LEXINGTON DAY OBSERVED

Sons of the American Revolution Hold a Celebration.

The Oration Delivered by Henry E. Davis—The Desecration of the Flag Discussed—The Influence of Thought in Our National History.

The Sons of the American Revolution celebrated Lexington Day last night at Rauscher's. A regular business meeting of the organization preceded the special exercises prepared for the occasion by the Committee on Arrangements. The assemblage was called to order at 8:20 by President Noble D. Larner and after the reading of the minutes of the last meeting by Secretary Wallace Donald McLean the report of the Flag Committee was called for. Gen. Thomas M. Vincent, U. S. A., the chairman, reported that the committee had communicated with the Governors of all the States and the mayors of many cities regarding the observation of June 14 as Flag Day. From many of the correspondents replies had been received favorable to the project announced. General Vincent also reported that after due consideration his associates had decided that it would be greatly to the advantage of the organization to present to each of the school children of the District a small flag, thus reminding them of the anniversary it is proposed to celebrate. The report was adopted.

President Larner then announced that it had been intended to celebrate the 19th of April by placing a commemorative tablet on the tomb of George Clinton, a Lexington patriot, in Congressional Cemetery. This was to be done in conjunction with the New York State Chapter. The New York representatives were unable to take part in the affair at this season of the year, however, and the exercises were postponed until next December, when a much more elaborate programme will be arranged, Senator Depew and Vice President Roosevelt having promised to deliver addresses. A proposition was then made by Dr. J. W. Bayne to urge upon Congress and the Commissioners the necessity for more stringent regulations regarding the desecration of the flag.

During the debate that followed Gen. John C. Breckinridge, U. S. A., stated that most of the States in the Union had made it a serious offence to use the national emblem for unworthy purposes. Many of the members, however, did not feel that the matter had been before the organization for a length of time sufficient to allow the consideration that such an important subject demanded, and it was moved that the subject be set aside for future discussion and thorough consideration.

At the conclusion of the regular order of business President Larner introduced Henry E. Davis, the orator of the evening. Mr. Davis said that in reading and re-reading the history of the Revolutionary war be was impressed by the importance of the task the small colony had taken upon itself.

"The expression that we stand on the brink of a new century has already become hackneyed," the speaker said. "Looking at the great achievements in art, science, literature and mechanics that have revolutionized the world during the last fifty years we wonder what has caused it all. To my mind we find that at the bottom of this great improvement is thought—continuous thought. But what of that period when the Colonies of America had just freed themselves from monarchial rule, when the men of genius in Europe were trying to find a cause for the political revolution of feeling; when France was in the throes of a mighty uprising; what was the thing that ruled men and nations? Action.

"Lying deeper than thought, greater than the action itself, was the feeling that spurred men to do deeds that made the world reverberate with their fame! As Tennyson so eloquently expresses it: 'The heart was touched.' Thus it was at Lexington, at Concord Bridge. When Paul Revere made that momentous journey through the country from Boston to Concord and Lexington, 'the fate of a nation rode that night.' Did the farmers consider the right or wrong of the proposition made to them and consult in their calmer moments as to the way in which they should act. No! There was something deeper and more powerful than thought. Action inspired the patriots that fired the shot which went round the world.

"It was that inexplicable thing that touches the heart, that reaches the soul, and impels men, for the time being, to forget everything and march to a common defence."

In a brilliant peroration the speaker mentioned the fact that within a stone's throw of the place in which he was speaking, in the tower of the Unitarian Church, corner of Fourteenth and L Streets, rested a bell which had been first hung in the building in which is now held the sessions of the Police Court.

"Many years ago it was the home of the Unitarian congregation of the District. This bell, when molded, was named Paul Revere, in honor of the patriot of Lexington. When John Brown was executed this bell was the only one in the South that was sounded. All through the day the solemn tones echoed throughout the city. It seemed a fitting sequence to the words of Brown—'Prepare for action.' Hanging on the dividing line between the North and the South, the Paul Revere bell sounded a note of warning."

At the conclusion of Mr. Davis' speech a quartette including Jacob Scharf, George Scharf, William A. Domer, and Louis Weaver sang several selections which were warmly applauded. J. P. Earnest then proposed that a vote of thanks be given Mr. Davis and the members of the quartette. The motion was unanimously adopted, after which the members of the order and their guests retired to the supper room, where a buffet lunch was served. Among those present were:

William L. Marsh, Dr. J. Taber Johnson, Philip F. Larner, Col. H. B. McKean, Commander G. W. Baird, U. S. N., Dr. F. J. Woodman, Dr. Williams Donnally, Major Frederick C. Bryan, George C. Maynard, S. I. Besselievre, John G. Greenawalt, John B. Brownlow, Theodore L. Cole, Edwin A. Hill, Col. G. C. Kniffin, William D. Windom, Volney Eaton, John Speed Smith, John D. Biddis, Jefferson H. Jennings, Fred D. Owen, William S. Broughton, Leon L. French, Frank G. Butts, Paul Brockett, Sherman H. Craiger, William D. Baldwin, William H. Ashmead, Dr. Edward A. Ballock, Dr. Gustavus R. Brown, Prof. Frank W. Clarke, Sardis L. Crissey, David T. Day, Dr. Henry A. Robbins, Capt. Charles H. Campbell, William B. Thompson, Lewis J. Mauro, Milo C. Summers, John Sherman, Sedden M. Ely, William H. Pearce, Prof. Charles E. Monroe, Edward A. Moseley, Henry Gannett, and Capt. R. C. DuBois, U. S. A.

