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Cambric Edge, 1 to 4 inches wide, regular 12½c quality, 9c yd.

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420 to 426 Seventh Street.

Owing to death in the family our store will not be reopened for business until Thursday morning, February 15.

GROGAN'S Mammoth Credit House,

817, 819, 821, 823 7th Street N. W.,

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Other Make Uprights at All Prices. PIANOS FOR RENT.

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The Tourist

can make an average speed of 15 miles per hour with ease on most any country road if his mount is the "Locomobile"—safe, light, speedy, economical.

☞ Fuel can be obtained at any country store. Will run 50 miles without replenishing.

THE "Locomobile" Co. Of America, 1026 Conn. Ave.

CORBY'S "MOTHER'S BREAD!"

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—for a certain amount of nourishment to the body, and unless that bread is rich in nutriment it cannot build muscle and strength. CORBY'S "MOTHER'S BREAD" contains 20 per cent more nutriment than other breads—hence is more nutritious and healthful. Your grocer sells it—refuse a substitute. 5c loaf.

PURE AS MOTHER MADE IT. MOTHER'S BREAD. CORBY'S. REGISTERED. Corby's Modern Bakery.

Warm Rooms for

We've got a Gas Heater for $1.25 that throws off as much heat as one of nearly double its size. Will warm a hall room as thoroughly as you could expect and absolutely safe and substantial. The greatest line of stoves and heaters in the city. Best values, too.

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C. A. Muddiman & Co., 616 12th. 1204 G.

Don't Let Those Old Diseased Teeth

remain in your mouth and ruin your health. Just let us take them out WITHOUT PAIN and replace them with a good, healthy, natural-looking set at lowest possible price—$5 to $8.

THE EVANS DENTAL PARLORS,

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IN THE SOCIAL WORLD

Dinner Guests Entertained at the British Embassy.

The Secretary of War and Mrs. Root Honored by Senator and Mrs. Elkins—Mr. and Mrs. Westinghouse Among the Notable Hosts of the Evening—Mrs. Curry's Luncheon.

The British Ambassador and Lady Pauncefote entertained at dinner last night. Their guests were the Italian Ambassador and Baroness Fava, the Russian Ambassador, the Mexican Ambassador and Senora de Azpiroz, the Belgian Minister and Countess Lichtervelde, the Spanish Minister and Duchess de Arcos, the Secretary of State and Mrs. Hay, General and Mrs. Miles, Senator and Mrs. Lodge, Senator and Mrs. Wetmore, Senator and Mrs. McMillan, Representative and Mrs. Hitt, Lady Bromley, Mrs. Slater, Miss Boardman, Miss Jane Riggs, Miss Pauncefote, Mr. Smalley of New York, Senator Wolcott, Mr. Lovering, and Mr. Lowther.

Senator and Mrs. Elkins gave a dinner last night in honor of the Secretary of War and Mrs. Root. The additional guests were the Minister from Guatemala, Admiral and Mrs. Ludlow, General and Mrs. Ludington, Justice and Mrs. White, the First Assistant Postmaster General and Mrs. Perry S. Heath, Mrs. Frederick Dent Grant, Mrs. Hobson, Mrs. Audenried, Senator Jones, and former Senator Davis.

Mr. and Mrs. Westinghouse gave the second of their series of Monday dinners last night, when their guests were the Secretary of the Treasury and Mrs. Gage, the Bishop of Washington and Mrs. Satterlee, former Senator and Mrs. J. B. Henderson, Mr. and Mrs. McGuire, Mrs. Foraker, Mrs. Sheridan, Mrs. H. S. B. Blaine, Miss Paulding, Miss Waite, Miss Page, Miss Rachel C. Aiken, Mr. Justice Brewer, the Japanese Minister, General Corbin, Dr. Wyman, Mr. Vanderlip, Mr. Charles G. Bennett, and Dr. William A. Stewart.

Mrs. J. L. M. Curry gave a luncheon yesterday afternoon, when her guests were Mrs. George Fraser, Mrs. Alexander Legare, Mrs. Moorhead, Mrs. Olmsted, Mrs. George Bloomer, Mrs. Fairfax Harrison, Mrs. Calderon Carlisle, Mrs. Charles Walcott, Mrs. Sargeant, Mrs. Frances Hodgson Burnett, Mrs. Reginald DeKoven, Mrs. Story, Mrs. F. B. Loring, Mrs. Abert, Mrs. Ellis, Mrs. Harriet Lane Johnston, Miss Patten, Miss Anna Maury, Miss Kennedy, and Miss Curry Connelly.

