

Victor Cousin From Prison. Brought Public Education. What Will Mr. Wilson Bring From France, England, Italy?

By ARTHUR BRISBANE. (Copyright, 1918.) What will President Wilson bring back from Europe? It is said that the traveler who would bring back information from foreign lands must take information with him. Mr. Wilson is that kind of traveler.

When the President attends learned lectures at the Sorbonne he will see on the outside of the building a tablet announcing that it contains the magnificent library of the philosopher Victor Cousin. Cousin was a good influence in France all his life. His thinking, advice, and protests were sound, and he was a great teacher.

He studied in that prison, took back and developed in France the Prussian public school system, which was then by far the best in the world. And as a consequence he did more in one year for the education of youth in France than had been done in all the history of France all the way back to Charlemagne and earlier. Said he: "To carry back the education of Prussia into France afforded a nobler (if a bloodless) triumph than the trophies of Austerlitz or Jena."

The book that Cousin wrote on Prussian education for France ran through innumerable editions there and in translations here. And because Cousin, luckily, was put in the Prussian prison, millions of French and American boys were released from the prison of ignorance through an admirable public school system, borrowed by Cousin from his Prussian jailers.

What will the President bring back for this country, after he has seen real democracy in France, a real republic disguised as a monarchy in England, the ancient seat of romance, art and science, the modern nation of power and courage in Italy?

To do a thing you must know how.

Every little while it is necessary to discover over again the soundness of that axiom.

Russia is the most recent discoverer of the fact that things don't run themselves, and that you can't satisfactorily replace efficiency with high sounding words.

The Russian Bolsheviks, showing the high intelligence of three-year-old children deciding to take charge of the nursery, have paid out so far more than one thousand million rubles to make up the loss on factories that have been running under what they call "socialization of industry," which means turning the factories over to workmen without any directing boss or head.

Scientists perform a slight operation on the brain of a pigeon. After that, when it flies it turns over and over in the air until it strikes the ground and breaks its neck. Bolshevism performed that slight operation on the brain of Russian industry, which is also turning somersaults and breaking its neck.

The feet need the head to guide them.

Cables from Europe say that the problem of feeding starving populations in liberated countries is just about solved. "The United States will do the work," without claiming credit for it. That ought to be satisfactory to everybody.

One interesting difficulty is the wheat problem. The United States crop will be increased by hundreds of millions of bushels, this country having guaranteed the farmers more than two dollars a bushel for all the wheat produced.

In Australia you can buy wheat for one dollar and eighteen cents, and in the Argentine for a dollar and thirty-five cents a bushel. Europe, now that the war is over, will not pay us for wheat more than the price in other places. Uncle Sam will have to dig pretty deep into his pocket. But if he takes the wheat and gives it away to the starving, that will settle his problem nicely, and, after all, he can afford it.

WEATHER: Rain or snow tonight and tomorrow; increasing cloudiness. Temperature at 8 a. m., 41 degrees. Normal temperature for December 24 for last 30 years, 34 degrees.

NUMBER 11,022.

Published every evening (including Sunday) except on second-class matter, at the post-office at Washington, D. C.

WASHINGTON, TUESDAY EVENING, DECEMBER 24, 1918.

PRICE TWO CENTS.

Berlin Revolutionists Make Military Commander of City PRISONER IN ROYAL PALACE

ISHIDA SANE WHEN HE SHOT WOLFF, SAYS PROSECUTOR

TOWSON, Md., Dec. 24.—Dr. Norbu Ishida, the Japanese psychiatrist, must face trial for the murder of his fellow worker, Dr. George B. Wolff, early in April.

"Cold-Blooded Crime." "Reasons of the fact that he is a Japanese and an insanity expert, Dr. Ishida will be prosecuted to the full extent of the Maryland law."

"Brings Woman in Limelight." Hartman's announcement that he will bring the Oriental alienist to trial means that the young woman who was the pivot of the tragedy will be forced into the limelight.

