

A PLEA FROM THE EMPEROR

The Czar Asked to Maintain the Integrity of China.

Russia's Manchurian Treaty, Kwang Hsu Says, Would Lead Other Powers to Take Like Action—The Restoration of Former Rule Asked.

PEKIN, April 1.—The Emperor, replying to a note from the Czar regarding the twelve articles of the modified Manchurian Treaty, says that the convention is inconsistent with China's complete sovereignty and full rights.

His Majesty beseeches the Czar to restore Manchuria and to act with benevolence and righteousness, to prevent calamities befalling the Empire, and thus win the gratitude of the Emperor and myriads of people.

SHANGHAI, April 1.—The Viceroy has not yet proposed a memorial to the throne concerning the edict directing them to propose a scheme of general reform in the Government.

LONDON, April 2.—A despatch to the "Times" from Peking, dated March 28, confirms the statement that China has rejected the Manchurian Treaty.

His attitude will probably be known tomorrow. The military authorities will hardly allow him a larger period to decide.

ANOTHER RIOT AT KIEFF.

Soldiers Reported to Have Fired on the Mob.

LONDON, April 2.—A despatch to the "Times" from St. Petersburg says it is reported that another riot occurred at Kieff on March 24 and troops were summoned to quell it.

VIENNA, April 1.—It is reported from Warsaw that an attempt has been made on the life of M. Sypniewski, Minister of the Interior.

PEKIN, March 28.—The Chinese Minister at St. Petersburg has written urging the acceptance by the Chinese Government of the revised Manchurian Treaty.

Some Chinese think that the situation at Singan-fu will be relieved by the recognition of the Powers that the Emperor is now the sole head of the Government.

They are careless whether the Emperor, or Dowager Empress, or both together, or neither govern. The protocol omitted any reference to a recognition of the Emperor or his return, though he is essential to the final settlement of the points of the protocol.

They are careless whether the Emperor, or Dowager Empress, or both together, or neither govern. The protocol omitted any reference to a recognition of the Emperor or his return, though he is essential to the final settlement of the points of the protocol.

It is noticeable that the China Association of New York and London, representing the sentiment of the business and missionary communities in China, has strongly emphasized such a policy.

They are careless whether the Emperor, or Dowager Empress, or both together, or neither govern. The protocol omitted any reference to a recognition of the Emperor or his return, though he is essential to the final settlement of the points of the protocol.

They are careless whether the Emperor, or Dowager Empress, or both together, or neither govern. The protocol omitted any reference to a recognition of the Emperor or his return, though he is essential to the final settlement of the points of the protocol.

They are careless whether the Emperor, or Dowager Empress, or both together, or neither govern. The protocol omitted any reference to a recognition of the Emperor or his return, though he is essential to the final settlement of the points of the protocol.

They are careless whether the Emperor, or Dowager Empress, or both together, or neither govern. The protocol omitted any reference to a recognition of the Emperor or his return, though he is essential to the final settlement of the points of the protocol.

CUBANS UNABLE TO AGREE

Six Reports in Reply to the Platt Amendment Handed In.

The Proposition to Send a Commission to See the President Defeated—Planters Favor Asking Special Tariff Concessions From Americans.

HAVANA, April 1.—At a private meeting of the Constitutional Convention today six reports in reply to the Platt amendment were read and laid on the table.

A motion was made that a commission be appointed to go to Washington and discuss the question with President McKinley, but it was lost by a vote of 22 to 2.

Senors Gener and Gebara did not attend the meeting and Senor Quiles left it before the vote was taken. The question may be brought up again tomorrow at a public session.

A communication from the Planters' Society was read proposing that the Platt amendment should be accepted, provided the American Government should agree to add thereto a 50 per cent reduction in the present duties paid on Cuban products entering the United States.

The communication declared that the third clause of the Platt amendment would be most advantageous to the country in that it guaranteed law and order.

PRINCES OF THE COLONIES.

A Suggestion to Recognize Canada and Australia.