Miss Marie Calhoun Butler, daughter of General and Mrs. M. C. Butler, 1434 N Street, and Lieut. Robert Whitehead McNeely, U. S. N., will be married at St. John's Church, Thursday, at noon. Miss Caroline Thompson, of New York, will be the bride's only attendant, and the best man will be Lieut. W. K. Gise, U. S. N. The ushers will be Lieut. M. C. Butler, jr., who will come on from Havana to assist at his sister's wedding; Lieut. Mark Bristol, U. S. N.; Lieut. Louis Burton Jones, U. S. N., and Lieut. Savage Bates, U. S. M. C. A wedding breakfast will be served after the ceremony.

Mrs. William F. Aldrich, of Alabama, 1531 New Hampshire Avenue, will not be at home today.

Mr. Ricardo Diez-Albertini, who has been appointed Secretary of the Cuban Commission to the Paris Exposition, is now at the Grafton, with his wife and daughter. They will sail for Europe in the early spring.

Mrs. C. H. Grosvenor will receive at the Dewey this afternoon. She will be assisted by her daughters, Mrs. Leete and Mrs. Shepard, and also by the Misses Van Voorhis, and Miss Katydid Jones.

The chief event of tonight will be the dance to be given at the Chevy Chase Club house, at which the guest will be the prominent young people of the official and social world.

Mrs. Hamilton Fenton Colman has cards out for a large card party St. Valentine's evening.

Mrs. J. H. Bankhead will be at home at the Riggs this afternoon from 3 to 6, when she will be assisted by Mrs. Buckingham Smithe, of Florida, and the Misses Graves, of Alabama.

Miss Annie Barbour will be received into the community of the Ladies of the Sacred Heart early in April. Mrs. Rengifo, widow of the former Charge d'Affaires of Colombia, will leave shortly after her sister's reception into the order to visit friends in France.

Mrs. Buckingham, wife of Lieutenant Commander Benjamin H. Buckingham, was the hostess at a delightful tea yesterday, when, in spite of the rain, her home, 1525 H Street, was thronged with a large and fashionable company.

The British Ambassador and Lady Pauncefote will entertain at dinner again this evening.

A NEW SYSTEM IN THE ARMY.

Vacancies in Staff Positions to Be Filled by Examination.

A new system of selecting line officers for staff positions in the Regular Army by competitive examination has been initiated by the War Department in filling the vacancy of major and assistant adjutant general, caused by the promotion of Col. Arthur MacArthur of the Adjutant General's Department to be brigadier general, and the vacancy of major and inspector general caused by the death of Col. Henry W. Lawton, Major General of Volunteers. Heretofore promotions to staff positions were made arbitrarily without examination. All captains of the line are eligible for the vacancies in the Adjutant General's and the Inspector General's Departments.

Examinations are being held in the Philippines, Cuba, Porto Rico, Hawaii, and at a number of places in the United States. It is estimated that all the papers will not be in for four months, and this delay in filling the vacancies is causing dissatisfaction in the staff departments concerned which are now short of officers. The increase in the Army and the establishment of new military departments in Cuba, Porto Rico, the Philippines, and Alaska, has thrown so much extra work on the staff departments that one vacancy makes a great deal of difference in the amount of work done.

"Deride Not Any Man's Infirmities."

Tell him, rather, how to get rid of them. Most infirmities come from bad blood and are cured by Hood's Sarsaparilla. Every person who has scrofula, salt rheum, humors, catarrh, dyspepsia or rheumatism should at once begin taking this medicine that the infirmity may be promptly removed.

Impure Blood—"I was troubled with pimples, resulting from impure blood. Since taking four bottles of Hood's Sarsaparilla, my blood is thoroughly purified and the pimples have disappeared. I am well." W. H. Mallins, Steubenville, O.

Hood's Sarsaparilla Never Disappoints

IN THE HOTEL CORRIDORS.

