

Thousands in Capital Eagerly Await Inauguration SUFFRAGE PAGEANT THIS AFTERNOON WILL BE UNIQUE IN NATION'S HISTORY

STAGE IS ALL SET FOR EVENTS OF TO-MORROW; FINAL TOUCHES ADDED AS HUGE CROWDS PARADE

Thousands Flock Pennsylvania Avenue, Taking in the Sights, While Flashlights Play and Bands Crash Out Martial Airs—Congress Dying Hard, With Dramatic Finale To-morrow.

DEMOCRATIC LEADERS REACH CITY FROM ALL SECTIONS; TRAINS POUR IN MASSES

President-elect Wilson Due at 3:45 o'Clock This Afternoon; Bryan Due Early in Morning; Governors Arrive in Capital at Head of Troops.

With a searchlight playing up and down the white surface of the Washington Monument—a shaft to the first President—the stage was set last night for the inauguration to-morrow of Woodrow Wilson, twenty-eighth President of the United States.

Arches of lights stretched across the broad Avenue—the Appian way of the nation—that has seen Presidents come and go and armies bearing the laurels of victory pass by. In front of the White House the beautiful court of honor, commemorating in its design Thomas Jefferson, the patron saint of Democracy, and George Washington, who first wore the mantle of President of the republic, was brilliantly illuminated.

CAPITOL IN READINESS.

Up at the Capitol, where the battling forces of the Sixty-second Congress are dying hard, all is in readiness for the great events of to-morrow. The east front of the Capitol is transformed into a great open-air amphitheater, where Woodrow Wilson will take his oath of allegiance to the interests of the American people.

MISS HOUGHTON GETS \$8,000 FOR INJURY

House Finally Passes Bill to Aid the Invalid Census Bureau Employee.

CLAIM PENDING TWO YEARS

After waiting more than two years for compensation for injuries which left her disabled, crippled, and an invalid for life, Miss Alice V. Houghton is to receive \$8,000 for the accident sustained when her hair caught in revolving machinery in the Census office in the Capitol.

PRESIDENT TO SPEND DAY IN WHITE HOUSE

Executive to Greet Old Friends, Attend Cabinet Meeting and Receive Bills for Signature on Last Day.

TO DECIDE ON CUSTOMS PLAN

President Taft will remain at the White House all day to-day. He will receive a number of old friends at 10 o'clock in the morning and the Cabinet will meet for its last final session at 11.

CYRUS H. MCCORMICK MAKES HOT ATTACK ON REPORT

Chicago, March 2.—Cyrus H. McCormick, president of the International Harvester Company, in a formal statement to-night, vigorously attacked the Bureau of Corporations of the Department of Commerce and Labor for its report on the organization. He asserted that the government body "lacks the courage and candor unequivocally to tell the truth."

FREE Beautiful Sepia Brown Photogravure of Woodrow Wilson

To Readers of The Washington Herald See announcement and Portrait Coupon on page 3, Society Section.

FRANKLIN LANE HEADS INTERIOR

Chairman of Interstate Commerce Commission to Succeed Secretary Fisher.

AGRICULTURE IN DOUBT

Justice Charles G. Garrison, of New Jersey, Stated for Secretary of War.

New York, March 2.—A Washington dispatch to the Sun says: Franklin K. Lane, of California, chairman of the Interstate Commerce Commission, is the man slated to be Secretary of Interior in President Wilson's Cabinet.

Justice Charles G. Garrison, of the New Jersey Supreme court, is the only one about whom there has been doubt among Congress leaders. At a late hour to-night he was still in the air in regard to the President-elect's selection for the agricultural portfolio.

It was learned definitely last night that the Secretaryship of War, Interior and Agriculture have been filled by Mr. Wilson with men whose names have not up to this time figured in the speculation of Cabinet possibilities. It was after this information had reached Washington that leaders in Congress bestirred themselves and discussed to their own satisfaction that Commissioner Lane has been invited to accept the interior portfolio, and that Justice Garrison has probably accepted the Secretaryship of War.

As to the Secretary of Agriculture, however, Mr. Wilson's friends in Congress still were up a tree.