LONDON, April 2.—The "Standard" says it learns that a suggestion has been made to King Edward from a representative colonial quarter that the Duke of Cornwall and York be created Prince of Australia in commemoration of the foundation of the Australian Commonwealth.

Several difficulties in the way of conferring such a title are pointed out, and especially the fact that if such a recognition of the colonies should be contemplated, Canada has the first claim.

RETURNING TO FACE TRIAL.

An Absconder Decides to Take His Punishment.

BRIDGEPORT, Conn., April 1.—Weary of want in a strange land, in constant dread of capture, F. L. Johnson, well known here as a practicing lawyer and active politician, who defaulted as trustee of the Pendleton and Worlton estates and of the Staples Free Academy of Easton in the State of Maine, has returned to his home in Bridgeport, Conn.

VIENNA, April 1.—A despatch to the "Times" from Moscow says that Count Tolstoy's son, Leo, has been arrested.

PRECAUTIONS AT PRETORIA.

The Authorities Anxious to Keep Out the Plague.

PRETORIA, April 1.—As a further precaution against the introduction of the plague here, a military doctor has been specially appointed to meet all trains arriving from Cape Town. All these trains have been ordered to fly a yellow flag.

CARNEGIE AND THE STAGE.

The Ironmaster Said to Desire an International Theatre.

LONDON, April 2.—A story is printed here that a syndicate of London financiers has obtained a concession of 7,000 square miles in the provinces of Shansi and Honan, in the very heart of China's mineral wealth.

MR. BARRYMORE'S CONDITION.

Actor Found to Be Suffering From Maniacal Paralysis.

The Eccentric Millionaire Elected Mayor of Cleveland, Ohio.

NEW YORK, April 1.—Maurice Barrymore, the actor, who was taken to Bellevue Hospital on Friday, was examined today by Dr. Wildman and Dr. Newton, and found to be in a maniacal stage of paresis. He has threatened to kill his parents. He will be sent to the Rivercrest Asylum at Astoria tomorrow, at the request of his daughter, Ethel.

There are three forms of paresis, said Dr. Newton tonight. "It sometimes begins in the brain and stays there, sometimes in the spine and works up, and the third, varied, goes both ways. The paresis which originates in the spine is gradual in the early stages of its development. That has been the case with Barrymore."

"Two years ago his friends told me that he could not walk straight, and that he was always bumping into other persons on the stage. I asked him about it and he said that he was always bumping into them. I subjected him to all the tests and found that he had locomotor ataxia. He could not walk straight, and he could not stand with his eyes closed. The condition was then in the spine, and in its earliest stages."

"He became much better after six weeks of treatment, and has since then been one of the greatest successes of his career as Rawdon Crawley in 'Vanity Fair.' But his case now is very serious. Assuming that his trouble two years ago was the beginning of a paresis, he has only a few months to live."

"I found from two thousand cases that a man with paresis will live about twenty-six months. Just when Barrymore dies will depend upon the delicate convulsions. The convulsions will be frequent and he followed by paralysis."

DROVE OUT THE MANAGER.

Mill Operatives Disliked the Way Discharged Employees.

MEMPHIS, April 1.—There was an exciting time in Westwood Mills on Saturday, because of the dislike of the mill operatives for their general manager, Wesson, who has the biggest cotton mill in the city employing 2,000 operatives. It was established last Saturday afternoon, and two years ago, the heads of departments, and many of the operatives, were men who had grown grey in the service.

On Saturday, when it became known that another of the old-timers was to be discharged, the operatives, headed by Oliver, put in his place, the operatives, 300 strong, marched to the office of the manager and told him they had had enough of him, and that if he did not get out of town immediately, his body would be thrown into a telegraph pole.

MR. GRIGGS IN PRIVATE LIFE.

He Issues a Statement Regarding His Retirement.

PATERSON, N. J., April 1.—John W. Griggs, ex-Attorney General, resumed his duties in this office this morning. He was early at his office and cheerfully received those who called upon him. "I am back home," he said. "I am with the friends and neighbors of a lifetime."