Senator-elect J. C. S. Blackburn, of Kentucky, returned from Frankfort late yesterday afternoon, and is quartered at the Normandie. A happy reunion on a small scale was held at Chamberlin's last night, wherein Col. Tom Ochiltree was the host, and many of the friends of Mr. Blackburn were present. He stated that all was quiet in Frankfort, and that no more trouble was likely to develop. When the matter is brought into the Federal courts, he said, Taylor will be ousted and Beckham will be installed as Governor. He will remain here during the winter.

* * *

Col. "Tom" J. Landrum, a member of the staff of Mr. Taylor, of Kentucky, when the latter was inaugurated Governor by the Republicans, is at the Ebbitt, from Louisville. He claims to be in the city on personal business, and states that while the death of Mr. Goebel is to be deplored, the investigation will clear Taylor of any connection with the deed, and will result in peace and normal conditions in the Bluegrass State. Colonel Landrum leaves for New York to-day.

* * *

Former Senator Lee Mantle, of Montana, is at the Arlington. He is in Washington looking after some personal matters, and will remain about a week.

* * *

Martin B. Madden, of Chicago, who has been at the Arlington arranging the details for Admiral Dewey's visit to the Windy City, in May, left for New York last night, for a brief stay. He stated that he had dropped out of politics since being defeated for the Senate by Mr. Mason, and was going to devote his energies to his private business.

* * *

"Did you ever hear of whisky being sent across the Atlantic for its health?" said J. R. Ganzell, a New York exporter, at the Raleigh last night. "Well, this happens every year. At least 6,000 barrels of the American product are exported to Europe every twelve months, and after being kept in European warehouses for a year or two the liquor is returned to this country. The cause of this is that when whisky has been stored in a United States bonded warehouse for eight years, it must be taken out or the manufacturers are subjected to the internal revenue tax of $1.10 per gallon. Rather than pay the tax and lose the use of the money until the goods are sold the owners prefer to take the stock across the water and store it there until needed. It has been found that freight both ways and the cost of storage is far less than the revenue tax. This tax is only paid when the goods are taken out to be placed on the market for consumption, and when shipped to Europe in bond there is no tax. Whisky remaining in this country out of bond is supposed to be on the market."

* * *

Andre Lefon, son of a Paris glove manufacturer, is at the Shoreham for a few days. He is making a tour of the United States. "One reason for the superiority of the French glove," said he last night, "is that the people have been making gloves since 1550, and the father has constantly handed down the trade to his son, that no outsider might learn the art. The modern kid glove goes through the hands of 235 people before being perfected. At least 19,000,000 pairs are manufactured in France every year, and their valuation is at least 125,000,000 francs. I like Washington greatly. It is a very beautiful place. I had no idea you had such a city."

* * *

"Georgia is experiencing the most prosperous winter in a score of years," said M. F. Daniels, of Atlanta, at the National last night, "and the outlook is as bright as a Southern sunny day. I do not think the growers will ship one bale of cotton away from the State next year. It will all be consumed within her own borders. New cotton mills have sprung up everywhere, especially in the northern part of the State, and I think they can handle all of the crop. The tendency of all the Southern States is in this direction, and in the course of a decade there will be no cotton sent North for manufacture. North Carolina and Louisiana are well in line, and the resources of the South will be kept in the South, and placed on the market when manufactured. This part of the country is destined to be the richest in the United States."

* * *

"I never was in such a miserable city as Boston is, in all my life," said Henry A. Avery, of St. Louis, at the Ebbitt last night. He had finished his dinner, and as he used a toothpick was telling his troubles to Clerk Hamilton. "I had to go there on business. I am a leather dealer, and was miserable all the time I remained there. I was actually afraid to take my coat off when in my room at the hotel for fear of getting a 'call down' from the management. I don't see why anyone does business there; I know I wouldn't. There is a distant air about everything that makes you feel like turning up your coat collar and not a soul seems to be cheerful or familiar as in other cities. I came near freezing to death in a barber shop while the artist shaved me. He had glasses on and held me at arms' length with his clammy hands. Then the waiters in the hotel dining room were simply awful. They talked 'Hawvard' and wore better clothes than I do. I felt like a menial and didn't enjoy anything I ate. No more Boston for me. I spent three days in New York thawing out, and feel better now."

* * *

Pearl Wight, a prominent New Orleans attorney, is at the Shoreham attending to some legal matters. He will remain one week.

GENERAL GORDON'S LECTURE.

A Large Audience Listens to His Address on the Confederacy.