THEIR SERVICES NEEDED.

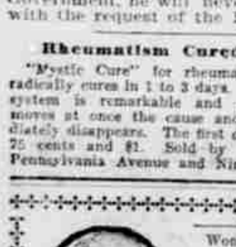
Reciprocity Experts Asked to Hold Themselves in Readiness.

The President has directed that the reciprocity bureau of the State Department be continued in order that the Government may avail itself of the services of the experts who are employed in this division of the public service.

He has also requested John A. Kasson, who recently declined to accept a salary for his service as special reciprocity plenipotentiary, to hold himself in readiness to serve again when reciprocity negotiations are reopened. Although Mr. Kasson has severed his connection with the Government, he will nevertheless comply with the request of the President.

Rheumatism Cured in a Day.

"Mystic Cure" for rheumatism and neuralgia radically cures in 1 to 3 days. Its action upon the system is remarkable and mysterious. It removes at once the cause and the disease immediately disappears. The first dose greatly benefits. 75 cents and $1. Sold by Stevens' Pharmacy, Pennsylvania Avenue and Ninth Street.



Wonder what Mertz will say today?

Men's

Clothes to measure are always superior to ready-made clothes—and if you let us make 'em for you they'll cost no more.

Mertz & Mertz, Tailors,

906 and 908 F Street.

ENGLAND'S NATIONAL DEBT.

The Reduction Interrupted by the South African War.

NEW YORK, April 19.—The London correspondent of the "Evening Post" has this to say regarding the progress of England's debt:

"With the new British Government loan of probably £50,000,000 near at hand, it will be interesting to recall the past history of the British debt. In September, 1815, when peace was signed at Paris after Waterloo, the debt of Great Britain amounted to £900,436,845, and was certainly the largest debt owed by one nation at that time. No other country has ever shown such huge indebtedness except France, the funded debt of which now exceeds 1,000 millions. But in the case of France it must be remembered that a certain proportion represents outlays for the development of the railway system, and which in time will bring some relief to its treasury.

Undaunted by the magnitude of the amount owed, British Parliaments set themselves to work, after the Peace of Paris, to bring about a reduction. By persistent efforts in this direction they paid off in the succeeding eighty-four years more debt than any other country in the world excepting the United States. In that period the debt redemption amounted to about £274,000,000 sterling, and this was effected in spite of £20,000,000 being raised in 1835-6 for compensating owners of slaves in the colonies, £11,000,000 in 1848 for the Irish famine, and £39,500,000 in 1855-7 for the Crimean war.

The progress of debt reduction, except by these relatively slight interruptions, was not arrested until the war with the South African Republics broke out. Since that event issues of debt by the British Government have been numerous and considerable in amount, raising the aggregate, funded and unfunded, to by far the largest total since 1888. Briefly summarized, the result of these operations may be set forth as follows:

National war loan	£30,000,000
Exchequer bonds	24,000,000
Treasury bills	13,000,000
Floating debt	6,750,000
Total	£73,750,000

Of these issues, the most important is the national war loan, which was offered for subscription at 98½ per cent in March, 1900, and the stock of which is not redeemable until 1910. Of the Exchequer bonds ten millions are redeemable in 1903, and fourteen millions in 1905. In reference to these issues it may be remembered that of the ten millions maturing in 1903, and which were offered last August, the United States took one-half, by arrangement with the Chancellor of the Exchequer. This course of procedure was very unusual on the part of the British Ministry, and so much criticism has centred round the operation that it is doubtful if it will be repeated.

The Treasury bills are all for short dates, ranging from three to twelve months, but the last few renewals have been for the longer of these periods. The floating debt consists of sums borrowed from the Bank of England, the Bank of Ireland, and various Government departments, such as the National Debt Commissioners and the savings bank authorities. Adding these recent debt creations to the amount previously outstanding, we get a total present debt of the United Kingdom of 708 millions, or more than double that of the United States. The outlay in connection with the war has not been wholly covered by these operations, and a further large sum will certainly have to be raised within a short time.

THE POLICE MYSTIFIED.

An Unconscious Man, Bruised and Scalded, Found in a Freight Car.

The condition of Frank Robinson, who was found lying in an empty freight car at the Anacostia yards early yesterday morning by Policeman Branson, of the sub-station, and who was removed to the Washington Asylum Hospital suffering from badly scalded legs and a bruised and cut head, was reported as little changed last night. After recovering consciousness during the afternoon Robinson was able to give the surgeons his name, although he was unable to state how he received his injuries. He claims to be a mechanic by trade and says his home is in Fall River, Mass. He again became unconscious last night.