"Liked her." "I liked her very much," and then his face clouded and he looked pained as though he cannot understand why his "liking" was not reciprocated.

517 SHIPS ADDED TO BRITISH NAVY

LONDON, Dec. 24.—Five hundred and seventeen ships have been added to the British navy since August, 1914, it was announced today.

ROOMS FOR RENT. M ST. N. W., 505—Nicely furnished front room for two gentlemen; running water; electric lights.

DOES THE STUDY OF MENTAL DISEASES DRIVE DOCTORS MAD?

By DR. ADOLPH MEYER, Head of Johns Hopkins Hospital. I am convinced that the study of insanity does not induce insanity.

By DR. D. PERCY HICKLING, Official Alienist for the District of Columbia. I see no reason to believe that the fact that Dr. Ishida was a student of mental diseases in any way affected his own mental condition.

It is a fact that there is a larger percentage of physicians and nurses caring for mentally deranged people in institutions for the care of such persons who go insane than physicians and nurses in other medical institutions.

Summing up the situation, I do not see how the fact that Dr. Ishida was a student of mental disease could have affected his mind so as to render him abnormal.

PUBLIC HEARING ON TRANSFERS JAN. 7

The District Public Utilities Commission will hold a public hearing on January 7, at 10:30 a. m. in the board room in the District building to consider the establishment of inter-company transfers.

HIS MONEY SAVED WHEN STREET ROBBERS FLEE. Robert Hill, of 942 P street northwest, was held up at the point of a pistol by three young white men while on his way home early today.

MUD AND RAIN MAY MAR TRIP OF PRESIDENT TO YANK FRONT

By HENRY G. WALES. GENERAL HEADQUARTERS OF THE AMERICAN EXPEDITIONARY FORCE IN FRANCE, Chaumont, Dec. 24.—Bad weather may impair the pleasure of President and Mrs. Wilson's trip to General Perahing's headquarters on Christmas Day.

Dinner to Be Democratic. The Presidential party will not eat from mess wits when they sit down to a good old-fashioned noontime dinner at Montigny-Le-Roi, but everything will be just as democratic as it is impossible to scrape up enough crockery and silverware in this section of France for 200 covers, even if everything were commandeered.

Pin Elaborate Menu. An elaborate menu is being prepared. It will be printed on a topographical map of the sector the division held and will contain the history of the division's battles.

Hay Fraud—Why Not? On the way from Chaumont the President will pass numerous war hospitals, including a base hospital and a couple of prisoners' camps.

LIFTS COKE EXPORT BAN. Prohibition of the sale, or delivery, of coke for export by ocean transportation except upon the prior issuance of a permit by the Fuel Administration was lifted today.

NO SNOW FOR XMAS. There will be no snow for Christmas. So saith the prophet at the Weather Bureau.

JAPAN LOOKING TO SOUTH. Japan seeks a substantial share of Brazil's foreign trade, Latin-American advisers indicate. Announcement is made of the opening of a Rio de Janeiro in both Brazil and Argentina.

President to Ride in State Coach With King

LONDON, Dec. 24.—President Wilson will ride from Charing Cross Station to Buckingham Palace in the state carriage with King George, it was announced today.

Mrs. Wilson will ride with Queen Mary. The Second Life Guards, which form a guard of honor on all state occasions, will constitute the escort.



THE KING'S CARRIAGE AND ITS ATTENDANTS. This photograph was taken in Fleet street, through which the President will ride, on the occasion of an appearance of the King and Queen, and shows a scene which will be practically repeated on the President's visit to the King.

YANK BATTLE FLEET DELAYED BY STORM. NEW YORK, Dec. 24.—Men of America's battle fleet, coming home from the war, must spend Christmas at sea.

GIFTS FOR WALTER REED TOTAL 8,000. The gifts contributed by Times' readers to the wounded soldiers at Walter Reed total in number about 8,000. They have all been packed for transportation to the hospital, and will rejoice the soldiers Christmas morning.