He dictated the following regarding his life at Washington: "Arduous though it was, it has been the most delightful part of my life. I have known here as a practicing lawyer and active politician, who defaulted as trustee of the Pendleton and Worlton estates and of the Staples Free Academy of Easton in the State of Maine, has returned to his home in Bridgeport, Conn."

EXILED FROM NICARAGUA.

Frederico Mora Expelled Because of His Plots.

NEW YORK, April 1.—Advices from Nicaragua received here today tell of the expulsion from that Republic of Frederico Mora, who was sentenced here in 1887 to a term of two years in Sing Sing for counterfeiting.

BURGLARS ROB A SAFE.

An Office Wrecked by the Force of the Explosion.

READING, Pa., April 1.—Burglars entered the St. Elmo Hotel office at 3:30 o'clock this morning and drilled the big safe. By using a two powerful charge of nitroglycerine they not only blew off the safe door but they wrecked the office. The force of the explosion threw the proprietor, John W. Dutt, and his wife, who were on the floor above, completely out of bed.

TOM L. JOHNSON WINS OUT

The Eccentric Millionaire Elected Mayor of Cleveland, Ohio.

The Other Men Placed in Office Principally Republicans—A Fight for a Senatorship to Be Begun—Looking Ahead to the 1904 Campaign.

CLEVELAND, Ohio, April 1.—Tom L. Johnson, the millionaire disciple of the late Henry George, champion of municipal ownership of all semi-public franchises, has been elected mayor of Cleveland by a plurality of at least 5,000.

At 10 o'clock seventy precincts out of a total of 182 gave him a gain of eight to a precinct. On the basis of these returns the Republican committee concedes his election by 4,900 plurality. The remainder of the Republican city ticket has pulled through by a safe plurality.

Three Democratic councilmen are probably elected, but the entire school council ticket has been carried by the Republicans. The victory of Mr. Johnson on his radical platform has been a great surprise to many people of Cleveland. His campaign has attracted general attention throughout the country by reason of the fact that he is supposed to have political aspirations which will soon bring him into national notice.

It is predicted tonight that the campaign for the control of the next Legislature will be begun at once in the interests of Mr. Johnson's candidacy for the United States Senate. It is also likely that Mr. Johnson will appear before the Democratic National Convention of 1904 as a candidate for President. Whether he will make the fight on the issues which so triumphantly elected him tonight is, of course, a matter of conjecture.

A practical experiment of the merits of 3-cent fare will also be one of the spectacles to which the attention of the public will be called. This issue of 3-cent fares was one of the strong points in Mr. Johnson's campaign, and he is pledged to put this question to a test.

GLASS WORKERS WALK OUT.

Men Leave Non-Union Factories in New Jersey.

BRIDGETON, N. J., April 1.—Vice President William M. Doughty and the other officers of the Glass Bottle Blowers' Association are making a determined effort to force the Glass Bottle Blowers' Company, of Minnetola, and the Jonas Glass Company, of this city, to reorganize their plants. They are the only non-union glass plants left in south Jersey.

Blowers and apprentices from both these factories were consulting with the association's officers in Bridgeton yesterday and many of them were induced to give up their work and join the union ranks. Today twenty-six of them dropped their tools in the Jonas Glass Works and left on the noon train for Wallaerburg, Canada, and other distant points, where positions have been secured for them in union factories.

NO CLEW TO THE ROBBERY.

The Theft From an Express Package Still a Mystery.

NEW YORK, April 1.—Investigation into the manner in which a package containing \$5,000 in good money was transferred into one containing a number of slips of brown paper merely cut into the size of bank notes, while in transit via the Southern and Adams Express companies from the Bank of Columbia, of Columbia, S. C., to the National Bank of Commerce, of this city, is in progress and that is about all the information that could be had today at this end of the line of enquiry.

"We simply received the parcel of papers from the Adams Express Company," said Joseph C. Hendrix, President of the Bank of Commerce, "and that is all that we are able to say about the matter."