How Robinson's legs were scalded puzzles the police, as there is no hot water within a mile of the place where he was found. Robinson is about thirty-five years of age, and although his clothes were somewhat torn, as though he had been in a scuffle, he was well dressed. He cannot recall anything that happened to him, and was unable to tell what he was doing in the car.

The vicinity where Robinson was found is frequently infested with tramps, who, fearing arrest, will not cross the Anacostia bridge, and make the woods their headquarters until they can catch an outgoing freight. It is more than likely, according to the police version of the affair, that Robinson was a victim of tramps.

AN ART STUDENT MISSING.

A Massachusetts Girl Thought To Have Committed Suicide.

BOSTON, April 19.—Lila Caldwell, twenty years old and prepossessing, an enthusiastic art student, is thought by her friends to have committed suicide while despondent. Miss Caldwell left her home in Medford last Monday morning, and absolutely no trace of her can now be discovered.

Miss Caldwell came to Boston two years ago to gain an art education. She was penniless. Her struggles for a living were of the hardest. At one time she swept and cleaned the Grundman studios in return for a small room in which she could sleep and get her own meals. She made friends, and among them was the family of J. S. Wyckoff, of Medford, who gave her a home and every opportunity to continue her studies. Miss Caldwell is small and slight, of dark complexion and reserved in her manner.

INVASION OF ARMED MINERS.

The Situation in Kentucky Said to Be Growing Serious.

NASHVILLE, Ind., April 19.—The mining situation in Kentucky became serious last night, when several hundred armed miners left Boonville and other southern Indiana points for Eastwood Landing, Ky. The boat carrying them left here at 8 o'clock last night, and will take twelve hours to make the trip.

It is reported that the non-union men in Hopkins county, Ky., have armed themselves to resist the invasion.

FRANKFORT, Ky., April 19.—A committee of the citizens arrived here this morning from Hopkins county to confer with Governor Beckham relative to calling out troops to protect property in the mining strike trouble. While here they were advised that troops were not necessary.

Fire at the Dayton Soldiers' Home.

DAYTON, Ohio, April 19.—The dining hall and three of the barracks at the National Military Home here were destroyed by fire this evening. Loss not definitely known, but supposed to be about $50,000. The origin of the fire was from a furnace in the dining hall. There was no loss of life.

Monte Carlo Receipts Decrease.

MONTE CARLO, April 19.—The receipts of the Casino here during 1900 were £955,200, a decrease of £3,000 as compared with those of 1899.

TO PREVENT PNEUMONIA AND GRIP

Laxative Bromo-Quinine removes the cause.

$1.25 to Baltimore and Return via B. & O.

Saturday and Sunday, April 20 and 21.

TO IMPROVE TENLEYTOWN

The Northwest Citizens' Association Discusses Plans.

Regular Meeting Poorly Attended—Resolutions to the District Commissioners—Manufactories Advocated—A Plea for Good Streets.

The monthly meeting of the Northwest Citizens' Suburban Association was held last night in Templars' Hall, Tenleytown, with C. C. Lancaster, President of the association, presiding and John W. Chappell acting as secretary. Although but few of the members attended the meeting, owing to the inclemency of the weather, resolutions of great importance to the citizens of Tenleytown and that vicinity were introduced and adopted.

The first resolution was introduced by Louis P. Shoemaker, Chairman of the Executive Committee of the association, asking that the Commissioners of the District of Columbia be called upon by a committee from the association and requested to notify the presiding officer of the association, before acting upon any complaints or grievances of a general public character over which the association exercises its influence. The resolution in conclusion says:

"This request is made for the purpose of ascertaining the sentiment of our people, and also to assist the Commissioners in the performance of their duties." The resolution was adopted unanimously.

Mr. Shoemaker, acting in the capacity of Chairman of the Executive Committee, also introduced a resolution, which was later adopted, asking that the efforts of all members of the Northwest Citizens' Association be exercised to encourage the establishment of manufacturing and business enterprises in certain portions of the District of Columbia, and that public sentiment, so far as possible, be invoked to accomplish this result. The resolution, in part, is as follows:

"We firmly believe that manufacturing and business undertakings should be encouraged in the District, not only to attract business men, capital, and enterprise, but to increase our population, furnish adequate employment for our young folks who are annually graduating from the public schools, and encourage others to reside here. Also to utilize considerable territory along our river front in South and East Washington, along the railroad lines; to cause the construction of buildings and thereby greatly augment our taxable values and annual revenues, and by such action the city of Washington, in our opinion, would become a larger and more important city in every respect."

Another resolution presented by Mr. Shoemaker asked the members of the association to do all in their power to remind Congress of the fact that the extension of streets in the northwest section of the city, especially in the vicinity of Rock Creek and the Zoological Park, is a great necessity. The resolution was adopted and it was ordered by the president of the association that a copy of the same be forwarded to the Commissioners of the District.

