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FINANCIAL. Workingmen and others whose occupations prevent them from making deposits during regular banking hours will find it convenient to visit the Union Savings Bank, 1222 F St. N. W. which is open EVERY SATURDAY NIGHT between the hours of 6 and 8. (Four per cent. interest on savings account.)

20th List Of "Times" Photographs Now Ready to be Called for At Taylor's Photograph Studio, 15th and G Streets. This list is published daily, with all new numbers as they are completed. Photographs that are called for are struck off each day.

MAKING THOUGHT VISIBLE

Problem Which Mr. Julius Emmer Is Trying to Solve. MACHINE TO READ MIND

Inventor of the Long Distance Telephone Believes That Thought, Like Sound and Light, Produces Vibrations Which Can Be Reduced to Ocular Demonstration.

Another of those inventions which occasionally startle the world is being evolved at the modest little house, No. 816 Fourth street northeast, the residence of Mr. Julius Emmer, who is celebrated as the inventor of the long-distance telephone.

He is a firm believer in the wave theory, and that thought produces vibrations, that vibrations of any kind produce results, and that it is possible to reproduce and make tangible any such results.

Why Not Thought? "Sound," he said to the Times yesterday, "is addressed to the ear, yet it may be made visible, a proof of which fact is found in the phonograph, in which the vibrations of sound are made distinctly visible, and a record of such vibrations is made on a sensitive plate.

"Light leaves its record in photographic work, and heat leaves its record in many familiar ways. Electricity also leaves its record in many well-known ways, and why cannot thought be made to leave an impression or in some substance from out of which it can be reproduced to the eye?"

This list is the problem which Mr. Emmer has undertaken to solve in a practical way. As is well known, Mr. Emmer is not a visionary or a speculator for speculation's sake, but is an ingenious scientist and seeker after the reduction of the subtle and occult forces to practical purposes.

Mr. Emmer was asked if he would give an idea of the mechanical device by which he proposes to produce thought impressions. He said that it was scarcely fair to ask that question. He is not yet protected by patent rights, and although he is in position just now to ask for such protection, it will be some time before he can do so.

CONVEY THOUGHT MECHANICALLY. The instrument is simply one in which it is said that thought can be focused and concentrated on the substance employed to make the record.

"This far," said Mr. Emmer, "there has been comparatively but little difficulty, but the perfection of the invention is to consist in conveying these impressions back again from the instrument to a person or persons not the author of the thought. For instance, a's thoughts are recorded in the machine. The problem with me now is to reproduce them so that they can be conveyed to the brain of B or C by a purely mechanical process.

"There is something akin to this idea," he said, "in what is known as mind-reading where the thoughts of the person whose mind is read are transferred to the brain of the reader, but the present process is entirely different."

The closest comparison to the instrument of Mr. Emmer is the graphophone, into which the voice goes and is so reproduced that the speech of the person who talked into the machine, lives again and is reproduced in material form.

Mr. Emmer is carefully guarding his secret, but he speaks so enthusiastically of his success that he must have obtained the most satisfactory results so far from his investigations.

NOT SO BAD AFTER ALL. Good Balance of Trade in Our Favor for 1894. The Secretary of Agriculture issued yesterday a circular on the imports and exports of the United States for 1893 and 1894. It shows that, notwithstanding the depression of business, exports from the United States in 1894 were valued at \$889,843,000, against \$847,665,194 in 1893. Three-fourths of that vast value came from the farms and farmers of this Republic.

Great Britain and Ireland lead all other countries in volume of trade with the United States. The English speaking people of Europe bought of the \$889,843,000 of American exports \$451,000,000 worth, and taking the British possessions all together, and as one customer, they took \$573,000,000 worth, or nearly sixty per cent of the whole, during 1894.

The United States imported from Great Britain only \$107,000,000 worth of her products in 1894, or 16.4 per cent of our entire imports; and from all of the British possessions, together with the United Kingdom, \$118,000,000 worth, more than twenty-seven per cent.

Almost ninety per cent of the total United States exports went to the United Kingdom and the British possessions, Germany, Canada, France, Netherlands and Belgium. Of imports, after the first place held by the United Kingdom and British possessions, follows Germany with a valuation of \$96,000,000; Spanish West Indies, \$82,000,000; Brazil and France, \$75,000,000 each, and Canada, \$37,000,000.

Orders Affecting the Army. The sick leave of Capt. Frank A. Edwards has been extended four months, and he is authorized to go abroad.