Gen. John B. Gordon's lecture on the "Last Days of the Confederacy," delivered at the Congregational Church last night, was well attended, despite the inclement weather. It was under the auspices of the Ladies' Aid Society of that church. The rostrum was handsomely decorated with palms, azaleas, and potted plants, and a huge garrison flag was draped across the pipes of the organ.

General Gordon was introduced by Dr. Newman, pastor of the church. His discourse proved to be a mingled tale of humor and pathos, and throughout the audience was held in rapt attention, now hilarious with laughter and anon moved almost to tears. This lecture, which the general has delivered times without number, is on each occasion embellished with new material of interest, and never fails to receive a hearty approval. The speaker eulogized in warmest terms his erstwhile opponents on the field of battle. Grant and Sheridan, McClelland and Hancock were made the subject of especial commendation, while on the other side Lee and Jackson and Joseph E. Johnston were described in the highest terms. A novel feature introduced was the sounding of the old-time bugle calls by Lem Wiley, a bugler of the war of 1861-'65, which was immediately followed by the revised calls, those now in use in the Army, by the nephew of Mr. Wiley, who is the bugler of the High School Cadet Corps.

At the conclusion of the lecture, at the suggestion of General Gordon, the audience rose and sang "America."

LINCOLN'S NATAL DAY.

Ninety-First Anniversary of the Birth of the Martyred President.

In many States business was suspended yesterday in honor of the memory of Abraham Lincoln, it being the ninety-first anniversary of his birth. In this city the Lincoln League observed the day with appropriate exercises, at which a number of prominent colored men made addresses. "Abraham Lincoln as Seen in His Official Documents," was the subject of a paper read at Andrew Rankin Chapel, Howard University, by John P. Green.

Lincoln was born in the heart of what is now the Middle West, but what was in 1809 the backwoods, a wild Indian country.

VISIT THE WHITE HOUSE

The Woman Suffragists Received by the President.

Mrs. McKinley Unable to Be Present, But Sees Miss Anthony in Private—The Business of the Day—The Hearing at the Capitol—Gossip Concerning the Election of Officers.

A body of finer-looking, more cultivated, and distinguished women is seldom seen at the White House on any occasion than those who called on the President and Mrs. McKinley yesterdaya afternoon to pay their respects. Notwithstanding the damp and rainy weather, Susan B. Anthony, the venerable President of the National Woman Suffrage Association, led her faithful followers to the Executive Mansion. In the East Room, which was adorned with cut flowers and potted plants, where they were received by the President.

Mrs. Harriet Taylor Upton, the Treasurer of the association, and a delegate to the convention from Ohio, introduced the delegates to the President, who shook hands with each, smiling and saying a friendly word now and then when he recognized friends and acquaintances. On account of a slight indisposition Mrs. McKinley was unable to be present at the reception, but the President gallantly took Miss Anthony's arm and escorted her to the apartments of Mrs. McKinley, where the foremost women's champion offered to the first lady of the land the respects and best wishes in the name of the National American Woman Suffrage Association. Mrs. McKinley was deeply touched by the tribute of so many noble women, and as a token of thanks and appreciation she handed Miss Anthony a large bunch of white lilies, with a few words of sincere thanks and good wishes for the success of the suffrage cause.

Upon the return of Miss Anthony to the East Room, where the members were awaiting her, she was received with loud applause and waving of handkerchiefs.

It was about 4 o'clock when the executive committee of the convention met in executive session at the Riggs House, where they discussed the plans to be pursued this morning at the Congressional hearings, should the "remonstrants" confront them. "The 'remonstrants,'" said Mrs. Upton, "are as unknown to us today as they ever were, and I really think it is mere talk for the purpose of political and personal ends. But let them come if they will; they will wish they had not come after we get through with our addresses."

A Test of Strength.

There is, however, a certain and perceptible uneasiness among the officers and those who are to speak at the Capitol today, when the subject of the "remonstrants" is broached. Considerable political work was done yesterday afternoon, and when certain proposed amendments to the constitution, as offered by Mrs. Lillie Devereux Blake, were defeated at the morning session, the strength of the supporters of Mrs. Carrie Chapman Catt was tested and shown for the first time. It is rumored that Mrs. Blake has altogether withdrawn from the race, and will probably throw her strength to another candidate from the Western contingent of the convention.