J. A. Finch presented a paper setting forth the bad condition of the roads in the vicinity of Tenleytown. It was as follows:

Whereas the county roads in the northwest section of this District are usually, and in many cases, are the only means of travel for the citizens of this section, as well as the general public, and though necessity requires that they should be kept in the best condition, many of them have been wholly neglected, scarcely a dollar having been expended upon them by the District authorities during the present year.

Be it resolved, now, That the Northwest Citizens' Association earnestly appeal to the Commissioners to have sufficient public funds set aside and expended without further delay in putting these roads in first-class condition, making them acceptable to the many property owners and a pleasure to the general public.

This resolution, which was by far the most important introduced during the association's session, was immediately adopted, and there is no doubt that in a short time some action will be taken by the Commissioners. During the downpour of rain last night the roads were in such condition that it was hardly possible for a pedestrian to walk, much less drive a horse over them. A copy of the resolution introduced by Mr. Finch will be sent to the Commissioners at once.

Mr. Hooper read a resolution in regard to the issuance of a pamphlet containing pictures of many beautiful houses in the northwest section of the city, by the circulation of which it is hoped that the population in and about Tenleytown can be increased. Copies of the book will also be placed in the District room at the Pan-American Exposition.

To aid in the same direction, C. C. Lancaster, President of the association, introduced a resolution asking the members of the association to show their appreciation of the work of the "Suburban Citizen," a local newspaper, which recently printed considerable literature in its columns in regard to Tenleytown real estate, accompanying the same with pictures. The appreciation, he said, could be shown by securing 2,000 copies of the paper, for distribution through the States. The cost of the papers to the association, he said, would be $30. Mr. Lancaster's resolution was adopted.

The meeting was brought to a close by the reading by Mr. Lancaster of a paper addressed to Commissioner Macfarland, by W. L. Crounse, Chairman of the Committee on Telephones, asking the Commissioner to grant the Bell Telephone Company the right to extend its wires through to Tenleytown, in order to establish an exchange station at that point. No action upon the matter was taken by the association.

MRS. BOWEN SEEKS A DIVORCE.

The Wife of the Minister to Persia Alleges Desertion.

NEWPORT, R. I., April 19.—Mrs. Herbert W. Bowen, of New York, well known in social circles, has petitioned the Rhode Island courts for a divorce from her husband, and the case will be in order at the May session of the court.

The ground for the divorce is set forth as desertion. Mrs. Bowen has been in Newport for two years, living very quietly in a small villa.

Mr. Bowen is at present Minister to Persia.

SENATOR FRYE IN NEW YORK.

With His Family He Returns From San Domingo.

NEW YORK, April 19.—Senator William P. Frye, of Maine, with his daughter, Mrs. F. H. Briggs, and two granddaughters, arrived today from San Domingo on the steamship Cherokee. He has been away about a month.

He said San Domingo was a fine country, but that the people were unprogressive and lazy. There were ten officials where there ought to be only one.

FOR PORTO RICO'S BENEFIT.

Governor Allen Urges That the Island Receive the Import Duties.

SAN JUAN, P. R., April 19.—It is learned here that Governor Allen is urging President McKinley, in case of Porto Rican tariffs being abolished, to construe the Foraker law so that foreign import duties will be paid into the Porto Rican treasury instead of the Treasury of the United States.

The revenue from foreign imports comprise four-fifths of the total customs receipts. The duties collected during March amounted to $87,758, of which $19,859 was collected on imports from the United States.

It Means Ostracism.—Foul breath and disgusting discharges due to catarrh make thousands of people objects of aversion. Hon. George James, of Scranton, Pa., says: "I have been a martyr to catarrh for twenty years, constant hawking and dropping in the throat, and pain in the head, very offensive breath. I tried Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder. The first application gave instant relief. After using a few bottles I was cured." Sold by F. S. Williams, Ninth and F Streets; Edmonds & Williams, Third Street and Pennsylvania Avenue.—14.

NEWS FROM ALEXANDRIA.

ALEXANDRIA, April 19.—The first legal proceedings in the affair between Mayor George L. Simpson and the Board of Police Commissioners were enacted today, when Corporation Attorney Gardner L. Boothe rendered his legal opinion in the three salient questions which have caused the mayor and commissioners to lock horns. The following were the questions: Whether the mayor was empowered to detail an officer to collect licenses; whether the commissioners had authority to set aside the sentence of the mayor on an officer found guilty of an offence, review the case, and pass their own judgment upon it; and if the mayor has power to appoint a man of his own selection to be stationkeeper.