Condition of the Gold Reserve. Yesterday's statement of the condition of the Treasury shows available cash balance, \$181,824,252; gold reserve, \$10,946,283; net silver, \$30,173,941; net silver of 1890, 26 cents; United States notes in the Treasury, \$23,274,612; Treasury notes of 1890, \$32,866,906; total receipts this day, \$1,303,166; this month, \$14,492,363; total expenditures yesterday, \$1,709,000; this month, \$21,473,700.

Consular Agent Schucking Honored. The King of Wurtemberg, through the imperial German embassy in this city, has tendered the cross of knightship of the order of Frederic to Mr. Alfred Schucking, the German consular agent here. The order was instituted in honor of Frederic, the first king of Wurtemberg.

Appointed Sea Postal Clerk. Scott Grams, a railway postal clerk, has been appointed a sea postal clerk in the foreign mail service, vice J. C. Telfer, who has been transferred to the railway postal service.

Beecham's pills for constipation 10¢ and 25¢. Get the book at your druggist's and go by it.

Special. 100 pairs of our regular \$2.98 Ladies' Russet Oxfords at 98¢ Thursday and Friday only. Stoll's "810" Seventh St. N. W.

IS ACCUSED OF TRICKERY

Real Estate Agent H. F. Johnson the Subject of a Suit.

He Is Said to Sell and Resell Lots by False Representations—W. A. Murray the Plaintiff.

Fulton and Edwards, as lawyers for William A. Murray, of the Agricultural Department, yesterday filed a bill in equity in the Supreme Court of the District against Miss Hannah L. Kelly, of No. 1763 P street northwest, and James Madigan, for breach of contract and to compel them to refund certain moneys paid in part for certain small lots in Ashtand and Kelly's subdivision of College Park, Md.

The lots in question were sold by Howard F. Johnson, of No. 1316 Thirteenth street northwest, who is Miss Kelly's sole agent and manager, and who Mr. Murray accuses of false representations and fraudulent attempts to defraud that he, Murray's contract void, and all the payments made thereon, amounting to \$116, forfeited.

Johnson is also accused in the bill of selling the same lot to several different people and collecting from them severally on the same lot at the same time.

The full price of the lots in question is \$160 each, of which \$60 of the first money on each lot is retained by Johnson as his commission. Miss Kelly taking all the chances of getting the remaining \$100 for the property at the rate of \$1 a week.

The bill says Johnson is assiduous in his collections and attentions upon the purchasers of lots until he has collected nearly the full amount of his commissions, when he calls and then keeps out of the way until the purchaser is more than four weeks in arrears, when, according to the terms of the contract, he is empowered to declare the lots and all money paid thereon forfeited.

Murray avers that in the present case he has not been in arrears, and has several times offered the money due on his lots to Madigan, which he has persistently refused to accept, until various pretexts, until the required four weeks had elapsed, when Johnson told Murray his lots and money were forfeited.

Johnson also told him that one of his lots had been sold to him in March last to James Madigan, of Georgetown, who is also named as a defendant in this case, and Johnson declares the bill, advising receiving money from both purchasers on the same lot at the same time, and this was done in anticipation of the forfeiture of the lots.

Lawyer Fulton says he has heard of several similar cases in connection with Johnson's dealings.

The complainant prays for an injunction against Miss Kelly to restrain her from executing any deed to the lots in question pending a settlement of this suit. Murray wants his money refunded in full or the full amount, \$116, credited on one lot, in accord with Mr. Johnson's promises and agreement. Johnson, as Miss Kelly's agent and manager, refuses to do either of these things. Miss Kelly, it is alleged, has not received any of Murray's money, as it has all been retained by Johnson.

Assurances to Cigar-makers. Mr. C. H. Worden, first vice-president of the Federation of Labor, went to Marshall Hall on Wednesday in the interests of the Cigar-makers Union, and received assurances from Col. McKibben, the proprietor, that none but union-made cigars shall be sold on the grounds or on the boats running there on Labor Day, and also that everything would be done for those who will visit the Hall on that day.

Sebastian Aman's Estate. Messrs. Smith Thompson, Jr., and E. R. Levy, appointed by the court to appraise the property of Sebastian Aman, the Ninth street restaurant-keeper, who died last February, returned an inventory of the personalty, placing it at \$89,618.33, while the amount of notes and debts due is estimated at \$7,594.49.