Lane Regarded as Progressive.

Mr. Lane, who is slated for Secretary of Interior, has earned the reputation during many years of his career in the Commerce Commission, of being a "progressive." His decisions on railroad cases always have been pleasing to Senator La Follette and the Republicans who have taken an advanced stand on recent public utility questions.

Justice Garrison has been on the Supreme bench of New Jersey since 1884. He is a graduate of Princeton, and studied medicine at the University of Pennsylvania. He practiced medicine for four years, and then took up the law.

It can be said definitely now that William J. Bryan is to head the new Cabinet.

Unless the Cabinet is announced by the President-elect before he arrives in Washington to-morrow, he will be subjected to strong pressure to make eleventh-hour changes in its personnel.

A formidable movement has been started to prevent the appointment of Mr. McAdoo, for Secretary of the Treasury. An effort is to be made to enlist Mr. Bryan's support in this movement, upon his arrival here to-morrow morning.

Several of the Progressive Democrats in the Senate, and also Senator La Follette, who has been regarded with favor by Mr. Wilson, are up in arms over the prospect that Louis D. Brandeis, of Boston, is not to appear in the Cabinet list.

They were preparing to-day to move upon the President-elect when he reaches Washington to-morrow, and they are prospect to-night that Mr. Wilson will have further troubles over the Cabinet if he listens to the protests of Democrats.

The Democratic leaders understand the final line-up, with the exception of Secretary of Agriculture. It is: Secretary of State, William J. Bryan; Secretary of the Treasury, William G. McAdoo; Attorney General, James C. McReynolds; Secretary of War, Charles G. Garrison; Secretary of the Navy, Josephus Daniels; Secretary of Commerce, William C. Redfield; Secretary of the Interior, Franklin K. Lane; Secretary of Labor—William B. Wilson; Postmaster General, Albert S. Burleson.

VIRGINIA BROOKS TO RUN FOR MAGISTRATE

Joan of Arc of West Hammond Attempts Her Candidacy After Attempt to Kidnap Dive Witness.

West Hammond, Ill., March 2.—West Hammond is to have a campaign unique in its history. It is going to have as a candidate for police magistrate Miss Virginia Brooks, known as the Joan of Arc of the place.

"I've decided to get in the race on the people's ticket, and West Hammond is going to see the liveliest campaign in its history," Miss Brooks said.

"Frank Green, present police magistrate is a candidate, and there is talk of J. D. Makowski coming out. The election will be held the first Tuesday in April, and I'm confident I can beat either one of them."

Miss Brooks said she had no doubt she could fill the office. She pointed to the success of Mrs. Katharine Waugh Colcolough, who was elected a justice of the peace in Evanston, and said her own record was a testimonial of what a woman could do.

PRINCETON BOY SCOUTS WILL ACT AS USHERS IN PRESIDENTIAL STAFF

The Boy Scout Troop of Princeton, N. J., which will arrive in Washington to-day for the inauguration, will not act in the capacity of official bodyguard for President-elect Wilson, as has been suggested, but, at the request of the President-elect, will be placed in the Presidential staff to act as ushers and direct ticket-holders to their seats, and make themselves generally useful.

Every one of the troop is personally known to Mr. Wilson and it was his wish that the group should be placed rather than parade. The Princeton troop is one of the best drilled troops in Boy Scout activities in the country. Every member is the proud holder of several merit badges.

PLANS FOR SUFFRAGE DEMONSTRATION TO-DAY

Seven thousand women, coming from every State and from foreign lands, will march for the "cause."

Route of the parade: Formation in Capitol grounds. Line of march—From Peace Monument up Pennsylvania Avenue, past the south steps of the Treasury, around the White House Ellipse, and thence to D. A. R. Hall, where the companies will disband.

At 12 noon the marchers will begin to assemble in the Capitol grounds.

At 1 p. m. formations of groups and companies will be started.

By 2 p. m. all marchers must be assembled, and formations must be completed by 2:45 p. m.

At 3 p. m. Mrs. Richard Coke Burleson, grand marshal, will give the signal for the advance.