A DIVORCE WITNESS FAINTS.

Mrs. Edward Garcin Overcome While Telling of Alleged Cruelty.

TRENTON, N. J., April 1.—Mrs. Edward Garcin, one of the principals in a divorce suit that engrossed the attention of Vice Chancellor Reed's court today, fainted while on the witness stand. Both Mrs. Garcin and her sister, Miss Mary Miller, of Washington, D. C., gave their testimony in a highly dramatic style, each raising from the witness chair many times to give emphasis to the testimony.

SNOW FALLING IN KANSAS.

The Ground Covered to a Depth of Six Inches.

TOPEKA, Kan., April 1.—Yesterday was a beautiful spring day throughout the West. Tonight Kansas is covered with six inches of snow and it is still falling fast. Thousands of range cattle will die from hunger if the snow remains on the ground several days, and feed has been exhausted by the long winter.

JONES AGAIN ELECTED.

Toledo's "Golden Rule" Mayor Gets Third Term.

ELECTIONS IN MONTANA.

HELENA, Mont., April 1.—Municipal elections were held throughout Montana today. But little interest was manifested. While party lines were not closely drawn, Republican and Democratic tickets were in the field in the larger cities. Citizens and independent tickets predominating in the smaller towns.

In Helena the Republicans elected five of the seven aldermen. In Butte the Democrats elected W. H. Dacey, mayor, by probably 500 majority, together with a police magistrate and six aldermen. The Republicans elected the city treasurer and two aldermen.

A LIGHT VOTE IN MICHIGAN.

Republicans Sweep Detroit and the State.

DETROIT, Mich., April 1.—The Republican party swept the city and State today for the entire ticket, from Montgomery for Supreme Court Judge of Michigan to John R. Whalen for police judge. The vote was very light, barely missing 50 per cent of the ordinary spring election vote.

TO PREVENT PETTY STRIKES.

Miners of the First District to Hold a Session.

WILKESBARRE, Pa., April 1.—A convention of the mine workers of the First district has been called for Monday next to devise a plan for preventing small strikes and for getting all the mine workers of the district in the union. The Delaware and Hudson Company today posted notices that until further notice all the mines would work half time. Since all danger of a strike has passed there has been a falling off in the demand for hard coal.

WON BY TWENTY-ONE VOTES.

The Majority Fight a Bitter One in Springfield, Ohio.

SPRINGFIELD, Ohio, April 1.—M. L. Milligan, Republican, was elected mayor over D. F. Snyder, Democrat, by twenty-one votes today. There were 8,519 votes cast, the largest in a local election for years, and 1,546 more than two years ago.

A bitter fight was made for mayor. The entire Republican ticket was elected, with the exception of police judge, J. J. Miller, Democrat, being re-elected. The city is normally Democratic. Senator C. W. Fairbanks, of Indiana.

A DEMOCRAT MAY WIN.

The Election in Evansville, Ind., a Close Contest.

EVANSVILLE, Ind., April 1.—Late returns point to the election of John R. Boehne, Democrat, for mayor by hardly more than 100 plurality. Four precincts yet to be counted from both the balance. The campaign was waged between representatives of good citizenship, headed by Mr. Boehne, and advocates of a "wide open" policy, represented by Charles G. Covert, the Republican nominee.

The city is normally Democratic. The Democrats charge that the Republicans imported large numbers of negro votes from Kentucky. In the case of either man's election a contest is probable. The newly elected mayor will serve four years, as the two-year term was abolished by the last Legislature.

A DEMOCRAT RE-ELECTED.

Mayor Cummings Chosen Again in Stamford, Conn.

STAMFORD, Conn., April 1.—Mayor Cummings, Democrat, was re-elected mayor of this city today by the record majority of 203 votes. The balance. The Democratic party made big gains in the ticket, electing an additional officer over the list of last year. The Republicans have a majority of officers, however.