Last night's session was as well attended as any of the preceding ones, notwithstanding the inclement weather. Miss Anthony was as prompt as usual, opening at the stroke of 8.

Before entering upon the programme of the evening she recited to the audience the circumstances of her visit to the White House, and deposited in front of her in a high vase of cut glass a large cluster of white lilies, those which were presented to her by Mrs. McKinley. Mrs. Bowers, of Pennsylvania, then arose and made a motion to give Mrs. McKinley a standing vote of thanks for the kindness accorded to the President of the Suffrage Association. This motion was seconded by Mrs. Garrett, of Kansas, and carried, the whole audience rising to their feet.

Miss Anthony then introduced Mrs. Annie L. Diggs, State Librarian of Kansas, who spoke on "Municipal Suffrage." Mrs. Diggs said, in part:

"One of the most specious objections urged against woman's assumption of civic obligations is the charge that women are narrow; are petty; that they think in grooves; that for the most part they do not reason—they simply feel, and hence they do not render broad, impartial judgments, and so do not take comprehensive views of matters presented to them. If it be at all the case that these things are true in any larger degree of women than of men, it is because woman's point of view has been circumscribed, and her sense of relation and responsibility have been undeveloped. In the dozen or more years in which women have had the municipal ballot in Kansas, it is unquestionably true that their point of view has broadened, that her less petty and circumscribed range of thought has made her more judicious, has brought about a better understanding between herself and the man citizen; has enhanced her usefulness as a citizen, and enriched her character as an individual in all the relations of life."

Mrs. Diggs, of Topeka, is State Librarian of Kansas, and also President of the Kansas Equal Suffrage Association.

Woman Suffrage in the South.

Mrs. Virginia D. Young, of South Carolina, who spoke on "The Story of Woman Suffrage in the South," was the next speaker. She said, in part: "The story of woman suffrage in the South is the story of individual effort, it is the story of pioneers in unknown paths, who have blazed their way through a wilderness of opposition. It has meant the pillory of opposing public opinion and a setting up in the stocks to be jeered at and stared at by cruel critics. The South has its ideals; they are expressed today in Solomon's Proverbs, though Solomon's funeral was preached three thousand years ago. Julian Ralph said that the bicycle woman outpaces her staider sisters in their progress to women's emancipation."

Mrs. Young said that the man with his hat in his hand does obeisance to the past, but the woman with her bonnet off bares her brow and opens her heart to the great future."

Mrs. Abigail Scott Duniway, of Oregon, spoke on the theme, "Success in Sight." She recited the steady growth of the woman's movement out in the far West from its very inception up to the present date, saying that the West is the more fruitful field of the suffragist, and that the far and young West would be way ahead of the learned and older East in the course of a few years.

As an extemporaneous speaker, Mrs. Duniway is logical, sarcastic, witty, poetic, and at times eloquent. The address was very favorably received.

Florence Howe Hall, of New Jersey, was next presented, and delivered a farce of her own composition, passing in review the woman's suffrage movement. The scene of the farce is laid on Mount Olympus, where the great Zeus is visited by two deputations, one of suffragists, the other of anti-suffragists. The former ask Zeus to bestow the ballot upon them, and he is about to do so, when the remonstrants arrive upon the scene and rehearse their stock arguments against the enfranchisement of women. It is difficult for the ruler of Olympus to understand why the anti-suffragists wish to take away from other women something they themselves do not want, and after trying in vain to decide, he leaves the matter in the hands of Minerva or Pallas, the Goddess of Wisdom, who awards the suffragists what they desire. There are a number of bright choruses, the whole farce being witty and sparkling.

Mrs. Florence Madison Howe Hall is the second daughter of Julia Ward Howe, and the late Samuel Gridley Howe, the noted philanthropist. She became actively interested in the woman's club movement about ten years ago, serving as the President of the Monday Afternoon Club of Plainfield, as Chairman of Correspondence of the General Federation of Women's Clubs, as Vice President and Director of the New Jersey State Federation, holding the last-named office at present, as also the chairmanship of the Department of Education. She is also President of the Plainfield Branch Alliance of Unitarian and other liberal Christian women. Her identification with the woman suffrage movement dates from 1892, when she was elected President of the New Jersey State Association and has held the office ever since.

The last address was awaited with a great deal of interest, and when Diana Hirschler, of Massachusetts, stepped before the audience she was loudly applauded. The theme assigned to her for discussion was "Woman's Position in the Law." Mrs. Hirschler spoke in part as follows:

Woman and the Law.