At 3 p. m. the tabling on the Treasury steps will begin forming.

At the close of the pageant a mass meeting will be held in D. A. R. Hall, where Dr. Anna Howard Shaw, Mrs. Carrie Chapman Catt, Miss Mary Johnston, and Miss Helen Adams Keller will be the speakers.

"A DECLARATION OF INDEPENDENCE WE CELEBRATE"

—MISS INEZ MILLHOLLAND HUNDREDS REACH CITY FROM DISTRICT POINTS

Mrs. Carrie Chapman Catt, Miss Inez Millholland, and Other Leaders Address Big Mass Meetings. Seven Thousand Women in Suffrage Pageant to Defy Weather To-day.

"We demand an amendment to the Constitution of the United States enfranchising the women of the country." This is the device behind which thousands of suffragists will march this afternoon.

They will brave the bitter blasts of inaugural weather clad in filmy costumes. They will dance barefooted upon the Treasury steps.

They will march up Pennsylvania Avenue all the afternoon, carrying huge banners and standards, and in the evening will attend a mass meeting in Memorial Continental Hall, all for their "cause."

"We women will celebrate our Declaration of Independence to-day," said Miss Inez Millholland, beautiful herald of the pageant, yesterday, when asked what the women hoped to accomplish by their great display.

Thousands in Parade. So to-day 7,000 women will take part in a unique parade to voice to the incoming administration a declaration of equal rights and their disposition to fight for the recognition of these rights until an amendment securing them has been passed by Congress.

Grin that the weather may be the determination of the suffragists is still more grim to impress upon the incoming administration the necessity of getting upon the suffragists' band wagon, with all possible haste compatible with dignity.

To-day's demonstration is the biggest ever attempted for the cause of equal rights in this country. It has been planned in all its details with great care. For two months the suffragists have labored early and late for the success of the event.

Concentration Among Suffragists. The suffragist camp was thrown into confusion last night when it was realized that after all their efforts the women were without the guarantee of adequate police protection for the parade.

The suffrage leaders declared that President Taft and Secretary of War Stimson had sidestepped their request for troops either in fear to bring out soldiers in connection with a suffrage parade or else in hesitancy to use them for police purposes. Likewise they failed in efforts to obtain troops from the national guards of New York and Pennsylvania who are here for the inauguration.

Even the brigade of cadets, 69 strong, from the Culver Military Academy, of Indiana, declined to serve on the ground that they came expressly to act as the personal escort for Vice President Marshall to-morrow, and that to perform any other function would detract from their mission.

President Taft, who was appealed to two weeks ago by Miss Alice Paul, in charge of the parade, and who referred the matter to Secretary Stimson, Miss Paul and a committee called on the Secretary yesterday morning, and he informed them, they said, that they should have ample protection, and he would provide troops if the protection could not be obtained from the Washington police or National Guard.

The police replied that they had but eighty men available for duty on the entire line of parade, nearly two miles long, and the Commissioners said that the members of the National Guard could not be called away from their regular work.

DISTRICT BILL AGREED TO; MAY BE SIGNED TO-DAY

Conference Agreement Assured of Acceptance by Both Houses.

Excise Fight is Settled

Closing Hour is Set for 1 o'Clock. Two Utilities Measures Remain.

By JOSEPH P. ANNIN.

When the House recessed, at 11:45 o'clock last night, the conference report on the District appropriation bill agreed upon early in the afternoon had not been called up. The Senate still was in executive session, and the House conferees were compelled to await action on that body before taking the agreement into the House. The Senate received its report during its executive session, but did not act upon it. The House will agree to the bill shortly after the recessing, at 10 o'clock this morning, and the Senate will take similar action. The bill probably will be signed by the President some time to-day.

As the bill comes from conference, it carries the Gallinger public utilities and the La Follette anti-merger bills virtually in their original forms, and the amended Jones-Works excise bill with one material change. The excise measure, as agreed to by the House early yesterday morning, is further amended by the conference to permit retail liquor establishments to keep open until 1 o'clock in the morning instead of until midnight.