RETURNING D.C. MEN WILL GO TO MEADE. The troops from the District arriving in New York tomorrow from France on the transport La France, will be isolated in a camp near New York for about ten days, where they will undergo a medical examination.

NEW YORK, Dec. 24.—Men of America's battle fleet, coming home from the war, must spend Christmas at sea. The squadron was expected to enter New York harbor tomorrow morning, but storms delayed it.

The gifts contributed by Times' readers to the wounded soldiers at Walter Reed total in number about 8,000. They have all been packed for transportation to the hospital, and will rejoice the soldiers Christmas morning.

The War Department has officially announced that Camp Meade, Md., will be used as a demobilization center. The policy of the War Department, as announced recently is to send men returning from overseas to a camp or fort near the place of their induction for demobilization.

AMSTERDAM, Dec. 24.—Chancellor Ebert was reported today to have exchanged communications with the Dutch government regarding the former Kaiser. The result is not known.

HEAR EBERT TAKES ACTION ON KAISER. The Russian "Primozerovskaya Province Zemstvo" has appealed to America for motion pictures showing agricultural production, highway construction and forestry work in this country as a means of educating Russians in these activities. The films have been forwarded.

GEN. GROENER THREATENS TO OCCUPY FOE CAPITAL. ZURICH, Dec. 24.—General Groener, who succeeded Ludendorff as first quartermaster general of the German army, has sent an ultimatum to the Ebert government that he will occupy Berlin unless order is quickly restored, according to information from the German frontier today.

WANT EDUCATIONAL FILMS. The Russian "Primozerovskaya Province Zemstvo" has appealed to America for motion pictures showing agricultural production, highway construction and forestry work in this country as a means of educating Russians in these activities. The films have been forwarded.

SERBIANS WOULD RETURN. Serbians, naturalized as Americans, who returned to their mother country at the outbreak of the war, are apparently anxious to get back to the United States, according to Red Cross advices today.

Each republic would have a local president or governor, who would be under the confederation's president in matters of national importance. Either Berlin or Dresden would be the national capital.

FIERCE BATTLE ENSUES WHEN MARINES ARE CALLED TO SEA. By FRANK J. TAYLOR, United Press Staff Correspondent. BERLIN, Dec. 23.—(Night)—Mutinous marines, who revolted when ordered to sea, are entrenched in the royal palace here, after a battle with the military guard.

ROYALISTS START ACTIVE PROPAGANDA DRIVE TO RE-ESTABLISH THRONE. BERLIN, Dec. 23 (delayed).—Royalists have started an active propaganda campaign to bring the monarchist movement and strengthen the basis for re-establishment of a monarchy. It became apparent today.

Oppose Separatism. Bavaria, in addition to its territorial and economic importance, would bring into the German republic a large portion of German Austria, which would replace any territory lost through the applications of the French and Poles. The German newspapers, therefore, believing a strong central government absolutely essential to the life of the German republic, are vigorously opposing the republican separatist movement in Bavaria, on the grounds it would weaken the democratic movement and be playing into the hands of the royalists.

The plan for establishment of seven semi-republics in Germany and Austria, to be confederated like the United States, was being strongly advocated in Saxony.

Dresden as the capital of upper Saxony; Hanover as capital of lower Saxony; Coblenz, capital of the Rhineland; Stuttgart as capital of Schwaben, which would be called Neckerland; Munich as capital of Bavaria, which would be called Danubeland; Vienna as capital of German Austria, which would be called Alpland; and Berlin as the capital of Oberland, which would include Prussia, Posen, and Silesia.

Each republic would have a local president or governor, who would be under the confederation's president in matters of national importance. Either Berlin or Dresden would be the national capital.

Cables say that while passing through Palermo, Sicily, more than 500 of them marched along the streets shouting "Back to America."