In the opinion of Mr. Boothe the mayor has a right to detail a policeman to collect licenses, and he quotes the last section of the ordinances of the city council imposing taxes on persons, etc., which especially provide for it. In reply to the second question Mr. Boothe is of the opinion that the commissioners have power to reopen such cases, and he quotes Judge James Keith's opinion when the same question was submitted to him by the counsel of a former mayor. His reply to the last query, which is considered the most important of all, is as follows:

"In reply to this question I would say that the mayor is the chief executive officer of the city, and that it is his duty to see that the laws of the State and the ordinances of the city are faithfully executed; hence, although the board of police commissioners has power, under the city charter, to prescribe rules and regulations for the police force, these rules and regulations must not be such as will prevent or hinder the proper enforcement of the State or city laws, and it would, of course, be against the letter and the spirit of the law to place an officer at the stationhouse who would be incapable of attending to the duties of such a position. Subject to this qualification, however, I am of the opinion that the board of police commissioners has power to prescribe rules for the placing of men at the stationhouse."

The case is now in the hands of Mayor Simpson's attorney, and he will await an opinion in the matter before announcing his determination.

Miss Esther S. Dempsey, daughter of P. J. Dempsey, died suddenly at 4 o'clock this morning, at the residence of her parents, 217 South Fairfax Street. Deceased had been in ill health for some time. She was the eldest daughter and was well known and highly esteemed. The funeral will take place from her late residence tomorrow afternoon at 5 o'clock.

The Westminster League of the Second Presbyterian Church held its regular meeting last night and transacted considerable routine business. A special musical programme was rendered.

Paul R. Evans, of the Fourth ward, denies that he will be a candidate for mayor in the coming election.

The alarm of fire this afternoon was caused by the burning of a chimney in a house at the corner of Pitt and Princess Streets. The fire department did not go into service. An axle of the Hydraulion engine was broken while responding to the alarm.

Health Officer Julian T. Miller today received a communication from the Washington Health Department requesting him to investigate the report that there had been three or four deaths from smallpox at the gypsy camp at Adisson Heights, in Alexandria County. Dr. Miller visited the camp and ascertained the report to be false. He has requested Mayor Simpson to keep the gypsies out of the city, and his request has been complied with.

The Fairfax County Court has appointed Ulysses G. Winston administrator of the estate of the late William H. Winston, and Louie Winston guardian of the infant children of the deceased.

The Alexandria police have been requested by the Washington authorities to look out for Lewis E. Franks, of that city, who is thought to be demented and whose whereabouts is unknown. Franks is about thirty-four years of age.

George S. Finch has purchased from the German Building Association No. 5, a house and lot on the north side of Queen Street, between Fairfax and Royal Street, for $1,000.

G. W. Tompkins, a native of Canada, was today in the Corporation Court granted naturalization papers.

The funeral of the late Elizabeth Garwood, whose death occurred in Washington Thursday, will take place from the residence of her father, 1022 King Street, in this city, tomorrow afternoon at 2 o'clock. The interment will be private.

A number of councilmen and aldermen have signed a paper, which is being circulated by A. J. Wedderburn, in favor of granting the Agricultural and Industrial Fair Association permission to hold a street carnival in this city. It now seems that the affair is an assured success. The carnival will be held from May 20 to 25.

The Episcopal High School baseball team will play a game with the team representing the Roanoke College tomorrow afternoon on the High School's grounds.

The store at the southeast corner of King and Royal Streets, known as "Creighton's corner," will be sold at public auction tomorrow.

The Board of Managers of the Alexandria Infirmary today announced a number of donations to that institution by citizens.

The Joint Committee on Finance, Streets and General Laws held a meeting tonight and decided to report favorably on repealing the repealing clause in the ordinance requiring the Washington, Alexandria and Mount Vernon Electric Railway Company to pay into the city treasury the sum of $1,600 per annum for the use of Royal Street. Their report will be submitted to the city council next Tuesday night.

MR. BRICE TO APPEAL.

The New York Councilman Trying to Escape Jail.

NEW YORK, April 19.—Stewart Miley Brice, the councilman, has paid the fine of $473 that was imposed on him for refusing to obey a mandamus ordering him to vote for the Hall of Records bond issue in 1899, but he does not want to spend the ten days in jail that Justice Scott has decreed he must, in order to be thoroughly punished for his action.

Today his counsel made application to Justice Scott for a reargument of the case, basing the request on certain papers that were handed up. The justice, after considering the papers, refused to grant the reargument.

This leaves Mr. Brice technically committed to the Ludlow Street jail, but the justice will grant an appeal to the Appellate Division, which will act as stay, and Mr. Brice may never be called on to serve his sentence.

THE BELL HOME BENEFIT.

A Special Concert Given by the Symphony Orchestra.

A special concert by the Washington Symphony Orchestra and the Germania Maennerchor was given yesterday afternoon at 4:15 o'clock at the National Theatre for the benefit of the Bell Home for Children. The programme included Christiani's symphony in G minor, "The Soul Seeking Eternal Truth," which was very well rendered by Conductor Haley and his associates. Other numbers on the programme were:

Grand march, "Athalia," Mendelssohn, orchestra; men's chorus and brass quartette, "Hunter's Farewell," Mendelssohn, Germania Maennerchor (Director, E. Christiani); overture, "Oberon," Weber, orchestra; "Eulogy of Tears," "Ave Maria," Schubert, Miss Salome Wingate; paraphrase, "Spring's Awakening," Bach, orchestra.

