WHERE MONEY GOES TO MAKE OUR NAVY

Itemized Bill for Ships and Guns Revelation to Layman

Superdreadnoughts of Maryland Class at $42,000,000 Each, Fire 16-Inch Guns Costing $2,048,000 and Using 18,000 in Projectiles for Each Salvo—Torpedoes at $15,000, Bombs at $4,000, and Airplanes at $27,000 Incidental Expenses of Service

THERE are money questions behind the many hundreds of millions a year that we spend on our shipbuilding. The man in the street knows next to nothing about where the money goes. It is the purpose of this article to tell him.

The new battleships which are coming into commission are wonderful things. Take the Maryland, for example. The cost of the Maryland is put at $42,000,000. Each of her five 16-inch gun turrets costs $2,048,000.

When she draws a bountiful rain of $61,000,000 a year. You are building up an armament. It is the most expensive piece of equipment that has ever been developed. The upkeep must be carefully attended to. Many things, however, are involved in the story. The man in the street can get a broad view of the situation and has a right to know what his taxes are paying for. Here is what the Maryland is all about.

Inch Battleships II

By DONALD McGREER

Executive Assistant to the Secretary of the Navy

WHEN the United States dropped Maryland, which carries the heaviest armament of any fighting ship in the world, a tremendous outlay in battle it will cost, in round figures, a total of $61,000,000. Each of the projectiles fired is from a 16-inch gun costs $1,000. To this must be added a fare of 10,000 for each gun, and $500,000 for depreciation, bringing the total outlay to $2,048,000. The figure is without regard to the part of the cost of the ship itself, or to the fact that there is a work in progress. There is the cost of the ship itself, and the work in progress. The work in progress is to be estimated, with any degree of accuracy.

Maryland Class 16-Inch

45 Calibers

The Maryland, which just now being built, will carry 23,000 pounds of armor. This is the thickest armor ever built. The cost of the Maryland is $42,000,000. The ship will contain 16,000 tons of steel, or 80,000 pounds of steel. The ship will be 800 feet long, and 90 feet wide. The ship will have a speed of 20 knots, and a range of 10,000 miles.

The old battleship Iowa will carry 12,000 pounds of armor. The Iowa has a speed of 20 knots, and a range of 10,000 miles. The Iowa will carry 12,000 tons of steel, or 60,000 pounds of steel. The Iowa is 700 feet long, and 80 feet wide. The Iowa will have a speed of 20 knots, and a range of 10,000 miles.

The new battleship Louisiana will carry 12,000 pounds of armor. The Louisiana has a speed of 20 knots, and a range of 10,000 miles. The Louisiana will carry 12,000 tons of steel, or 60,000 pounds of steel. The Louisiana is 700 feet long, and 80 feet wide. The Louisiana will have a speed of 20 knots, and a range of 10,000 miles.

The new battleship Mississippi will carry 12,000 pounds of armor. The Mississippi has a speed of 20 knots, and a range of 10,000 miles. The Mississippi will carry 12,000 tons of steel, or 60,000 pounds of steel. The Mississippi is 700 feet long, and 80 feet wide. The Mississippi will have a speed of 20 knots, and a range of 10,000 miles.

The new battleship New Jersey will carry 12,000 pounds of armor. The New Jersey has a speed of 20 knots, and a range of 10,000 miles. The New Jersey will carry 12,000 tons of steel, or 60,000 pounds of steel. The New Jersey is 700 feet long, and 80 feet wide. The New Jersey will have a speed of 20 knots, and a range of 10,000 miles.

The new battleship South Carolina will carry 12,000 pounds of armor. The South Carolina has a speed of 20 knots, and a range of 10,000 miles. The South Carolina will carry 12,000 tons of steel, or 60,000 pounds of steel. The South Carolina is 700 feet long, and 80 feet wide. The South Carolina will have a speed of 20 knots, and a range of 10,000 miles.

The new battleship Tennessee will carry 12,000 pounds of armor. The Tennessee has a speed of 20 knots, and a range of 10,000 miles. The Tennessee will carry 12,000 tons of steel, or 60,000 pounds of steel. The Tennessee is 700 feet long, and 80 feet wide. The Tennessee will have a speed of 20 knots, and a range of 10,000 miles.

The new battleship Texas will carry 12,000 pounds of armor. The Texas has a speed of 20 knots, and a range of 10,000 miles. The Texas will carry 12,000 tons of steel, or 60,000 pounds of steel. The Texas is 700 feet long, and 80 feet wide. The Texas will have a speed of 20 knots, and a range of 10,000 miles.

The new battleship Virginia will carry 12,000 pounds of armor. The Virginia has a speed of 20 knots, and a range of 10,000 miles. The Virginia will carry 12,000 tons of steel, or 60,000 pounds of steel. The Virginia is 700 feet long, and 80 feet wide. The Virginia will have a speed of 20 knots, and a range of 10,000 miles.

The new battleship Wisconsin will carry 12,000 pounds of armor. The Wisconsin has a speed of 20 knots, and a range of 10,000 miles. The Wisconsin will carry 12,000 tons of steel, or 60,000 pounds of steel. The Wisconsin is 700 feet long, and 80 feet wide. The Wisconsin will have a speed of 20 knots, and a range of 10,000 miles.

The new battleship Wyoming will carry 12,000 pounds of armor. The Wyoming has a speed of 20 knots, and a range of 10,000 miles. The Wyoming will carry 12,000 tons of steel, or 60,000 pounds of steel. The Wyoming is 700 feet long, and 80 feet wide. The Wyoming will have a speed of 20 knots, and a range of 10,000 miles.

The new battleship New York will carry 12,000 pounds of armor. The New York has a speed of 20 knots, and a range of 10,000 miles. The New York will carry 12,000 tons of steel, or 60,000 pounds of steel. The New York is 700 feet long, and 80 feet wide. The New York will have a speed of 20 knots, and a range of 10,000 miles.

The new battleship Texas will carry 12,000 pounds of armor. The Texas has a speed of 20 knots, and a range of 10,000 miles. The Texas will carry 12,000 tons of steel, or 60,000 pounds of steel. The Texas is 700 feet long, and 80 feet wide. The Texas will have a speed of 20 knots, and a range of 10,000 miles.

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