The restrictions as to the location of signs remained as in the agreement, reported fully in these columns yesterday morning.

The conference agreement, besides carrying the amendments above mentioned, carries the House provision for the payment of the interest and sinking fund on the District debt. Whether this shall be paid entirely from the revenues of the District or half each by the District and the Federal government is left to the decision of the Comptroller of the Treasury, who is directed to make the payment "according to previous acts of Congress."

The bill also carries the Senator William Alden Smith amendment in a modified form. The original amendment prohibited the display of more than one sign on each sign upon a property in the District, and required, in addition to the consent of the owner, an annual license fee of \$5 therefor. This was modified to permit three signs, to be displayed upon each property, with an annual license fee of \$5 for the three, the owners of the property to determine the means of paying therefor.

House Conferees Back Down. With the exception of the clause relating to the payment of interest and sinking fund on the District debt, the conference agreement represents a complete back-down on the part of the House conferees on all important Senate amendments. In the last analysis, however, it represents a sweeping victory for the House conferees, as the conference measure in all its substantial features is almost identical with the District bill as it was originally reported to the House by the Appropriations Committee and before it was mutilated by Representative Ben Johnson and his friends.

Virtually the only concession which the Senate conferees made to the House managers, except in the case of the interest and sinking fund payment, was in regard to the new school building proposed for the section west of the Soldiers' Home, at an ultimate cost of \$125,000. On this item the House conferees made a determined stand, and the Senate managers receded.

Items for a new high school building, \$300,000 for the new Central High School, and \$100,000 for a new M Street (colored) high school, stricken out of the original bill in the House and reinserted by the Senate, remain in the conference measure. Provision for the reclamation of the Anacostia flats also remains in the bill.

Davidson's Salary Increased. The tacit pledge made Superintendent of Schools Davidson when he came to Washington, that his salary would be increased from \$12,000 to \$15,000, is redeemed in the conference agreement. The schools, however, lose the additional janitor provided in the Senate measure, and the \$4,200 appropriation for motor vehicles for the schools also goes by the board.

The appropriation for the condemnation of small park areas is a compromise. For this purpose \$25,000 is allocated under the agreement, instead of \$12,000 carried in the House bill or \$25,000 carried by the Senate measure.

Among other items in dispute between the two houses which remain in the conference measure are: Office of the Commissioners—Increase the pay of one clerk from \$1,500 to \$1,400; a storekeeper from \$500 to \$1,000; a driver from \$450 to \$600, and an engineer or cooper from \$1,500 to \$1,800, and the amount of the temporary employees of the plumbing division from \$1,700 to \$2,400. Increase the pay of the assistant cashier from \$1,000 to \$1,200, and the collector from \$1,400 to \$1,500.

The provision proposed by the Senate requiring the corporation counsel to be appointed by the President was stricken out.

The bill increases the pay of the assistant postmaster from \$80 to \$90, and of the hostler and janitor in the coroner's office from \$50 to \$40.

It appropriates \$22,000 as recommended by the Senate for the erection of shelters in the farmers' produce market, and inserts the provision proposed by the Senate relating to the fish wharf and market and for the personal services in connection therewith.

The salary of the superintendent of the Soldiers' Home is increased from \$10,000 to \$12,000.

6:00 Philadelphia and Return. Baltimore & Ohio R. R. Tickets good ten days. Royal Blue trains leave Union Station 7, 5, and 11 a. m.; 1, 3, 5, and 8 p. m.; also 12:20 p. m. Ticket offices, 15th St. and N. Y. Ave., 612 Pa. Ave., and Union Station.

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U. S. TROOPS FIRE ON MEXICANS; FOUR FEDERAL SOLDIERS SLAIN; HOT SKIRMISH ALONG BORDER

Four American Officers Target for Rifles of Huerta Followers—Driven Back, but Force Attackers to Flee When Re-enforced by Negro Cavalrymen—Leave Dead and Wounded on Field.

GUARDIANS OF STARS AND STRIPES GIVEN ORDERS TO SHOOT TO KILL

Encounter Takes Place Near Douglas, Ariz., and Cowboys and Ranchers Take Up Positions to Repel Any Further Attacks—Excitement is Intense.