Case for the Upper Courts. Mr. James B. McCaffrey, whose suit for an injunction against the Washington and Great Falls Railway Company was dismissed by Judge Cole on Wednesday, late yesterday afternoon filed a motion to set aside the action of the court upon the ground that it was without jurisdiction to act in the matter. The case will in this way be decided by the court of appeals.

These ... General Features

Will Appear in the Sunday Times of August Eighteenth.

- One Year Old and Heir to Britain's Throne.
—Burlesques on Modern Posters. (Illustrated.)
—A Summer Day with Sarah Orne Jewett. (Illustrated.)
—From Dance House to Cloister. The Story of a New Orleans Sisterhood. (Illustrated.)
—"Jr.'s" of Rich Fathers.

MUSIC HAD CHARMS.

It Caused a Thief to Steal Mr. Swann's Guitar. Mr. William F. Swann, of Overlook Inn, has considerable local reputation as a guitar player. Wednesday evening he visited the pretty suburban village of Garfield, D. C., and carried his sweet-toned instrument with him. The atmosphere of the house becoming too torrid and oppressive for Mr. Swann, he repaired to a picture-gallery, surrounded by stately birch trees.

Sitting with his back against one of the trees, he commenced to sing several pretty melodies, the splendid accompaniment upon the guitar. The effect of the music and moonlight had a soothing effect upon Mr. Swann, while the breezes sang a chorus through the trees.

Two Brothers Seriously Hurt. Prof. J. Scott Johnson and his brother, Dr. V. M. Johnson, well known residents of this city, met with a painful accident last Monday near Market street, in Loudon county, Va.

Ivy City Citizens Organize. An enthusiastic meeting was held last evening by residents and property owners of Ivy City, at which a permanent organization was effected by the election of Mr. A. Eliege as president and G. R. Harkness as secretary.

Letter Carriers' Invitation Accepted. Postmaster General Wilson has accepted the invitation to be present at the meeting of the National Letter Carriers' Association, September 2, next, at Philadelphia, and to view the parade. He will also be present at the opening of the meeting and make a short address.

REFUSE TO PROTECT LIFE

Postoffice Contractors Will Not Lay a Temporary Flooring.

Superintendent Kinsey Will Demand That It Be Done Before Beginning Work on the Eighth Story.

If Thorp & Bond, the New York contractors for the city postoffice building, can help it, the workmen will have no protection from a recurrence of such accidents as that which last week resulted in the death of Charles Beach.

This much was settled yesterday, when a letter was received from the firm refusing to lay a temporary flooring. What the outcome will be remains to be seen. The tragic occurrence of last Friday afternoon has thoroughly aroused the men, and they have behind them in their demand for protection the supervising architect and Mr. Kinsey, superintendent of construction.

Mr. Kinsey wrote a letter on Tuesday last to the contractors in New York calling attention to the unfortunate death of Charles Beach, and demanded that they take proper precautions in the future for the safety of the men, as required by the plans and specifications.

When seen by a Times reporter yesterday morning he said he was very much surprised to receive a letter from the contractors, in which they positively refused to do anything further in the premises, claiming that the specifications did not require them to lay a temporary flooring for the safety of the men at work on the building, and those engaged in the work would have to assume all risks.

They characterized Mr. Kinsey's request as both absurd and unreasonable, saying that every week there were constructed in New York buildings of far greater magnitude and importance than the Washington Postoffice and no such precaution was taken or even requested.

Mr. Kinsey will write a letter to-day, in reply to the one received, which he will submit to supervising Architect of the Treasury Aiken.

"I will not mince words with them this time," said he, "but will demand that the flooring be laid at once before I will order work to proceed on the eighth story. As they seem to have no regard for human life and safety, by the tone of their letter, I will see if compulsory methods cannot be brought to bear to secure immediate action."

"The cost of the flooring would be merely nominal, and I am satisfied that the contractors could secure better work from the men employed, if they would insure them well and safely. No man is going to take any risk when he knows his life is in danger."

Architect Aiken was seen at his office, and while he said that he had received no communication from Superintendent Kinsey on the subject, he felt sure that in requiring Messrs. Thorp & Bond, the contractors, to provide safe and suitable scaffolding, would have to be lived up to.

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FINANCIAL.

Table with columns: Op'n, High, Low, Close. Includes sections for Grain and Cotton Markets, Washington Stock Exchange, and National Bank Stocks.

Table with columns: Op'n, High, Low, Close. Includes sections for Wheat, Cotton, and various stock prices.

Table with columns: Op'n, High, Low, Close. Includes sections for Flour, Sugar, and other commodity prices.