"At the opening of the century woman was a creature of the common law. The common law is a mass of customs and decisions handed down from the Dark Ages.

"Let us note with some care woman's position in 1800. The law writers usually expound the law upon the married woman. The woman unmarried is not discussed. This can possibly be explained by the fact that only recently have many women exercised the prerogative of remaining single; in earlier days she passed from the guardianship of her father to that of her husband, she was under a 'perpetual tutelage.' But we do find the latest authorities, Pollock and Maitland, giving a chapter to woman. They explain that it is devoted to widows and spinsters. We will note then woman's relation to the public and to individuals. The law recognized no relation to the public. Women were not represented in the law-making power, on the bench, in the jury box, nor were they allowed on the witness stand, for it was said, 'a woman must not be heard on account of her frailty,' and, again, it was objected that 'the blood of a man must not be tried by a woman.' Thus were one-half of the people shut off from the duties and privileges belonging to the whole, and thus were the other half subject to the temptations of dominion and power.

"Regarding the married women, we must pause. On marriage the woman passed into what was called coverture, i. e., the cover, protection, wing of her husband, and while she was snugly tucked away he gobbled up all she possessed, her personal property and the proceeds of her real property during life and any right to sue which he should reduce to possession. In fact, she was so securely 'covered' that the law didn't see her, and when property came which one would judge should belong to both, viz., the children, the law said, 'Tuck them under you wing, also; to him who hath shall be given,' and the children became his.

"In short, marriage divested a woman of her legal self, her personal property, her power over her real property, and as she had no will over them during life she had none after death.

A One-Sided Contract.

"On the other hand, the law recognized that she had a personality before coverture, and may have contracted debts, and said her husband must pay them, but if he spent all her money and the debt remained unpaid, it still hung over her—her 'frailty,' I suppose, was such that she could bear having her money subtracted from her and her debts added to her.

"Concerning the husband, marriage divested him of nothing except the power to dispose of one-third life interest in his real estate at his death. It added to him power over and control of his wife's self. Blackstone says a husband may give his wife moderate chastisement. I have looked in vain through Blackstone to find a similar right granted to the wife against her husband. And old writer says: 'If a man beat an outlaw, a traitor, a pagan, or his wife, it is dispunishable, for, by the law common, these can have no action,' and he adds plaintively, 'God grant gentle women, better sport, and better company.' He might within bounds restrain her liberty; he might and did sell her at the auction block as late as the first quarter of this century."

Admission to tomorrow's hearings at the Capitol will be by ticket only. Susan B. Anthony will have in charge the speakers who will address the Senate Judiciary Committee. Clara Bewick Colby will speak on "Our Work with Congress," Laura M. Johns on "Limited Suffrage," Mary C. C. Bradford on "Results of Woman Suffrage in the Enfranchised States," Jessie Cassidy Saunders on "The Position of Women in Foreign Countries," Mrs. Carrie Chapman Catt on "The Latest Phase of the Movement."

Rev. Anna Howard Shaw will have in charge those who will address the House Judiciary Committee: Harriet Stanton Blatch will make an address on "The Political Position of Women in England;" Lillie Devereux Blake, "The Constitutional Argument;" Elizabeth Sheldon Tillinghast, "The Economic Basis of Suffrage;" Hala Hammond Butt, "The Changed Intellectual Qualifications of Women of This Century;" Catharine Waugh McCulloch, "The Protective Value of the Ballot." Rev. Anna Howard Shaw will make the closing address.

This afternoon at 2 o'clock the election of officers will take place, and an interesting time may be looked for. Notwithstanding the favorable outlook for the success of Mrs. Catt, something may happen between now and the hour set aside for the election which may change the present aspect and put into the field a candidate as yet unknown.

At the work conference at 3 o'clock this afternoon, Elnora M. Babcock, chairman of committee on press work, will preside. The addresses by the following State presidents will be heard: Massachusetts, Alice Stone Blackwell; California, Ida Husted Harper; Pennsylvania, Ida Porter Boyer; Iowa, Ina Light Taylor; South Carolina, Virginia D. Young; Kansas, Nannie E. Garrett; Michigan, Emily B. Ketcham; Mississippi, Nala Hammond Butt; New Jersey, Dr. Florence De Hart; Ohio, Georgia Hopley; District of Columbia, Nettie Louisa White, and Kansas, Laura A. Gregg.