A BANK EMPLOYE ARRESTED.

A. J. Schroth, of Pittsburg, Charged With Misappropriating Funds.

PITTSBURG, Pa., April 19.—A. J. Schroth, the individual bookkeeper of the First National Bank of Birmingham, this city, was arrested last night charged by W. H. Slack, the United States bank examiner, with misappropriating $34,999.96 of the bank's funds.

The announcement of the clerk's arrest was not made public until this morning, when he was released in $10,000 bail. It is alleged that he covered his wrongdoings by making false entries. Schroth is prominent in social circles.

Whose yesterdays look backward with a smile? Yours will if you drink Heurich's beers. These high grade beers will put you in the best of humor. 'Phone West 34, Arlington Bottling Co., for a case of Maerzen, Senate or Lager.

THE MOONSHINER A WOMAN.

A Surprising Discovery by New York Revenue Officials.

NEW YORK, April 19.—On the third floor of a dirty, ramshackle tenement in the East Side today the internal revenue officers of this district discovered a moonshine still owned and run by a woman. She had six children and the whole place showed traces of such abject poverty that Commissioner Shields and Col. Frank G. Thompson, the head agent of the revenue service, decided that it would be unjust to hold the woman in custody and she was released on her promise to appear before the Commissioner tomorrow morning.

The still was at 62 Division Street. Just why Colonel Thompson had reason to believe that it was there he is not willing to tell, but he went to the place this afternoon with two of his deputies and, smashing in a door, found the whole apparatus. There were six fifty-gallon hogsheads full of sugar and under the bed in the corner of the room were two complete copper stills and all their attachments. They were capable of an extreme production of 100 gallons at a distillation. The whisky sells ordinarily at $1.40 a gallon.

There was no one in the apartment when the officers broke in, but after two hours a prepossessing woman about forty years old entered. She had a brown shawl over her head and a bright red waist, and regarded the strangers in her home with mingled indignation and fear.

"What's the matter?" she asked the janitor in German.

"You ought to know," he replied.

The woman stepped back out of the door and closed it.

"Who was that woman?" asked Colonel Thompson.

"That woman," repeated the janitor, grinning; "why, she's the woman you're after."

Colonel Thompson ran out into the hall, but the woman was nowhere in sight. He ran into Division Street and saw a woman in a brown shawl running toward the river. He caught her in the middle of the block. When she felt his hand on her shoulder, she stopped short and glared at him:

"Now you have me," she said, "what will you do?"

Colonel Thompson led her back to the tenement. She told him frankly there that the still was hers, and said very simply that she ran it to support herself and her six children. She was Annie Rappaport, a widow, she said. She had just one loaf of bread and a piece of meat in the house.

The woman said she got the still and the apparatus from two cousins of hers who had a still in Brooklyn for a year or more and left it to her when they went abroad last March.

The woman promised Commissioner Shields to come before him tomorrow after she had arranged for the care of her children.

To Retain Admiral O'Neil.

The President has decided to reappoint Rear Admiral Charles O'Neil as chief of the Naval Bureau of Ordnance. Rear Admiral O'Neil's present term will expire in June, and as the President will be absent from Washington, Secretary Long suggested that provision be made now for filling the vacancy. He urged the retention of Rear Admiral O'Neil.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

THERE will be a general meeting of the stockholders of the National Typographic Company at the office of the company, 154 Nassau st., borough of Manhattan, and City of New York, upon MONDAY, APRIL 22, AT 12:30 P. M., to consider certain proposed changes in the by-laws, and a resolution authorizing a change of place of the principal office to Charleston, W. Va. By order of the Board of Directors, JAMES O. CLEPHANE, Secretary.

WILL any person who witnessed accident to middle-aged man, who was struck by City and Suburban car near College Station, October 29, 1900, about 8:15 p. m., please communicate with GUSTAV MAIER, 513 E st. nw.

WANTED—Manager for stock sales of large gold, copper, and coal mining company, near Seattle, Wash. Call at LaFetra's Hotel, after 4 p.m. J. D. McINTYRE.

SPECIAL NOTICE—A meeting of the stockholders of the Washington Safe Deposit Company will be held APRIL 26TH, 1901, for election of directors. Polls open at 12 m., close at 1 o'clock p. m. SAM'L. CROSS, Secretary and Treasurer.

PROPOSALS.

PROPOSALS will be received at the Bureau of Supplies and Accounts, Navy Department, Washington, D. C., until 12 O'CLOCK NOON, APRIL 30, 1901, and publicly opened immediately thereafter, to furnish at the Navy Yard, Washington, D. C., a quantity of electric cable and muslin. Blank proposals will be furnished upon application to the Navy Yard, Washington, D. C. A. S. KENNY, Paymaster General, U. S. N.