Major Cummings was prominent in the Presidential campaign as a supporter of Bryan. He was National Committeeman from this State.

MORGAN & CO. ANNOUNCE THE STEEL COMBINE'S ORGANIZATION.

THE CAPITAL STOCK TO BE \$1,100,000,000—Charles M. Schwab Chosen as President of the Corporation—The Directors and Other Officers.

TRENTON, N. J., April 1.—The United States Steel Corporation today filed with the Secretary of State amended articles of incorporation increasing its authorized capital stock to \$1,100,000,000 from the nominal amount of \$300,000,000 in the original papers.

Incidentally the company's messenger turned over to the State of New Jersey a certified check for \$250,000 to pay the filing fee of \$200 for each million dollars of authorized capital.

Even this large amount was not sufficient and about \$20 in cash had to be placed additionally, because another change had been made in the articles of incorporation besides that of increasing the authorized capital stock.

The corporation in its amended charters took advantage of an act passed by the recent Legislature, and said that at the time to have been introduced in the big corporation's interest. The change permits the mortgaging of property or the pledging of the stock of the company, or the stock of any other company, by the affirmative vote of the owners of two-thirds of the stock represented at a meeting, instead of the affirmative vote of two-thirds of all the stock outstanding.

NEW YORK, April 1.—J. Pierpont Morgan & Co. issued the following statement tonight announcing the organization of the United States Steel Corporation: "In accordance with their circular of March 2, 1901, which provided among other things that the entire plan of organization and management should be determined by Messrs. J. P. Morgan & Co., they now announce that the organization and management of the United States Steel Corporation will be constituted as follows: "Directors, J. Pierpont Morgan, John D. Rockefeller, Francis H. Peabody, Henry H. Rogers, Charles M. Schwab, Edward H. Gary, Robert Bacon, Charles Steele, Marshall Field, Norman B. Ream, P. A. B. Widener, William H. Moore, James B. Reed, Henry C. Frick, Daniel G. Reid, E. C. Converse, Percival Roberts, John D. Rockefeller, Jr., Alfred Clifford, William E. Dodge, Nathaniel Thayer, William Edenhorn, Abram S. Hewitt, and Clement A. Griscom.

"President, Charles M. Schwab; Treasurer, Arthur F. Luke; Secretary, Edward H. Gary; Executive Committee, E. H. Gary, Chairman; Daniel G. Reid, William Edenhorn, E. C. Converse, Percival Roberts, Charles Steele.

"Finance Committee: Robert Bacon, Chairman; Henry H. Rogers, Norman P. Ream, P. A. B. Widener.

While J. Pierpont Morgan appears only as a director, two of his partners, Robert Bacon and Charles Steele, are also on the board. Standard Oil interests are strongly represented in the management.

The old American Steel Company will be reorganized. B. Widener, of Philadelphia, and William Edenhorn, of Chicago.

John W. Gates is not on it. William E. Dodge and Clement A. Griscom have not been connected prominently with any of the companies that make up the United States Steel Company.

Henry C. Frick, it is understood, takes a place on the board at the personal request of Mr. Morgan.

This was the last day on which the constituent companies of the United States Steel Corporation could turn in their stock for conversion into the securities of the new company. At the office of Messrs. J. P. Morgan & Co., it was said that practically 100 per cent of all the stock had been turned in.

There was a little stock in Europe which it was physically impossible to turn in on time, but it could be turned in. As, therefore, practically all the stock had been received the plan could be said to be a thorough success.

FOUGHT WITH A JUDGE.

An Encounter in a Wilmington, N. C., Hotel.

WILMINGTON, N. C., April 1.—Judge E. K. Bryan, of the Eastern North Carolina Circuit Court, and W. W. Williamson, a traveling man of Philadelphia, had a sensational encounter in the Orton House, here yesterday.

Williamson claimed that the judge was staring at his wife in an offensive manner, but the latter said that at Mrs. Bryan's suggestion he was admiring the pretty wife of the black eye, when friends judge received a black eye, but was about to get the best of Williamson when friends interfered.