Tonight's session will be taken up with the following programme: Address by Mabel Loomis Todd, of Massachusetts, on "The Village Beautiful;" A. Emmagene Paul, Superintendent Street Cleaning Department, First ward, Chicago, "Women in the Street Cleaning Department;" Sofja Loovna Friedland, of Russia, "The Russian Woman;" Dr. Julia Holmes Smith, dean of National Medical College, Illinois, "Women on Managing Boards;" Elizabeth Burrill Curtis, of New York, "The Duties of Freedom."

GENERAL LAWTON'S PICTURE.

An Ivory Miniature Presented to the Widow.

Inspector Gen. Joseph C. Breckinridge and several of the officers of his department yesterday presented Mrs. Lawton with a very handsome ivory miniature of her husband.

It was painted from a picture of General Lawton in the full dress uniform of a major general with all his medals of honor on. The picture is one that Mrs. Lawton especially admires and she was deeply touched by the kindness of the old friends of the husband in presenting her with the miniature. It is handsomely framed in carved ivory and is an extremely good likeness of the dead officer.

CAPTAIN REARICK RETIRES.

Forty Years of Service in the United States Navy.

NEWPORT NEWS, Feb. 12.—Capt. P. A. Rearick, Chief Inspector of Machinery at the shipyards, will, on Friday, retire with the rank of rear admiral, after serving forty years in the Navy.

Commander Rea, of Mare Island, who will succeed him, arrived here today and will go on temporary duty Wednesday in order to permit Captain Rearick to leave for Washington to make his home there with his family.

Captain Rearick has served on every foreign naval station, and on every squadron.

SAY IT AGAIN

Uneeda Biscuit

If you tried Uneeda Biscuit once as a novelty, order another box and judge of it for its plain goodness. The second box will please you better than the first, the third box will be an improvement on the second. The more we make the better we make them. The more you eat the better you like them. Get in the habit of it.

Have you tried the sweet sister of Uneeda Biscuit—

Uneeda Jinjer Wayfer

NATIONAL BISCUIT COMPANY.

RELYING ON CONGRESS.

The President Considers the Plague Situation in Hawaii.

Senator Hawley was one of the early callers at the White House yesterday morning. He presented an invitation to the President to attend the eighteenth annual banquet of the Loyal Legion at National Rifles Hall, on the evening of February 22, the anniversary of Washington's birthday. President McKinley was made a member of the District Commandery of the Loyal Legion while a member of Congress. He was transferred to the Ohio Commandery upon his return to civil life. The President did not promise that he would accept the invitation, but it is greatly desired by the members of the organization that he should attend.

Senator Cullom, accompanied by former Attorney General Smith and Judge Hartwell, both of Hawaii, conferred with the President relative to several subjects in which they are interested. The question of relief for Hawaii on account of the ravages of the bubonic plague was the first subject discussed. It was decided at the last meeting of the Cabinet that the President would issue a proclamation reconvening the old Hawaiian Legislature in order that steps may be taken to relieve the distress caused by the recent outbreak. As a result of the conference yesterday, however, it was decided to abandon this plan, and to rely upon prompt action by Congress. The bill for the government of Hawaii, which was framed by Senator Cullom, is now pending in the Senate, and it is said that the President is anxious for its early passage.

The Senatorial contest in Illinois was referred to in the course of the interview, and the condition of affairs was explained to the President. Senator Cullom has been friendly to the Administration, and it is expected that he will be given assistance in his effort to secure re-election to the Senate.

Monsignor Sbarretti, Bishop of Havana, had a short talk with Mr. McKinley relative to Church matters in Cuba and to general conditions existing there. The Bishop is to return to Havana in a few days.

Senator Scott called to urge the appointment of J. E. Dana, of West Virginia, as one of the Commissioners to the Paris Exposition. The list of Commissioners has already been made up, however.

Representative Graff of Illinois made a short call on the President, during which he spoke of the banquet given by the Kickapoo Club of Peoria last night to celebrate Lincoln's birthday. Mr. McKinley sent an appropriate message to the president of the club, in which he spoke of his regret at being unable to attend an event in honor of his illustrious predecessor. A number of prominent men, principally from Illinois, responded to toasts at the banquet, and Charles G. Dawes, the Comptroller of the Currency, was present.