SEALED proposals, endorsed "Proposals for steel work and fireproofing," will be received at the Bureau of Yards and Docks, Navy Department, Washington, until 2 O'CLOCK, MAY 11, 1901, and then and there publicly opened, for steel and iron work and fireproofing for an extension of store No. 1, Navy Yard, Washington. For plans, specifications and forms of proposals address, "Commandant, Navy Yard, Washington." MORDECAI T. ENDICOTT, Chief of Bureau. April 18, 1901.

PROPOSALS—U. S. Department of Agriculture, Office of the Secretary, Washington, D. C., April 2, 1901.—Sealed proposals will be received at the office of the Disbursing Clerk until 2 P. M., THURSDAY, MAY 2, 1901, for furnishing supplies during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1902, as follows: Stationery, laboratory, lumber, and packing boxes, fuel and ice, painters', plumbers', furniture and map frames, forage, car seals, etc., brooms, brushes, etc., flowerpots, cleaning carpets and washing towels, telegraph and hardware, flags, instruments, towers, and lanterns, printing and lithographing material, waste paper. Full information furnished on application to the Disbursing Clerk or the Weather Bureau. Bids must be sealed and addressed to the Secretary of Agriculture, in accordance with instructions given on schedules. JAMES WILSON, Secretary.

PROPOSALS FOR STATIONERY AND MISCELLANEOUS SUPPLIES—Department of Justice, Washington, D. C., April 6, 1901.—Sealed proposals, in duplicate, for furnishing stationery and miscellaneous supplies for the Department of Justice and for the United States Courts and judicial officers, for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1902, will be received until 2 O'CLOCK P. M., MAY 2, 1901, and then opened, those for the department including ice, shoeing, care of horses, fuel, and the washing of towels, at the office of the chief clerk, and those for the United States courts in the Division of Accounts, both in the department building, 1435 K Street northwest, Washington, D. C. Separate proposals to be made for supplies for the department and those for the courts. Blank proposals and other information will be furnished upon application to the offices named. The right to reject any and all bids is reserved. J. K. RICHARDS, Acting Attorney General.

LEGAL NOTICES.

IN THE SUPREME COURT OF THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA, HOLDING A SPECIAL TERM FOR EQUITY COURT BUSINESS.—ANNA FALK vs. EDWARD C. FALK.

Upon motion of the complainant's solicitor, C. M. Fulton, and it appearing that the subpoena of this court has been returned "not to be found," and it appearing further, from the affidavit, as required by rule of this court in such cases, that the respondent is a non-resident, it is this 12TH DAY OF APRIL, A. D., 1901, ordered that the said defendant, Edward C. Falk, appear or cause his appearance to be entered herein on the rule day occurring forty days hereafter; otherwise this cause will be proceeded with; provided a copy of this order be published once a week for three successive weeks in the "Washington Law Reporter" and also in The Times of this city.

The object of this suit is to obtain a decree of this court in favor of the complainant, divorcing her from the bond of marriage with the respondent.

(Seal.) A. C. BRADLEY, Justice.
True Copy. Test:
J. R. YOUNG, Clerk.
By J. WILMER LATIMER, Asst. Clerk.

IN JUSTICE'S COURT OF THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA. BEFORE SAMUEL C. MILLS, ESQ., A JUSTICE OF THE PEACE.—F. EDWARD MITCHELL, Plaintiff, vs. KATIE J. ROSENFELD, Defendant. At Law No. 15888.

A summons in due form having been issued out of this court to a lawful constable of this District for the said defendant, and the same having been by said constable returned "not to be found," it is hereby ordered that said defendant cause her appearance to be entered herein on or before the 4TH DAY OF MAY, A. D. 1901, otherwise the cause will be proceeded with as in case of default.

SAM. C. MILLS, Justice of the Peace.

DIED.

CHAPMAN—At her late residence, 101 E Street, MRS. LYDIA DRYDEN CHAPMAN.

Funeral at residence Sunday afternoon at 3 p. m. Interment at Glenwood.

Waltham Watches.

Everyone knows that Waltham Watches are standard. But few people realize the variety or the volume of the product of the American Waltham Watch Company.

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Your interest in the morning repast is usually centred in a cup of your favorite beverage. If anything is to possess merit at this meal, it must be the coffee.

Congressional Coffee for = = 35c Per Pound

Is the ideal blend for the coffee drinker. Its aroma is the freshest and finest and for quality unsurpassed.

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AUCTION SALES.

THOMAS DOWLING & CO., Auctioneers.

TRUSTEES' SALE OF UNIMPROVED LOTS IN WHITEHAVEN, NEAR THE CONDUIT ROAD.

