

Published every morning, at No. 30 Ann Street, New York, and delivered to City Subscribers by the carrier.

TERMS: For one year in advance, \$10.00. For six months, \$6.00. For three months, \$3.50. Single Copies, Two Cents.

Advertisements: For one square, 10 lines, 100 words, one week, \$1.00. For one square, 10 lines, 100 words, one month, \$3.00.

THE WEEKLY TRIBUNE, a very large paper, for the Country, is published every Saturday morning, at the low price of \$2.00 per annum, in advance.

THE TRIBUNE.

The advertisers of Protection are chafing over a Treasury statement (very loose evidence) that during the ten years of Protective policy this Country exported more specie than was imported, while during the last ten years of a descending tariff we have imported considerably more than we exported.

We are willing to admit that under Free Trade with credit abroad we should import more goods than under Protection, because the continual strain on our moneyed institutions caused by a balance of trade against us would create a greater need of it.

We repeat that Congress has taken up the Apportionment Bill, and in a way which manifests a disposition to pass it without protracted debate.

That we were disappointed, and not agreeably, in the vote by which the House struck out 68,000 and inserted 59,000 as the Ratio, it would be in vain to deny; and now we anticipate a further reduction to 50,390, which is the largest number which will preserve to every State its present number of Representatives while the increase at the West and South West will swell the whole number to 306.

This will be a large House—too large for business, many will say—but we will waive our objections to it, provided Congress shall at this Session enact—

I. That the pay of a Member shall be reduced to \$25 per week, or at most \$400 for the short and \$600 for the longer Session;

II. That the Mileage shall be reduced to \$10 per hundred miles; and

III. That the One-Hour Rule be re-enacted and the floor sand—

Rev. JOEL PARKER, D. D. has resigned the Presidency of the Union Theological Seminary in this city, and has accepted a call to become the Pastor of the new Congregational Church in Clinton-street, Philadelphia.

Under this head the following description of a recent discovery was given in your paper of Tuesday:

It has been recently discovered that it water be permeated to run through a hole in the bottom of the vessel that contains it, a vessel will be formed in a direction contrary to the course of the Sun.

Having often heard this recent discovery spoken of during several years past, and sometimes by scientific men, I was induced to give a little thought to the explanation of it, and came to the conclusion that such a representation had obtained currency from a certain imperfection in the experiment most likely to be adopted for the purpose of demonstration—as for instance a hole bored with an auger through the bottom of a small cask or tub.

It may not be known to every body that augers—as well as keys to locks—lamp-glasses, and all other screws, and the sailor's coil of a rope, are all made to advance in the same direction.

Therefore an auger for the purpose of the experiment in question would, in boring, be always in the same direction; and as it does not leave the wood entirely smooth, but on the contrary produces slight ridges of a spiral form, corresponding to the turns of the auger, having the grain in the same direction, it occurred to me that this would be sufficient to give direction to the water escaping; and would explain what has long been considered an inexplicable phenomenon.

Being satisfied in my own mind that it must be so, I never made any experiment. But seeing this phenomenon advanced as a new discovery, and by some one who claims to be able to make a scientific use of it, I was led to-day, to try the experiment in the manner above described.

I think three things are necessary; the bottom of the vessel should be smooth and level—the aperture smooth and free from spiral ridges—and far more than either, the water should be at a dead rest when the plug is removed. In my experiment, I did not make the trouble to obtain in a perfect state either of the above named requisites.

When I shall be forever indebted to you, if you will make me a suit of clothes by Saturday night! "Heaven forbid!" replied the tailor.

THE NEW-YORK TRIBUNE

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BY GREELEY & McELRATH. OFFICE NO. 30 ANN-STREET. FOUR DOLLARS A YEAR. WHOLE NO. 325.

NEW-YORK, MONDAY MORNING, APRIL 25, 1842.

ASSOCIATION.

Or, Principles of a True Organization of Society.

The editorship of this column is distinct from that of The Tribune. Address letters, post paid, to A. BRIDGEMAN, No. 210 Broadway.

The article prepared for today's paper, entitled Human Misery and Necessity of a Social Reform, is crowded out by a press of other matter; it will appear to-morrow. In order not to disappoint our readers entirely, we insert a list of a few of the evils which oppress the Laboring Classes. The list is short, but let the Intelligent of those Classes ponder upon it!

The combat of our Fathers was for Political Liberty; let ours be for Attractive Industry, or Liberty in Labor.

The only real riches are Labor, every thing else is but the sign or abuse of it.

EVIIS WHICH OPRESS THE LABORING CLASSES.

1st. Necessity of exposing frequently their health to obtain work, in unwholesome occupations, in prolonged labor, on which their support, and that of their children is dependent.

2d. Unjust suspicion attached to the poor man; the more he is wanted, the more certain he is of being refused aid and credit, to enable him to turn his skill or labor to account.

3d. Fear of want for the present, or danger of being thrown out of work, the right of which is not guaranteed him by society.

4th. Anticipated suffering for the future, dread of an increase of evils in his old age, heightened by the recollection of those already endured, and by seeing no means of escaping from them.