FOR A MEMORIAL BUILDING.

Rawlins Square Asked for by the Daughters of the Revolution.

Mrs. Daniel Manning, President of the National Society of the Daughters of the American Revolution, and Mrs. William P. Frye, wife of the Senator from Maine, conferred with the District Commissioners yesterday in the interest of securing Rawlins Square as the site of a memorial building, to be erected by the Daughters of the American Revolution.

The ladies stated to the Commissioners that their society already had $75,000 in its treasury for the purpose. They thought the edifice when completed would cost about $250,000, and they expressed entire confidence in the ability of the organization to raise the amount required. It was explained that the proposed building, according to the plans under consideration, would occupy about one-third of the square. It would be an imposing edifice, they said, and its artistic beauty would be such as to attract universal attention.

The ladies said the object in view by the society was to provide a place for the offices of the national body, and in which its meetings could be held. It was also suggested that it might become the meeting place of other patriotic societies. Another object would be to make it the conservator of historical documents, relics of wars, and public events, and other objects appropriate to the permanent museum of a patriotic organization.

The Commissioners were much interested in the representations made by the ladies, and promised their assistance in every possible way consistent with the best interests of all concerned.

Carl Schurz to Speak.

PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 12.—The Philadelphia branch of the American Anti-Imperialistic League has secured Carl Schurz to deliver an address on the evening of February 22, on which day the branch, known as the American League of Philadelphia, proposes to hold its first business meeting.

ALCOHOL AS BRAIN FOOD.

Professor Atwater Proves that Alcohol is the Greatest Brain Food Known to Science.

MIDDLETOWN, Conn.—The man who is expected to survive a week and do ten hours' hard mental work a day with nothing to sustain him but alcoholic beverages has passed his third day, and is in a happy frame of mind and in excellent physical condition. Prof. Atwater, of Wesleyan, who is trying to demonstrate the effect of alcoholic drinks upon brain workers, communicated with Ostergren by telephone this afternoon.

Ostergren said that he is studying ten hours every day and exercising with dumb-bells for two hours. The rest of the day he puts in according to inclination. Prof. Atwater assembled the chemical class of Wesleyan around the glass case in which Ostergren is confined this afternoon and lectured on the value of his calrolmeter to science.

Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey, the old family remedy of forty years' standing, is the purest form of alcoholic stimulant, as it contains none of that deadly poison, "Fusel oil." It gives power to the brain, strength and elasticity to the muscles, and richness to the blood. It brings you refreshing sleep. It cures nervousness and indigestion. It is a promoter of good health and longevity. Makes the old young, keeps the young strong. Over 7,000 doctors prescribe it on account of its purity and excellence. The most sensitive stomach will retain it. All druggists and grocers. Be sure you get the genuine.

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Finale of the Colossal Reduction Sale.

You cannot afford to miss the bargain opportunities of this great sale.

$10 and $12 Silk Waists, $4.98.

Our splendid showing of black and colored taffeta and black satin waists has never been equaled at anything near the present price. Many new tucking and hemstitching effects are shown. The colors include the favorites, bluette, old rose, automobile, garnet, tan, pinks, scarlet, cerise, new greys, etc. Superbly made. Some with new white silk stitching finish. $10 and $12 waists $4.98

$15 Spring Suits, $7.50.

Ladies' handsome spring suits of fine grade cheviots in all the latest shades. The jackets are the new shapes. The skirts are in new box pleat, inlaid pleat, etc. Every suit nicely lined. $15 suits for.......... $7.50

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It Will Pay You to Look at These Prices Before You Buy.

Lithia Tablets, 3 grains	20c
Lithia Tablets, 5 grains	25c
Bromo Laxative Quinine Tablets, for colds	15c
Pure Norwegian Cod Liver Oil, per pint	40c
Hostetter's Bitters	71c
White Pine Cough Syrup, per bottle	15c
Horehound Tar and Wild Cherry Cough Syrup	15c
Best Olive Oil, ½ pint bottle	20c
Best Olive Oil, 1 pint bottle	30c
Best Olive Oil, 1 quart bottle	50c
Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets, 50c size	35c
Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets, $1 size	75c

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ROYAL Baking Powder. Highest of all in leavening strength.—U. S. Government Report.

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