, which, together with the abnormal or extremely high price of material and labor, have put a premium on all improved pieces of property. These unusual conditions have more effect on the improvement than on the ground val-

wants Treaties Ratified.

First, the President wants the pending treaties with Germany and Austria retiring the control of the

ARMY NECESSARY

TWO CENTS.

Declares Highest Aspirations May Never Overcome Need for Troops.

PRESIDENT STATES

'FUTILE TO ASSERT WAR IS AT END," HE DECLARES

Hopes for Limiting of Armaments in Address at Opening of President Harding, speaking today

at the opening of the fall term of the Army War College, declared that "no matter where the best aspirations of the world lead us, there never may be a time without the necessity for armed forces."

The President in his brief address, however, pledged the two hundred officers in his audience that during his administration they would never be called to perform military service "they could not enter into with all their heart and soul as Americans." Deplores Mingo Situation.

Referring briefly to the situation in

Assessor Richards Sees Gradual
Return of Washington Real
Estate to Pre-War Levels.

The new assessment of real estate for the ensuing two years will not be based on the present high selling

Declaring that through 4,000 years of pagan history and 2,000 years of Christian civilization the world only

make a real contribution to progress.

The President was accompanied to the War College by Secretary Weeks and Gen. Pershing, chief of staff, each of whom made a brief address.

Secretary Weeks fipe ness throughout the country the number of jobless folk will increase instead of diminish this winter and the congressional elections next fall may develop considerable danger for the party in power.

Will Push Vital Measures.

Congress is taking a vacation at present and the administration reluctantly consented to the recess. But when both houses reconvene the drive Secretary Weeks expressed his and the administration's deep interest in the college and spoke of his pride in its achievements. "We are living in a

> cation.
> "This War College is the high school "This War College is the nigh school of all the Army schools, and I trust you men will be better prepared for your important duties when you have completed your courses here." Pershing Tells of Training.

Gen. Pershing gave a brief resume of the history of the college and its accomplishments since its founding in 1903, and outlined the scope of training necessary for the military officer of the present day and for the future. He stated that the primary function of the course at this institution is to plan for the national defense and to train officers in the higher arts of the military. Also to prepare them for train officers in the higher arts of the military. Also to prepare them for executive commands, staff duty and specialized assignments.

John T. Axton, chief of chaplains of the Unitde States Army, offered the invocation at the opening of the exercises, and at the conclusion Chaplain James E. Duffy sald benediction.

At the conclusion of the communication of the communication of the communication of the communication.