THE BIG TRUST COMPLETE

Morgan & Co. Announce the Steel Combine's Organization.

The Capital Stock to Be \$1,100,000,000—Charles M. Schwab Chosen as President of the Corporation—The Directors and Other Officers.

TRENTON, N. J., April 1.—The United States Steel Corporation today filed with the Secretary of State amended articles of incorporation increasing its authorized capital stock to \$1,100,000,000 from the nominal amount of \$300,000,000 in the original papers.

Incidentally the company's messenger turned over to the State of New Jersey a certified check for \$250,000 to pay the filing fee of \$200 for each million dollars of authorized capital.

Even this large amount was not sufficient and about \$20 in cash had to be placed additionally, because another change had been made in the articles of incorporation besides that of increasing the authorized capital stock.

The corporation in its amended charters took advantage of an act passed by the recent Legislature, and said that at the time to have been introduced in the big corporation's interest. The change permits the mortgaging of property or the pledging of the stock of the company, or the stock of any other company, by the affirmative vote of the owners of two-thirds of the stock represented at a meeting, instead of the affirmative vote of two-thirds of all the stock outstanding.

NEW YORK, April 1.—J. Pierpont Morgan & Co. issued the following statement tonight announcing the organization of the United States Steel Corporation: "In accordance with their circular of March 2, 1901, which provided among other things that the entire plan of organization and management should be determined by Messrs. J. P. Morgan & Co., they now announce that the organization and management of the United States Steel Corporation will be constituted as follows: "Directors, J. Pierpont Morgan, John D. Rockefeller, Francis H. Peabody, Henry H. Rogers, Charles M. Schwab, Edward H. Gary, Robert Bacon, Charles Steele, Marshall Field, Norman B. Ream, P. A. B. Widener, William H. Moore, James B. Reed, Henry C. Frick, Daniel G. Reid, E. C. Converse, Percival Roberts, John D. Rockefeller, Jr., Alfred Clifford, William E. Dodge, Nathaniel Thayer, William Edenhorn, Abram S. Hewitt, and Clement A. Griscom.

"President, Charles M. Schwab; Treasurer, Arthur F. Luke; Secretary, Edward H. Gary; Executive Committee, E. H. Gary, Chairman; Daniel G. Reid, William Edenhorn, E. C. Converse, Percival Roberts, Charles Steele.

"Finance Committee: Robert Bacon, Chairman; Henry H. Rogers, Norman P. Ream, P. A. B. Widener.

While J. Pierpont Morgan appears only as a director, two of his partners, Robert Bacon and Charles Steele, are also on the board. Standard Oil interests are strongly represented in the management.

The old American Steel Company will be reorganized. B. Widener, of Philadelphia, and William Edenhorn, of Chicago.

John W. Gates is not on it. William E. Dodge and Clement A. Griscom have not been connected prominently with any of the companies that make up the United States Steel Company.

Henry C. Frick, it is understood, takes a place on the board at the personal request of Mr. Morgan.

This was the last day on which the constituent companies of the United States Steel Corporation could turn in their stock for conversion into the securities of the new company. At the office of Messrs. J. P. Morgan & Co., it was said that practically 100 per cent of all the stock had been turned in.

There was a little stock in Europe which it was physically impossible to turn in on time, but it could be turned in. As, therefore, practically all the stock had been received the plan could be said to be a thorough success.

SHOT BY HIS VICTIM.

A Criminal Killed by the Man He Tried to Rob.

NEW ORLEANS, April 1.—William, alias "Coked Neck," Delaney was shot and killed this morning by Peter Jones, whom he attempted to rob. Delaney was one of the worst criminals in the city. His two brothers were killed here while engaged in perpetrating crimes. "Coked Neck" himself served three terms in the penitentiary and was under indictment for highway robbery at the time of the killing. During the Spanish war, Delaney enlisted in one of the Louisiana regiments, but proved a most unruly and troublesome soldier.