5th. Communicated suffering or power of feeling the evils of his family, whose Privations add to his own.

6th. Poor and destitute, he has in case of sickness, no other asylum than the Poor-House, to which he is often refused admittance.

7th. Increase of the Privations of the Laboring Classes, with the increase of luxury. While new means of enjoyment are daily invented for the Rich, the Poor are tantalized with the display of these increased means of enjoyment, from which they are shut out.

8th. Indirect penalties of the protection of the Law; no justice for the Poor Man, who cannot undergo the expense of law-suits against a rich rival, who appears from court to court.

9th. Bad faith of politicians, who, strong in their pretensions of devotedness to the cause of the people, use them as tools to get into power, distribute all offices among themselves, promise useful and positive ameliorations, but leave them to support home the labor and hardships of our false societies.

10. The fruit of the Labor of the Producer is very often not for himself, but for a master, or a capitalist, who, without taking any part in his Toil, receives the largest share of its product.

11. The want of a safe and sound medium of exchange, and the consequent uncertainty of the value of money, and the consequent uncertainty of the value of property.

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INSURANCE.

THE HOWARD INSURANCE COMPANY.

Capital \$300,000. Office No. 34 Wall-st. The Company continues to make insurance against loss or damage by fire, and inland navigation.

DIRECTORS: Resolute Hazard, NATHAN TAYLOR, CORK W. LAWRENCE, J. PHILIP FLANNERY, WILLIAM CONNOR, MORGAN HARRIS, JOHN W. WELLS, JAMES H. HAYES, JOHN W. WELLS, JAMES H. HAYES.

JEFFERSON INSURANCE COMPANY.

Capital \$1,000,000. Office No. 45 Wall-st. The Company continues to make insurance against loss or damage by fire on buildings, goods, wares, or merchandise generally, also on inland navigation, on favorable terms as any other office.

DIRECTORS: THOMAS W. THORNE, JOHN C. MERRILL, THOMAS W. THORNE, JOHN C. MERRILL, THOMAS W. THORNE, JOHN C. MERRILL.

MUTUAL INSURANCE.—On Dwell

ing Houses of Fire-insurance only, returned to the Assured.—THE HOUSEHOLD MUTUAL INSURANCE COMPANY, OFFICE 45 MERRILL'S EXCHANGE, CORNER OF WALL AND WALL-STREETS.

Another feature responsible to your attention, is the division of the profits among those who are insured by the Company.

The cash payments or premiums form a fund, which, by paying expenses and interest, is represented by stock and is held by the Company at all times for the benefit of the Assured.

This Company is prepared to receive against loss or damage by Fire, Dwelling Houses, Household Furniture, Plate, Jewelry, Stores, Libraries, Pictures, Statues, Cabinets of Minerals and other objects, Automobiles, Gun-boats, and other vessels.

Directors: JOHN C. MERRILL, THOMAS W. THORNE, JOHN C. MERRILL, THOMAS W. THORNE, JOHN C. MERRILL, THOMAS W. THORNE.

BOARDING.—A Family, together with

BOARDING.—Single gentlemen or gentlemen and their wives, can be accommodated with board and lodging, by applying at 31 Dey-st. References exchanged.

BOARD.—A front and back parlor, suitable for two gentlemen and their wives, or single gentlemen, may be had from the first of May, at 35 Brick-lane, near the Bow Church, London.

BOARDING.—A gentleman and his lady, at 120 or three single gentlemen, can be accommodated with board and lodging, by applying at 115 Nassau-st. References exchanged.

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WILLIAMS'S City Calendar for 1842.

DRUG STORE FOR SALE, in the

HOVEY'S TRUNK REPOSITORY.

TRUNKS, TRUNKS, TRUNKS.

LEECHES! Leeches! Leeches!

FRENCH AND AMERICAN PAPER.

MUSIC at Three Cents a Page, at

CHEAP Card Printing executed on

MUSIC at Three Cents a Page, at

DUTCHER, REYNOLDS & PLATT,

AMER'S SHOVELS and Spades for

REAL ESTATE.

TO LET.—The two-story brick house,

TO LET.—The large 4-story Store

TO LET.—A Room, Brick House, Par-

TO LET.—A Part of a new mo-

TO LET.—One or two lots of the

TO LET.—The two-story Brick

TO LET.—The Store 346 Grand-st.

TO LET.—A Store and a very conven-

TO LET.—The handsome well-fush-

TO LET.—From the first day of next

TO LET.—A neat two-story fam-

TO LET.—A Store and a very conven-

TO LET.—From the first of May next

TO LET.—To a small family only—

TO LET.—The Store No. 161 Pearl-street—

FOR SALE.—That very desirable plot

FOR SALE.—A small house and five

TO LET.—To a small family with

TO LET.—To a small family, part

TO LET.—A beautiful residence on the

TO LET.—A very desirable two-story

TO LET.—To a small family, part

DWELLING HOUSES TO LET.

TO LET.—Three handsome new

TO LET.—To a small family, part

TO LET.—A very desirable two-story

TO LET.—To a small family, part

TO LET.—A valuable Farm,

TO LET.—To a small family, part

TO LET.—To a small family, part