Douglas, Ariz., March 2.—The first fighting between American troops and Mexicans during the present trouble in Mexico occurred to-day three miles from this city.

In a hot skirmish between regular Mexican soldiers and troops of the Ninth United States Cavalry, four Mexicans were killed and several wounded. There were no casualties on the American side.

ARMED MEN CAMP ON BORDER. Intense excitement prevails all along the border to-night as a result of the fight. Believing the Mexicans have begun an organized movement to terrorize the border, armed Americans are camping on the boundary line, while hundreds of others are armed and ready to take the field. Scores of mounted and well-armed cowboys are rushing into Douglas from every direction eager to cross the boundary and fight.

Col. John F. Guilfoyle, commanding the Ninth Cavalry, has issued orders to the American border patrol to shoot to kill on the first sound of a Mexican shot. To-day's fighting started when the Mexican regulars, without warning or provocation, opened fire on four American officers walking on the American line near the Copper Queen smelter. The American officers whipped out their revolvers and emptied them at the Mexicans, and then retreated out of direct range of the Mexican rifles, to await reinforcements.

Sixteen negro troopers of the Ninth, on patrol duty, rode to the scene at full gallop, and formed a firing line as near to the imaginary boundary as they could get without stepping over. The American officers had retreated and joined the negroes.

The troopers had no sooner halted their horses before the Mexicans opened fire. The troopers replied with a vigorous fire, and then attempted to advance and rush the Mexicans, but the Americans held their positions, pouring such a steady fire into the forty men across the border that the latter stopped after a few paces.

Americans Reinforced. This battle had progressed only two or three minutes when two full troops of the Ninth Cavalry, attracted by the firing, galloped to the position of the twenty officers and troopers and poured a fusillade of bullets into the attacking party.

The Mexicans, without waiting to fire at the new arrivals, scattered in all directions, leaving four dead on the field and others straggling through the brush wounded.

It was reported that the American troops overstepped the boundary and pursued the Mexicans, but this is denied. Mexican contempt for the United States has been flaming high during the past week, and to-day's attack on American officers was not unexpected.

The anti-American feeling is believed to have been aroused to the breaking point yesterday when American troops on patrol duty captured a messenger from the local Maderista junta as he was crossing the border. The messenger's two companions made their escape and turned after they had reached a point of safety and opened fire.

Harrisburg, March 2.—Fragments of the bodies of the seven little Smith children burned to death when the little home in which they slept was consumed by fire were carefully gathered from the ruins by neighbors, enfolded in a white linen and placed in a small white casket to be buried.

The distraught parents are very poor and have lost everything.

Every Hour on the Hour to Baltimore Via Baltimore & Ohio. From Union Station week days, 7 a. m., 10 a. m., 12:20 p. m., 3:20 p. m., 6:20 p. m., 9:20 p. m. Ticket offices, 15th St. and N. Y. Ave., 612 Pa. Ave., and Union Station.

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WEATHER FORECAST FOR WEEK. Here is the official weather forecast for the week: "The pressure distribution over the Northern Hemisphere is such as to indicate generally fair weather the first half of the coming week over the greater part of the country east of the Rocky Mountains, although a disturbance that is now over the Canadian Northwest will move eastward along the northern border and be attended by cloudiness and local snows over the Northern States from the extreme Upper Mississippi Valley eastward to New England during Tuesday and Wednesday. West of the Rocky Mountains the weather during the next several days will be unsettled, with local rains. Cold weather Monday and Monday night in the Eastern and Southeastern States will be followed by a general change in higher temperature on Tuesday, and moderate temperature will continue thereafter through the week. Over the Middle West, the Southwest, and far Western districts moderate temperatures will prevail during the entire week. The next disturbance of importance to cross the country will appear in the far West about Tuesday, cross the Middle West about Wednesday, and the Eastern States near the close of the week. This disturbance will be preceded and attended by rains in Southern and Middle and rains and snows in Northern States east of the Rocky Mountains."