By virtue of a certain deed of trust, dated April 20, 1891, and recorded in Liber 1615, at folio 196 et seq., one of the land records of the District of Columbia, and at the request of the holder of the note secured thereby, the undersigned trustees, will sell at public auction, in front of the premises, on SATURDAY, THE 27TH DAY OF APRIL, 1901, COMMENCING AT FOUR O'CLOCK P. M., the following described pieces or parcels of real estate, situate in the County of Washington, District of Columbia, to wit.: Lots one (1), two (2), three (3), four (4), five (5), six (6), seven (7), eight (8), twelve (12), thirteen (13), fourteen (14), fifteen (15), sixteen (16), seventeen (17), eighteen (18), nineteen (19), twenty (20), and twenty-one (21), in block 8, in the sub-division made by Jacob P. Clark and Edward J. Cottrell, trustees of lot three (3) and part of lot two (2), in Whitehaven, for the Palisades of the Potomac Land Improvement Company, said sub-division being recorded in the office of the Surveyor of the District of Columbia in Book County No. 7, page 93.

Terms of sale, $100 cash on each lot at time of sale, balance of purchase money within thirty days thereafter. All conveyancing, recording, and revenue stamps to be at purchaser's cost. Terms of sale to be complied with within thirty days from the day of sale, or the trustees will resell, at the risk and cost of the defaulting purchaser or purchasers, after five days' previous advertisement of such resale in some newspaper of general circulation printed and published in the City of Washington, District of Columbia.

WM. W. AYRES,
WM. E. LEWIS,
Trustees.

FOREIGN MAILS.

WASHINGTON, D. C., POSTOFFICE NOTICE.

Should be read daily, as changes may occur at any time.

FOREIGN MAILS are forwarded to the ports of sailing daily, and the schedule of closings is arranged on the presumption of their uninterrupted overland transit. For the week ending April 20, 1901, the last connecting closes will be made from this office as follows:

Mails for South and Central America, West Indies, Etc.

SUNDAY—(f) At 10:30 a. m. for NASSAU, N. P., per steamer from Miami, Fla.

Mails for NEWFOUNDLAND, by rail to North Sydney and thence via steamer, close here daily, except Sunday, at 12:00 m., and on Sundays only at 11:30 a. m. (d) (b)

Mails for MIQUELON, by rail to Boston and thence via steamer, close here daily at 3:15 p. m. (d)

CUBA MAILS close here via Port Tampa, Fla., Wednesdays, Fridays, and Sundays at 2:20 p. m., and via Miami, Fla., Tuesdays and Saturdays at 10:30 a. m. (f)

Mails for MEXICO overland, unless specially addressed for despatch by steamers sailing from New York, close here daily at 10:30 a. m. and 10:00 p. m. (k)

Mails for BELIZE, PUERTO CORTEZ, and GUATEMALA, by rail to New Orleans and thence via steamer, close here daily at 10:00 p. m., the connecting closes for which being Mondays.

Mails for COSTA RICA, by rail to New Orleans and thence via steamer, close here daily at 10:00 p. m., the connecting closes for which being Tuesdays.

Trans-Pacific Mails.

Mails for HAWAII, via San Francisco, close here daily at 7:00 p. m., up to April 22, for despatch per s. s. Mariposa. (o)

Mails for CHINA,* JAPAN, and PHILIPPINE ISLANDS,**, via Seattle, close here daily at 7:00 p. m. up to April 23, inclusive, for despatch per s. s. Tosa Maru. Registered mail must be directed "Via Seattle." (o)

Mails for AUSTRALIA (except West Australia, which goes via Europe, and New Zealand, which goes via San Francisco) and FIJI ISLANDS, via Vancouver, close here daily at 7:00 p. m., after April 13, and up to April 27, inclusive, for despatch per s. s. Aorangi. (o)

Mails for CHINA,* JAPAN, HAWAII, and PHILIPPINE ISLANDS,** via San Francisco, close here daily at 7:00 p. m. up to April 28, inclusive, for despatch per s. s. Nippon Maru. (o)

Mails for CHINA* and JAPAN, via Vancouver, close here daily at 7:00 p. m., up to April 30, inclusive, for despatch per s. s. Empress of China. Registered mail must be directed "Via Vancouver." (o)

Mails for AUSTRALIA (except West Australia, which is forwarded via Europe), NEW ZEALAND, FIJI, SAMOA, and HAWAII, via San Francisco, close here daily at 7:00 p. m., after April 28, and up to May 4, for despatch per s. s. Sierra. (o)

Mails for TAHITI and MARQUESAS ISLANDS, via San Francisco, close here daily at 7:00 p. m., up to May 13, inclusive, for despatch per s. s. Australia. (o)

*Mails for COCHIN CHINA are forwarded to New York, for connection with European steamers.

**PHILIPPINE ISLANDS (Military Mail), despatched to San Francisco at all closes for that office, to connect with Government transports, the sailings of which are irregular.

(b) Registered mails close at 1 p. m. same day.
(c) Registered mails close at 8 p. m. same day.
(d) Registered mails close at 8 a. m. same day.
(e) Registered mails close at 1 p. m. previous Saturday.
(f) Registered mails close at 1 p. m. previous day.
(h) Registered mails close at 8 p. m. previous Saturday.
(k) Registered mails close at 8 p. m. previous day.
(o) Registered mails close at 6 p. m. previous day.

JOHN A. MERRITT, Postmaster.

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